DeepBugs for Python:

Name-Based Bug Detection using Neural Networks

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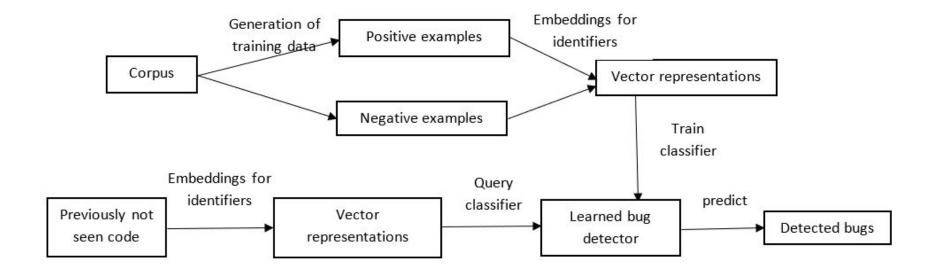
Different Approaches

- Static Analysis Tools
- Name Based Bug Detectors
 - Use Heuristics
 - Hard coded rules



PRESENTATION TITLE PAGE 2

Implementation





PRESENTATION TITLE PAGE 3

BUG DETECTORS

Swapped Function Arguments

$$x_{pos} = (base, callee, arg1, agr2, argtype1, argtype2, param1, param2)$$

 $x_{neg} = (base, callee, arg2, agr1, argtype2, argtype1, param1, param2)$

Incorrect Binary Operator

$$x_{pos} = (left, right, op, lefttype, rightype, parent, grandP)$$

 $x_{neg} = (left, right, op', lefttype, rightype, parent, grandP)$

Incorrect Operand in Binary Operation

$$x_{pos} = (left, right, op, lefttype, rightype, parent, grandP)$$

 $x_{neg} = (left', right, op, lefttype', rightype, parent, grandP)$

 $x_{neg} = (left, right', op, lefttype, rightype', parent, grandP)$

or

DATA GENERATED

| Bug detector | Training examples | Validation examples |
|---------------------------|-------------------|---------------------|
| Swapped Arguments | 196996 | 91344 |
| Incorrect Binary Operator | 231550 | 98570 |
| Incorrect Binary Operand | 133800 | 52576 |

RESULTS

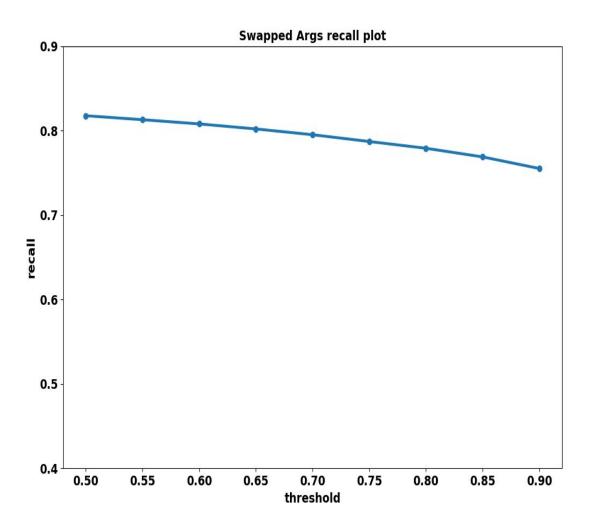


TPR AND ACCURACY

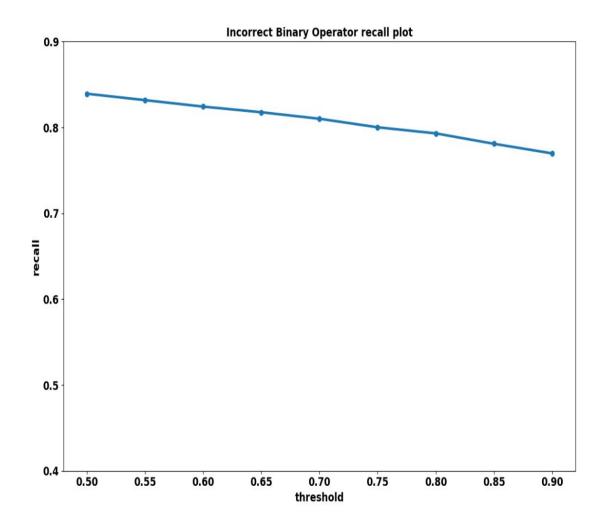
| Bug detector | TPR(Recall) | Training accuracy | Validation Accuracy | Validation accuracy for positive samples | Validation accuracy for negative samples |
|------------------------------|-------------|-------------------|------------------------|--|--|
| Swapped Arguments | 81.76 | 96.25 | 87.81 | 87.78 | 81.76 |
| Incorrect Binary Operator | 88.60 | 93.89 | 89.79 | 90.97 | 88.60 |
| Incorrect Binary Operand | 84.36 | 90.57 | 82.93 | 81.49 | 84.36 |

- **Validation accuracy for positive samples** = correctly predicted positive samples/total positive samples
- Validation accuracy for negative samples = correctly predicted negative samples /total negative samples

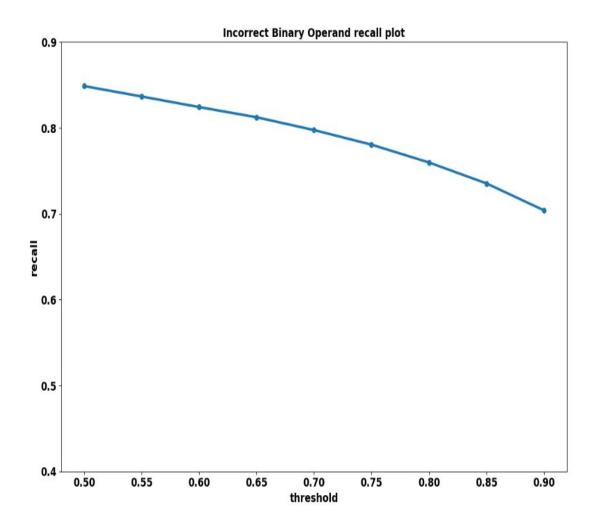
RECALL vs THRESHOLD (Swapped Function Arguments)



RECALL vs THRESHOLD [Incorrect Binary Operator]



RECALL vs THRESHOLD (Incorrect Binary Operand)



| Bug detector | True Positives (TPR) | False Positives (FPR) | True Negatives (TNR) | False Negatives (FNR) | Total validation examples |
|------------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Swapped Arguments | 40224 (81.76%) | 5580 (12.22%) | 40092 (87.78%) | 5448 (18.24%) | 91344 |
| Incorrect Binary Operator | 43668 (88.60%) | 4448 (9.03%) | 44837 (90.97%) | 5617 (11.4%) | 98570 |
| Incorrect Binary Operand | 22177 (84.36%) | 4866 (18.51%) | 21422 (81.49%) | 4111 (15.64%) | 52576 |

True positive rate (TPR) : TP/(TP+FN)

• False negative rate (FNR): 1-TPR

True negative rate (TNR) : TN/(TN+FP)

• False positive rate (FPR) : 1-TNR



EFFICIENCY OF BUG DETECTORS (time in seconds)

| Bug detector | Training Data Extract (in sec) for 100k files | Training Model (in seconds) (no.of examples) | Validation Data Extract (in sec) for 50k files | Validation Predict (in sec) (no.of examples) |
|---------------------------|---|---|--|--|
| Swapped Arguments | 815 | 1044 (196996) | 428 | 29 (91344) |
| Incorrect Binary Operator | 316 | 1195 (231550) | 144 | 20 (98570) |
| Incorrect Binary Operand | 316 | 705 (133800) | 144 | 6 (52576) |

- Train examples extract Time: time to tokenize, traverse through AST and extract training examples from each file.
 - Number of files : 100k python code files
 - Average file size : 8.6 KB
- **Training Model time:** time taken to train Neural Network model with layers each of 1500 neurons for 10 epochs on extracted trained examples. (number of examples mentioned in brackets)
- Validation Data extract: Similar to train sample extraction procedure.
 - Number of files : 50k python code files
 - Average files size: 8.6 KB
- **Validation prediction time :** Time taken to predict the validation samples(number of examples mentioned in brackets).
- > Specs of system used: Intel(R) Core(TM) i7-8750H CPU @ 2.20GHz, 2208 Mhz, 6 Core(s), 12 Logical Processor(s), 16GB of memory, an Intel(R) UHD Graphics 630 and a NVIDIA GeForce GTX 1050 Ti.



Conclusion

- Addresses the idea of identifying bugs based on names
- All the three bug detectors have a testing accuracy in between 82% to 90%.
- Using this framework for building bug detectors reduces human intervention for designing heuristics and hard coded rules for developing bug detectors.

Future works

- Comparison with static type tools.
- Further research can be done by using other Deep Learning models like CNN, LSTM, RNN which works very efficiently for Natural Language processing tasks.
- Implementing other types of name-based bugs like incorrect assignment, missing arguments to functions call.

