

Chapter 21 Solusion

<https://github.com/frc123/CLRS>

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21.1

21.1-1

Edge processed	Collection of disjoint sets										
initial sets	{a}	{b}	{c}	{d}	{e}	{f}	{g}	{h}	{i}	{j}	{k}
(d, i)	{a}	{b}	{c}	{d, i}	{e}	{f}	{g}	{h}		{j}	{k}
(f, k)	{a}	{b}	{c}	{d, i}	{e}	{f, k}	{g}	{h}		{j}	
(g, i)	{a}	{b}	{c}	{d, g, i}	{e}	{f, k}		{h}		{j}	
(b, g)	{a}	{b, d, g, i}	{c}		{e}	{f, k}		{h}		{j}	
(a, h)	{a, h}	{b, d, g, i}	{c}		{e}	{f, k}				{j}	
(i, j)	{a, h}	{b, d, g, i, j}	{c}		{e}	{f, k}					
(d, k)	{a, h}	{b, d, f, g, i, j, k}	{c}		{e}						
(b, j)	{a, h}	{b, d, f, g, i, j, k}	{c}		{e}						
(d, f)	{a, h}	{b, d, f, g, i, j, k}	{c}		{e}						
(g, j)	{a, h}	{b, d, f, g, i, j, k}	{c}		{e}						
(a, e)	{a, e, h}	{b, d, f, g, i, j, k}	{c}								

21.1-2

By contents in B.4, we know that the connected components of a graph are the equivalence classes of vertices under the “is reachable from” relation. The collection of the disjoint sets is exactly the quotient set of $G.V$ by the “is reachable from” relation. It is not hard to find out that CONNECTED-COMPONENTS construct such the quotient set since the procedure unions vertices based on all edges, and edges connect two reachable vertices with the smallest length of the path (recall that a equivalence relation must be transitive). Two vertices are in the same connected component if and only if they are reachable from each other.

21.1-3

FIND-SET: $2 \cdot |E|$

UNION: $|V| - k$

Updating...