UEFI Development

UEFI Driver Model, Protocols and Apps

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UEFI Images

- UEFI applications and drivers are compiled into images
- An UEFI image is executable (PE/COFF) code
- Images can be loaded into memory and unloaded from there (removed)
- A loaded image can be started (The entry point is called)

Drivers VS Applications

Applications

- An application is executed from the beginning of its entry point to its end
- Possibly with side effects (I/O, etc)

Drivers

- A driver exposes a service to be used asynchronously by others.
- 'Others' may be apps, drivers or timer events

Protocols

- Protocols are data structures that contain function pointers
- They can also have data members (e.g. version numbers)
- These pointers should point to the implementation provided by some driver

Example 1: EFI_SIMPLE_FILE_SYSTEM_PROTOCOL

Handles

- The handle database is the most important data structure in the DXE phase
- In each handle there may be any number of protocols and images installed
- A GUID uniquely identifies a resource within a handle
- In a given handle there can be only one resource with a given GUID

The Boot Services Table

Is a set of functions that is globally accessible.

They can be used to:

- Find resources in the handle database
- Load, start and unload images
- Create and start timers
- Many other things

Header UefiBootServicesTableLib.h declares a global pointer gBS to this table

Example 2: Using the EFI_SIMPLE_FILE_SYSTEM_PROTOCOL

```
Status = FSProtocol->OpenVolume (
EFI HANDLE Handle = NULL;
EFI SIMPLE FILE SYSTEM PROTOCOL *FSProtocol = NULL;
                                                               FSProtocol,
EFI_FILE_PROTOCOL *RootDir = NULL;
                                                               &RootDir
EFI FILE PROTOCOL *File = NULL;
                                                               );
                                                           Status = RootDir->Open (
EFI STATUS Status = gBS->LocateHandle (
    AllHandles.
                                                               RootDir,
    &gEfiSimpleFileSystemProtocol,
                                                               &File,
                                                               L"FileName.txt",
    NULL.
   &BufferSize.
                                                               EFI FILE MODE READ,
    &Handle
                                                               EFI FILE VALID ATTR
                                                               );
Status = gBS->OpenProtocol (
                                                           Status = File->Read (
    Handle.
                                                               File,
                                                               &BufferSize,
    &gEfiSimpleFileSystemProtocol,
                                                               Buffer
    (VOID **) &FSProtocol,
    ImageHandle,
                                                               );
    NULL.
    EFI OPEN PROTOCOL GET PROTOCOL
    );
```

Driver development

A driver that follows the "UEFI driver model" exposes an entry point, an unload function (optional but recommended) and installs at least:

- The EFI_DRIVER_BINDING_PROTOCOL
- The EFI_SUPPORTED_EFI_VERSION_PROTOCOL
- The EFI_COMPONENT_NAME_PROTOCOL
- The EFI_COMPONENT_NAME2_PROTOCOL

Installing the protocols

The driver's entry point:

```
EFI STATUS
EFIAPI
MyDriverEntry (
    IN EFI HANDLE ImageHandle,
    IN EFI SYSTEM TABLE *SystemTable
    EFI STATUS Status = gBS->InstallMultipleProtocolInterfaces (
        &ImageHandle,
        &gEfiDriverSupportedEfiVersionProtocolGuid,
        &gMyDriverSupportedEfiVersion,
        &gEfiDriverBindingProtocolGuid,
        &gMyDriverDriverBinding,
        &gEfiComponentNameProtocolGuid,
        &gMyDriverComponentName,
        &gEfiComponentName2ProtocolGuid,
        &gMyDriverComponentName2,
        NULL
    );
    return Status;
```

The EFI_DRIVER_BINDING_PROTOCOL

Contains 3 functions:

Supported():

Should check if the a handle provides access to a supported device

Start():

Should install the protocols that make the driver's services available

Stop():

Should undo everything Start() does

Finding supported devices

Supported(): returns EFI_SUCCESS if ConstrollerHandle has a reference to a device the driver can manage.

Otherwise it returns

EFI_UNSUPPORTED.

Supported() is called for each HANDLE in the handle database on driver initialization, and when new devices are attached.

```
EFI STATUS
EFIAPI
MyDriverSupported (
    IN EFI DRIVER BINDING PROTOCOL *This,
    IN EFI HANDLE
                                    ControllerHandler,
    IN EFI DEVICE PATH PROTOCOL
                                   *RemainingDevicePath
    EFI STATUS Status
                               = EFI SUCCESS;
               ThereIsADevice = FALSE;
    BOOLEAN
    Status = DoesHandleContainsAnyMyDevice (
        ControllerHandle,
        &ThereIsADevice
    if (EFI_ERROR (Status)) {
        MaybeHandleError (Status, ControllerHandle);
    if (ThereIsADevice) {
        return EFI SUCCESS;
    return EFI UNSUPPORTED;
```

Registering driver services

In construction

```
EFI STATUS
EFIAPI
MyDriverStart (
    IN EFI_DRIVER_BINDING_PROTOCOL *This,
                                    ControllerHandler,
    IN EFI HANDLE
                                   *RemainingDevicePath
    IN EFI_DEVICE_PATH_PROTOCOL
    EFI STATUS
                    Status
                                    = EFI SUCCESS;
    MY IO PROTOCOL *MyIOProtocol
                                    = NULL;
    Status = InitializeMyIOProtocol (
        &MyIOProtocol
        );
    Status = gBS->InstallMultipleProtocolInterfaces (
        ControllerHandle,
        &gMyIOProtocolGuid
        MyIOProtocol,
        NULL
    return EFI SUCCESS;
```