

Cloud-Native LLMOps Day Bengaluru

Bringing LLMOps to Your Laptop: Emulating AWS Bedrock with LocalStack

Join at slido.com

Use Code: **#4179796**



Agenda

- LLMOps on Amazon Web Services
- What is Amazon Bedrock?
- Challenges in Cloud LLM Dev & Testing
- Introduction to LocalStack:
 - General background & overview
 - Quickstart with Bedrock emulator
- Demo: Run a local GenAI conversation summarization workflow
- Quiz & QnA



What is LLMOps?

- Set of practices and processes designed specifically for deploying & managing app using Large Language Models (LLMOps).
- LLMOps leverages LLMs to build apps, APIs, and tools for human-like text, image, video, and audio generation in business applications.
- LLMOps automates and enhances GenAI workflows, with a focus on security, transparency and optionality to fully utilize the LLM ecosystem.



LLMOps on AWS



- AWS has one of the widest ranges of large language models available through its Bedrock platform.
 - → Model optionality is key to ensure you point the right model, at the right problem.
- Your data stays private and secure, never leaving your managed perimeter on AWS or being used for LLM training without your knowledge.
- AWS has the scale, capacity & resilience with an API-centric design, model customization for your needs, and enterprise security & compliance features.

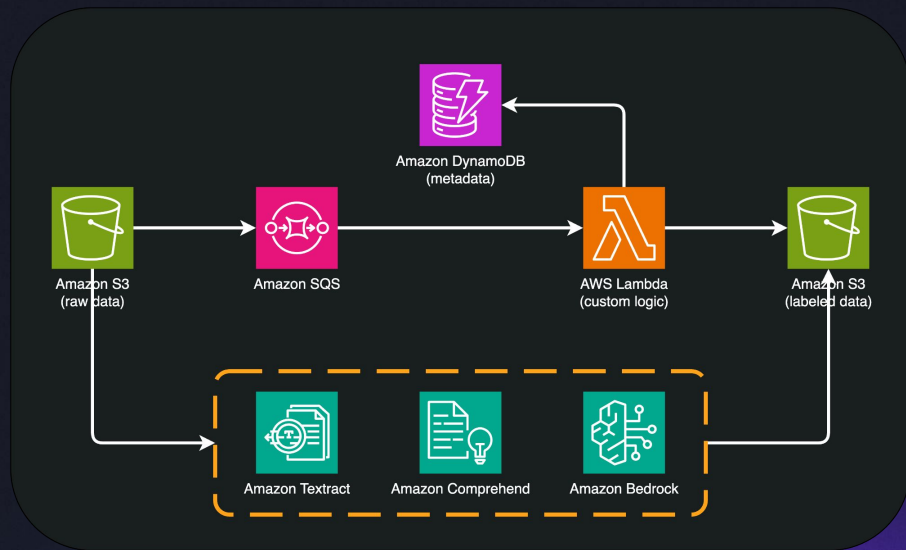


Step #1: Data Preparation

Improving the quality of the data, requires a bunch of operations, such as:

- Text cleaning and normalization
- Data deduplication
- Data augmentation
- Data filtering

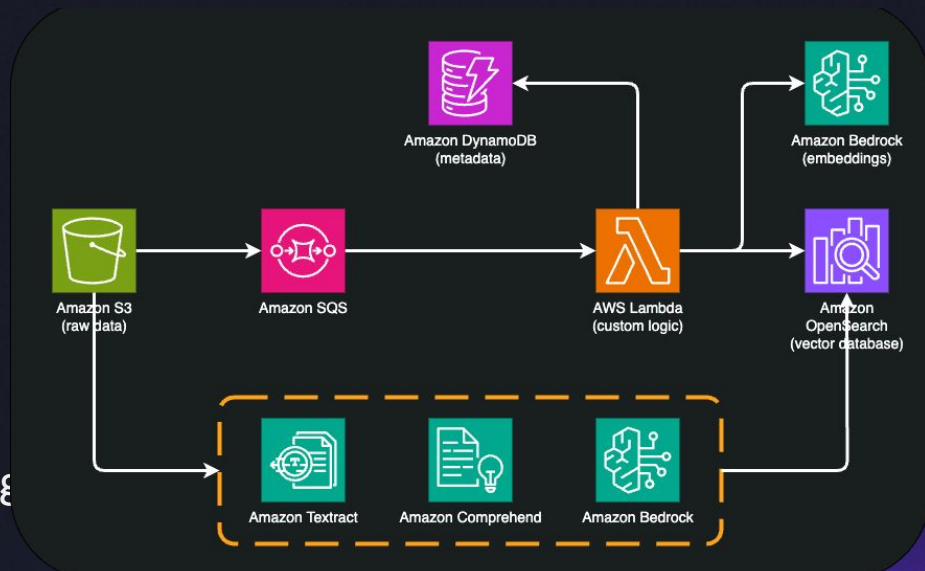
AWS provides many services that help you filter, clean, and augment your data.



Step #2: Data Ingestion

Data ingestion usually involves sending data to some kind of storage. Common examples include:

- Classic SQL/NoSQL databases.
- Vector databases for semantic searches
- Cold storage for less frequently used data
- Metadata database for tracking & tagging

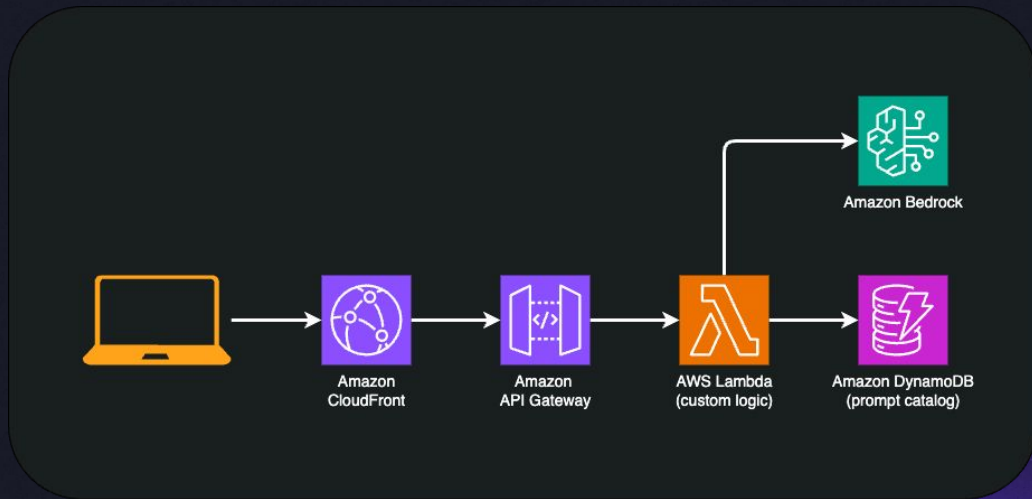


Step #3: Model Evaluation & Deployment

Whatever you are doing with LLMs, you must use some evaluation to test if the LLM answers properly to your prompts.

Amazon Bedrock even provide evaluation against your own prompts.

When your model is ready, it's time to deploy and serve your model, and this is exactly it!



Next Steps

- Monitoring is essential in every software workflow.
 - → How do you ensure your LLMs are up and running?
 - → How do you know that your LLMs are not being jailbroken?
 - → How do you track your LLMs sentiment or response quality?
- Cost Optimization: What strategies (caching, RAG, prompt compression) do you adopt to mitigate costs in your LLMs?
- Prompt Engineering: How do you evaluate prompt techniques, security defenses, prompt optimization, and more?
- Extra points: Model Governance, security/compliance, lifecycle management, etc.



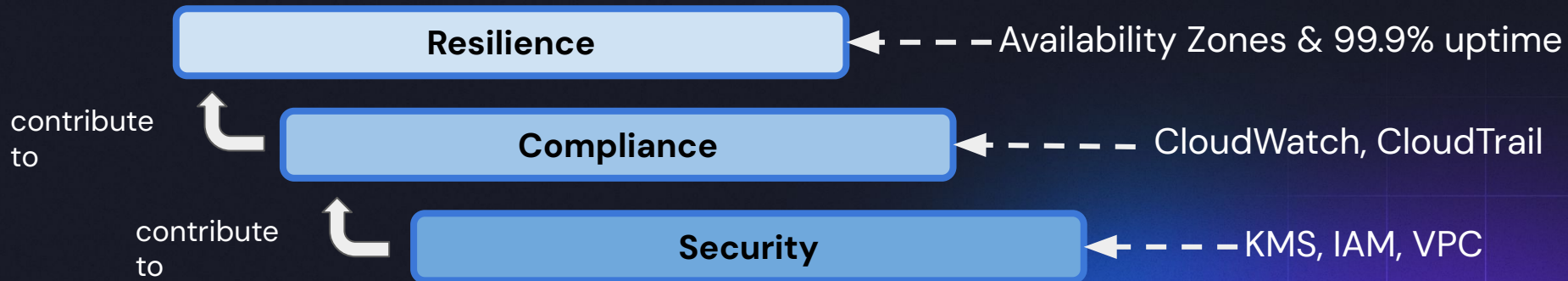
Introduction to Amazon Bedrock

- Fully Managed service for GenAI apps with foundation models (FMs) from Amazon & other providers, accessible via API/SDK.
- Offers several features, such as Text/Image playground, RAG, fine-tuning, and AI agent orchestration, with pay-as-you-go pricing.
- Integrates seamlessly with other AWS services: S3, Lambda, CloudWatch, etc.



Why use Amazon Bedrock?

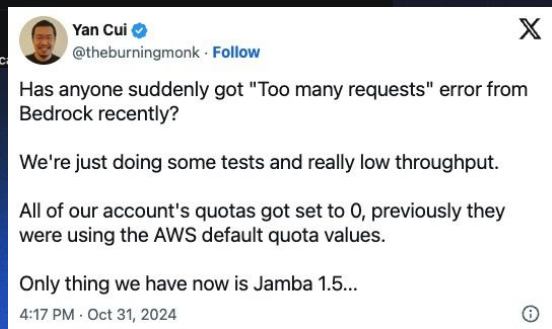
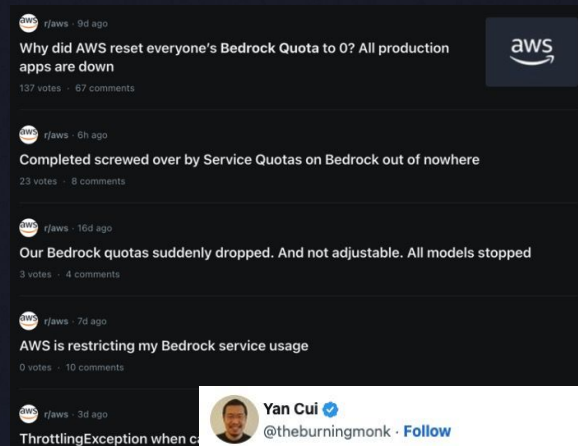
- Bedrock offers a robust LLMOps platform with a multi-layered approach towards securing & commoditizing the FMs.
- GenAI POCs often require testing multiple LLMs — switching models adds complexity. Bedrock simplifies this with a unified API for all top vendors.



Challenges in Cloud LLM Dev & Testing

Devs face several challenges:

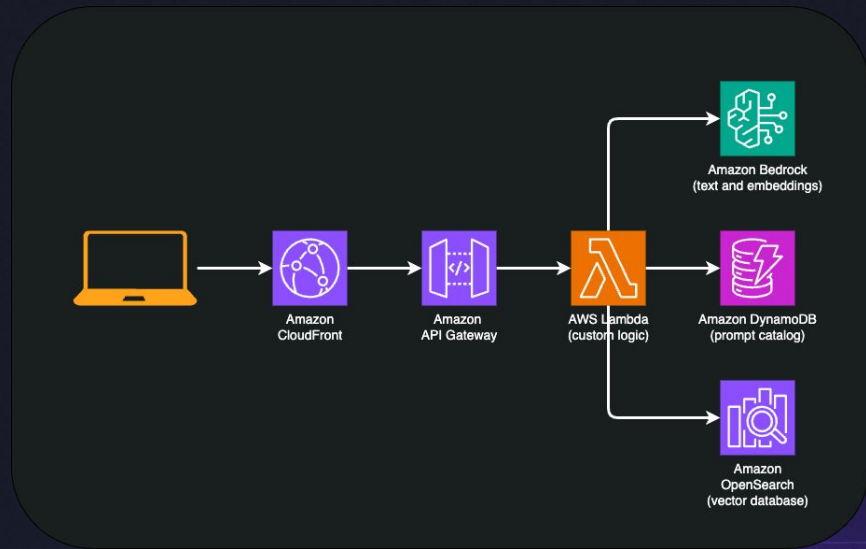
- **High Costs**
 - Difficult to experiment/test extensively without incurring significant spend.
- **Limited Offline Iteration**
 - Hard to prototype quickly if each test requires an active cloud environment.
- **Integration Testing**
 - Debugging/validating LLMOps workflows is complex and resource-intensive



Challenge Scenario

How would you develop & test the following LLMOps workflow without having to deal with:

- High API Costs
- Network Latency
- API rate limits & quotas
- Integration Testing complexity
- Limited debugging visibility

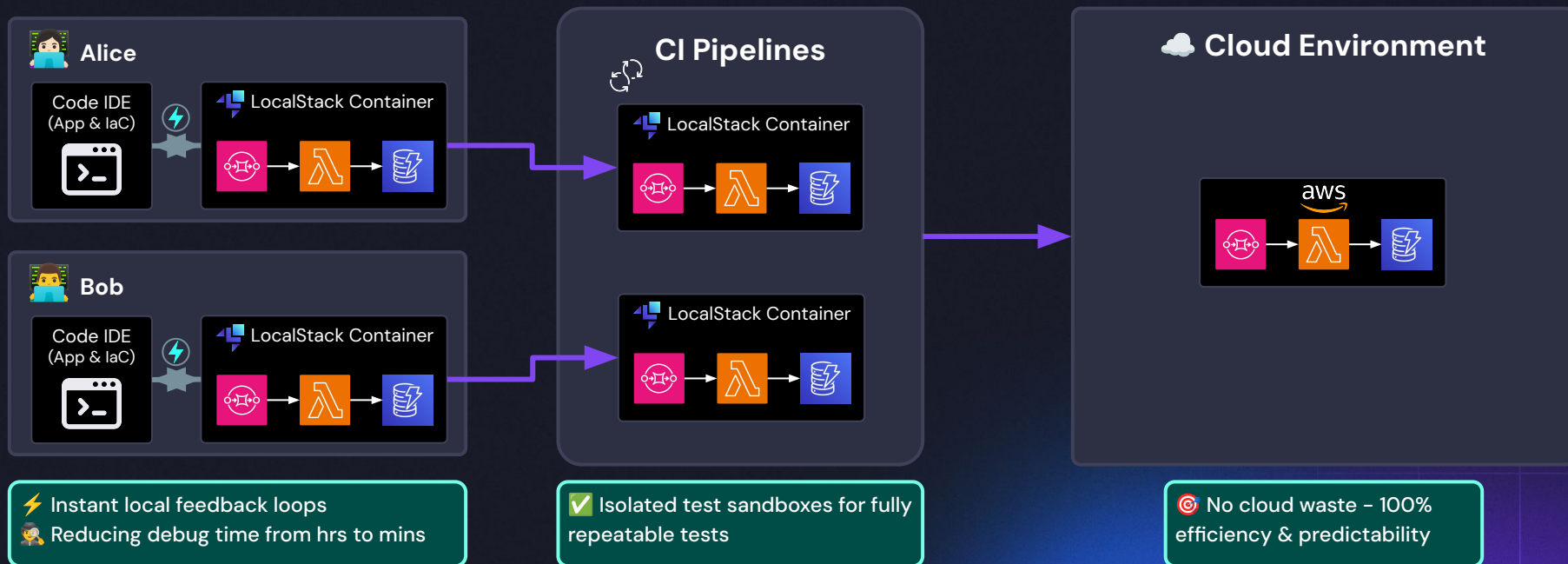


What is LocalStack?

- LocalStack is a local cloud development platform
 - LocalStack core emulator: high-fidelity AWS cloud emulator (100+ services)
 - LocalStack SaaS platform: additional features to support the SDLC
- It provides an easy onramp into AWS
 - Allows teams to get started locally with low setup effort
 - Easy to “flip the switch” to AWS cloud at any time
- Enables fast local development cycles
 - Quickly iterate on your code logic (e.g., Lambda, ECS, ...)
 - Easily test integrations with your IaC framework (Terraform, CDK, etc)
- Shouldn't replace, but **complements** staging/test envs in AWS!



10,000 Foot View of LocalStack



Growing support for integrations

CI/CD Systems



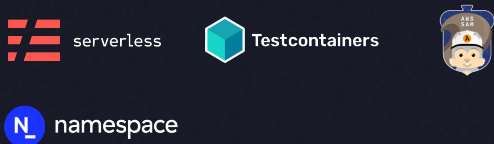
IaC Tools



Local Dev Tools



App Development FrameWorks



Programming Languages SDKs

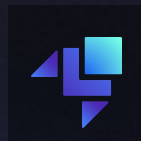
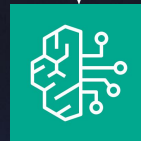


New Bedrock emulator

Initial Support for Bedrock APIs & FMs:

- Support for Invoke and Converse endpoints.
- Run and invoke LLMs locally with public Ollama models.
- Utilize advanced features such as Batch Streaming,
- Fully emulate LLMOps workflows on your local machine before moving to production.

```
awslocal bedrock-runtime invoke-model \  
  --model-id "meta.llama3-8b-instruct-v1:0" \  
  --body '{  
    "prompt": "...."  
  }'
```



```
docker exec -it ollama ollama run llama3
```



Quickstart



Using Bedrock emulator with AWS SDKs

- Install the LocalStack CLI and pull the LocalStack for AWS Docker image.
- Use AWS SDK for Python (or any other tool) to point your endpoint configuration towards `localhost:4566` or `localhost.localstack.cloud`

```
import boto3
import json

# Initialize Bedrock client
bedrock = boto3.client('bedrock-runtime', region_name='us-east-1',
                        endpoint_url='http://localhost:4566')

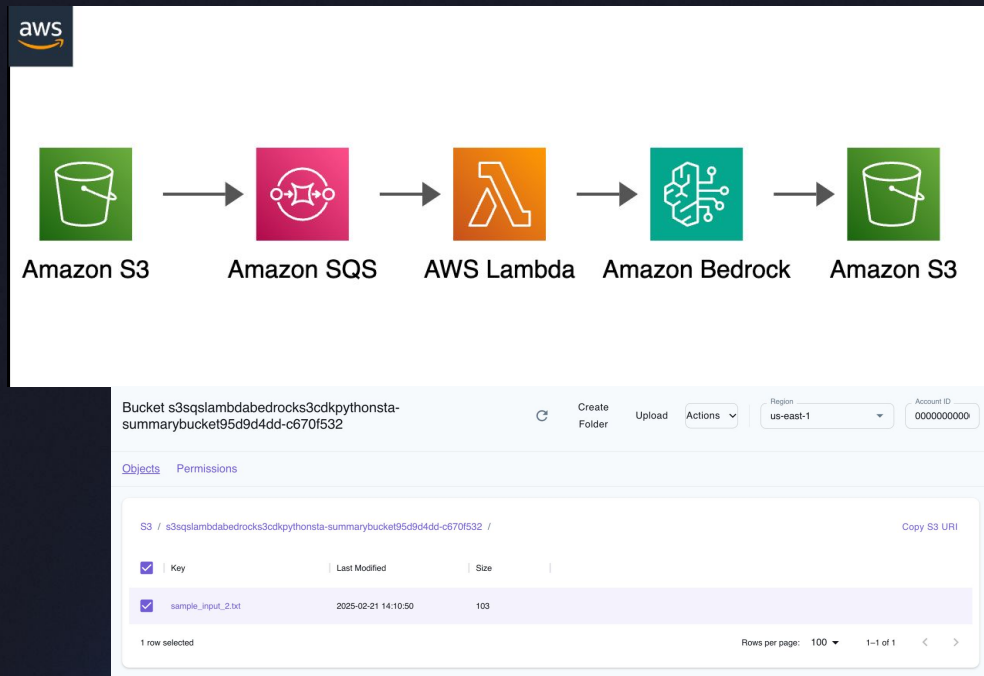
# Make API call
response = bedrock.invoke_model(
    modelId='anthropic.claude-v2',
    body=json.dumps({
        "prompt": "Tell me a fact about space.",
        "max_tokens_to_sample": 300,
        "temperature": 0.7
    })
)

# Get response
result = json.loads(response['body'].read())
print(result['completion'])
```



Demo: Run a conversation summarization workflow

- Demo creates a creates an S3 bucket that sends events to an SQS queue.
- Lambda function receives the messages and invokes Bedrock to extract a summary.
- Result is stored in a different S3 bucket for consumption.



Demo



Using local LLMs with Ollama

- LocalStack Bedrock emulator supports models from the Ollama Models library.
- To use a model, retrieve its ID from Ollama and set `DEFAULT_BEDROCK_MODEL` to that ID.
- You can also set `model-id` parameter to `ollama.<ollama-model-id>` to define it directly.

```
awslocal bedrock-runtime converse \  
  --model-id "ollama.deepseek-r1" \  
  --messages '[{"role": "user", "content": [{"text": "Hi!"}]]'
```



What the future holds?

Now: Core Bedrock API support for text-based LLM invocation and batch processing.

Future:

- Improve Invocation support (async)
- Builder tools (Knowledge Bases — RAG — Agents)

- ▼ **Foundation models**
 - Model catalog [New](#)
 - Marketplace deployments [New](#)
 - Custom models (fine-tuning, dist...)
 - Imported models
 - Prompt Routers [Preview](#)
- ▼ **Playgrounds**
 - Chat / Text
 - Image / Video
- ▼ **Builder tools**
 - Agents
 - Flows
 - Knowledge Bases
 - Prompt Management
- ▼ **Safeguards**
 - Guardrails
 - Watermark detection
- ▼ **Inference and Assessment**
 - Provisioned Throughput
 - Batch inference
 - Cross-region inference
 - Evaluations



Quiz



Q&A



Harsh Mishra



@harsh_casper



harshcasper



/in/harshcasper



Get involved!
localstack.cloud/slack



Thank You

