CITY Flaybook Battle Card. GSF BC-1032 - Defense Evasion - Impair Defenses		
(P) Preparation	(I) Identification	(C) Containment
<ol> <li>Patch asset vulnerabilities</li> <li>Perform routine inspections of controls/weapons</li> <li>Ensure antivirus/endpoint protection software is installed on workstations and laptops</li> <li>Confirm that servers and workstations are logging to a central location</li> <li>Review firewall, IDS, and IPS rules routinely and update based on the needs of the environment</li> <li>Conduct employee security awareness training</li> <li>Restrict users to the least privileges required</li> <li>Ensure permissions are in place to restrict unauthorized users from interfering with security services [1]</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Monitor for:         <ul> <li>Unauthorized modifications to the Windows Registry [2]</li> <li>Unauthorized modifications to the firewall</li> <li>Unauthorized command or script execution [3] [4]</li> <li>Unauthorized process creation or termination [5]</li> <li>Unauthorized access or modification to security tools/weapons</li> </ul> </li> <li>Investigate and clear ALL alerts associated with the impacted assets</li> <li>Routinely check firewall, IDS, IPS, and SIEM logs for any unusual activity</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Inventory (enumerate &amp; assess)</li> <li>Detect   Deny   Disrupt   Degrade   Deceive   Destroy</li> <li>Observe -&gt; Orient -&gt; Decide -&gt; Act</li> <li>Issue perimeter enforcement for known threat actor locations</li> <li>Archive scanning related artifacts such as IP addresses, user agents, and requests</li> <li>Determine the source and pathway of the attack</li> </ol>
(E) Eradication	(R) Recovery	(L) Lessons/Opportunities
<ol> <li>Close the attack vector by applying the Preparation steps listed above</li> <li>Perform endpoint/AV scans on targeted systems</li> <li>Reset any compromised passwords</li> <li>Inspect ALL assets and user activity for IOC consistent with the attack profile</li> <li>Inspect backups for IOC consistent with the attack profile PRIOR to system recovery</li> <li>Patch asset vulnerabilities</li> <li>Reset accounts that have been breached immediately</li> </ol>	1. Restore to the RPO (Recovery Point Objective) within the RTO (Recovery Time Objective) 2. Address any collateral damage by assessing exposed technologies 3. Resolve any related security incidents 4. Restore affected systems to their last clean backup	1. Perform routine cyber hygiene due diligence 2. Engage external cybersecurity-as-a-service providers and response professionals 3. Implement policy changes to reduce future risk 4. Utilize newly obtained threat signatures 5. Remember that data and events should not be viewed in isolation but as part of a chain of behavior that could lead to other activities    References:   1. MITRE ATT&CK Technique T1562: https://attack.mitre.org/techniques/T1562/ 2. MITRE ATT&CK Datasource DS0024: https://attack.mitre.org/datasources/DS0024/ 3. MITRE ATT&CK Datasource DS0017: https://attack.mitre.org/datasources/DS0017/ 4. MITRE ATT&CK Datasource DS0012: https://attack.mitre.org/datasources/DS0012/ 5. MITRE ATT&CK Datasource DS0009: https://attack.mitre.org/datasources/DS0009/

## Resources:

- → GuardSight GSVSOC Incident Response Plan: https://github.com/guardsight/gsvsoc\_cybersecurity-incident-response-plan
- → IT Disaster Recovery Planning: https://www.ready.gov/it-disaster-recovery-plan
- → Report Cybercrime: https://www.ic3.gov/Home/FAQ

