

nonlin

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Chapter 1

Modules Index

1.1 Modules List

Here is a list of all documented modules with brief descriptions:

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Chapter 2

Data Type Index

2.1 Class Hierarchy

This inheritance list is sorted roughly, but not completely, alphabetically:

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Chapter 3

Data Type Index

3.1 Data Types List

Here are the data types with brief descriptions:

nonlin_solve::brent_solver	Defines a solver based upon Brent's method for solving an equation of one variable without using derivatives	43
nonlin_c_binding::cfcn1var	The C-friendly interface to fcn1var	43
nonlin_c_binding::cfcn1var_helper	A container allowing the use of cfcn1var in the solver codes	44
nonlin_c_binding::cjacobianfcn	The C-friendly interface to jacobianfcn	44
nonlin_c_binding::cvecfcn	The C-friendly interface to vecfcn	45
nonlin_c_binding::cvecfcn_helper	A container allowing the use of cvecfcn in the solver codes	45
nonlin_types::equation_solver	A base class for various solvers of nonlinear systems of equations	46
nonlin_types::equation_solver_1var	A base class for various solvers of equations of one variable	47
nonlin_types::fcn1var	Describes a function of one variable	48
nonlin_types::fcn1var_helper	Defines a type capable of encapsulating an equation of one variable of the form: $f(x) = 0$	49
nonlin_types::iteration_behavior	Defines a set of parameters that describe the behavior of the iteration process	49
nonlin_types::jacobianfcn	Describes a routine capable of computing the Jacobian matrix of M functions of N unknowns . .	50
nonlin_least_squares::least_squares_solver	Defines a Levenberg-Marquardt based solver for unconstrained least-squares problems	50
nonlin_linesearch::line_search	Defines a type capable of performing an inexact, backtracking line search to find a point as far along the specified direction vector that is usable for unconstrained minimization problems . .	51
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Defines a Newton solver	54
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Defines a quasi-Newton type solver based upon Broyden's method	55
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Defines a pair of numeric values	57
nonlin_types::vecfcn	
Describes an M-element vector-valued function of N-variables	57
nonlin_types::vecfcn_helper	
Defines a type capable of encapsulating a system of nonlinear equations of the form: $F(X) = 0$	58

Chapter 4

Module Documentation

4.1 `nonlin_c_binding` Module Reference

`nonlin_c_binding`

Data Types

- interface `cfcn1var`
The C-friendly interface to `fcn1var`.
- type `cfcn1var_helper`
A container allowing the use of `cfcn1var` in the solver codes.
- interface `cjacobianfcn`
The C-friendly interface to `jacobianfcn`.
- interface `cvecfcn`
The C-friendly interface to `vecfcn`.
- type `cvecfcn_helper`
A container allowing the use of `cvecfcn` in the solver codes.
- type `line_search_control`
Defines a set of line search controls.
- type `solver_control`
Defines a set of solver control information.

Functions/Subroutines

- real(dp) function `cf1h_fcn` (this, x)
Executes the routine containing the function to evaluate.
- pure logical function `cf1h_is_fcn_defined` (this)
Tests if the pointer to the function containing the equation to solve has been assigned.
- subroutine `cf1h_set_fcn` (this, fcn)
Establishes a pointer to the routine containing the equations to solve.
- subroutine `cvfh_set_fcn` (this, fcn, nfcn, nvar)
Establishes a pointer to the routine containing the system of equations to solve.
- pure logical function `cvfh_is_fcn_defined` (this)
Tests if the pointer to the subroutine containing the system of equations to solve has been assigned.

- subroutine [cvfh_fcn](#) (this, x, f)
Executes the routine containing the system of equations to solve. No action is taken if the pointer to the subroutine has not been defined.
- subroutine [cvfh_set_jac](#) (this, jac)
Establishes a pointer to the routine for computing the Jacobian matrix of the system of equations. If no routine is defined, the Jacobian matrix will be computed numerically (this is the default state).
- pure logical function [cvfh_is_jac_defined](#) (this)
Tests if the pointer to the subroutine containing the system of equations to solve has been assigned.
- subroutine [cvfh_jac_fcn](#) (this, x, jac, fv, work, olwork, err)
Executes the routine containing the Jacobian matrix if supplied. If not supplied, the Jacobian is computed via finite differences.
- subroutine [brent_solver_c](#) (fcn, lim, x, f, tol, ib, err)
Solves an equation of one variable using Brent's method.
- subroutine [quasi_newton_c](#) (fcn, jac, n, x, fvec, tol, lsearch, ib, err)
Applies the quasi-Newton's method developed by Broyden in conjunction with a backtracking type line search to solve N equations of N unknowns.
- subroutine [newton_c](#) (fcn, jac, n, x, fvec, tol, lsearch, ib, err)
Applies Newton's method in conjunction with a backtracking type line search to solve N equations of N unknowns.
- subroutine [levmarq_c](#) (fcn, jac, neqn, nvar, x, fvec, tol, ib, err)
Applies the Levenberg-Marquardt method to solve the nonlinear least-squares problem.

4.1.1 Detailed Description

[nonlin_c_binding](#)

Purpose

Provides C bindings to the nonlin library.

4.1.2 Function/Subroutine Documentation

4.1.2.1 subroutine `nonlin_c_binding::brent_solver_c` (`type(c_funptr)`, intent(in), value `fcn`, `type(value_pair)`, intent(in), value `lim`, `real(dp)`, intent(out) `x`, `real(dp)`, intent(out) `f`, `type(solver_control)`, intent(in) `tol`, `type(iteration_behavior)`, intent(out) `ib`, `type(c_ptr)`, intent(in), value `err`)

Solves an equation of one variable using Brent's method.

Parameters

in	<code>fcn</code>	A pointer to the routine containing the function to solve.
in	<code>lim</code>	A <code>value_pair</code> object defining the search limits.
out	<code>x</code>	On output, the solution.
out	<code>f</code>	On output, the residual as computed at <code>x</code> .
in	<code>tol</code>	A solver_control object defining the solver control parameters.
out	<code>ib</code>	On output, an <code>iteration_behavior</code> object containing the iteration performance statistics.
in	<code>err</code>	A pointer to the C error handler object. If no error handling is desired, simply pass NULL, and errors will be dealt with by the default internal error handler. Possible errors that may be encountered are as follows. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <code>NL_INVALID_OPERATION_ERROR</code>: Occurs if no equations have been defined. • <code>NL_INVALID_INPUT_ERROR</code>: Occurs if the number of equations is different than the number of variables. • <code>NL_CONVERGENCE_ERROR</code>: Occurs if the algorithm cannot converge within the allowed number of iterations.

Definition at line 435 of file `nonlin_c_binding.f90`.

4.1.2.2 `real(dp)` function `nonlin_c_binding::cf1h_fcn` (`class(cfcn1var_helper)`, `intent(in) this`, `real(dp)`, `intent(in) x`)

Executes the routine containing the function to evaluate.

Parameters

<code>in</code>	<code>this</code>	The <code>cfcn1var_helper</code> object.
<code>in</code>	<code>x</code>	The value of the independent variable at which the function should be evaluated.

Returns

The value of the function at `x`.

Definition at line 162 of file `nonlin_c_binding.f90`.

4.1.2.3 `pure logical` function `nonlin_c_binding::cf1h_is_fcn_defined` (`class(cfcn1var_helper)`, `intent(in) this`)

Tests if the pointer to the function containing the equation to solve has been assigned.

Parameters

<code>in</code>	<code>this</code>	The <code>cfcn1var_helper</code> object.
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Returns

Returns true if the pointer has been assigned; else, false.

Definition at line 177 of file `nonlin_c_binding.f90`.

4.1.2.4 `subroutine` `nonlin_c_binding::cf1h_set_fcn` (`class(cfcn1var_helper)`, `intent(inout) this`, `procedure(cfcn1var)`, `intent(in)`, pointer `fcn`)

Establishes a pointer to the routine containing the equations to solve.

Parameters

<code>in, out</code>	<code>this</code>	The <code>cfcn1var_helper</code> object.
<code>in</code>	<code>fcn</code>	The function pointer.

Definition at line 189 of file `nonlin_c_binding.f90`.

4.1.2.5 subroutine `nonlin_c_binding::cvfh_fcn` (class(`cvecfcn_helper`), intent(in) *this*, real(dp), dimension(:), intent(in) *x*, real(dp), dimension(:), intent(out) *f*)

Executes the routine containing the system of equations to solve. No action is taken if the pointer to the subroutine has not been defined.

Parameters

in	<i>this</i>	The cvecfcn_helper object.
in	<i>x</i>	An N-element array containing the independent variables.
out	<i>f</i>	An M-element array that, on output, contains the values of the M functions.

Definition at line 235 of file `nonlin_c_binding.f90`.

4.1.2.6 pure logical function `nonlin_c_binding::cvfh_is_fcn_defined` (class(`cvecfcn_helper`), intent(in) *this*)

Tests if the pointer to the subroutine containing the system of equations to solve has been assigned.

Parameters

in	<i>this</i>	The cvecfcn_helper object.
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Returns

Returns true if the pointer has been assigned; else, false.

Definition at line 221 of file `nonlin_c_binding.f90`.

4.1.2.7 pure logical function `nonlin_c_binding::cvfh_is_jac_defined` (class(`cvecfcn_helper`), intent(in) *this*)

Tests if the pointer to the subroutine containing the system of equations to solve has been assigned.

Parameters

in	<i>this</i>	The <code>vecfcn_helper</code> object.
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Returns

Returns true if the pointer has been assigned; else, false.

Definition at line 266 of file `nonlin_c_binding.f90`.

4.1.2.8 subroutine `nonlin_c_binding::cvfh_jac_fcn` (class(`cvecfcn_helper`), intent(in) *this*, real(dp), dimension(:), intent(inout) *x*, real(dp), dimension(:,:), intent(out) *jac*, real(dp), dimension(:), intent(in), optional, target *fv*, real(dp), dimension(:), intent(out), optional, target *work*, integer(i32), intent(out), optional *olwork*, integer(i32), intent(out), optional *err*)

Executes the routine containing the Jacobian matrix if supplied. If not supplied, the Jacobian is computed via finite differences.

Parameters

in	<i>this</i>	The <code>vecfcn_helper</code> object.
in	<i>x</i>	An N-element array containing the independent variables defining the point about which the derivatives will be calculated.
out	<i>jac</i>	An M-by-N matrix where, on output, the Jacobian will be written.
in	<i>fv</i>	An optional M-element array containing the function values at <i>x</i> . If not supplied, the function values are computed at <i>x</i> .
out	<i>work</i>	An optional input, that if provided, prevents any local memory allocation. If not provided, the memory required is allocated within. If provided, the length of the array must be at least <code>olwork</code> . Notice, a workspace array is only utilized if the user does not provide a routine for computing the Jacobian.
out	<i>olwork</i>	An optional output used to determine workspace size. If supplied, the routine determines the optimal size for <i>work</i> , and returns without performing any actual calculations.
out	<i>err</i>	An optional integer output that can be used to determine error status. If not used, and an error is encountered, the routine simply returns silently. If used, the following error codes identify error status: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 0: No error has occurred. • n: A positive integer denoting the index of an invalid input. • -1: Indicates internal memory allocation failed.

Definition at line 298 of file `nonlin_c_binding.f90`.

4.1.2.9 `subroutine nonlin_c_binding::cvfh_set_fcn (class(cvecfcn_helper), intent(inout) this, procedure(cvecfcn), intent(in), pointer fcn, integer(i32), intent(in) nfcn, integer(i32), intent(in) nvar)`

Establishes a pointer to the routine containing the system of equations to solve.

Parameters

in, out	<i>this</i>	The <code>cvecfcn_helper</code> object.
in	<i>fcn</i>	The function pointer.
in	<i>nfcn</i>	The number of functions.
in	<i>nvar</i>	The number of variables.

Definition at line 205 of file `nonlin_c_binding.f90`.

4.1.2.10 `subroutine nonlin_c_binding::cvfh_set_jac (class(cvecfcn_helper), intent(inout) this, procedure(cjacobianfcn), intent(in), pointer jac)`

Establishes a pointer to the routine for computing the Jacobian matrix of the system of equations. If no routine is defined, the Jacobian matrix will be computed numerically (this is the default state).

Parameters

in, out	<i>this</i>	The <code>cvecfcn_helper</code> object.
in	<i>jac</i>	The function pointer.

Definition at line 254 of file `nonlin_c_binding.f90`.

4.1.2.11 `subroutine nonlin_c_binding::levmarq_c (type(c_funptr), intent(in), value fcn, type(c_funptr), intent(in), value jac, integer(i32), intent(in), value neqn, integer(i32), intent(in), value nvar, real(dp), dimension(nvar), intent(inout) x, real(dp), dimension(neqn), intent(out) fvec, type(solver_control), intent(in) tol, type(iteration_behavior), intent(out) ib, type(c_ptr), intent(in), value err)`

Applies the Levenberg-Marquardt method to solve the nonlinear least-squares problem.

Parameters

in	<i>fcn</i>	A pointer to the routine containing the system of equations to solve.
in	<i>jac</i>	A pointer to a routine used to compute the Jacobian of the system of equations. To let the program compute the Jacobian numerically, simply pass NULL.
in	<i>neqn</i>	The number of equations.
in	<i>nvar</i>	The number of unknowns. This must be less than or equal to <i>neqn</i> .
in, out	<i>x</i>	On input, an N-element array containing an initial estimate to the solution. On output, the updated solution estimate. N is the number of variables.
out	<i>fvec</i>	An N-element array that, on output, will contain the values of each equation as evaluated at the variable values given in <i>x</i> .
in	<i>tol</i>	A solver_control object defining the solver control parameters.
out	<i>ib</i>	On output, an <code>iteration_behavior</code> object containing the iteration performance statistics.
in	<i>err</i>	A pointer to the C error handler object. If no error handling is desired, simply pass NULL, and errors will be dealt with by the default internal error handler. Possible errors that may be encountered are as follows. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <code>NL_INVALID_OPERATION_ERROR</code>: Occurs if no equations have been defined. • <code>NL_INVALID_INPUT_ERROR</code>: Occurs if the number of equations is less than the number of variables. • <code>NL_ARRAY_SIZE_ERROR</code>: Occurs if any of the input arrays are not sized correctly. • <code>NL_CONVERGENCE_ERROR</code>: Occurs if the line search cannot converge within the allowed number of iterations. • <code>NL_OUT_OF_MEMORY_ERROR</code>: Occurs if there is insufficient memory available. • <code>NL_TOLERANCE_TOO_SMALL_ERROR</code>: Occurs if the requested tolerance is too small to be practical for the problem at hand.

Definition at line 696 of file `nonlin_c_binding.f90`.

4.1.2.12 `subroutine nonlin_c_binding::newton_c (type(c_funptr), intent(in), value fcn, type(c_funptr), intent(in), value jac, integer(i32), intent(in), value n, real(dp), dimension(n), intent(inout) x, real(dp), dimension(n), intent(out) fvec, type(solver_control), intent(in) tol, type(c_ptr), intent(in), value lsearch, type(iteration_behavior), intent(out) ib, type(c_ptr), intent(in), value err)`

Applies Newton's method in conjunction with a backtracking type line search to solve N equations of N unknowns.

Parameters

in	<i>fcn</i>	A pointer to the routine containing the system of equations to solve.
----	------------	---

Parameters

in	<i>jac</i>	A pointer to a routine used to compute the Jacobian of the system of equations. To let the program compute the Jacobian numerically, simply pass NULL.
in	<i>n</i>	The number of equations, and the number of unknowns.
in, out	<i>x</i>	On input, an N-element array containing an initial estimate to the solution. On output, the updated solution estimate. N is the number of variables.
out	<i>fvec</i>	An N-element array that, on output, will contain the values of each equation as evaluated at the variable values given in <i>x</i> .
in	<i>tol</i>	A solver_control object defining the solver control parameters.
in	<i>lsearch</i>	A pointer to a line_search_control object defining the line search control parameters. If no line search is desired, simply pass NULL.
out	<i>ib</i>	On output, an iteration_behavior object containing the iteration performance statistics.
in	<i>err</i>	<p>A pointer to the C error handler object. If no error handling is desired, simply pass NULL, and errors will be dealt with by the default internal error handler. Possible errors that may be encountered are as follows.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <code>NL_INVALID_OPERATION_ERROR</code>: Occurs if no equations have been defined. • <code>NL_INVALID_INPUT_ERROR</code>: Occurs if the number of equations is different than the number of variables. • <code>NL_ARRAY_SIZE_ERROR</code>: Occurs if any of the input arrays are not sized correctly. • <code>NL_DIVERGENT_BEHAVIOR_ERROR</code>: Occurs if the direction vector is pointing in an apparent uphill direction. • <code>NL_CONVERGENCE_ERROR</code>: Occurs if the line search cannot converge within the allowed number of iterations. • <code>NL_OUT_OF_MEMORY_ERROR</code>: Occurs if there is insufficient memory available. • <code>NL_SPURIOUS_CONVERGENCE_ERROR</code>: Occurs as a warning if the slope of the gradient vector becomes sufficiently close to zero.

Definition at line 604 of file `nonlin_c_binding.f90`.

4.1.2.13 `subroutine nonlin_c_binding::quasi_newton_c (type(c_funptr), intent(in), value fcn, type(c_funptr), intent(in), value jac, integer(i32), intent(in), value n, real(dp), dimension(n), intent(inout) x, real(dp), dimension(n), intent(out) fvec, type(solver_control), intent(in) tol, type(c_ptr), intent(in), value lsearch, type(iteration_behavior), intent(out) ib, type(c_ptr), intent(in), value err)`

Applies the quasi-Newton's method developed by Broyden in conjunction with a backtracking type line search to solve N equations of N unknowns.

Parameters

in	<i>fcn</i>	A pointer to the routine containing the system of equations to solve.
in	<i>jac</i>	A pointer to a routine used to compute the Jacobian of the system of equations. To let the program compute the Jacobian numerically, simply pass NULL.
in	<i>n</i>	The number of equations, and the number of unknowns.
in, out	<i>x</i>	On input, an N-element array containing an initial estimate to the solution. On output, the updated solution estimate. N is the number of variables.

Parameters

out	<i>fvec</i>	An N-element array that, on output, will contain the values of each equation as evaluated at the variable values given in <i>x</i> .
in	<i>tol</i>	A solver_control object defining the solver control parameters.
in	<i>lsearch</i>	A pointer to a line_search_control object defining the line search control parameters. If no line search is desired, simply pass NULL.
out	<i>ib</i>	On output, an <code>iteration_behavior</code> object containing the iteration performance statistics.
in	<i>err</i>	<p>A pointer to the C error handler object. If no error handling is desired, simply pass NULL, and errors will be dealt with by the default internal error handler. Possible errors that may be encountered are as follows.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <code>NL_INVALID_OPERATION_ERROR</code>: Occurs if no equations have been defined. • <code>NL_INVALID_INPUT_ERROR</code>: Occurs if the number of equations is different than the number of variables. • <code>NL_ARRAY_SIZE_ERROR</code>: Occurs if any of the input arrays are not sized correctly. • <code>NL_DIVERGENT_BEHAVIOR_ERROR</code>: Occurs if the direction vector is pointing in an apparent uphill direction. • <code>NL_CONVERGENCE_ERROR</code>: Occurs if the line search cannot converge within the allowed number of iterations. • <code>NL_OUT_OF_MEMORY_ERROR</code>: Occurs if there is insufficient memory available. • <code>NL_SPURIOUS_CONVERGENCE_ERROR</code>: Occurs as a warning if the slope of the gradient vector becomes sufficiently close to zero.

Definition at line 509 of file `nonlin_c_binding.f90`.

4.2 `nonlin_least_squares` Module Reference

`nonlin_least_squares`

Data Types

- type [least_squares_solver](#)
Defines a Levenberg-Marquardt based solver for unconstrained least-squares problems.

Functions/Subroutines

- pure real(dp) function [lss_get_factor](#) (this)
Gets a factor used to scale the bounds on the initial step.
- subroutine [lss_set_factor](#) (this, x)
Sets a factor used to scale the bounds on the initial step.
- subroutine [lss_solve](#) (this, fcn, x, fvec, ib, err)
Applies the Levenberg-Marquardt method to solve the nonlinear least-squares problem.
- subroutine [lmpar](#) (r, ipvt, diag, qtb, delta, par, x, sdiag, wa1, wa2)

Completes the solution of the Levenberg-Marquardt problem when provided with a QR factored form of the system Jacobian matrix. The form of the problem at this stage is $J \cdot X = B$ (J = Jacobian), and $D \cdot X = 0$, where D is a diagonal matrix.

- subroutine [lmfactor](#) (a, pivot, ipvt, rdiag, acnorm, wa)

Computes the QR factorization of an M-by-N matrix.

- subroutine [lmsolve](#) (r, ipvt, diag, qtb, x, sdiag, wa)

Solves the QR factored system $A \cdot X = B$, coupled with the diagonal system $D \cdot X = 0$ in the least-squares sense.

4.2.1 Detailed Description

nonlin_least_squares

Purpose

To provide routines capable of solving the nonlinear least squares problem.

4.2.2 Function/Subroutine Documentation

4.2.2.1 subroutine nonlin_least_squares::lmfactor (real(dp), dimension(:,:), intent(inout) a, logical, intent(in) pivot, integer(i32), dimension(:), intent(out) ipvt, real(dp), dimension(:), intent(out) rdiag, real(dp), dimension(:), intent(out) acnorm, real(dp), dimension(:), intent(out) wa) [private]

Computes the QR factorization of an M-by-N matrix.

Parameters

in, out	a	On input, the M-by-N matrix to factor. On output, the strict upper triangular portion contains matrix R1 of the factorization, the lower trapezoidal portion contains the factored form of Q1, and the diagonal contains the corresponding elementary reflector.
in	pivot	Set to true to utilize column pivoting; else, set to false for no pivoting.
out	ipvt	An N-element array that is used to contain the pivot indices unless pivot is set to false. In such event, this array is unused.
out	rdiag	An N-element array used to store the diagonal elements of the R1 matrix.
out	acnorm	An N-element array used to contain the norms of each column in the event column pivoting is used. If pivoting is not used, this array is unused.
out	wa	An N-element workspace array.

Remarks

This routines is based upon the MINPACK routine QRFAC.

Definition at line 661 of file nonlin_least_squares.f90.

4.2.2.2 subroutine nonlin_least_squares::lmpar (real(dp), dimension(:,:), intent(inout) r, integer(i32), dimension(:), intent(in) ipvt, real(dp), dimension(:), intent(in) diag, real(dp), dimension(:), intent(in) qtb, real(dp), intent(in) delta, real(dp), intent(inout) par, real(dp), dimension(:), intent(out) x, real(dp), dimension(:), intent(out) sdiag, real(dp), dimension(:), intent(out) wa1, real(dp), dimension(:), intent(out) wa2) [private]

Completes the solution of the Levenberg-Marquardt problem when provided with a QR factored form of the system Jacobian matrix. The form of the problem at this stage is $J \cdot X = B$ (J = Jacobian), and $D \cdot X = 0$, where D is a diagonal matrix.

Parameters

in, out	<i>r</i>	On input, the N-by-N upper triangular matrix R1 of the QR factorization. On output, the upper triangular portion is unaltered, but the strict lower triangle contains the strict upper triangle (transposed) of the matrix S.
in	<i>ipvt</i>	An N-element array tracking the pivoting operations from the original QR factorization.
in	<i>diag</i>	An N-element array containing the diagonal components of the matrix D.
in	<i>qtb</i>	An N-element array containing the first N elements of $Q1^{*T} * B$.
in	<i>delta</i>	A positive input variable that specifies an upper bounds on the Euclidean norm of $D*X$.
in, out	<i>par</i>	On input, the initial estimate of the Levenberg-Marquardt parameter. On output, the final estimate.
out	<i>x</i>	The N-element array that is the solution of $A*X = B$, and of $D*X = 0$.
out	<i>sdiag</i>	An N-element array containing the diagonal elements of the matrix S.
out	<i>wa1</i>	An N-element workspace array.
out	<i>wa2</i>	An N-element workspace array.

Remarks

This routines is based upon the MINPACK routine LMPAR.

Definition at line 494 of file `nonlin_least_squares.f90`.

```
4.2.2.3 subroutine nonlin_least_squares::lmsolve ( real(dp), dimension(:, :), intent(inout) r, integer(i32), dimension(:), intent(in)
ipvt, real(dp), dimension(:), intent(in) diag, real(dp), dimension(:), intent(in) qtb, real(dp), dimension(:), intent(out) x,
real(dp), dimension(:), intent(out) sdiag, real(dp), dimension(:), intent(out) wa ) [private]
```

Solves the QR factored system $A*X = B$, coupled with the diagonal system $D*X = 0$ in the least-squares sense.

Parameters

in, out	<i>r</i>	On input, the N-by-N upper triangular matrix R1 of the QR factorization. On output, the upper triangular portion is unaltered, but the strict lower triangle contains the strict upper triangle (transposed) of the matrix S.
in	<i>ipvt</i>	An N-element array tracking the pivoting operations from the original QR factorization.
in	<i>diag</i>	An N-element array containing the diagonal components of the matrix D.
in	<i>qtb</i>	An N-element array containing the first N elements of $Q1^{*T} * B$.
out	<i>x</i>	The N-element array that is the solution of $A*X = B$, and of $D*X = 0$.
out	<i>sdiag</i>	An N-element array containing the diagonal elements of the matrix S.
out	<i>wa</i>	An N-element workspace array.

Remarks

This routines is based upon the MINPACK routine QRSOLV.

Definition at line 764 of file `nonlin_least_squares.f90`.

```
4.2.2.4 pure real(dp) function nonlin_least_squares::lss_get_factor ( class(least_squares_solver), intent(in) this )
[private]
```

Gets a factor used to scale the bounds on the initial step.

Parameters

in	<i>this</i>	The least_squares_solver object.
----	-------------	--

Returns

The factor.

Remarks

This factor is used to set the bounds on the initial step such that the initial step is bounded as the product of the factor with the Euclidean norm of the vector resulting from multiplication of the diagonal scaling matrix and the solution estimate. If zero, the factor itself is used.

Definition at line 49 of file `nonlin_least_squares.f90`.

```
4.2.2.5  subroutine nonlin_least_squares::lss_set_factor ( class(least_squares_solver), intent(inout) this, real(dp),
           intent(in) x ) [private]
```

Sets a factor used to scale the bounds on the initial step.

Parameters

in	<i>this</i>	The least_squares_solver object.
in	<i>x</i>	The factor. Notice, the factor is limited to the interval [0.1, 100].

Remarks

This factor is used to set the bounds on the initial step such that the initial step is bounded as the product of the factor with the Euclidean norm of the vector resulting from multiplication of the diagonal scaling matrix and the solution estimate. If zero, the factor itself is used.

Definition at line 68 of file `nonlin_least_squares.f90`.

```
4.2.2.6  subroutine nonlin_least_squares::lss_solve ( class(least_squares_solver), intent(inout) this,
           class(vecfcn_helper), intent(in) fcn, real(dp), dimension(:), intent(inout) x, real(dp), dimension(:), intent(out) fvec,
           type(iteration_behavior), optional ib, class(errors), intent(in), optional, target err ) [private]
```

Applies the Levenberg-Marquardt method to solve the nonlinear least-squares problem.

Parameters

in, out	<i>this</i>	The least_squares_solver object.
in	<i>fcn</i>	The <code>vecfcn_helper</code> object containing the equations to solve.
in, out	<i>x</i>	On input, an M-element array containing an initial estimate to the solution. On output, the updated solution estimate. M is the number of variables.
out	<i>fvec</i>	An N-element array that, on output, will contain the values of each equation as evaluated at the variable values given in <i>x</i> . N is the number of equations.
out	<i>ib</i>	An optional output, that if provided, allows the caller to obtain iteration performance statistics.

Parameters

out	err	<p>An optional errors-based object that if provided can be used to retrieve information relating to any errors encountered during execution. If not provided, a default implementation of the errors class is used internally to provide error handling. Possible errors and warning messages that may be encountered are as follows.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <code>NL_INVALID_OPERATION_ERROR</code>: Occurs if no equations have been defined. • <code>NL_INVALID_INPUT_ERROR</code>: Occurs if the number of equations is less than the number of variables. • <code>NL_ARRAY_SIZE_ERROR</code>: Occurs if any of the input arrays are not sized correctly. • <code>NL_CONVERGENCE_ERROR</code>: Occurs if the line search cannot converge within the allowed number of iterations. • <code>NL_OUT_OF_MEMORY_ERROR</code>: Occurs if there is insufficient memory available. • <code>NL_TOLERANCE_TOO_SMALL_ERROR</code>: Occurs if the requested tolerance is too small to be practical for the problem at hand.
-----	-----	---

Remarks

This routines is based upon the MINPACK routine LMDIF.

Usage

The following code provides an example of how to solve a system of N equations of N unknowns using the Levenberg-Marquardt method.

```
! System of Equations #1:
!
! x**2 + y**2 = 34
! x**2 - 2 * y**2 = 7
!
! Solution:
! x = +/-5
! y = +/-3
subroutine fcn1(x, f)
  real(dp), intent(in), dimension(:) :: x
  real(dp), intent(out), dimension(:) :: f
  f(1) = x(1)**2 + x(2)**2 - 34.0d0
  f(2) = x(1)**2 - 2.0d0 * x(2)**2 - 7.0d0
end subroutine

program main
  use linalg_constants, only : dp
  use nonlin_types, only : vecfcn, vecfcn_helper
  use nonlin_least_squares, only : least_squares_solver

  type(vecfcn_helper) :: obj
  procedure(vecfcn), pointer :: fcn
  type(least_squares_solver) :: solver
  real(dp) :: x(2), f(2)

  ! Set the initial conditions to [1, 1]
  x = 1.0d0

  ! Solve the system of equations. The solution overwrites X
  call solver%solve(obj, x, f)

  ! Print the output and the residual:
  print '(AF5.3AF5.3A)', "The solution: (" , x(1), ", ", x(2), ")"
  print '(AE8.3AE8.3A)', "The residual: (" , f(1), ", ", f(2), ")"
end program
```

The above program returns the following results.

```
The solution: (5.000, 3.000)
The residual: (.000E+00, .000E+00)
```

See Also

- [Wikipedia](#)
- [MINPACK \(Wikipedia\)](#)

Definition at line 164 of file nonlin_least_squares.f90.

4.3 nonlin_linesearch Module Reference

nonlin_linesearch

Data Types

- type [line_search](#)
Defines a type capable of performing an inexact, backtracking line search to find a point as far along the specified direction vector that is usable for unconstrained minimization problems.

Functions/Subroutines

- pure integer(i32) function [ls_get_max_eval](#) (this)
Gets the maximum number of function evaluations allowed during a single line search.
- subroutine [ls_set_max_eval](#) (this, x)
Sets the maximum number of function evaluations allowed during a single line search.
- pure real(dp) function [ls_get_scale](#) (this)
*Gets the scaling of the product of the gradient and direction vectors (ALPHA) such that $F(X + LAMBDA * P) \leq F(X) + LAMBDA * ALPHA * P^T * G$, where P is the search direction vector, G is the gradient vector, and $LAMBDA$ is the scaling factor.*
- subroutine [ls_set_scale](#) (this, x)
*sets the scaling of the product of the gradient and direction vectors (ALPHA) such that $F(X + LAMBDA * P) \leq F(X) + LAMBDA * ALPHA * P^T * G$, where P is the search direction vector, G is the gradient vector, and $LAMBDA$ is the scaling factor.*
- pure real(dp) function [ls_get_dist](#) (this)
Gets a distance factor defining the minimum distance along the search direction vector is practical.
- subroutine [ls_set_dist](#) (this, x)
Sets a distance factor defining the minimum distance along the search direction vector is practical.
- subroutine [ls_search](#) (this, fcn, xold, grad, dir, x, fvec, fold, fx, ib, err)
Utilizes an inexact, backtracking line search to find a point as far along the specified direction vector that is usable for unconstrained minimization problems.

4.3.1 Detailed Description

nonlin_linesearch

Purpose

To provide line search routines capable of minimizing nondesireable influences of the nonlinear equation solver model on the convergence of the iteration process.

4.3.2 Function/Subroutine Documentation

4.3.2.1 pure real(dp) function nonlin_linesearch::ls_get_dist (class(line_search), intent(in) this) [private]

Gets a distance factor defining the minimum distance along the search direction vector is practical.

Parameters

in	<i>this</i>	The line_search object.
----	-------------	---

Returns

The distance factor. A value of 1 indicates the full length of the vector.

Definition at line 143 of file `nonlin_linesearch.f90`.

4.3.2.2 `pure integer(i32) function nonlin_linesearch::ls_get_max_eval (class(line_search), intent(in) this) [private]`

Gets the maximum number of function evaluations allowed during a single line search.

Parameters

in	<i>this</i>	The line_search object.
----	-------------	---

Returns

The maximum number of function evaluations.

Definition at line 90 of file `nonlin_linesearch.f90`.

4.3.2.3 `pure real(dp) function nonlin_linesearch::ls_get_scale (class(line_search), intent(in) this) [private]`

Gets the scaling of the product of the gradient and direction vectors (ALPHA) such that $F(X + \text{LAMBDA} * P) \leq F(X) + \text{LAMBDA} * \text{ALPHA} * P^T * G$, where P is the search direction vector, G is the gradient vector, and LAMBDA is the scaling factor.

Parameters

in	<i>this</i>	The line_search object.
----	-------------	---

Returns

The scaling factor.

Definition at line 116 of file `nonlin_linesearch.f90`.

4.3.2.4 `subroutine nonlin_linesearch::ls_search (class(line_search), intent(in) this, class(vecfcn_helper), intent(in) fcn, real(dp), dimension(:), intent(in) xold, real(dp), dimension(:), intent(in) grad, real(dp), dimension(:), intent(in) dir, real(dp), dimension(:), intent(out) x, real(dp), dimension(:), intent(out) fvec, real(dp), intent(in), optional fold, real(dp), intent(out), optional fx, type(iteration_behavior), optional ib, class(errors), intent(in), optional, target err) [private]`

Utilizes an inexact, backtracking line search to find a point as far along the specified direction vector that is usable for unconstrained minimization problems.

Parameters

in	<i>this</i>	The line_search object.
in	<i>fcn</i>	A vecfcn_helper object containing the system of equations.
in	<i>xold</i>	An N-element array defining the initial point, where N is the number of variables.
in	<i>grad</i>	An N-element array defining the gradient of <i>fcn</i> evaluated at <i>xold</i> .
in	<i>dir</i>	An N-element array defining the search direction.
out	<i>x</i>	An N-element array where the updated solution point will be written.
out	<i>fvec</i>	An M-element array containing the M equation values evaluated at <i>x</i> , where M is the number of equations.
in	<i>fold</i>	An optional input that provides the value resulting from: $1/2 * \text{dot_product}(\text{fcn}(\text{xold}), \text{fcn}(\text{xold}))$. If not provided, <i>fcn</i> is evaluated at <i>xold</i> , and the aforementioned relationship is computed.
out	<i>fx</i>	The result of the operation: $(1/2) * \text{dot_product}(\text{fvec}, \text{fvec})$. Remember <i>fvec</i> is evaluated at <i>x</i> .
out	<i>ib</i>	An optional output, that if provided, allows the caller to obtain iteration performance statistics.
out	<i>err</i>	An optional errors-based object that if provided can be used to retrieve information relating to any errors encountered during execution. If not provided, a default implementation of the errors class is used internally to provide error handling. Possible errors and warning messages that may be encountered are as follows. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <code>NL_INVALID_OPERATION_ERROR</code>: Occurs if no equations have been defined. • <code>NL_ARRAY_SIZE_ERROR</code>: Occurs if any of the input arrays are not sized correctly. • <code>NL_DIVERGENT_BEHAVIOR_ERROR</code>: Occurs if the direction vector is pointing in an apparent uphill direction. • <code>NL_CONVERGENCE_ERROR</code>: Occurs if the line search cannot converge within the allowed number of iterations.

Definition at line 205 of file nonlin_linesearch.f90.

4.3.2.5 subroutine nonlin_linesearch::ls_set_dist (class(line_search), intent(inout) *this*, real(dp), intent(in) *x*)
[private]

Sets a distance factor defining the minimum distance along the search direction vector is practical.

Parameters

in, out	<i>this</i>	The line_search object.
in	<i>x</i>	The distance factor. A value of 1 indicates the full length of the vector. Notice, this value is restricted to lie in the set [0.1, 1.0)

Definition at line 157 of file nonlin_linesearch.f90.

4.3.2.6 subroutine nonlin_linesearch::ls_set_max_eval (class(line_search), intent(inout) *this*, integer(i32), intent(in) *x*)
[private]

Sets the maximum number of function evaluations allowed during a single line search.

Parameters

in, out	<i>this</i>	The line_search object.
in	<i>x</i>	The maximum number of function evaluations.

Definition at line 102 of file `nonlin_linesearch.f90`.

4.3.2.7 `subroutine nonlin_linesearch::ls_set_scale (class(line_search), intent(inout) this, real(dp), intent(in) x)`
`[private]`

sets the scaling of the product of the gradient and direction vectors (ALPHA) such that $F(X + LAMBDA * P) \leq F(X) + LAMBDA * ALPHA * P^{**T} * G$, where *P* is the search direction vector, *G* is the gradient vector, and *LAMBDA* is the scaling factor.

Parameters

in, out	<i>this</i>	The line_search object.
in	<i>x</i>	The scaling factor.

Definition at line 130 of file `nonlin_linesearch.f90`.

4.4 `nonlin_solve` Module Reference

[nonlin_solve](#)

Data Types

- type [brent_solver](#)
Defines a solver based upon Brent's method for solving an equation of one variable without using derivatives.
- type [line_search_solver](#)
A class describing nonlinear solvers that use a line search algorithm to improve convergence behavior.
- type [newton_solver](#)
Defines a Newton solver.
- type [quasi_newton_solver](#)
Defines a quasi-Newton type solver based upon Broyden's method.

Functions/Subroutines

- subroutine [lss_get_line_search](#) (*this*, *ls*)
Gets the line search module.
- subroutine [lss_set_line_search](#) (*this*, *ls*)
Sets the line search module.
- subroutine [lss_set_default](#) (*this*)
Establishes a default line_search object for the line search module.
- pure logical function [lss_is_line_search_defined](#) (*this*)
Tests to see if a line search module is defined.

- pure logical function `lss_get_use_search` (this)
Gets a value determining if a line-search should be employed.
- subroutine `lss_set_use_search` (this, x)
Sets a value determining if a line-search should be employed.
- subroutine `qns_solve` (this, fcn, x, fvec, ib, err)
Applies the quasi-Newton's method developed by Broyden in conjunction with a backtracking type line search to solve N equations of N unknowns.
- pure integer(i32) function `qns_get_jac_interval` (this)
Gets the number of iterations that may pass before forcing a recalculation of the Jacobian matrix.
- subroutine `qns_set_jac_interval` (this, n)
Sets the number of iterations that may pass before forcing a recalculation of the Jacobian matrix.
- subroutine `ns_solve` (this, fcn, x, fvec, ib, err)
Applies Newton's method in conjunction with a backtracking type line search to solve N equations of N unknowns.
- subroutine `brent_solve` (this, fcn, x, lim, f, ib, err)
Solves the equation.
- subroutine `test_convergence` (x, xo, f, g, lg, xtol, ftol, gtol, c, cx, cf, cg, xnorm, fnorm)
Tests for convergence.

4.4.1 Detailed Description

nonlin_solve

Purpose

To provide various routines capable of solving systems of nonlinear equations.

4.4.2 Function/Subroutine Documentation

4.4.2.1 subroutine `nonlin_solve::brent_solve` (class(`brent_solver`), intent(inout) *this*, class(`fcn1var_helper`), intent(in) *fcn*, real(dp), intent(inout) *x*, type(value_pair), intent(in) *lim*, real(dp), intent(out), optional *f*, type(iteration_behavior), optional *ib*, class(errors), intent(in), optional, target *err*) [private]

Solves the equation.

Parameters

in, out	<i>this</i>	The <code>brent_solver</code> object.
in	<i>fcn</i>	The <code>fcn1var_helper</code> object containing the equation to solve.
in, out	<i>x</i>	A parameter used to return the solution. Notice, any input value will be ignored as this routine relies upon the search limits in <i>lim</i> to provide a starting point.
in	<i>lim</i>	A <code>value_pair</code> object defining the search limits.
out	<i>f</i>	An optional parameter used to return the function residual as computed at <i>x</i> .
out	<i>ib</i>	An optional output, that if provided, allows the caller to obtain iteration performance statistics.
out	<i>err</i>	An optional errors-based object that if provided can be used to retrieve information relating to any errors encountered during execution. If not provided, a default implementation of the errors class is used internally to provide error handling. Possible errors and warning messages that may be encountered are as follows. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <code>NL_INVALID_OPERATION_ERROR</code>: Occurs if no equations have been defined. • <code>NL_INVALID_INPUT_ERROR</code>: Occurs if the number of equations is different than the number of variables.
Generated by Doxygen		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <code>NL_CONVERGENCE_ERROR</code>: Occurs if the algorithm cannot converge within the allowed number of iterations.

Usage

The following code provides an example of how to solve an equation of one variable using Brent's method.

```
! f(x) = sin(x) / x, SOLUTION: x = n * pi for n = 1, 2, 3, ...
function fcn1(x) result(f)
  real(dp), intent(in) :: x
  real(dp) :: f
  f = sin(x) / x
end function

program main
  use linalg_constants, only : dp
  use nonlin_types, only : fcn1var, fcn1var_helper,
    value_pair
  use nonlin_solve, only : brent_solver

  type(fcn1var_helper) :: obj
  procedure(fcn1var), pointer :: fcn
  type(brent_solver) :: solver
  real(dp) :: x, f
  type(value_pair) :: limits

  ! Define the solution limits
  limits%x1 = 1.5d0
  limits%x2 = 5.0d0

  ! Solve the equation
  call solver%solve(obj, x, limits, f)

  ! Print the output and the residual:
  print '(AF5.3)', "The solution: ", x
  print '(AE9.3)', "The residual: ", f
end program
```

The above program returns the following results.

```
The solution: 3.142
The residual: -.751E-11
```

See Also

- [Wikipedia](#)
- [Numerical Recipes](#)
- R.P. Brent, "Algorithms for Minimization without Derivatives," Dover Publications, January 2002. ISBN 0-486-41998-3. Further information available [here](#).

Definition at line 969 of file nonlin_solve.f90.

4.4.2.2 subroutine nonlin_solve::lss_get_line_search (class(line_search_solver), intent(in) *this*, class(line_search), intent(out), allocatable *ls*) [private]

Gets the line search module.

Parameters

in	<i>this</i>	The line_search_solver object.
out	<i>ls</i>	The line_search object.

Definition at line 96 of file nonlin_solve.f90.

4.4.2.3 pure logical function nonlin_solve::lss_get_use_search (class(line_search_solver), intent(in) *this*) [private]

Gets a value determining if a line-search should be employed.

Parameters

<code>in</code>	<code>this</code>	The line_search_solver object.
-----------------	-------------------	--

Returns

Returns true if a line search should be used; else, false.

Definition at line 142 of file `nonlin_solve.f90`.

4.4.2.4 pure logical function `nonlin_solve::lss_is_line_search_defined` (`class(line_search_solver)`, intent(in) *this*)
[private]

Tests to see if a line search module is defined.

Parameters

<code>in</code>	<code>this</code>	The line_search_solver object.
-----------------	-------------------	--

Returns

Returns true if a module is defined; else, false.

Definition at line 131 of file `nonlin_solve.f90`.

4.4.2.5 subroutine `nonlin_solve::lss_set_default` (`class(line_search_solver)`, intent(inout) *this*) [private]

Establishes a default `line_search` object for the line search module.

Parameters

<code>in, out</code>	<code>this</code>	The line_search_solver object.
----------------------	-------------------	--

Definition at line 120 of file `nonlin_solve.f90`.

4.4.2.6 subroutine `nonlin_solve::lss_set_line_search` (`class(line_search_solver)`, intent(inout) *this*, `class(line_search)`, intent(in) *ls*) [private]

Sets the line search module.

Parameters

<code>in, out</code>	<code>this</code>	The line_search_solver object.
<code>in</code>	<code>ls</code>	The <code>line_search</code> object.

Definition at line 108 of file `nonlin_solve.f90`.

4.4.2.7 subroutine `nonlin_solve::lss_set_use_search` (class(`line_search_solver`), intent(inout) *this*, logical, intent(in) *x*)
[private]

Sets a value determining if a line-search should be employed.

Parameters

in, out	<i>this</i>	The line_search_solver object.
in	<i>x</i>	Set to true if a line search should be used; else, false.

Definition at line 153 of file `nonlin_solve.f90`.

4.4.2.8 subroutine `nonlin_solve::ns_solve` (class(`newton_solver`), intent(inout) *this*, class(`vecfcn_helper`), intent(in) *fcn*, real(dp), dimension(:), intent(inout) *x*, real(dp), dimension(:), intent(out) *fvec*, type(`iteration_behavior`), optional *ib*, class(`errors`), intent(in), optional, target *err*) [private]

Applies Newton's method in conjunction with a backtracking type line search to solve N equations of N unknowns.

Parameters

in, out	<i>this</i>	The <code>equation_solver</code> -based object.
in	<i>fcn</i>	The <code>vecfcn_helper</code> object containing the equations to solve.
in, out	<i>x</i>	On input, an N-element array containing an initial estimate to the solution. On output, the updated solution estimate. N is the number of variables.
out	<i>fvec</i>	An N-element array that, on output, will contain the values of each equation as evaluated at the variable values given in <i>x</i> .
out	<i>ib</i>	An optional output, that if provided, allows the caller to obtain iteration performance statistics.
out	<i>err</i>	An optional errors-based object that if provided can be used to retrieve information relating to any errors encountered during execution. If not provided, a default implementation of the errors class is used internally to provide error handling. Possible errors and warning messages that may be encountered are as follows. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> NL_INVALID_OPERATION_ERROR: Occurs if no equations have been defined. NL_INVALID_INPUT_ERROR: Occurs if the number of equations is different than the number of variables. NL_ARRAY_SIZE_ERROR: Occurs if any of the input arrays are not sized correctly. NL_DIVERGENT_BEHAVIOR_ERROR: Occurs if the direction vector is pointing in an apparent uphill direction. NL_CONVERGENCE_ERROR: Occurs if the line search cannot converge within the allowed number of iterations. NL_OUT_OF_MEMORY_ERROR: Occurs if there is insufficient memory available. NL_SPURIOUS_CONVERGENCE_ERROR: Occurs as a warning if the slope of the gradient vector becomes sufficiently close to zero.

Usage

The following code provides an example of how to solve a system of N equations of N unknowns using Newton's method.

```

! System of Equations #1:
!
! x**2 + y**2 = 34
! x**2 - 2 * y**2 = 7
!
! Solution:
! x = +/-5
! y = +/-3
subroutine fcn1(x, f)
  real(dp), intent(in), dimension(:) :: x
  real(dp), intent(out), dimension(:) :: f
  f(1) = x(1)**2 + x(2)**2 - 34.0d0
  f(2) = x(1)**2 - 2.0d0 * x(2)**2 - 7.0d0
end subroutine

program main
  use linalg_constants, only : dp
  use nonlin_types, only : vecfcn, vecfcn_helper
  use nonlin_solve, only : newton_solver

  type(vecfcn_helper) :: obj
  procedure(vecfcn), pointer :: fcn
  type(newton_solver) :: solver
  real(dp) :: x(2), f(2)

  ! Set the initial conditions to [1, 1]
  x = 1.0d0

  ! Solve the system of equations. The solution overwrites X
  call solver%solve(obj, x, f)

  ! Print the output and the residual:
  print '(AF5.3AF5.3A)', "The solution: (", x(1), ", ", x(2), ")"
  print '(AE8.3AE8.3A)', "The residual: (", f(1), ", ", f(2), ")"
end program

```

The above program returns the following results.

```

The solution: (5.000, 3.000)
The residual: (.000E+00, .000E+00)

```

See Also

- [Wikipedia](#)

Definition at line 661 of file nonlin_solve.f90.

4.4.2.9 pure integer(i32) function nonlin_solve::qns_get_jac_interval (class(quasi_newton_solver), intent(in) *this*)
[private]

Gets the number of iterations that may pass before forcing a recalculation of the Jacobian matrix.

Parameters

in	<i>this</i>	The quasi_newton_solver object.
----	-------------	---

Returns

The number of iterations.

Definition at line 559 of file nonlin_solve.f90.

4.4.2.10 subroutine nonlin_solve::qns_set_jac_interval (class(quasi_newton_solver), intent(inout) *this*, integer(i32),
intent(in) *n*) [private]

Sets the number of iterations that may pass before forcing a recalculation of the Jacobian matrix.

Parameters

in, out	<i>this</i>	The quasi_newton_solver object.
in	<i>n</i>	The number of iterations.

Definition at line 571 of file `nonlin_solve.f90`.

```
4.4.2.11 subroutine nonlin_solve::qns_solve ( class(quasi_newton_solver), intent(inout) this, class(vecfcn_helper),
      intent(in) fcn, real(dp), dimension(:), intent(inout) x, real(dp), dimension(:), intent(out) fvec,
      type(iteration_behavior), optional ib, class(errors), intent(in), optional, target err ) [private]
```

Applies the quasi-Newton's method developed by Broyden in conjunction with a backtracking type line search to solve N equations of N unknowns.

Parameters

in, out	<i>this</i>	The equation_solver-based object.
in	<i>fcn</i>	The vecfcn_helper object containing the equations to solve.
in, out	<i>x</i>	On input, an N-element array containing an initial estimate to the solution. On output, the updated solution estimate. N is the number of variables.
out	<i>fvec</i>	An N-element array that, on output, will contain the values of each equation as evaluated at the variable values given in <i>x</i> .
out	<i>ib</i>	An optional output, that if provided, allows the caller to obtain iteration performance statistics.
out	<i>err</i>	<p>An optional errors-based object that if provided can be used to retrieve information relating to any errors encountered during execution. If not provided, a default implementation of the errors class is used internally to provide error handling. Possible errors and warning messages that may be encountered are as follows.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <code>NL_INVALID_OPERATION_ERROR</code>: Occurs if no equations have been defined. • <code>NL_INVALID_INPUT_ERROR</code>: Occurs if the number of equations is different than the number of variables. • <code>NL_ARRAY_SIZE_ERROR</code>: Occurs if any of the input arrays are not sized correctly. • <code>NL_DIVERGENT_BEHAVIOR_ERROR</code>: Occurs if the direction vector is pointing in an apparent uphill direction. • <code>NL_CONVERGENCE_ERROR</code>: Occurs if the line search cannot converge within the allowed number of iterations. • <code>NL_OUT_OF_MEMORY_ERROR</code>: Occurs if there is insufficient memory available. • <code>NL_SPURIOUS_CONVERGENCE_ERROR</code>: Occurs as a warning if the slope of the gradient vector becomes sufficiently close to zero.

Usage

The following code provides an example of how to solve a system of N equations of N unknowns using this Quasi-Newton method.

```
! System of Equations #1:
!
! x**2 + y**2 = 34
! x**2 - 2 * y**2 = 7
```

```

!
! Solution:
! x = +/-5
! y = +/-3
subroutine fcn1(x, f)
  real(dp), intent(in), dimension(:) :: x
  real(dp), intent(out), dimension(:) :: f
  f(1) = x(1)**2 + x(2)**2 - 34.0d0
  f(2) = x(1)**2 - 2.0d0 * x(2)**2 - 7.0d0
end subroutine

program main
  use linalg_constants, only : dp
  use nonlin_types, only : vecfcn, vecfcn_helper
  use nonlin_solve, only : quasi_newton_solver

  type(vecfcn_helper) :: obj
  procedure(vecfcn), pointer :: fcn
  type(quasi_newton_solver) :: solver
  real(dp) :: x(2), f(2)

  ! Set the initial conditions to [1, 1]
  x = 1.0d0

  ! Solve the system of equations. The solution overwrites X
  call solver%solve(obj, x, f)

  ! Print the output and the residual:
  print '(AF5.3AF5.3A)', "The solution: (", x(1), ", ", x(2), ")"
  print '(AE8.3AE8.3A)', "The residual: (", f(1), ", ", f(2), ")"
end program

```

The above program returns the following results.

```

The solution: (5.000, 3.000)
The residual: (.604E-10, .121E-09)

```

See Also

- [Broyden's Paper](#)
- [Wikipedia](#)
- [Numerical Recipes](#)

Definition at line 246 of file nonlin_solve.f90.

4.4.2.12 subroutine nonlin_solve::test_convergence (real(dp), dimension(:), intent(in) *x*, real(dp), dimension(:), intent(in) *xo*, real(dp), dimension(:), intent(in) *f*, real(dp), dimension(:), intent(in) *g*, logical, intent(in) *lg*, real(dp), intent(in) *xtol*, real(dp), intent(in) *ftol*, real(dp), intent(in) *gtol*, logical, intent(out) *c*, logical, intent(out) *cx*, logical, intent(out) *cf*, logical, intent(out) *cg*, real(dp), intent(out) *xnorm*, real(dp), intent(out) *fnorm*) [private]

Tests for convergence.

Parameters

in	<i>x</i>	The current solution estimate.
in	<i>xo</i>	The previous solution estimate.
in	<i>f</i>	The current residual based upon <i>x</i> .
in	<i>g</i>	The current estimate of the gradient vector at <i>x</i> .
in	<i>lg</i>	Set to true if the gradient slope check should be performed; else, false.
in	<i>xtol</i>	The tolerance on the change in variable.
in	<i>ftol</i>	The tolerance on the residual.
in	<i>gtol</i>	The tolerance on the slope of the gradient.
out	<i>c</i>	True if the solution converged on either the residual or change in variable.
out	<i>cx</i>	True if convergence occurred due to change in variable.
out	<i>cf</i>	True if convergence occurred due to residual.
out	<i>cg</i>	True if convergence occurred due to slope of the gradient.
out	<i>xnorm</i>	The largest magnitude component of the scaled change in variable vector.
out	<i>fnorm</i>	The largest magnitude residual component

Definition at line 1190 of file `nonlin_solve.f90`.

4.5 `nonlin_types` Module Reference

`nonlin_types`

Data Types

- type `equation_solver`
A base class for various solvers of nonlinear systems of equations.
- type `equation_solver_1var`
A base class for various solvers of equations of one variable.
- interface `fcn1var`
Describes a function of one variable.
- type `fcn1var_helper`
Defines a type capable of encapsulating an equation of one variable of the form: $f(x) = 0$.
- type `iteration_behavior`
Defines a set of parameters that describe the behavior of the iteration process.
- interface `jacobianfcn`
Describes a routine capable of computing the Jacobian matrix of M functions of N unknowns.
- interface `nonlin_solver`
Describes the interface of a nonlinear equation solver.
- interface `nonlin_solver_1var`
Describes the interface of a solver for an equation of one variable.
- type `value_pair`
Defines a pair of numeric values.
- interface `vecfcn`
Describes an M -element vector-valued function of N -variables.
- type `vecfcn_helper`
Defines a type capable of encapsulating a system of nonlinear equations of the form: $F(X) = 0$.

Functions/Subroutines

- subroutine `vfh_set_fcn` (`this`, `fcn`, `nfcn`, `nvar`)
Establishes a pointer to the routine containing the system of equations to solve.
- subroutine `vfh_set_jac` (`this`, `jac`)
Establishes a pointer to the routine for computing the Jacobian matrix of the system of equations. If no routine is defined, the Jacobian matrix will be computed numerically (this is the default state).
- pure logical function `vfh_is_fcn_defined` (`this`)
Tests if the pointer to the subroutine containing the system of equations to solve has been assigned.
- pure logical function `vfh_is_jac_defined` (`this`)
Tests if the pointer to the subroutine containing the system of equations to solve has been assigned.
- subroutine `vfh_fcn` (`this`, `x`, `f`)
Executes the routine containing the system of equations to solve. No action is taken if the pointer to the subroutine has not been defined.
- subroutine `vfh_jac_fcn` (`this`, `x`, `jac`, `fv`, `work`, `olwork`, `err`)
Executes the routine containing the Jacobian matrix if supplied. If not supplied, the Jacobian is computed via finite differences.

- pure integer(i32) function [vfh_get_nfcn](#) (this)

Gets the number of equations in this system.
- pure integer(i32) function [vfh_get_nvar](#) (this)

Gets the number of variables in this system.
- real(dp) function [f1h_fcn](#) (this, x)

Executes the routine containing the function to evaluate.
- pure logical function [f1h_is_fcn_defined](#) (this)

Tests if the pointer to the function containing the equation to solve has been assigned.
- subroutine [f1h_set_fcn](#) (this, fcn)

Establishes a pointer to the routine containing the equations to solve.
- pure integer(i32) function [es_get_max_eval](#) (this)

Gets the maximum number of function evaluations allowed during a single solve.
- subroutine [es_set_max_eval](#) (this, n)

Sets the maximum number of function evaluations allowed during a single solve.
- pure real(dp) function [es_get_fcn_tol](#) (this)

Gets the convergence on function value tolerance.
- subroutine [es_set_fcn_tol](#) (this, x)

Sets the convergence on function value tolerance.
- pure real(dp) function [es_get_var_tol](#) (this)

Gets the convergence on change in variable tolerance.
- subroutine [es_set_var_tol](#) (this, x)

Sets the convergence on change in variable tolerance.
- pure real(dp) function [es_get_grad_tol](#) (this)

Gets the convergence on slope of the gradient vector tolerance.
- subroutine [es_set_grad_tol](#) (this, x)

Sets the convergence on slope of the gradient vector tolerance.
- pure logical function [es_get_print_status](#) (this)

Gets a logical value determining if iteration status should be printed.
- subroutine [es_set_print_status](#) (this, x)

Sets a logical value determining if iteration status should be printed.
- pure integer(i32) function [es1_get_max_eval](#) (this)

Gets the maximum number of function evaluations allowed during a single solve.
- subroutine [es1_set_max_eval](#) (this, n)

Sets the maximum number of function evaluations allowed during a single solve.
- pure real(dp) function [es1_get_fcn_tol](#) (this)

Gets the convergence on function value tolerance.
- subroutine [es1_set_fcn_tol](#) (this, x)

Sets the convergence on function value tolerance.
- pure real(dp) function [es1_get_var_tol](#) (this)

Gets the convergence on change in variable tolerance.
- subroutine [es1_set_var_tol](#) (this, x)

Sets the convergence on change in variable tolerance.
- pure logical function [es1_get_print_status](#) (this)

Gets a logical value determining if iteration status should be printed.
- subroutine [es1_set_print_status](#) (this, x)

Sets a logical value determining if iteration status should be printed.
- subroutine, public [print_status](#) (iter, nfeval, njaceval, xnorm, fnorm)

Prints the iteration status.

Variables

- integer, parameter, public `nl_invalid_input_error` = 201
An error flag denoting an invalid input.
- integer, parameter, public `nl_array_size_error` = 202
An error flag denoting an improperly sized array.
- integer, parameter, public `nl_out_of_memory_error` = 203
An error denoting that there is insufficient memory available.
- integer, parameter, public `nl_invalid_operation_error` = 204
An error resulting from an invalid operation.
- integer, parameter, public `nl_convergence_error` = 205
An error resulting from a lack of convergence.
- integer, parameter, public `nl_divergent_behavior_error` = 206
An error resulting from a divergent condition.
- integer, parameter, public `nl_spurious_convergence_error` = 207
An error indicating a possible spurious convergence condition.
- integer, parameter, public `nl_tolerance_too_small_error` = 208
An error indicating the user-requested tolerance is too small to be practical for the problem at hand.

4.5.1 Detailed Description

`nonlin_types`

Purpose

To provide various types and constants useful in the solution of systems of nonlinear equations.

4.5.2 Function/Subroutine Documentation

4.5.2.1 `pure real(dp) function nonlin_types::es1_get_fcn_tol (class(equation_solver_1var), intent(in) this)`
[private]

Gets the convergence on function value tolerance.

Parameters

in	this	The <code>equation_solver_1var</code> object.
----	------	---

Returns

The tolerance value.

Definition at line 768 of file `nonlin_types.f90`.

4.5.2.2 `pure integer(i32) function nonlin_types::es1_get_max_eval (class(equation_solver_1var), intent(in) this)`
[private]

Gets the maximum number of function evaluations allowed during a single solve.

Parameters

<code>in</code>	<code>this</code>	The equation_solver_1var object.
-----------------	-------------------	--

Returns

The maximum number of function evaluations.

Definition at line 745 of file `nonlin_types.f90`.

4.5.2.3 `pure logical function nonlin_types::es1_get_print_status (class(equation_solver_1var), intent(in) this)`
`[private]`

Gets a logical value determining if iteration status should be printed.

Parameters

<code>in</code>	<code>this</code>	The equation_solver_1var object.
-----------------	-------------------	--

Returns

True if the iteration status should be printed; else, false.

Definition at line 813 of file `nonlin_types.f90`.

4.5.2.4 `pure real(dp) function nonlin_types::es1_get_var_tol (class(equation_solver_1var), intent(in) this)`
`[private]`

Gets the convergence on change in variable tolerance.

Parameters

<code>in</code>	<code>this</code>	The equation_solver_1var object.
-----------------	-------------------	--

Returns

The tolerance value.

Definition at line 790 of file `nonlin_types.f90`.

4.5.2.5 `subroutine nonlin_types::es1_set_fcn_tol (class(equation_solver_1var), intent(inout) this, real(dp), intent(in) x)`
`[private]`

Sets the convergence on function value tolerance.

Parameters

in, out	<i>this</i>	The equation_solver_1var object.
in	<i>x</i>	The tolerance value.

Definition at line 779 of file `nonlin_types.f90`.

```
4.5.2.6 subroutine nonlin_types::es1_set_max_eval ( class(equation_solver_1var), intent(inout) this, integer(i32), intent(in)
         n ) [private]
```

Sets the maximum number of function evaluations allowed during a single solve.

Parameters

in, out	<i>this</i>	The equation_solver_1var object.
in	<i>n</i>	The maximum number of function evaluations.

Definition at line 757 of file `nonlin_types.f90`.

```
4.5.2.7 subroutine nonlin_types::es1_set_print_status ( class(equation_solver_1var), intent(inout) this, logical, intent(in) x
         ) [private]
```

Sets a logical value determining if iteration status should be printed.

Parameters

in, out	<i>this</i>	The equation_solver_1var object.
in	<i>x</i>	True if the iteration status should be printed; else, false.

Definition at line 825 of file `nonlin_types.f90`.

```
4.5.2.8 subroutine nonlin_types::es1_set_var_tol ( class(equation_solver_1var), intent(inout) this, real(dp), intent(in) x )
         [private]
```

Sets the convergence on change in variable tolerance.

Parameters

in, out	<i>this</i>	The equation_solver_1var object.
in	<i>x</i>	The tolerance value.

Definition at line 801 of file `nonlin_types.f90`.

```
4.5.2.9 pure real(dp) function nonlin_types::es_get_fcn_tol ( class(equation_solver), intent(in) this ) [private]
```

Gets the convergence on function value tolerance.

Parameters

<code>in</code>	<code>this</code>	The equation_solver object.
-----------------	-------------------	---

Returns

The tolerance value.

Definition at line 652 of file `nonlin_types.f90`.

4.5.2.10 `pure real(dp) function nonlin_types::es_get_grad_tol (class(equation_solver), intent(in) this) [private]`

Gets the convergence on slope of the gradient vector tolerance.

Parameters

<code>in</code>	<code>this</code>	The equation_solver object.
-----------------	-------------------	---

Returns

The tolerance value.

Definition at line 696 of file `nonlin_types.f90`.

4.5.2.11 `pure integer(i32) function nonlin_types::es_get_max_eval (class(equation_solver), intent(in) this) [private]`

Gets the maximum number of function evaluations allowed during a single solve.

Parameters

<code>in</code>	<code>this</code>	The equation_solver object.
-----------------	-------------------	---

Returns

The maximum number of function evaluations.

Definition at line 629 of file `nonlin_types.f90`.

4.5.2.12 `pure logical function nonlin_types::es_get_print_status (class(equation_solver), intent(in) this) [private]`

Gets a logical value determining if iteration status should be printed.

Parameters

<code>in</code>	<code>this</code>	The equation_solver object.
-----------------	-------------------	---

Returns

True if the iteration status should be printed; else, false.

Definition at line 719 of file `nonlin_types.f90`.

4.5.2.13 `pure real(dp) function nonlin_types::es_get_var_tol (class(equation_solver), intent(in) this) [private]`

Gets the convergence on change in variable tolerance.

Parameters

in	<i>this</i>	The equation_solver object.
----	-------------	---

Returns

The tolerance value.

Definition at line 674 of file `nonlin_types.f90`.

4.5.2.14 `subroutine nonlin_types::es_set_fcn_tol (class(equation_solver), intent(inout) this, real(dp), intent(in) x) [private]`

Sets the convergence on function value tolerance.

Parameters

in, out	<i>this</i>	The equation_solver object.
in	<i>x</i>	The tolerance value.

Definition at line 663 of file `nonlin_types.f90`.

4.5.2.15 `subroutine nonlin_types::es_set_grad_tol (class(equation_solver), intent(inout) this, real(dp), intent(in) x) [private]`

Sets the convergence on slope of the gradient vector tolerance.

Parameters

in	<i>this</i>	The equation_solver object.
----	-------------	---

Returns

The tolerance value.

Definition at line 707 of file `nonlin_types.f90`.

4.5.2.16 `subroutine nonlin_types::es_set_max_eval (class(equation_solver), intent(inout) this, integer(i32), intent(in) n)`
`[private]`

Sets the maximum number of function evaluations allowed during a single solve.

Parameters

<code>in, out</code>	<code>this</code>	The equation_solver object.
<code>in</code>	<code>n</code>	The maximum number of function evaluations.

Definition at line 641 of file `nonlin_types.f90`.

4.5.2.17 `subroutine nonlin_types::es_set_print_status (class(equation_solver), intent(inout) this, logical, intent(in) x)`
`[private]`

Sets a logical value determining if iteration status should be printed.

Parameters

<code>in, out</code>	<code>this</code>	The equation_solver object.
<code>in</code>	<code>x</code>	True if the iteration status should be printed; else, false.

Definition at line 731 of file `nonlin_types.f90`.

4.5.2.18 `subroutine nonlin_types::es_set_var_tol (class(equation_solver), intent(inout) this, real(dp), intent(in) x)`
`[private]`

Sets the convergence on change in variable tolerance.

Parameters

<code>in, out</code>	<code>this</code>	The equation_solver object.
<code>in</code>	<code>x</code>	The tolerance value.

Definition at line 685 of file `nonlin_types.f90`.

4.5.2.19 `real(dp) function nonlin_types::f1h_fcn (class(fcn1var_helper), intent(in) this, real(dp), intent(in) x)`
`[private]`

Executes the routine containing the function to evaluate.

Parameters

<code>in</code>	<code>this</code>	The fcn1var_helper object.
<code>in</code>	<code>x</code>	The value of the independent variable at which the function should be evaluated.

Returns

The value of the function at x .

Definition at line 588 of file `nonlin_types.f90`.

4.5.2.20 pure logical function `nonlin_types::f1h_is_fcn_defined (class(fcn1var_helper), intent(in) this)` [private]

Tests if the pointer to the function containing the equation to solve has been assigned.

Parameters

in	<i>this</i>	The <code>fcn1var_helper</code> object.
----	-------------	---

Returns

Returns true if the pointer has been assigned; else, false.

Definition at line 603 of file `nonlin_types.f90`.

4.5.2.21 subroutine `nonlin_types::f1h_set_fcn (class(fcn1var_helper), intent(inout) this, procedure(fcn1var), intent(in), pointer fcn)` [private]

Establishes a pointer to the routine containing the equations to solve.

Parameters

in, out	<i>this</i>	The <code>fcn1var_helper</code> object.
in	<i>fcn</i>	The function pointer.

Definition at line 615 of file `nonlin_types.f90`.

4.5.2.22 subroutine, public `nonlin_types::print_status (integer(i32), intent(in) iter, integer(i32), intent(in) nfeval, integer(i32), intent(in) njaceval, real(dp), intent(in) xnorm, real(dp), intent(in) fnorm)`

Prints the iteration status.

Parameters

in	<i>iter</i>	The iteration number.
in	<i>nfeval</i>	The number of function evaluations.
in	<i>njaceval</i>	The number of Jacobian evaluations.
in	<i>xnorm</i>	The change in variable value.
in	<i>fnorm</i>	The residual.

Definition at line 842 of file `nonlin_types.f90`.

4.5.2.23 `subroutine nonlin_types::vfh_fcn (class(vecfcn_helper), intent(in) this, real(dp), dimension(:), intent(in) x, real(dp), dimension(:), intent(out) f) [private]`

Executes the routine containing the system of equations to solve. No action is taken if the pointer to the subroutine has not been defined.

Parameters

in	<i>this</i>	The vecfcn_helper object.
in	<i>x</i>	An N-element array containing the independent variables.
out	<i>f</i>	An M-element array that, on output, contains the values of the M functions.

Definition at line 408 of file `nonlin_types.f90`.

4.5.2.24 `pure integer(i32) function nonlin_types::vfh_get_nfcn (class(vecfcn_helper), intent(in) this) [private]`

Gets the number of equations in this system.

Parameters

in	<i>this</i>	The vecfcn_helper object.
----	-------------	---

Returns

The function count.

Definition at line 562 of file `nonlin_types.f90`.

4.5.2.25 `pure integer(i32) function nonlin_types::vfh_get_nvar (class(vecfcn_helper), intent(in) this) [private]`

Gets the number of variables in this system.

Parameters

in	<i>this</i>	The vecfcn_helper object.
----	-------------	---

Returns

The number of variables.

Definition at line 573 of file `nonlin_types.f90`.

4.5.2.26 `pure logical function nonlin_types::vfh_is_fcn_defined (class(vecfcn_helper), intent(in) this) [private]`

Tests if the pointer to the subroutine containing the system of equations to solve has been assigned.

Parameters

in	<i>this</i>	The vecfcn_helper object.
----	-------------	---

Returns

Returns true if the pointer has been assigned; else, false.

Definition at line 382 of file `nonlin_types.f90`.

4.5.2.27 pure logical function `nonlin_types::vfh_is_jac_defined (class(vecfcn_helper), intent(in) this) [private]`

Tests if the pointer to the subroutine containing the system of equations to solve has been assigned.

Parameters

in	<i>this</i>	The vecfcn_helper object.
----	-------------	---

Returns

Returns true if the pointer has been assigned; else, false.

Definition at line 394 of file `nonlin_types.f90`.

4.5.2.28 subroutine `nonlin_types::vfh_jac_fcn (class(vecfcn_helper), intent(in) this, real(dp), dimension(:), intent(inout) x, real(dp), dimension(:, :), intent(out) jac, real(dp), dimension(:), intent(in), optional, target fv, real(dp), dimension(:), intent(out), optional, target work, integer(i32), intent(out), optional olwork, integer(i32), intent(out), optional err) [private]`

Executes the routine containing the Jacobian matrix if supplied. If not supplied, the Jacobian is computed via finite differences.

Parameters

in	<i>this</i>	The vecfcn_helper object.
in	<i>x</i>	An N-element array containing the independent variables defining the point about which the derivatives will be calculated.
out	<i>jac</i>	An M-by-N matrix where, on output, the Jacobian will be written.
in	<i>fv</i>	An optional M-element array containing the function values at <i>x</i> . If not supplied, the function values are computed at <i>x</i> .
out	<i>work</i>	An optional input, that if provided, prevents any local memory allocation. If not provided, the memory required is allocated within. If provided, the length of the array must be at least <code>olwork</code> . Notice, a workspace array is only utilized if the user does not provide a routine for computing the Jacobian.
out	<i>olwork</i>	An optional output used to determine workspace size. If supplied, the routine determines the optimal size for <i>work</i> , and returns without performing any actual calculations.

Parameters

<code>out</code>	<code>err</code>	<p>An optional integer output that can be used to determine error status. If not used, and an error is encountered, the routine simply returns silently. If used, the following error codes identify error status:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 0: No error has occurred. • n: A positive integer denoting the index of an invalid input. • -1: Indicates internal memory allocation failed.
------------------	------------------	---

Definition at line 443 of file `nonlin_types.f90`.

4.5.2.29 `subroutine nonlin_types::vfh_set_fcn (class(vecfcn_helper), intent(inout) this, procedure(vecfcn), intent(in), pointer fcn, integer(i32), intent(in) nfcn, integer(i32), intent(in) nvar)`

Establishes a pointer to the routine containing the system of equations to solve.

Parameters

<code>in, out</code>	<code>this</code>	The vecfcn_helper object.
<code>in</code>	<code>fcn</code>	The function pointer.
<code>in</code>	<code>nfcn</code>	The number of functions.
<code>in</code>	<code>nvar</code>	The number of variables.

Definition at line 354 of file `nonlin_types.f90`.

4.5.2.30 `subroutine nonlin_types::vfh_set_jac (class(vecfcn_helper), intent(inout) this, procedure(jacobianfcn), intent(in), pointer jac) [private]`

Establishes a pointer to the routine for computing the Jacobian matrix of the system of equations. If no routine is defined, the Jacobian matrix will be computed numerically (this is the default state).

Parameters

<code>in, out</code>	<code>this</code>	The vecfcn_helper object.
<code>in</code>	<code>jac</code>	The function pointer.

Definition at line 370 of file `nonlin_types.f90`.

Chapter 5

Data Type Documentation

5.1 `nonlin_solve::brent_solver` Type Reference

Defines a solver based upon Brent's method for solving an equation of one variable without using derivatives.

Inheritance diagram for `nonlin_solve::brent_solver`:

Collaboration diagram for `nonlin_solve::brent_solver`:

Public Member Functions

- procedure, public `solve` => `brent_solve`
Solves the equation.

5.1.1 Detailed Description

Defines a solver based upon Brent's method for solving an equation of one variable without using derivatives.

Definition at line 80 of file `nonlin_solve.f90`.

The documentation for this type was generated from the following file:

- `/home/jason/Documents/Code/nonlin/src/nonlin_solve.f90`

5.2 `nonlin_c_binding::cfcn1var` Interface Reference

The C-friendly interface to `fcn1var`.

Public Member Functions

- `real(dp)` function `cfcn1var` (`x`)

5.2.1 Detailed Description

The C-friendly interface to `fcn1var`.

Parameters

in	x	The independent variable.
----	-----	---------------------------

Returns

The value of the function x .

Definition at line 27 of file `nonlin_c_binding.f90`.

The documentation for this interface was generated from the following file:

- `/home/jason/Documents/Code/nonlin/src/nonlin_c_binding.f90`

5.3 `nonlin_c_binding::cfcn1var_helper` Type Reference

A container allowing the use of `cfcn1var` in the solver codes.

Inheritance diagram for `nonlin_c_binding::cfcn1var_helper`:

5.4 `nonlin_c_binding::cjacobianfcn` Interface Reference

The C-friendly interface to `jacobianfcn`.

Public Member Functions

- subroutine **`cjacobianfcn`** (`neqn`, `nvar`, `x`, `jac`)

5.4.1 Detailed Description

The C-friendly interface to `jacobianfcn`.

Parameters

in	<i>neqn</i>	The number of equations.
in	<i>nvar</i>	The number of variables.
in	x	The NVAR-element array containing the independent variables.
out	<i>jac</i>	An NEQN-byNVAR matrix where the Jacobian will be written.

Definition at line 54 of file `nonlin_c_binding.f90`.

The documentation for this interface was generated from the following file:

- `/home/jason/Documents/Code/nonlin/src/nonlin_c_binding.f90`

5.5 `nonlin_c_binding::cvecfcn` Interface Reference

The C-friendly interface to `vecfcn`.

Public Member Functions

- subroutine **`cvecfcn`** (`neqn`, `nvar`, `x`, `f`)

5.5.1 Detailed Description

The C-friendly interface to `vecfcn`.

Parameters

in	<i>neqn</i>	The number of equations.
in	<i>nvar</i>	The number of variables.
in	<i>x</i>	The NVAR-element array containing the independent variables.
out	<i>f</i>	The NEQN-element array containing the function values.

Definition at line 41 of file `nonlin_c_binding.f90`.

The documentation for this interface was generated from the following file:

- `/home/jason/Documents/Code/nonlin/src/nonlin_c_binding.f90`

5.6 `nonlin_c_binding::cvecfcn_helper` Type Reference

A container allowing the use of `cvecfcn` in the solver codes.

Inheritance diagram for `nonlin_c_binding::cvecfcn_helper`:

Collaboration diagram for `nonlin_c_binding::cvecfcn_helper`:

Public Member Functions

- procedure, public `set_cfcn` => `cvfh_set_fcn`
Establishes a pointer to the routine containing the system of equations to solve.
- procedure, public `set_cjacobian` => `cvfh_set_jac`
Establishes a pointer to the routine for computing the Jacobian matrix of the system of equations. If no routine is defined, the Jacobian matrix will be computed numerically (this is the default state).
- procedure, public `is_fcn_defined` => `cvfh_is_fcn_defined`
Tests if the pointer to the subroutine containing the system of equations to solve has been assigned.
- procedure, public `is_jacobian_defined` => `cvfh_is_jac_defined`
Tests if the pointer to the subroutine containing the system of equations to solve has been assigned.
- procedure, public `fcn` => `cvfh_fcn`
Executes the routine containing the system of equations to solve. No action is taken if the pointer to the subroutine has not been defined.
- procedure, public `jacobian` => `cvfh_jac_fcn`
Executes the routine containing the Jacobian matrix if supplied. If not supplied, the Jacobian is computed via finite differences.

Public Attributes

- procedure([cvecfcn](#)), pointer, nopass [m_cfcn](#) => null()
A pointer to the target cvecfcn routine.
- procedure([cjacobianfcn](#)), pointer, nopass [m_cjac](#) => null()
A pointer to the Jacobian routine.

5.6.1 Detailed Description

A container allowing the use of `cvecfcn` in the solver codes.

Definition at line 120 of file `nonlin_c_binding.f90`.

The documentation for this type was generated from the following file:

- `/home/jason/Documents/Code/nonlin/src/nonlin_c_binding.f90`

5.7 `nonlin_types::equation_solver` Type Reference

A base class for various solvers of nonlinear systems of equations.

Inheritance diagram for `nonlin_types::equation_solver`:

Public Member Functions

- procedure, public [get_max_fcn_evals](#) => [es_get_max_eval](#)
Gets the maximum number of function evaluations allowed during a single solve.
- procedure, public [set_max_fcn_evals](#) => [es_set_max_eval](#)
Sets the maximum number of function evaluations allowed during a single solve.
- procedure, public [get_fcn_tolerance](#) => [es_get_fcn_tol](#)
Gets the convergence on function value tolerance.
- procedure, public [set_fcn_tolerance](#) => [es_set_fcn_tol](#)
Sets the convergence on function value tolerance.
- procedure, public [get_var_tolerance](#) => [es_get_var_tol](#)
Gets the convergence on change in variable tolerance.
- procedure, public [set_var_tolerance](#) => [es_set_var_tol](#)
Sets the convergence on change in variable tolerance.
- procedure, public [get_gradient_tolerance](#) => [es_get_grad_tol](#)
Gets the convergence on slope of the gradient vector tolerance.
- procedure, public [set_gradient_tolerance](#) => [es_set_grad_tol](#)
Sets the convergence on slope of the gradient vector tolerance.
- procedure, public [get_print_status](#) => [es_get_print_status](#)
Gets a logical value determining if iteration status should be printed.
- procedure, public [set_print_status](#) => [es_set_print_status](#)
Sets a logical value determining if iteration status should be printed.
- procedure([nonlin_solver](#)), deferred, pass, public [solve](#)
Solves the system of equations.

Private Attributes

- integer(i32) `m_maxeval` = 100
The maximum number of function evaluations allowed per solve.
- real(dp) `m_fcncol` = 1.0d-8
The convergence criteria on function values.
- real(dp) `m_xtol` = 1.0d-12
The convergence criteria on change in variable values.
- real(dp) `m_gtol` = 1.0d-12
The convergence criteria for the slope of the gradient vector.
- logical `m_printstatus` = .false.
Set to true to print iteration status; else, false.

5.7.1 Detailed Description

A base class for various solvers of nonlinear systems of equations.

Definition at line 179 of file `nonlin_types.f90`.

The documentation for this type was generated from the following file:

- `/home/jason/Documents/Code/nonlin/src/nonlin_types.f90`

5.8 `nonlin_types::equation_solver_1var` Type Reference

A base class for various solvers of equations of one variable.

Inheritance diagram for `nonlin_types::equation_solver_1var`:

Public Member Functions

- procedure, public `get_max_fcn_evals` => `es1_get_max_eval`
Gets the maximum number of function evaluations allowed during a single solve.
- procedure, public `set_max_fcn_evals` => `es1_set_max_eval`
Sets the maximum number of function evaluations allowed during a single solve.
- procedure, public `get_fcn_tolerance` => `es1_get_fcn_tol`
Gets the convergence on function value tolerance.
- procedure, public `set_fcn_tolerance` => `es1_set_fcn_tol`
Sets the convergence on function value tolerance.
- procedure, public `get_var_tolerance` => `es1_get_var_tol`
Gets the convergence on change in variable tolerance.
- procedure, public `set_var_tolerance` => `es1_set_var_tol`
Sets the convergence on change in variable tolerance.
- procedure, public `get_print_status` => `es1_get_print_status`
Gets a logical value determining if iteration status should be printed.
- procedure, public `set_print_status` => `es1_set_print_status`
Sets a logical value determining if iteration status should be printed.
- procedure(`nonlin_solver_1var`), deferred, pass, public `solve`
Solves the equation.

Private Attributes

- integer(i32) `m_maxeval` = 100
The maximum number of function evaluations allowed per solve.
- real(dp) `m_fctol` = 1.0d-8
The convergence criteria on function value.
- real(dp) `m_xtol` = 1.0d-12
The convergence criteria on change in variable value.
- logical `m_printstatus` = .false.
Set to true to print iteration status; else, false.

5.8.1 Detailed Description

A base class for various solvers of equations of one variable.

Definition at line 224 of file `nonlin_types.f90`.

The documentation for this type was generated from the following file:

- `/home/jason/Documents/Code/nonlin/src/nonlin_types.f90`

5.9 `nonlin_types::fcn1var` Interface Reference

Describes a function of one variable.

Private Member Functions

- real(dp) function **fcn1var** (x)

5.9.1 Detailed Description

Describes a function of one variable.

Parameters

in	x	The independent variable.
----	---	---------------------------

Returns

The value of the function at `x`.

Definition at line 63 of file `nonlin_types.f90`.

The documentation for this interface was generated from the following file:

- `/home/jason/Documents/Code/nonlin/src/nonlin_types.f90`

5.10 `nonlin_types::fcn1var_helper` Type Reference

Defines a type capable of encapsulating an equation of one variable of the form: $f(x) = 0$.

Inheritance diagram for `nonlin_types::fcn1var_helper`:

Public Member Functions

- procedure, public `fcn` => `f1h_fcn`
Executes the routine containing the function to evaluate.
- procedure, public `is_fcn_defined` => `f1h_is_fcn_defined`
Tests if the pointer to the function containing the equation to solve has been assigned.
- procedure, public `set_fcn` => `f1h_set_fcn`
Establishes a pointer to the routine containing the equations to solve.

Private Attributes

- procedure(`fcn1var`), pointer, nopass `m_fcn` => `null()`
A pointer to the target `fcn1var` routine.

5.10.1 Detailed Description

Defines a type capable of encapsulating an equation of one variable of the form: $f(x) = 0$.

Definition at line 139 of file `nonlin_types.f90`.

The documentation for this type was generated from the following file:

- `/home/jason/Documents/Code/nonlin/src/nonlin_types.f90`

5.11 `nonlin_types::iteration_behavior` Type Reference

Defines a set of parameters that describe the behavior of the iteration process.

Private Attributes

- integer(i32) `iter_count`
Specifies the number of iterations performed.
- integer(i32) `fcn_count`
Specifies the number of function evaluations performed.
- integer(i32) `jacobian_count`
Specifies the number of Jacobian evaluations performed.
- logical(c_bool) `converge_on_fcn`
True if the solution converged as a result of a zero-valued function; else, false.
- logical(c_bool) `converge_on_chng`
True if the solution converged as a result of no appreciable change in solution points between iterations; else, false.
- logical(c_bool) `converge_on_zero_diff`
True if the solution appears to have settled on a stationary point such that the gradient of the function is zero-valued; else, false.

5.11.1 Detailed Description

Defines a set of parameters that describe the behavior of the iteration process.

Definition at line 157 of file `nonlin_types.f90`.

The documentation for this type was generated from the following file:

- `/home/jason/Documents/Code/nonlin/src/nonlin_types.f90`

5.12 `nonlin_types::jacobianfcn` Interface Reference

Describes a routine capable of computing the Jacobian matrix of M functions of N unknowns.

Private Member Functions

- subroutine **jacobianfcn** (*x*, *jac*)

5.12.1 Detailed Description

Describes a routine capable of computing the Jacobian matrix of M functions of N unknowns.

Parameters

in	<i>x</i>	An N-element array containing the independent variables.
out	<i>jac</i>	An M-by-N matrix where the Jacobian will be written.

Definition at line 85 of file `nonlin_types.f90`.

The documentation for this interface was generated from the following file:

- `/home/jason/Documents/Code/nonlin/src/nonlin_types.f90`

5.13 `nonlin_least_squares::least_squares_solver` Type Reference

Defines a Levenberg-Marquardt based solver for unconstrained least-squares problems.

Inheritance diagram for `nonlin_least_squares::least_squares_solver`:

Collaboration diagram for `nonlin_least_squares::least_squares_solver`:

Public Member Functions

- procedure, public [get_step_scaling_factor](#) => [lss_get_factor](#)
Gets a factor used to scale the bounds on the initial step.
- procedure, public [set_step_scaling_factor](#) => [lss_set_factor](#)
Sets a factor used to scale the bounds on the initial step.
- procedure, public [solve](#) => [lss_solve](#)
Solves the system of equations.

Private Attributes

- `real(dp) m_factor = 100.0d0`
Initial step bounding factor.

5.13.1 Detailed Description

Defines a Levenberg-Marquardt based solver for unconstrained least-squares problems.

Definition at line 20 of file `nonlin_least_squares.f90`.

The documentation for this type was generated from the following file:

- `/home/jason/Documents/Code/nonlin/src/nonlin_least_squares.f90`

5.14 nonlin_linesearch::line_search Type Reference

Defines a type capable of performing an inexact, backtracking line search to find a point as far along the specified direction vector that is usable for unconstrained minimization problems.

Public Member Functions

- procedure, public [get_max_fcn_evals](#) => [ls_get_max_eval](#)
Gets the maximum number of function evaluations allowed during a single line search.
- procedure, public [set_max_fcn_evals](#) => [ls_set_max_eval](#)
Sets the maximum number of function evaluations allowed during a single line search.
- procedure, public [get_scaling_factor](#) => [ls_get_scale](#)
Gets the scaling of the product of the gradient and direction vectors.
- procedure, public [set_scaling_factor](#) => [ls_set_scale](#)
Sets the scaling of the product of the gradient and direction vectors.
- procedure, public [get_distance_factor](#) => [ls_get_dist](#)
Gets a distance factor defining the minimum distance along the search direction vector is practical.
- procedure, public [set_distance_factor](#) => [ls_set_dist](#)
Sets a distance factor defining the minimum distance along the search direction vector is practical.
- procedure, public [search](#) => [ls_search](#)
Utilizes an inexact, backtracking line search based on the Armijo-Goldstein condition to find a point as far along the specified direction vector that is usable for unconstrained minimization problems.

Private Attributes

- integer(i32) `m_maxeval` = 100

The maximum number of function evaluations allowed during a single line search.

- real(dp) `m_alpha` = 1.0d-4

*Defines the scaling of the product of the gradient and direction vectors such that $F(X + \text{LAMBDA} * P) \leq F(X) + \text{LAMBDA} * \text{ALPHA} * P^T * G$, where P is the search direction vector, G is the gradient vector, and LAMBDA is the scaling factor. The parameter must exist on the set $(0, 1)$. A value of $1e-4$ is typically a good starting point.*

- real(dp) `m_factor` = 0.1d0

*Defines a minimum factor X used to determine a minimum value LAMBDA such that $\text{MIN}(\text{LAMBDA}) = X * \text{LAMBDA}$, where LAMBDA defines the distance along the line search direction assuming a value of one means the full length of the direction vector is traversed. As such, the value must exist on the set $(0, 1)$; however, for practical considerations, the minimum value should be limited to 0.1 such that the value must exist on the set $[0.1, 1)$.*

5.14.1 Detailed Description

Defines a type capable of performing an inexact, backtracking line search to find a point as far along the specified direction vector that is usable for unconstrained minimization problems.

See Also

- [Wikipedia](#)
- [Oxford Lecture Notes](#)
- [Northwestern University - Line Search](#)
- [Northwestern University - Trust Region Methods](#)
- [Wolfram](#)
- [Numerical Recipes](#)

Definition at line 34 of file `nonlin_linesearch.f90`.

The documentation for this type was generated from the following file:

- `/home/jason/Documents/Code/nonlin/src/nonlin_linesearch.f90`

5.15 `nonlin_c_binding::line_search_control` Type Reference

Defines a set of line search controls.

Public Attributes

- integer(i32) `max_evals`

The maximum number of function evaluations allowed per search.

- real(dp) `alpha`

*Defines the scaling of the product of the gradient and direction vectors such that $F(X + \text{LAMBDA} * P) \leq F(X) + \text{LAMBDA} * \text{ALPHA} * P^T * G$, where P is the search direction vector, G is the gradient vector, and LAMBDA is the scaling factor. The parameter must exist on the set $(0, 1)$. A value of $1e-4$ is typically a good starting point.*

- real(dp) `factor`

*Defines a minimum factor X used to determine a minimum value LAMBDA such that $\text{MIN}(\text{LAMBDA}) = X * \text{LAMBDA}$, where LAMBDA defines the distance along the line search direction assuming a value of one means the full length of the direction vector is traversed. As such, the value must exist on the set $(0, 1)$; however, for practical considerations, the minimum value should be limited to 0.1 such that the value must exist on the set $[0.1, 1)$.*

5.15.1 Detailed Description

Defines a set of line search controls.

Definition at line 81 of file `nonlin_c_binding.f90`.

The documentation for this type was generated from the following file:

- `/home/jason/Documents/Code/nonlin/src/nonlin_c_binding.f90`

5.16 `nonlin_solve::line_search_solver` Type Reference

A class describing nonlinear solvers that use a line search algorithm to improve convergence behavior.

Inheritance diagram for `nonlin_solve::line_search_solver`:

Collaboration diagram for `nonlin_solve::line_search_solver`:

Public Member Functions

- procedure, public `get_line_search` => `lss_get_line_search`
Gets the line search module.
- procedure, public `set_line_search` => `lss_set_line_search`
Sets the line search module.
- procedure, public `set_default_line_search` => `lss_set_default`
Establishes a default line_search object for the line search module.
- procedure, public `is_line_search_defined` => `lss_is_line_search_defined`
Tests to see if a line search module is defined.
- procedure, public `get_use_line_search` => `lss_get_use_search`
Gets a value determining if a line-search should be employed.
- procedure, public `set_use_line_search` => `lss_set_use_search`
Sets a value determining if a line-search should be employed.

Private Attributes

- class(`line_search`), allocatable `m_linesearch`
The line search module.
- logical `m_uselinesearch` = `.true.`
Set to true if a line search should be used regardless of the status of `m_lineSearch`.

5.16.1 Detailed Description

A class describing nonlinear solvers that use a line search algorithm to improve convergence behavior.

Definition at line 28 of file `nonlin_solve.f90`.

The documentation for this type was generated from the following file:

- `/home/jason/Documents/Code/nonlin/src/nonlin_solve.f90`

5.17 `nonlin_solve::newton_solver` Type Reference

Defines a Newton solver.

Inheritance diagram for `nonlin_solve::newton_solver`:

Collaboration diagram for `nonlin_solve::newton_solver`:

Public Member Functions

- procedure, public `solve` => `ns_solve`
Solves the system of equations.

5.17.1 Detailed Description

Defines a Newton solver.

Definition at line 71 of file `nonlin_solve.f90`.

The documentation for this type was generated from the following file:

- `/home/jason/Documents/Code/nonlin/src/nonlin_solve.f90`

5.18 `nonlin_types::nonlin_solver` Interface Reference

Describes the interface of a nonlinear equation solver.

Private Member Functions

- subroutine **`nonlin_solver`** (`this`, `fcn`, `x`, `fvec`, `ib`, `err`)

5.18.1 Detailed Description

Describes the interface of a nonlinear equation solver.

Parameters

<code>in, out</code>	<i>this</i>	The <code>equation_solver</code> -based object.
<code>in</code>	<i>fcn</i>	The <code>vecfcn_helper</code> object containing the equations to solve.
<code>in, out</code>	<i>x</i>	On input, an N-element array containing an initial estimate to the solution. On output, the updated solution estimate. N is the number of variables.
<code>out</code>	<i>fvec</i>	An M-element array that, on output, will contain the values of each equation as evaluated at the variable values given in <code>x</code> .
<code>out</code>	<i>ib</i>	An optional output, that if provided, allows the caller to obtain iteration performance statistics.
<code>out</code>	<i>err</i>	An optional errors-based object that if provided can be used to retrieve information relating to any errors encountered during execution. If not provided, a default implementation of the errors class is used internally to provide error handling. The possible error codes returned will likely vary from solver to solver.
		Generated by Doxygen

Definition at line 291 of file `nonlin_types.f90`.

The documentation for this interface was generated from the following file:

- `/home/jason/Documents/Code/nonlin/src/nonlin_types.f90`

5.19 `nonlin_types::nonlin_solver_1var` Interface Reference

Describes the interface of a solver for an equation of one variable.

Private Member Functions

- subroutine **`nonlin_solver_1var`** (`this`, `fcn`, `x`, `lim`, `f`, `ib`, `err`)

5.19.1 Detailed Description

Describes the interface of a solver for an equation of one variable.

Parameters

<code>in, out</code>	<i>this</i>	The <code>equation_solver_1var</code> -based object.
<code>in</code>	<i>fcn</i>	The <code>fcn1var_helper</code> object containing the equation to solve.
<code>in, out</code>	<i>x</i>	On input the initial guess at the solution. On output the updated solution estimate.
<code>in</code>	<i>lim</i>	A <code>value_pair</code> object defining the search limits.
<code>out</code>	<i>f</i>	An optional parameter used to return the function residual as computed at <code>x</code> .
<code>out</code>	<i>ib</i>	An optional output, that if provided, allows the caller to obtain iteration performance statistics.
<code>out</code>	<i>err</i>	An optional errors-based object that if provided can be used to retrieve information relating to any errors encountered during execution. If not provided, a default implementation of the errors class is used internally to provide error handling. The possible error codes returned will likely vary from solver to solver.

Definition at line 324 of file `nonlin_types.f90`.

The documentation for this interface was generated from the following file:

- `/home/jason/Documents/Code/nonlin/src/nonlin_types.f90`

5.20 `nonlin_solve::quasi_newton_solver` Type Reference

Defines a quasi-Newton type solver based upon Broyden's method.

Inheritance diagram for `nonlin_solve::quasi_newton_solver`:

Collaboration diagram for `nonlin_solve::quasi_newton_solver`:

Public Member Functions

- procedure, public `solve` => `qns_solve`
Solves the system of equations.
- procedure, public `get_jacobian_interval` => `qns_get_jac_interval`
Gets the number of iterations that may pass before forcing a recalculation of the Jacobian matrix.
- procedure, public `set_jacobian_interval` => `qns_set_jac_interval`
Sets the number of iterations that may pass before forcing a recalculation of the Jacobian matrix.

Private Attributes

- integer(i32) `m_delta` = 5
The number of iterations that may pass between Jacobian calculation.

5.20.1 Detailed Description

Defines a quasi-Newton type solver based upon Broyden's method.

Definition at line 54 of file `nonlin_solve.f90`.

The documentation for this type was generated from the following file:

- `/home/jason/Documents/Code/nonlin/src/nonlin_solve.f90`

5.21 `nonlin_c_binding::solver_control` Type Reference

Defines a set of solver control information.

Public Attributes

- integer(i32) `max_evals`
The maximum number of function evaluations allowed.
- real(dp) `fcn_tolerance`
The convergence criteria on function values.
- real(dp) `var_tolerance`
The convergence criteria on change in variable values.
- real(dp) `grad_tolerance`
The convergence criteria for the slope of the gradient vector.
- logical(c_bool) `print_status`
Controls whether iteration status is printed.

5.21.1 Detailed Description

Defines a set of solver control information.

Definition at line 66 of file `nonlin_c_binding.f90`.

The documentation for this type was generated from the following file:

- `/home/jason/Documents/Code/nonlin/src/nonlin_c_binding.f90`

5.22 `nonlin_types::value_pair` Type Reference

Defines a pair of numeric values.

Private Attributes

- `real(dp) x1`
Value 1.
- `real(dp) x2`
Value 2.

5.22.1 Detailed Description

Defines a pair of numeric values.

Definition at line 261 of file `nonlin_types.f90`.

The documentation for this type was generated from the following file:

- `/home/jason/Documents/Code/nonlin/src/nonlin_types.f90`

5.23 `nonlin_types::vecfcn` Interface Reference

Describes an M-element vector-valued function of N-variables.

Private Member Functions

- subroutine **vecfcn** (`x`, `f`)

5.23.1 Detailed Description

Describes an M-element vector-valued function of N-variables.

Parameters

<code>in</code>	<code>x</code>	An N-element array containing the independent variables.
<code>out</code>	<code>f</code>	An M-element array that, on output, contains the values of the M functions.

Definition at line 74 of file `nonlin_types.f90`.

The documentation for this interface was generated from the following file:

- `/home/jason/Documents/Code/nonlin/src/nonlin_types.f90`

5.24 `nonlin_types::vecfcn_helper` Type Reference

Defines a type capable of encapsulating a system of nonlinear equations of the form: $F(X) = 0$.

Inheritance diagram for `nonlin_types::vecfcn_helper`:

Public Member Functions

- procedure, public `set_fcn` => `vfh_set_fcn`
Establishes a pointer to the routine containing the system of equations to solve.
- procedure, public `set_jacobian` => `vfh_set_jac`
Establishes a pointer to the routine for computing the Jacobian matrix of the system of equations. If no routine is defined, the Jacobian matrix will be computed numerically (this is the default state).
- procedure, public `is_fcn_defined` => `vfh_is_fcn_defined`
Tests if the pointer to the subroutine containing the system of equations to solve has been assigned.
- procedure, public `is_jacobian_defined` => `vfh_is_jac_defined`
Tests if the pointer to the subroutine containing the system of equations to solve has been assigned.
- procedure, public `fcn` => `vfh_fcn`
Executes the routine containing the system of equations to solve. No action is taken if the pointer to the subroutine has not been defined.
- procedure, public `jacobian` => `vfh_jac_fcn`
Executes the routine containing the Jacobian matrix if supplied. If not supplied, the Jacobian is computed via finite differences.
- procedure, public `get_equation_count` => `vfh_get_nfcn`
Gets the number of equations in this system.
- procedure, public `get_variable_count` => `vfh_get_nvar`
Gets the number of variables in this system.

Private Attributes

- procedure(`vecfcn`), pointer, nopass `m_fcn` => `null()`
A pointer to the target vecfcn routine.
- procedure(`jacobianfcn`), pointer, nopass `m_jac` => `null()`
A pointer to the jacobian routine - null if no routine is supplied.
- integer(i32) `m_nfcn` = 0
The number of functions in m_fcn.
- integer(i32) `m_nvar` = 0
The number of variables in m_fcn.

5.24.1 Detailed Description

Defines a type capable of encapsulating a system of nonlinear equations of the form: $F(X) = 0$.

Definition at line 97 of file `nonlin_types.f90`.

The documentation for this type was generated from the following file:

- `/home/jason/Documents/Code/nonlin/src/nonlin_types.f90`

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