

CIRT Playbook Battle Card: **GSPBC-1027 - Impact - Disk Wipe**

| (P) Preparation  | (I) Identification  | (C) Containment   |
|--|---|---|
| <ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>1. Patch asset vulnerabilities</li><li>2. Perform routine inspections of controls/weapons</li><li>3. Ensure antivirus/endpoint protection software is installed on workstations and laptops</li><li>4. Regularly update virus definitions and signatures</li><li>5. Take regular backups of critical systems and ensure the hardened storage is off-site or offline</li><li>6. Develop an IT disaster recovery plan</li><li>7. Utilize threat intelligence to make informed decisions about defensive priorities</li><li>8. Ensure that servers are logging to a central location</li><li>9. Conduct employee security awareness training</li><li>10. Be aware of any laws or contractual obligations that require notification of data loss</li></ol> | <ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>1. Monitor for:<ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>a. Attempts to write to the MBR or partition table</li><li>b. Unusual kernel driver activity</li><li>c. Direct access to drives using the “\\.” notation</li><li>d. IDS/IPS alerts</li><li>e. Antivirus alerts</li><li>f. Unusual error messages in logs</li><li>g. Unusual web traffic patterns</li></ol></li><li>2. Investigate and clear ALL alerts</li></ol> | <ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>1. Inventory (enumerate &amp; assess)</li><li>2. Detect   Deny   Disrupt   Degrade   Deceive   Destroy</li><li>3. Observe -&gt; Orient -&gt; Decide -&gt; Act</li><li>4. Utilize EDR hunter/killer agents to terminate offending processes</li><li>5. Remove the affected system from the network</li><li>6. Determine the source and pathway of the attack</li><li>7. Issue a perimeter enforcement for known threat actor locations</li><li>8. Determine what data was stored on the device</li></ol> |
| (E) Eradication  | (R) Recovery  | (L) Lessons/Opportunities   |
| <ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>1. Close the attack vector</li><li>2. Create forensic backups of affected systems</li><li>3. Perform endpoint/AV scans on affected systems</li><li>4. Reset any compromised passwords</li><li>5. Inspect ALL assets and user activity for IOC consistent with the attack profile</li><li>6. Inspect backups for IOC consistent with the attack profile PRIOR to system recovery</li><li>7. Patch asset vulnerabilities</li></ol>   | <ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>1. Restore to the RPO within the RTO</li><li>2. Restore affected systems to their last clean backup</li><li>3. Assess and Address collateral damage</li><li>4. Resolve any related security incidents</li></ol>   | <ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>1. Perform routine cyber hygiene due diligence</li><li>2. Engage external cybersecurity-as-a-service providers and response professionals</li><li>3. Implement policy changes to reduce future risk</li><li>4. Utilize newly obtained threat signatures</li></ol> <div><b>References:</b><ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>1. MITRE ATT&amp;CK Technique T1561:<br/><a href="https://attack.mitre.org/techniques/T1561/">https://attack.mitre.org/techniques/T1561/</a></li></ol></div>             |

**Resources:**

- GuardSight GSVSOC Incident Response Plan: [https://github.com/guardsight/gsvsoc\\_cybersecurity-incident-response-plan](https://github.com/guardsight/gsvsoc_cybersecurity-incident-response-plan)
- IT Disaster Recovery Planning: <https://www.ready.gov/it-disaster-recovery-plan>
- Report Cybercrime: <https://www.ic3.gov/Home/FAQ>