Inserting figures and evaluated examples

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Abstract

Package **lagged** provides classes and methods for objects, whose indexing naturally starts from zero.

This vignette is part of package lagged, version 0.2-0.

Keywords: lag, autocorrelation, indexing.

1. Univariate lagged objects

Create a univariate lagged object¹:

```
> a1 <- drop(acf(ldeaths)$acf)
> la1 <- Lagged(a1)
> la1
An object of class "Lagged1d"
Slot *data*:
       Lag_0
                                 Lag_2
                                               Lag_3
                    Lag_1
                                                            Lag_4
                                                                          Lag_5
 1.000000000
              0.755051141
                           0.396956836
                                         0.019395714 -0.355897989 -0.608566374
       Lag_6
                    Lag_7
                                 Lag_8
                                               Lag_9
                                                           Lag_10
                                                                         Lag_11
-0.681383469 -0.607909875 -0.378212377 -0.012975866
                                                      0.383252644
                                                                   0.650206704
      Lag_12
                   Lag_13
                                 Lag_14
                                              Lag_15
                                                           Lag_16
                                                                         Lag_17
 0.723167071
                           0.371577811 0.009467461 -0.293699737 -0.496742216
              0.638001465
      Lag_18
-0.585558984
```

maxLag() returns the maximal lag in the object. Length() returns the number of lags in the object,
i.e. length(la1) == maxLag(la1) + 1. This relation is a definition and holds also for multivariate
lagged objects. In particular, the length is not necessarily the length of the data slot.

```
> maxLag(la1)
[1] 18
> length(la1)
[1] 19
```

2. Indexing

¹The datasets ldeaths, fdeaths and mdeaths are in base R. The examples involving them are adapted from the help page of acf().

Indexing drops the "laggedness" to allow easy access to the underlying data²:

```
> la1[0]
[1] 1
> la1[0:4]
     1.00000000 \quad 0.75505114 \quad 0.39695684 \quad 0.01939571 \quad -0.35589799
> la1[c(1,3,5)]
[1] 0.75505114 0.01939571 -0.60856637
> la1[]
 [1]
    1.000000000 0.755051141 0.396956836 0.019395714 -0.355897989
 [6] -0.608566374 -0.681383469 -0.607909875 -0.378212377 -0.012975866
[11] 0.383252644 0.650206704 0.723167071 0.638001465 0.371577811
[16] 0.009467461 -0.293699737 -0.496742216 -0.585558984
> la1a <- la1
> la1a[] <- round(la1, 2)
> la1a
An object of class "Lagged1d"
Slot *data*:
Lag_0 Lag_1 Lag_2 Lag_3 Lag_4 Lag_5 Lag_6 Lag_7 Lag_8 Lag_9 Lag_10
                0.40
                       0.02 -0.36 -0.61 -0.68 -0.61
                                                         -0.38 -0.01
                                                                         0.38
Lag_11 Lag_12 Lag_13 Lag_14 Lag_15 Lag_16 Lag_17 Lag_18
  0.65
         0.72
                0.64
                       0.37
                              0.01 -0.29 -0.50 -0.59
> la1b <- round(la1, 2)
> all(la1a == la1b)
[1] TRUE
```

3. Unary arithmetic and mathematical functions

Unary arithmetic operations and mathematical functions replace the data part of the object and keep its class.

```
> -la1a
An object of class "Lagged1d"
Slot *data*:
Lag_0 Lag_1 Lag_2 Lag_3 Lag_4 Lag_5 Lag_6 Lag_7
                                                        Lag_8 Lag_9 Lag_10
 -1.00 -0.76 -0.40 -0.02
                             0.36
                                           0.68
                                                         0.38
                                                                0.01 - 0.38
                                    0.61
                                                  0.61
Lag_11 Lag_12 Lag_13 Lag_14 Lag_15 Lag_16 Lag_17 Lag_18
       -0.72
 -0.65
              -0.64
                     -0.37
                            -0.01
                                    0.29
                                           0.50
                                                  0.59
```

²For some indices, such as 0:4, it is possible to keep a Lagged class but it would be confusing if the indexing operation was returning Lagged or non-Lagged objects depending on the values of the index.

```
> +la1a
```

```
An object of class "Lagged1d"
Slot *data*:
Lag_0 Lag_1 Lag_2 Lag_3 Lag_4 Lag_5 Lag_6 Lag_7 Lag_8 Lag_9 Lag_10
  1.00 \quad 0.76 \quad 0.40 \quad 0.02 \quad -0.36 \quad -0.61 \quad -0.68 \quad -0.61 \quad -0.38 \quad -0.01 \quad 0.38
Lag_11 Lag_12 Lag_13 Lag_14 Lag_15 Lag_16 Lag_17 Lag_18
               0.64
                       0.65
         0.72
> ## Math group
> abs(la1a)
An object of class "Lagged1d"
Slot *data*:
Lag_0 Lag_1 Lag_2 Lag_3 Lag_4 Lag_5 Lag_6 Lag_7 Lag_8 Lag_9 Lag_10
  1.00 0.76 0.40 0.02 0.36 0.61
                                             0.68
                                                    0.61
                                                          0.38
                                                                  0.01 0.38
Lag_11 Lag_12 Lag_13 Lag_14 Lag_15 Lag_16 Lag_17 Lag_18
  0.65 0.72 0.64 0.37 0.01
                                     0.29 0.50
> sinpi(la1a)
An object of class "Lagged1d"
Slot *data*:
      Lag_0
                  Lag_1
                              Lag_2
                                         Lag_3
                                                      Lag\_4
 0.00000000 \quad 0.68454711 \quad 0.95105652 \quad 0.06279052 \quad -0.90482705 \quad -0.94088077
                  Lag_7
                              Lag_8
                                           Lag_9
                                                      Lag_10
-0.84432793 -0.94088077 -0.92977649 -0.03141076 0.92977649 0.89100652
                             Lag_14
     Lag_12
                 Lag_13
                                          Lag_15
                                                      Lag_16
                                                                   Lag_17
 0.77051324 \quad 0.90482705 \quad 0.91775463 \quad 0.03141076 \quad -0.79015501 \quad -1.00000000
     Lag_18
-0.96029369
> sqrt(abs(la1a))
An object of class "Lagged1d"
Slot *data*:
    Lag_0
              Lag_1
                        Lag_2
                                  Lag_3
                                             Lag_4
                                                       Lag_5
                                                                 Lag_6
1.00000000 \ 0.8717798 \ 0.6324555 \ 0.1414214 \ 0.6000000 \ 0.7810250 \ 0.8246211 \ 0.7810250
                                            Lag_12
             Lag_9
                       Lag_10
                                 Lag_11
                                                      Lag_13
                                                                Lag_14
0.6164414 \ \ 0.1000000 \ \ 0.6164414 \ \ 0.8062258 \ \ 0.8485281 \ \ 0.8000000 \ \ 0.6082763 \ \ 0.1000000
            Lag_17
                       Lag_18
   Lag_16
0.5385165 0.7071068 0.7681146
> ## Math2 group
> round(la1a)
An object of class "Lagged1d"
Slot *data*:
Lag_0 Lag_1 Lag_2 Lag_3 Lag_4 Lag_5 Lag_6 Lag_7 Lag_8 Lag_9 Lag_10
       1
              0
                      0
                                 0
                                       -1
                                               -1
                                                      -1
                                                              0
Lag_11 Lag_12 Lag_13 Lag_14 Lag_15 Lag_16 Lag_17 Lag_18
```

1

1

0

0

0

TRUE FALSE

```
> round(la1a, 2)
An object of class "Lagged1d"
Slot *data*:
 Lag_0 Lag_1
              Lag_2 Lag_3 Lag_4 Lag_5 Lag_6 Lag_7
                                                         Lag_8 Lag_9 Lag_10
  1.00
         0.76
                0.40
                       0.02 -0.36 -0.61
                                           -0.68
                                                 -0.61
                                                         -0.38 -0.01
Lag_11 Lag_12 Lag_13 Lag_14 Lag_15 Lag_16 Lag_17 Lag_18
  0.65
         0.72
                0.64
                       0.37
                              0.01 -0.29 -0.50 -0.59
> signif(la1a)
An object of class "Lagged1d"
Slot *data*:
 Lag_0
       Lag_1
              Lag_2 Lag_3 Lag_4 Lag_5 Lag_6 Lag_7
                                                         Lag_8 Lag_9 Lag_10
                0.40
                                                         -0.38 -0.01
  1.00
         0.76
                       0.02
                            -0.36
                                   -0.61
                                           -0.68
                                                  -0.61
Lag_11 Lag_12 Lag_13 Lag_14 Lag_15 Lag_16 Lag_17 Lag_18
  0.65
         0.72
                0.64
                       0.37
                              0.01 - 0.29
                                          -0.50
> signif(la1a, 4)
An object of class "Lagged1d"
Slot *data*:
 Lag_0 Lag_1
              Lag_2 Lag_3 Lag_4 Lag_5 Lag_6 Lag_7
                                                         Lag_8 Lag_9 Lag_10
         0.76
                0.40
                       0.02
                            -0.36 -0.61
                                           -0.68
                                                 -0.61
                                                         -0.38 -0.01
                                                                        0.38
Lag_11 Lag_12 Lag_13 Lag_14 Lag_15 Lag_16 Lag_17 Lag_18
         0.72
                0.64
                       0.37
                              0.01
                                   -0.29
                                          -0.50
The functions from the summary group work on the data part, as if they were called on it.
> c(Max = max(la1a), Min = min(la1a), Range = range(la1a))
   Max
          Min Range1 Range2
  1.00
       -0.68 -0.68
> c(Prod = prod(la1a), Sum = sum(la1a))
         Prod
                        Sum
-7.582098e-11 9.200000e-01
> c(Any = any(la1a < 0), All = all(la1a >= 0))
        All
  Any
```

Binary arithmetic operators are defined between two lagged objects and between a lagged object and a vector. They return a lagged object from one of the "basic" lagged classes, but not necessarilly exactly from the class of the argument(s). The class of the returned value is from a suitable lagged superclass of the argument(s). This concerns operations on objects from classes inheriting from the classes considered here, so is not visible in the examples below, since they use objects from the basic lagged classes.

> 2*la1a

An object of class "Lagged1d" Slot *data*: Lag_0 Lag_1 Lag_2 Lag_3 Lag_4 Lag_5 Lag_6 Lag_7 Lag_8 Lag_9 Lag_10 2.00 1.52 0.80 0.04 -0.72 -1.22 -1.36 -1.22 -0.76 -0.02 0.76 Lag_11 Lag_12 Lag_13 Lag_14 Lag_15 Lag_16 Lag_17 Lag_18 > la1a^2 An object of class "Lagged1d" Slot *data*: Lag_0 Lag_1 Lag_2 Lag_3 Lag_4 Lag_5 Lag_6 Lag_7 Lag_8 Lag_9 Lag_10 1.0000 0.5776 0.1600 0.0004 0.1296 0.3721 0.4624 0.3721 0.1444 0.0001 0.1444 Lag_11 Lag_12 Lag_13 Lag_14 Lag_15 Lag_16 Lag_17 Lag_18 0.4225 0.5184 0.4096 0.1369 0.0001 0.0841 0.2500 0.3481 > la1a + la1a^2 An object of class "Lagged1d" Slot *data*: Lag_0 Lag_1 Lag_2 Lag_3 Lag_4 Lag_5 Lag_6 Lag_7 Lag_8 Lag_9 2.0000 1.3376 0.5600 0.0204 -0.2304 -0.2379 -0.2176 -0.2379 -0.2356 -0.0099 Lag_10 Lag_11 Lag_12 Lag_13 Lag_14 Lag_15 Lag_16 Lag_17 Lag_18 $0.5244 \quad 1.0725 \quad 1.2384 \quad 1.0496 \quad 0.5069 \quad 0.0101 \quad -0.2059 \quad -0.2500 \quad -0.2419$ > la1a - la1a^2 An object of class "Lagged1d" Slot *data*: Lag_0 Lag_1 Lag_2 Lag_3 Lag_4 Lag_5 Lag_6 Lag_7 Lag_8 $0.0000 \quad 0.1824 \quad 0.2400 \quad 0.0196 \quad -0.4896 \quad -0.9821 \quad -1.1424 \quad -0.9821 \quad -0.5244 \quad -0.0101$ Lag_10 Lag_11 Lag_12 Lag_13 Lag_14 Lag_15 Lag_16 Lag_17 Lag_18 $0.2356 \quad 0.2275 \quad 0.2016 \quad 0.2304 \quad 0.2331 \quad 0.0099 \ -0.3741 \ -0.7500 \ -0.9381$ > la1a * la1a^2 An object of class "Lagged1d" Slot *data*: Lag 0 Lag_1 Lag_2 Lag_3 Lag_4 Lag_5 Lag_6 Lag_7

1.000000 0.438976 0.064000 0.000008 -0.046656 -0.226981 -0.314432 -0.226981

 $-0.054872 -0.000001 \ 0.054872 \ 0.274625 \ 0.373248 \ 0.262144 \ 0.050653 \ 0.000001$

Lag_12

Lag_13

Lag_14

Lag_11

Lag_10

Lag_18

Lag_9

Lag_17

-0.024389 -0.125000 -0.205379

> la1a / la1a^2

Lag_16

```
An object of class "Lagged1d"
Slot *data*:
      Lag_0
                                                                   Lag_5
                  Lag_1
                              Lag_2
                                          Lag_3
                                                       Lag_4
   1.000000
                           2.500000
                                                               -1.639344
               1.315789
                                      50.000000
                                                   -2.777778
      Lag_6
                              Lag_8
                                                      Lag_10
                                                                  Lag_11
                  Lag_7
                                          Lag_9
                          -2.631579 -100.000000
                                                    2.631579
  -1.470588
              -1.639344
                                                                1.538462
                                                                  Lag_17
     Lag_12
                 Lag_13
                             Lag_14
                                         Lag_15
                                                      Lag_16
   1.388889
               1.562500
                           2.702703 100.000000
                                                   -3.448276
                                                               -2.000000
     Lag_18
  -1.694915
> la1a + 1:length(la1a)
An object of class "Lagged1d"
Slot *data*:
 Lag_0 Lag_1 Lag_2 Lag_3 Lag_4 Lag_5 Lag_6 Lag_7
                                                          Lag_8 Lag_9 Lag_10
  2.00
                3.40
                       4.02
                              4.64
                                                           8.62
                                                                  9.99 11.38
         2.76
                                     5.39
                                             6.32
                                                    7.39
Lag_11 Lag_12 Lag_13 Lag_14 Lag_15 Lag_16 Lag_17 Lag_18
```

There is a case to argue for keeping the class in some situations, e.g. when the other argument is a scalar but eventually I decided to keep the simple rule of not trying to preserve the class.

Note however that unary operators and mathematical functions do preserve the class.

13.72 14.64 15.37 16.01 16.71 17.50 18.41

4. Multivariate lagged objects

Compute the autocorrelations of a multivariate time series and convert it to a lagged object.

Indexing in acf() is somewhat misterious. For some insight, here is a comparison with a DIY calculation of the autocorrelations.

```
> n <- length(mdeaths)
> tmpcov <- sum((mdeaths - mean(mdeaths)) * (fdeaths - mean(fdeaths)) ) / n
> msd <- sqrt(sum((mdeaths - mean(mdeaths))^2)/n)</pre>
> fsd <- sqrt(sum((fdeaths - mean(fdeaths))^2)/n)</pre>
> tmpcov1 <- sum((mdeaths - mean(mdeaths))[2:n] * (fdeaths - mean(fdeaths))[1:(n-1)] ) / n
> tmpcov1 / (msd * fsd)
[1] 0.7356685
> la2[[1]][1,2] == tmpcov1 / (msd * fsd) # FALSE, but:
[1] FALSE
> la2[[1]][1,2] - tmpcov1 / (msd * fsd) # only numerically different
[1] 2.220446e-16
Some examples for the correspondence between the indices in lagged objects and those from acf().
> la2[[1]][1,2] == acv2$acf[2, 1, 2] # TRUE
[1] TRUE
> la2[0]
, , 1
          [,1]
                   [,2]
[1,] 1.0000000 0.9762413
[2,] 0.9762413 1.0000000
> acv2[0]
Autocorrelations of series 'ts.union(mdeaths, fdeaths)', by lag
, , mdeaths
mdeaths
           fdeaths
 1.000 (0) 0.976 (0)
, , fdeaths
mdeaths
           fdeaths
0.976 (0) 1.000 (0)
> la2[1]
, , 1
          [,1]
                     [,2]
[1,] 0.7570591 0.7356685
```

[2,] 0.7443093 0.7295201

```
> acv2[1]
Autocorrelations of series 'ts.union(mdeaths, fdeaths)', by lag
, , mdeaths
mdeaths fdeaths
0.717 ( 1) 0.708 (-1)
, , fdeaths
mdeaths fdeaths
0.721 ( 1) 0.716 ( 1)
```

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