

(P) Preparation	(I) Identification	(C) Containment
<div>1. Favor use of authenticator apps over SMS</div> <div>2. Create a strong account PIN or Passphrase</div> <div>3. Use a dedicated number for high-value accounts<div>a. Alternative: Use a free Google Voice number</div></div> <div>4. Use a password manager</div> <div>5. Never store passwords, payment methods, etc. in your phone’s browser</div> <div>6. Prepare backup communications ability to allow you to respond more quickly to a compromise<div>a. Hangouts, GVoice, Skype, Line, etc.</div></div> <div>7. Conduct user awareness training</div> <div>8. Conduct response training (this PBC)</div>	<div>1. Monitor for:<div>a. Unexplained, prolonged loss of cell service</div><div>b. Unexpected customer service calls, “Sorry we got disconnected ...”</div><div>c. Alerts about password/authentication changes to your accounts</div><div>d. Alerts on your phone, “Are you trying to log in from &lt;City&gt; , &lt;State&gt;?”</div></div>	<div>1. Notify your mobile carrier as soon as you can</div> <div>2. Explain the situation:<div>a. “I am a high-value-target individual and my phone number was ported approximately 3 hours ago to a new SIM that I do not control ...”</div></div> <div>3. Request that the number be completely disabled:<div>a. “Since this is an active situation, please remove my phone number from that SIM immediately, meaning no one can receive phone calls or text messages to my number ...”</div></div> <div>4. Request that your number to be moved back to your SIM<div>a. This may be more difficult than getting the number disabled</div></div> <div>5. Record the employee’s name/number and dates</div> <div>6. Record all case/support ticket numbers</div> <div>7. Request that all logs for your IMEI be saved</div> <div>8. Change all of your passwords from a non-compromised trusted device<div>a. Change your major email accounts first</div><div>b. Prioritize: Most to least valuable</div><div>c. Document your actions as you are conducting them, including times and screen shots</div></div>
(E) Eradication	(R) Recovery	(L) Lessons/Opportunities
<div>1. Request that your mobile service block all swap attempts for one week</div> <div>2. See additional steps in “Containment”</div>	<div>1. Retain legal counsel</div> <div>2. Contact appropriate law enforcement agencies</div> <div>3. Contact affected business partners<div>a. Follow the advice of your legal counsel</div></div> <div>4. Retain the services of security professionals</div> <div>5. Regain control of your various compromised accounts<div>a. Every provider will be different</div><div>b. Document dates, times, names, and steps</div></div>	<div>1. Perform routine cyber hygiene due diligence</div> <div>2. Be aware of all 2FA options when setting up new accounts, disabling all weak, SMS-based options</div> <div>3. Be aware that the vulnerability is with your mobile provider and you have limited control over it<div>a. Focus instead on what you can control</div><div>b. Defense-in-depth and compartmentalization of your accounts</div></div> <div><div>References:</div><div>1. MITRE ATT&amp;CK Technique T1451: <a href="https://attack.mitre.org/techniques/T1451/">https://attack.mitre.org/techniques/T1451/</a></div></div>

Resources:

→ GuardSight GSVSOC Incident Response Plan: [https://github.com/guardsight/gsvsoc\\_cybersecurity-incident-response-plan](https://github.com/guardsight/gsvsoc_cybersecurity-incident-response-plan)

→ IT Disaster Recovery Planning: <https://www.ready.gov/it-disaster-recovery-plan>

→ Report Cybercrime: <https://www.ic3.gov/Home/FAQ>