Structure of messages.dat file: Example

	data (RECORD_DATA_LEN bytes)	<pre>next (pointer to next record: 4 byte int)</pre>
0	Dear Susan, how are you today? I am going to try to write you more frequently ab	2
1	Hi Johnny, do you want to go to the movies tonight? I have free passes. Suzie	-1
2	out the material that we had left open last time. It seems that the entries that	3
3	you had included in the invoices contain some calculation errors. For example, t	4
4	he first item has a price of \$39.75 and there were 5 items ordered. The resultin	6
5	To everyone at the sales department: This is a reminder that our monthly luncheo	8
6	g price should be $$39.75 \times 5 = 198.75 but you have it showing as \$201.25, and t	7
7	he tax is calculated based on this figure of \$201.25. Could you please review th	9
8	n will take place at Favourite Pizza, 275 Pepperoni Road. See you all there.	-1
9	e entire worksheet and email me a new copy. I truly appreciate it. Sincerely Pet	10
10	er, Inventory Manager.	-1

Notes

Left column of the table shows record numbers. They are not part of the messages file. A message is broken into several records if it takes more than RECORD_DATA_LEN bytes. The rightmost column points to the record where the message continues. The message ends in the record whose **next** has a value of -1 (END OF MESSAGE)

Task

Using the methods of the Record class, create a _message.txt file containing the records and **next** pointers as shown above. This file will be used to test a new set of methods.

Message class

Create a class called **Message**This class will handle the reading, writing and deleting of messages

variables

Declare a private string variable text and initialize it to a null string

constructors

Create a default constructor with text and initialize it to a null string

methods

Create a method with the signature

public void readFromMessagesFile(int recordNumber)

that reads an entire message from the messages file

The method does not access the messages file directly but indirectly through the methods of the Record class. The method takes as a parameter the record number where the message begins. It then follows the **next** pointers until an END OF MESSAGE is found.

Pseudo-code is below:

```
public void readFromMessagesFile(int recordNumber) {
    declare a string variable data and set it to null string
    declare and instantiate a new Record object named record

    do
        read from the messages file the record at recordNumber
        concatenate data with the text (as a string) contained in record
        set recordNumber to next record

    while the recordNumber does not indicate the end of message
    set text to data (this statement will be changed later)
}

Create the toString() method

Include code in this method to print the contents of text preceded with a label. For example, when this method is called we would see something like this
```

Message text: Hi Johnny, do you want to go to the movies tonight? I have free passes. Suzie

EmailServer.java

test 1

In the main() method

Declare and instantiate an object of the **Message** class

Make a call to the method readFromMessagesFile() so that the message starting at record 1 is retrieved

Print the contents of the retrieved message

test 2

Add code to retrieve and print the message starting at record 0

test 3

Add code to retrieve and print the message starting at record 5

Verify that all printed messages are correct