Week 1 Lab

Intro to R and R Studio

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About Me

- Second year Economics PhD student
- Fields are environmental and behavioral economics
- Current research focuses on natural disasters and agriculture

Contact Info

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Goals for the Labs

- Learn basic CS skills needed to be an econemetrician
- Gain a toolset that can be used after graduation
- Get information in order to complete homework sets

Goals for Today

- 1. Open a Project in **R** and understand the environment
- 2. Use **R Script** for coding and mathematics
- 3. Use **R Markdown** to make a PDF with embedded code (Great for doing homework and data projects!)
- 4. If time, learn about packages and other features of R

What is a Project?

- Creates a Folder on your computer to store files, data, images, and other items.
- Allows you to easily access files with little code
 - Uploading data when file is in a Project :

```
o data ← read_excel("sw_1989_data.xls")
```

- Can be very tedious without a project
 - Uploading data without a project:
 - o data ← read_excel("C:\\Users\\mdwoo\\Documents\\Oregon\\Year
 2\\Time Series\\Problem Set 8 and 9\\sw_1989_data.xls")

Steps to open a project

- 1. Open R Studio on your computer
- 2. Click on the "File" tab and select "New Project"
- 3. In the popup window select "New Directory" -> "New Project"
- 4. On the "New Project" Page name your project, choose a location to store it, and then click "Create Project"

The Environment of R

Console:

- Place where you can type code but doesn't save it.
- Automatically runs if you press enter.
- Errors from Script and chunks in Markdown will show here

Render:

Shows errors from knitting

Environment:

Shows any object that has been saved: data, values, and functions

The Environment of R

Files:

- Shows files on your computer
- When in a project shows project directory
- Can import data from here

Plots:

• Shows any plots you have generated in the console

Help

- Can search different function
- Function must be in a package that is installed

- A Script allows you to write and store code to be used at any time.
- In a script you can:
 - Create object such as vectors and matrices
 - Solve math problems
 - Clean Data
 - Run Regressions
 - Plot graphs
- To open a new script click "File" -> "New File" -> "R Script"

Vectors and Index

Create a vector, a single row of 7 observations.

```
world.pop ← c(2525779,3026003,3691173,4449049,5320817,6127700,6916183)
world.pop
```

```
#> [1] 2525779 3026003 3691173 4449049 5320817 6127700 6916183
```

Combine two vectors into a single row of 7 observations.

```
pop.first \leftarrow c(2525779,3026003,3691173,4449049)
pop.second \leftarrow c(5320817,6127700,6916183)
pop.all \leftarrow c(pop.first, pop.second)
pop.all
```

```
#> [1] 2525779 3026003 3691173 4449049 5320817 6127700 6916183
```

Vectors and Index

```
world.pop[2]
#> [1] 3026003
world.pop[c(2,4)]
#> [1] 3026003 4449049
world.pop_aug ← world.pop[-3]
world.pop_aug
  [1] 2525779 3026003 4449049 5320817 6127700 6916183
```

Summary Statistics

```
length(world.pop)
                                             mean(world.pop)
#> [1] 7
                                            #> [1] 4579529
                                             sum(world.pop)/length(world.pop)
min(world.pop)
#> [1] 2525779
                                            #> [1] 4579529
max(world.pop)
                                             sd(world.pop)
#> [1] 6916183
                                            #> [1] 1625004
range(world.pop)
   [1] 2525779 6916183
```

Using R Markdown

- Markdown allows you to have text along with your code
- Will be helpful for completing your future homework and data project
- Code must be written in a "chunk" for it to run
- You can choose if your code is seen in the final document
- Easy way to create PDF and HTML files (For PDF you need to have LaTex installed)

Starting a new R Markdown

- To open a Markdown file click "File" -> "New File" -> "R Markdown"
- Edit the Title. This can be changed later so no worries.
- HTML should be selected already. For this class leave it there and then click "OK"
- From here you can either begin typing, or insert a chunk for code.
- To insert a chunk you can:
 - click "Code" -> "Insert Chunk"
 - Click the icon of a Green box with a C and select R

Knitting a Markdown File

- To compile the markdown file into HTML you will click the Knit button
- If you have any errors in your code it will not knit
- Personal advice: knit periodically while doing homework and not at the end
- If you have trouble with this please come by my office or send me an email and I can troubleshoot your code

How to type equations in R

- To type equations in R you will use LaTex code (you do not need it installed)
- Example Equations:

```
 \sum_{i=1}^n x_i = 30 \text{ } \cdot \text{ } \cdot \text{sum\_\{i=1\}^n } \cdot \text{ } x_i = 30   \circ E(X^2) \text{ } \cdot \text{ } \cdot E(X^2)   \circ Cov(X,Y) = E[(X-\mu_x)(Y-\mu_y)] \text{ } \cdot \text{ }
```

How to type equations in R

- For an equation to show in line put \$ on both sides
- For an equation to show on its own line put \$\$ on both sides
- If you want to put multiple equations you will need to use the "aligned" environment

$$y=mx+b \ a^2+b^2=c^2 \ 4=2+2$$

```
$$
\begin{aligned}
y &= mx + b \\
a^2 + b^2 &= c^2 \\
4 &= 2 + 2
\end{aligned}
$$
```

Links for Learning R and Latex Code

- R Markdown Cookbook
- Markdown Basics
- Latex Mathematical Symbols

Questions?