Zero-Knowledge Bug Bounty Program A Proof of Concept

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Problem

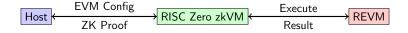
Trust Issues in Bug Bounty Programs

- Whitehats must reveal exploit details before payment
- Protocols may not pay after learning the vulnerability
- High risk for security researchers

Need for Privacy-Preserving Vulnerability Reporting

- Prove knowledge of an exploit without revealing it
- Cryptographic guarantees for fair exchange
- Minimize trust requirements between parties

Solution Architecture



- Host: Prepares bytecode and calldata, manages verification
- zkVM: Provides zero-knowledge execution environment
- **REVM**: Executes Ethereum Virtual Machine bytecode
- Privacy: Only hashes of inputs are revealed, not the exploit itself

Smart Contract Example

```
1 // Contract.sol
pragma solidity ^0.8.26;
 contract Contract {
     function isSolved(int256 x) external pure returns (bool)
      {
          // p(x) = x^4 - 84x^3 + 1765x^2 - 84x + 1764
          return ((x**4)
              -(84 * (x**3))
              + (1765 * (x**2))
              -(84 * x)
              + 1764) == 0:
13 }
```

- Polynomial equation with specific roots
- Whitehat must find correct input value (x = 42)
- Function returns true for valid solutions

Host Implementation

```
fn main() {
      let config = EvmConfig::default();
4
      // Compute and display hashes for privacy
      let bytecode hash = Keccak256::digest(config.get bytecode());
5
      let calldata hash = Keccak256::digest(config.get calldata()):
6
7
8
      println!("Executing bytecode hash: 0x{}",
          hex::encode(bytecode_hash));
      // Execute inside zkVM
      let (receipt. return value) = execute evm bytecode(config):
14
      // Verify the proof
      receipt.verifv(REVM GUEST ID).expect("Verification failed"):
16
      println!("Receipt verified! Result: {:02x?}", return_value);
18 }
```

Guest (zkVM) Implementation

```
fn main() {
2
      let config: EvmConfig = env::read();
      // Create EVM with in-memory database
4
5
      let ctx = Context::mainnet().with_db(CacheDB::<EmptyDB>::default());
6
      let mut evm = ctx.build mainnet():
7
      // Deploy contract
      let deploy_result = evm.transact_commit(
           TxEnv::builder()
               .kind(TxKind::Create)
               .data(Bytes::from(config.bytecode.clone()))
               .build().unwrap()
14
      ).unwrap();
      // Call function with private calldata
17
      let call result = evm.transact commit(/* ... */);
      // Commit only hashes, not raw data
      env::commit(&(bvtecode hash. calldata hash. is solved)):
```

Privacy Features

Input Privacy

- Bytecode and calldata are hashed using Keccak256
- Only hashes are committed to the proof journal
- Original exploit details remain secret

Verifiable Execution

- RISC Zero provides cryptographic proof of correct execution
- Anyone can verify the proof without trusting the prover
- Result integrity is mathematically guaranteed

Zero-Knowledge Properties

- Proves knowledge of a valid exploit
- Reveals nothing about the exploit method
- Enables trustless bug bounty programs

Current Implementation (Version 0)

Proof of Concept

- REVM successfully runs inside RISC Zero zkVM
- Public bytecode with private calldata
- Commits code/calldata hashes and boolean outcome

Key Components

- Solidity compiler integration (build.rs)
- ABI encoding for function calls
- Hash-based privacy preservation
- Automated testing framework

Verification Process

- Host generates proof of EVM execution
- Proof can be verified by any third party
- Mathematical guarantee of correctness

Next Steps (Roadmap)

Version 1: Real Chain State

- Anchor execution to real blockchain state
- Witnessed snapshot at specific block height
- Merkle Patricia Trie verification
- Fully explicit, deterministic TxEnv

• Version 2: On-Chain Integration

- On-chain verification via RISC Zero verifier
- Predicate registry for vulnerability patterns
- Escrow vault for bounty payments
- Pay-to-reveal hash timelocked contracts

Questions?

Thank you for your attention

- Built as part of EF Core Program Brazil 2025
- Demonstrates ZK-EVM capabilities in RISC Zero
- Foundation for trustless bug bounty programs