

Part VI: Static Analyzers

Introduction to Static Analysis

What is a static analysis? Usually, static analysis means code review. In companies, especially in one project, colleagues will review your code manually.

- In one word, static analysis is mostly informal manual-human reviews of code.
- Also called "code reviews" or "compile-time analysis".

During our experience in `JSoup` project, we fork our project into our own repository and pull request into the master. One or two of our collaborators will peer view the PR code, give it some advice or directly merge it into the master.

There are best practices for the process of static analyzers.

1. Review small portions of code at a time
2. Record all feedback
3. Review code independently before gathering to discuss
4. Use checklists

Importance of Static Analysis

After talking about the basic concepts of static analysis, we come to the question why we need static analysis. Combined with its basic concepts, we concluded reasons of necessity of static analysis.

- Static analysis can help you find potential bugs early. Using static analysis, your code reviewers can help you find these bugs manually.
- Static analysis can help you stick to the same coding style or coding standard. Since more than one people are involved in one function or one line of code, the clarity of code will increase. In my opinion, to raise the possibility of merging code, you are not the only one who sees the code so that you need to make more comments and try to make the code neat and clear.
- Static analysis can help team collaboration. Your team need to involve in the same project and be responsible for every line of code. To achieve that, your team members must discuss more often and share your ideas on code.

Tools for Static Analysis

We used two different static analyzers on our project **JSoup**.

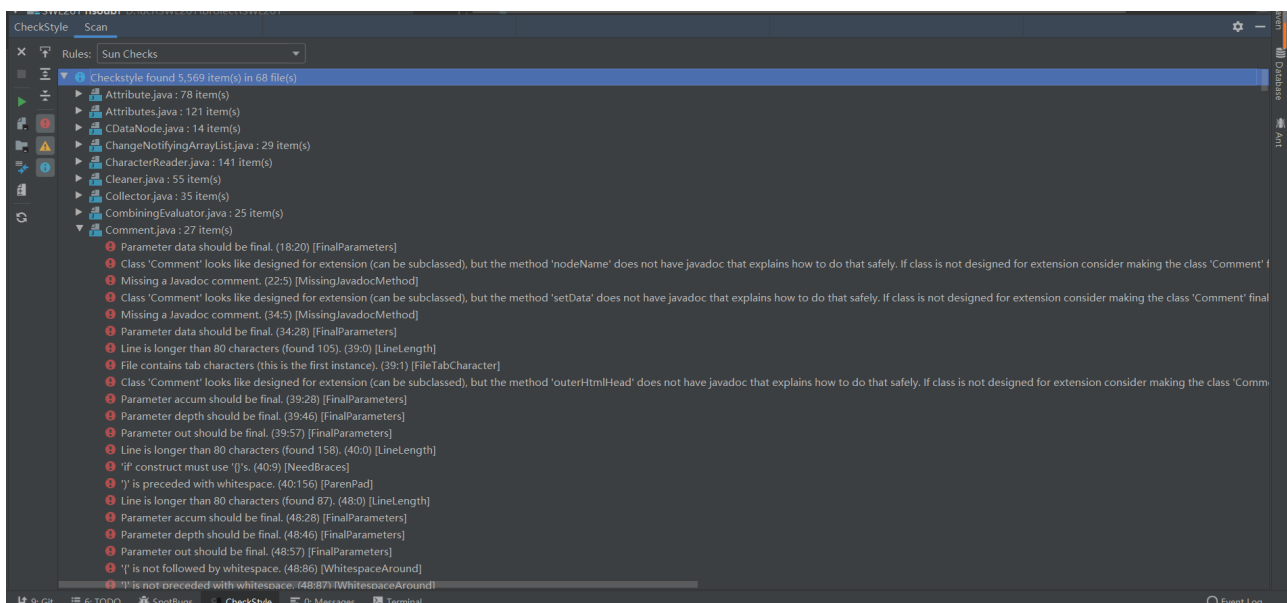
The first one is **SpotBugs**. SpotBugs is a program that uses static analysis to find errors in Java code.

The second one is **Checkstyle**. Checkstyle is a development tool that helps programmers write Java code that meets coding standards. Sample coding standard: google coding style or sun check.

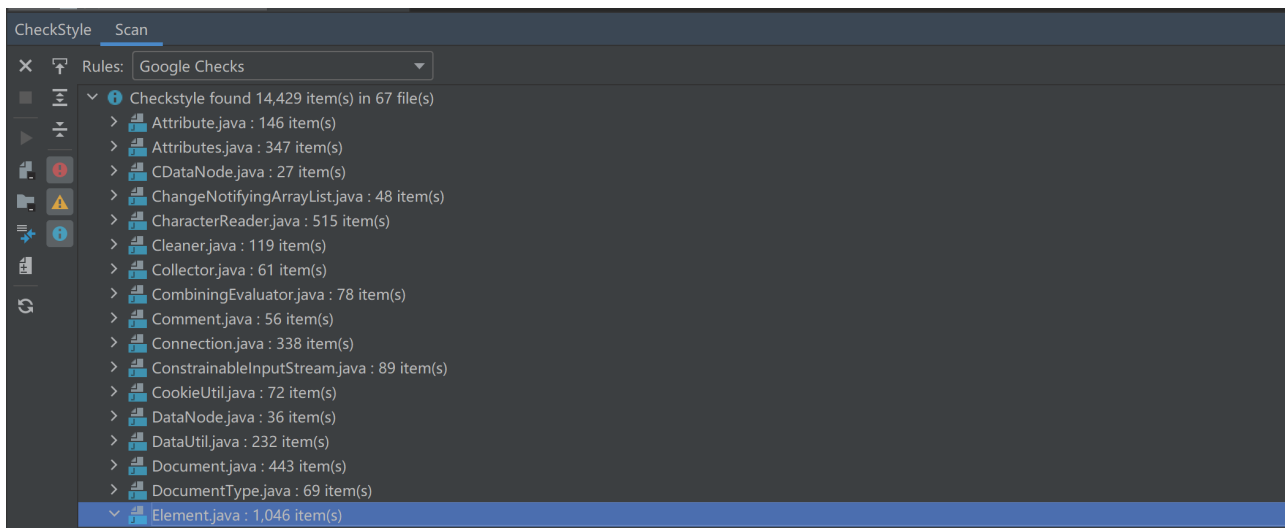
Results of Static Analysis by Spotbugs and Checkstyle

CheckStyle

Firstly, we used the checkstyle tool. I pressed the "Check Module" button and the result is as below. This used the sun checks method.



The following picture used the google checks method.



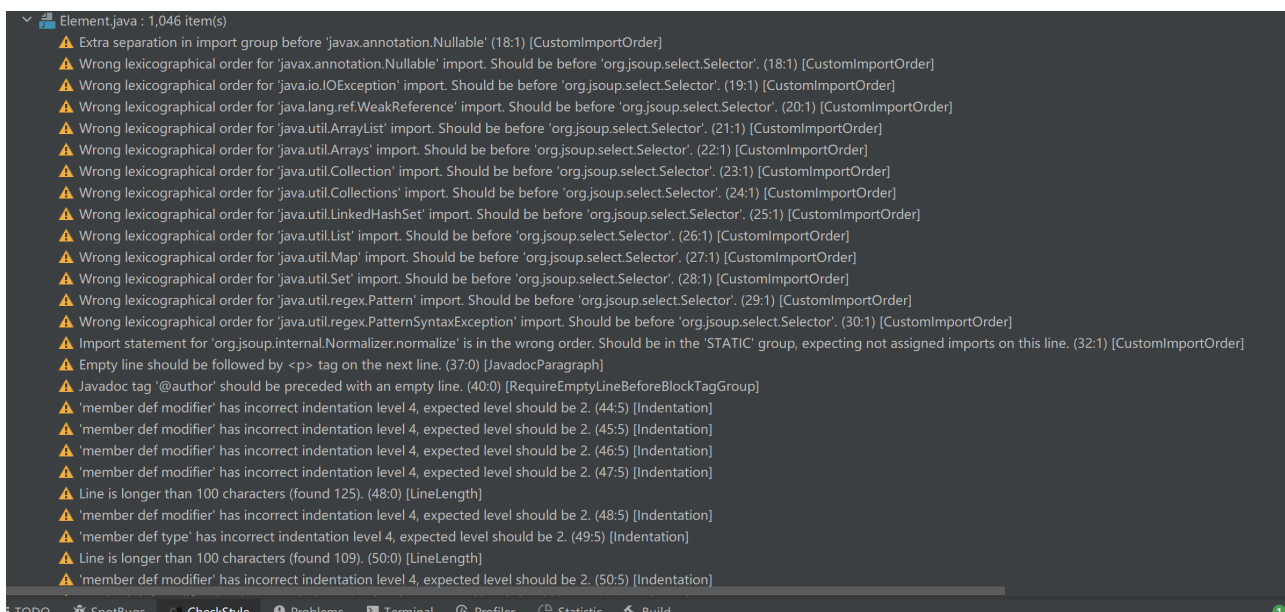
Deep dive into some errors

The first error I met with is `CustomImportError`. Actually it emphasised on the order of import, not an actual bug that you will see in the command line.

The second error I met with is `Indentation`. It used 4 tabs instead of 2 tabs.

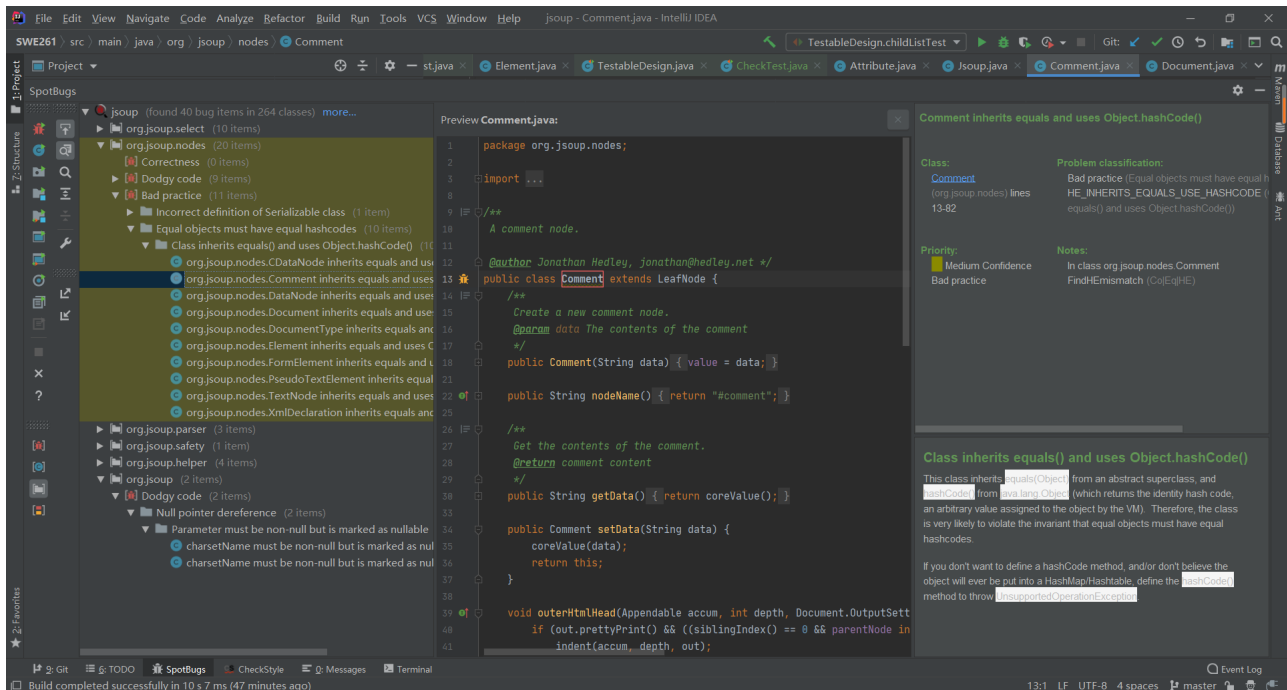
The third error I met with is `RequiredEmptyLineBeforeBlockTagGroup`. It requires us to have an empty line before tag `@Return`.

From my perspective, these errors existed, but they aren't actual problems in the code. They are more likely to be the coding style error instead of bugs.



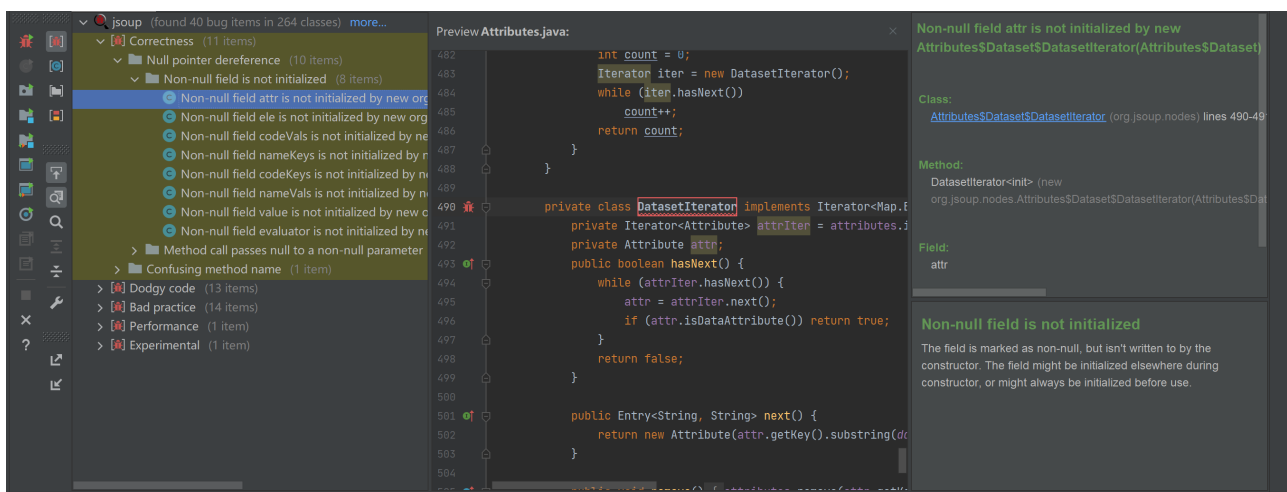
Spotbugs

Next, we used the spotbugs tool. Different from the checkstyle tool, it is divided into folders and each java file, and it will spotlights the lines and functions or classes that has some type error or bugs.

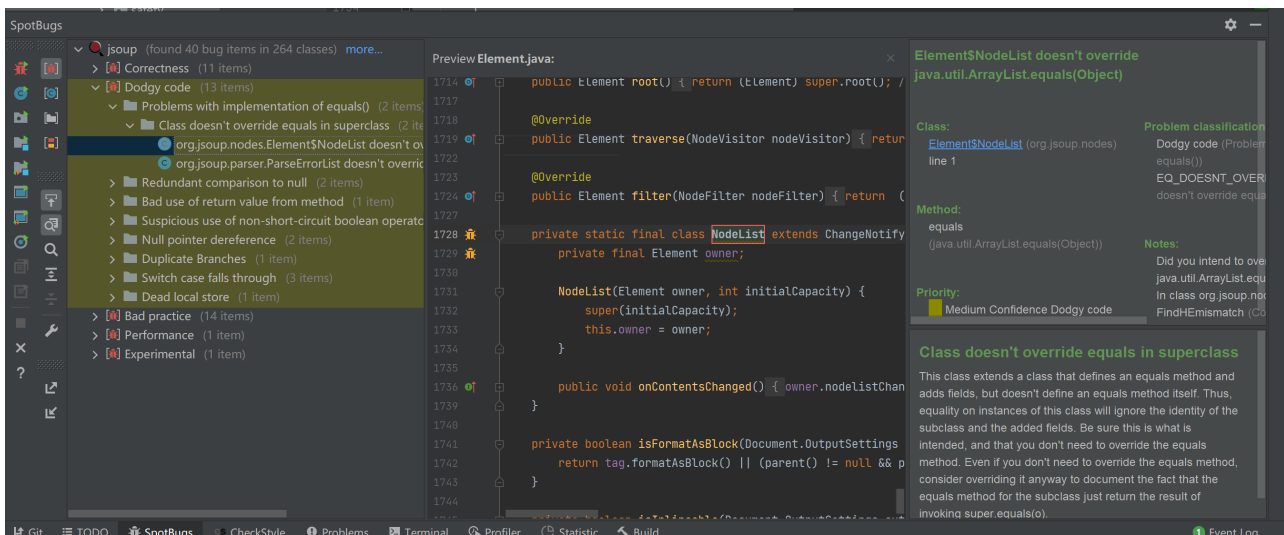


Deep dive into some errors

The first error in **correctness** is that non-null field is not initialized. From my perspective, it is mentioning that **JSoup** didn't initialize the parameter for the class **DatasetIterator**



The second error in **dodgy code** is that classes doesn't override equals in superclass. Because it used **extend**, and it should override **equals** function. But as long as it didn't use it, it should be fine that this class doesn't override equals in superclass.



Contrast between Spotbugs and Checkstyle

The information for each tool is quite different.

For spotbugs, this one is more neat and clear with description and code. Every error is categorized into five folders.

- Correctness
- Dodgy code
- Bad practice
- Performance
- Experimental

For checkstyle, this one is more messy. Every error message is put under its original file name. Once you press the error information, you will jump into the error line. The error most frequently appeared are

- CustomImportError
- LineLength(too long)
- Indentation
- RequiredEmptyLineBeforeBlockTagGroup

They are more likely to be the coding style error instead of bugs.