

# Exercise 8: Optimal Estimation Method

Sample Solution

Effective: 16.01.2019

2. Plot both the measured spectrum and the simulated a priori spectrum as a function of the frequency grid. Add reasonable labels to your plots.

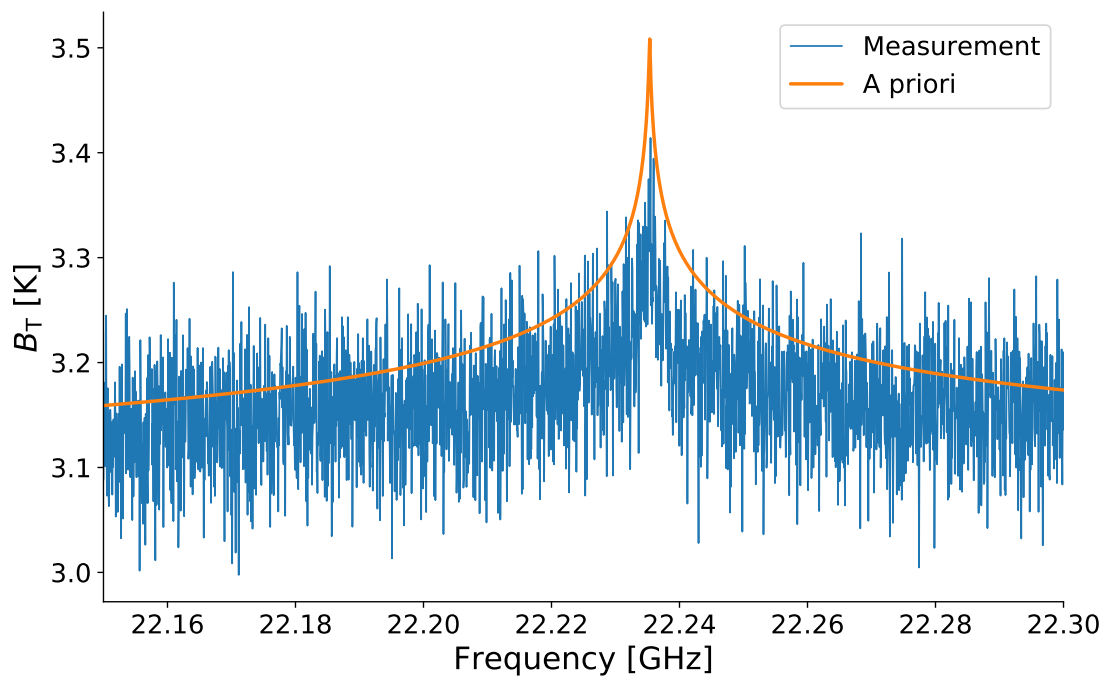


Figure 1: Brightness temperature

3. Plot the Jacobians  $K$  in a suitable way.

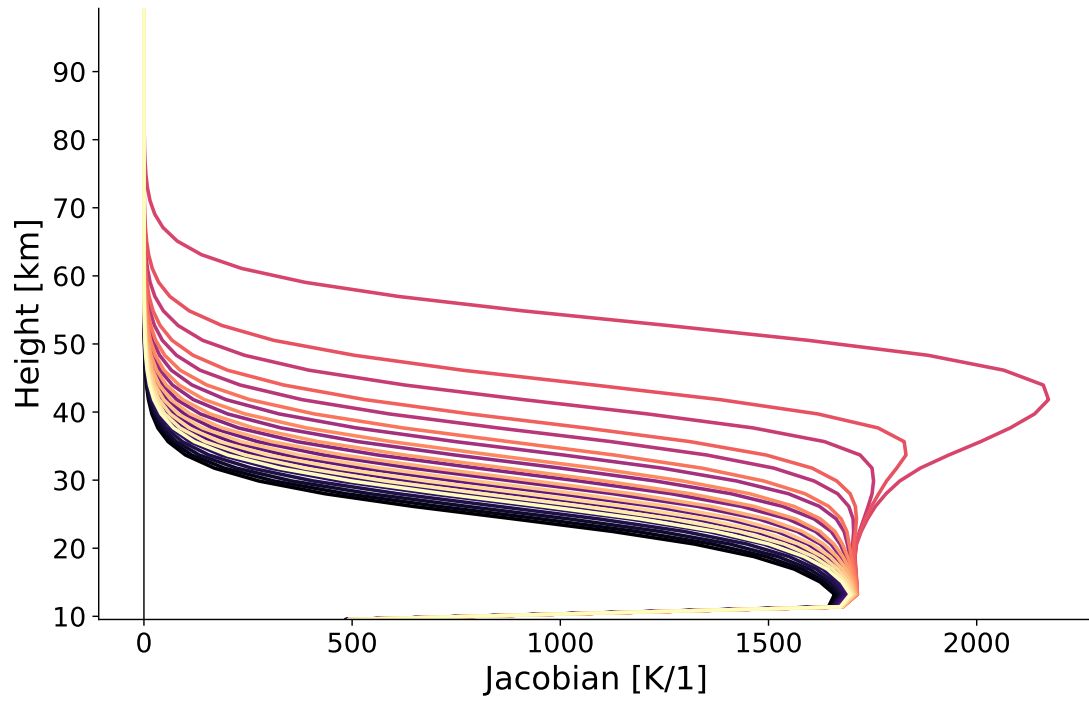


Figure 2: Jacobians

5. Plot the retrieved water vapor profile alongside the a priori state and the true atmospheric state as a function of height. Discuss the results.

- The OEM retrieval is able to reproduce the general water vapor profile up to around 60 km.
- There is no information above 70 km, the solution is equal to the a priori.
- The oscillating shape of the true water vapor profile is noticeable between 20–40 km in the retrieval.

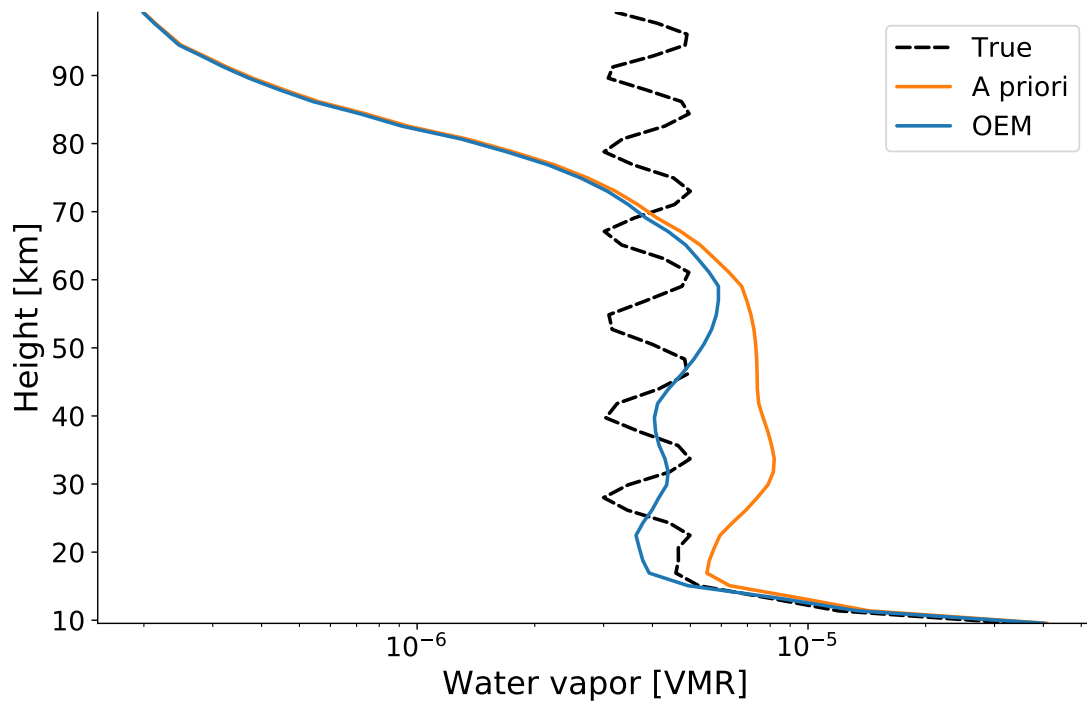


Figure 3: Water vapor profile

6. Plot the columns (kernels) as a function of height and interpret the result. 7. Calculate the measurement response and plot it together with the averaging kernels. In which heights does the measurement provide useful information? Is it possible to estimate the vertical resolution?

- The measurement response indicates useful information between 15–60 km
- The width (overlap) of the averaging kernels allow to estimate the vertical resolution. The vertical resolution decreases with height, which is consistent with the retrieved water vapor profile (the oscillation shape is no longer retrieved).

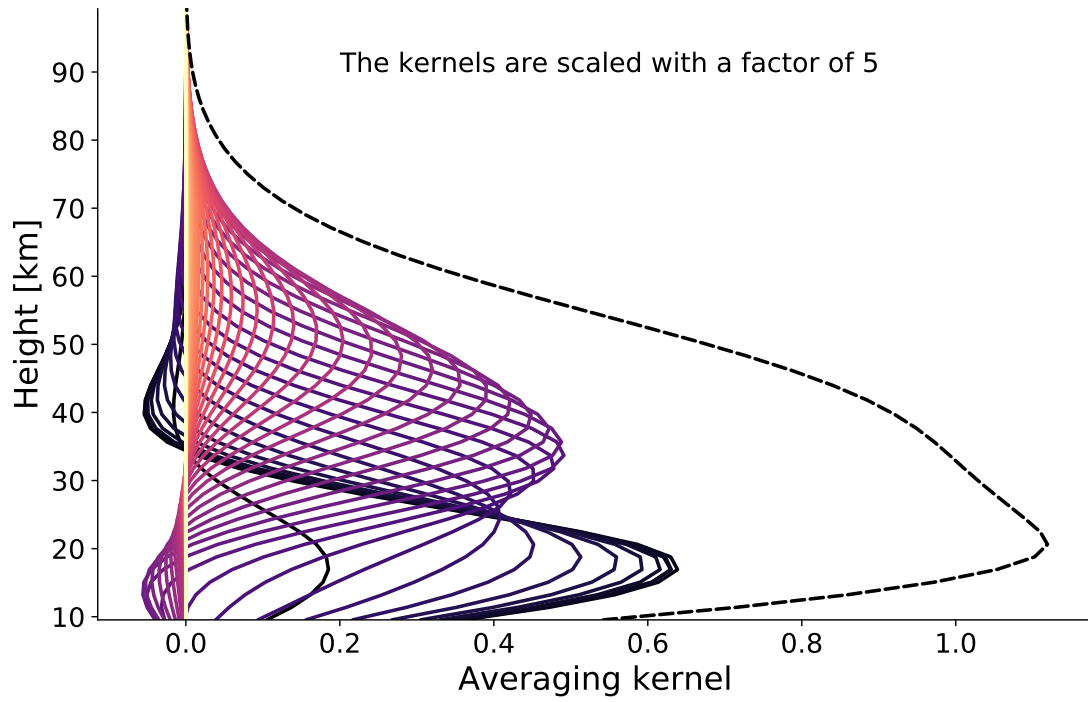


Figure 4: Averaging kernels