

$$\mathcal{H} \cdot \mathbf{n} = \mathbf{T}^{-1} \mathbf{F}(\mathbf{TU}) \quad (1)$$

$$\mathbf{T}^{-1} \mathbf{F}(\mathbf{TU}^{n+1}) = \mathbf{T}^{-1} \mathbf{F}(\mathbf{TU}^n) + \mathbf{T}^{-1} \frac{\partial \mathbf{F}(\mathbf{TU})}{\partial(\mathbf{TU})} \Delta(\mathbf{TU}) \quad (2)$$

$$\mathbf{T}^{-1} \frac{\partial \mathbf{F}(\mathbf{TU})}{\partial(\mathbf{TU})} \Delta(\mathbf{TU}) = \mathbf{T}^{-1} \left[ \frac{\partial \mathbf{F}(\mathbf{TU}_L)}{\partial(\mathbf{TU}_L)} \Delta(\mathbf{TU}_L) + \frac{\partial \mathbf{F}(\mathbf{TU}_R)}{\partial(\mathbf{TU}_R)} \Delta(\mathbf{TU}_R) \right] \quad (3)$$

$$\mathbf{T}^{-1} \frac{\partial \mathbf{F}(\mathbf{TU})}{\partial(\mathbf{TU})} \Delta(\mathbf{TU}) = \mathbf{T}^{-1} \left[ \frac{\mathbf{A}_L + |\mathbf{A}|}{2} \Delta(\mathbf{TU}_L) + \frac{\mathbf{A}_R - |\mathbf{A}|}{2} \Delta(\mathbf{TU}_R) \right] \quad (4)$$

$$\mathbf{T}^{-1} \frac{\partial \mathbf{F}(\mathbf{TU})}{\partial(\mathbf{TU})} \Delta(\mathbf{TU}) = \mathbf{T}^{-1} \left[ \frac{\mathbf{A}_L + |\mathbf{A}|}{2} \mathbf{T} \Delta \mathbf{U}_L + \frac{\mathbf{A}_R - |\mathbf{A}|}{2} \mathbf{T} \Delta \mathbf{U}_R \right] \quad (5)$$

$$\mathbf{T}^{-1} \frac{\partial \mathbf{F}(\mathbf{TU})}{\partial(\mathbf{TU})} \Delta(\mathbf{TU}) = \mathbf{N}_L \Delta \mathbf{U}_L - \mathbf{N}_R \Delta \mathbf{U}_R \quad (6)$$

where,

$$\mathbf{N}_L = (\mathbf{T}^{-1} \frac{\mathbf{A}_L + |\mathbf{A}|}{2} \mathbf{T}) \Delta \mathbf{U}_L \quad (7)$$

$$\mathbf{N}_R = -(\mathbf{T}^{-1} \frac{\mathbf{A}_R - |\mathbf{A}|}{2} \mathbf{T}) \Delta \mathbf{U}_R \quad (8)$$

Consider first order forward Euler temporal discretization,

$$V \frac{\mathbf{U}^{n+1} - \mathbf{U}^n}{\Delta t} = - \sum \mathbf{T}^{-1} \mathbf{F}(\mathbf{TU}) S \quad (9)$$

$$V \frac{\Delta \mathbf{U}}{\Delta t} = - \sum \mathbf{T}^{-1} \mathbf{F}(\mathbf{TU}) S \quad (10)$$

A cell can be either on the left or on the right of a face. If a cell is on the left of a face,

$$V \frac{\Delta \mathbf{U}_L}{\Delta t} = -\mathbf{N}_L \Delta \mathbf{U}_L S + \mathbf{N}_R \Delta \mathbf{U}_R S \quad (11)$$

Define  $\mathbf{M}_{LK} = \mathbf{N}_{LK} S$ .

$$\left( \frac{V}{\Delta t} + \mathbf{M}_L \right) \Delta \mathbf{U}_L = \mathbf{M}_R \Delta \mathbf{U}_R \quad (12)$$

If a cell is on the right of a face, flux through a face is opposite to that for the left cell, that is,  $-\mathbf{T}^{-1} \mathbf{F}(\mathbf{TU}) \rightarrow \mathbf{T}^{-1} \mathbf{F}(\mathbf{TU})$ .

$$V \frac{\Delta \mathbf{U}_R}{\Delta t} = \mathbf{N}_L \Delta \mathbf{U}_L S - \mathbf{N}_R \Delta \mathbf{U}_R S \quad (13)$$

$$\left( \frac{V}{\Delta t} + \mathbf{M}_R \right) \Delta \mathbf{U}_R = \mathbf{M}_L \Delta \mathbf{U}_L \quad (14)$$

In general,

$$\left( \frac{V}{\Delta t} + \mathbf{M}_i \right) \Delta \mathbf{U}_i = \sum \mathbf{M}_j \Delta \mathbf{U}_j \quad (15)$$

Now consider second order three-time level backward Euler discretization.

$$V \frac{3\mathbf{U}^{n+1} - 4\mathbf{U}^n + \mathbf{U}^{n-1}}{2\Delta t} = - \sum \mathbf{T}^{-1} \mathbf{F}(\mathbf{TU}) S \quad (16)$$

$$\begin{aligned}
V \frac{3\mathbf{U}^{n+1} - 4\mathbf{U}^n + \mathbf{U}^{n-1}}{2\Delta t} &= \frac{V}{\Delta t} \left( \frac{3}{2}\mathbf{U}^{n+1} - 2\mathbf{U}^n + \frac{1}{2}\mathbf{U}^{n-1} \right) \\
&= \frac{3}{2} \frac{V}{\Delta t} (\mathbf{U}^{n+1} - \mathbf{U}^n) - \frac{1}{2} \frac{V}{\Delta t} (\mathbf{U}^n - \mathbf{U}^{n-1}) \\
&= \frac{3}{2} \frac{V}{\Delta t} \Delta \mathbf{U} - \frac{1}{2} \frac{V}{\Delta t} (\mathbf{U}^n - \mathbf{U}^{n-1})
\end{aligned} \tag{17}$$

$$\frac{3}{2} \frac{V}{\Delta t} \Delta \mathbf{U} = - \sum \mathbf{T}^{-1} \mathbf{F}(\mathbf{T} \mathbf{U}) S + \frac{1}{2} \frac{V}{\Delta t} (\mathbf{U}^n - \mathbf{U}^{n-1}) \tag{18}$$

In general,

$$\left( \frac{3}{2} \frac{V}{\Delta t} + \mathbf{M}_i \right) \Delta \mathbf{U}_i = \sum \mathbf{M}_j \Delta \mathbf{U}_j + \frac{1}{2} \frac{V}{\Delta t} (\mathbf{U}^n - \mathbf{U}^{n-1}) \tag{19}$$