

Demonstrations

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Load functions

```
ff <- list.files(pattern = '\\\\.R$')
for(i in ff) source(i)
```

aggregate2

A wrapper for `aggregate` that accepts multiple functions and simpler arguments. Does not accept formula notation.

Example from `aggregate` help file:

```
aggregate(breaks ~ wool + tension, data = warpbreaks, mean)
```

```
##   wool tension  breaks
## 1    A      L 44.55556
## 2    B      L 28.22222
## 3    A      M 24.00000
## 4    B      M 28.77778
## 5    A      H 24.55556
## 6    B      H 18.77778
```

To include `sd` and `n`, use `aggregate2`:

```
aggregate2(warpbreaks, x = 'breaks', by = c('wool', 'tension'),
           FUN = list(mean = mean, sd = sd, n = length))
```

```
##   wool tension breaks.mean breaks.sd breaks.n
## 1    A      L  44.55556 18.097729         9
## 2    B      L  28.22222  9.858724         9
## 3    A      M  24.00000  8.660254         9
## 4    B      M  28.77778  9.431036         9
## 5    A      H  24.55556 10.272671         9
## 6    B      H  18.77778  4.893306         9
```

Accepts multiple variables (as in `aggregate`).

dfcombos

Something like `expand.grid` for data frames.

dfsumm

Generate a data frame summary more detailed and compact than `summary` output.

```
dfsumm(attenu)
```

```
##
## 182 rows and 5 columns
## 182 unique rows
##           event      mag station      dist      accel
## Class           numeric numeric  factor numeric numeric
## Minimum           1         5    1008      0.5     0.003
## Maximum          23        7.7    c266      370     0.81
## Mean             14.7       6.08     262     45.6     0.154
## Unique (excl. NA)  23        17     117      153      120
## Missing values      0         0      16       0       0
## Sorted            TRUE      FALSE    FALSE    FALSE    FALSE
##
```

Compare to `summary`.

```
summary(attenu)
```

```
##           event      mag      station      dist
## Min.   : 1.00   Min.   :5.000   117   : 5   Min.   : 0.50
## 1st Qu.: 9.00   1st Qu.:5.300   1028  : 4   1st Qu.: 11.32
## Median :18.00   Median :6.100   113   : 4   Median : 23.40
## Mean   :14.74   Mean   :6.084   112   : 3   Mean   : 45.60
## 3rd Qu.:20.00   3rd Qu.:6.600   135   : 3   3rd Qu.: 47.55
## Max.   :23.00   Max.   :7.700   (Other):147   Max.   :370.00
##                                     NA's   : 16
##           accel
## Min.   :0.00300
## 1st Qu.:0.04425
## Median :0.11300
## Mean   :0.15422
## 3rd Qu.:0.21925
## Max.   :0.81000
##
```

interp

Fill in missing observations for multiple columns via interpolation. `interp` calls `approx`.

```
args(interp)
```

```
## function (dat, x, ys, ...)
## NULL

dat <- data.frame(time = 1:30, a = rnorm(30), b = rnorm(30), c = rnorm(30))
dat[5:10, -1] <- NA
dat[20:22, 'a'] <- NA

dat

##      time      a      b      c
```

```
## 1      1 -0.658322571 -0.24070080  0.82282002
## 2      2  0.985199923 -2.21241540  0.39210169
## 3      3  0.442369634  0.65035686 -1.10430110
## 4      4  0.583489374 -2.61997746 -1.36512002
## 5      5           NA           NA           NA
## 6      6           NA           NA           NA
## 7      7           NA           NA           NA
## 8      8           NA           NA           NA
## 9      9           NA           NA           NA
## 10     10          NA           NA           NA
## 11     11 -0.348785408  0.84713689 -0.11743105
## 12     12 -0.536996083 -0.88099528  0.26263513
## 13     13 -0.007889072  0.59540020 -1.41427977
## 14     14  1.286765802  0.38394401 -0.95988356
## 15     15  0.158508059  0.09446546  0.10420799
## 16     16  0.272114543  0.04283546 -0.91642135
## 17     17 -0.380748167  0.68755413 -0.46927474
## 18     18  1.091602060 -1.71390421  0.52764192
## 19     19  2.619139535  2.02139824  1.01120909
## 20     20           NA  1.33025670  1.12288656
## 21     21           NA -1.24454810 -1.23241721
## 22     22           NA -2.27575187  1.98796992
## 23     23 -0.101694013  0.09513275 -1.38358983
## 24     24 -0.095173335 -0.76104368 -1.37941009
## 25     25  1.442112514  0.23558592 -0.74829721
## 26     26 -1.753320237  0.38345219  0.70747081
## 27     27 -0.661725658  1.52225410  0.82989784
## 28     28 -0.221754589 -0.89760176 -0.03546709
## 29     29  0.654125455  1.27112934  1.19604898
## 30     30 -0.349367852 -0.13851745  1.42337658
```

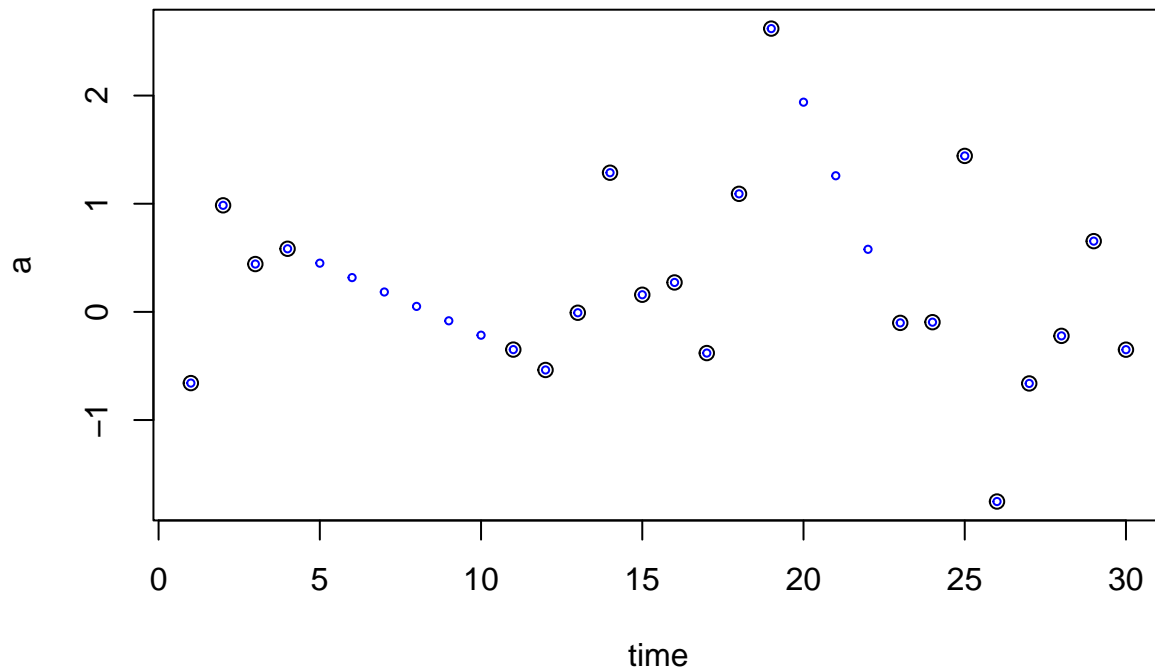
```
dat2 <- interp(dat, 'time', c('a', 'b', 'c'))
```

```
dat2
```

```
##      time      a      b      c
## 1      1 -0.658322571 -0.24070080  0.82282002
## 2      2  0.985199923 -2.21241540  0.39210169
## 3      3  0.442369634  0.65035686 -1.10430110
## 4      4  0.583489374 -2.61997746 -1.36512002
## 5      5  0.450307262 -2.12467541 -1.18687874
## 6      6  0.317125151 -1.62937336 -1.00863746
## 7      7  0.183943039 -1.13407131 -0.83039617
## 8      8  0.050760927 -0.63876926 -0.65215489
## 9      9 -0.082421184 -0.14346721 -0.47391361
## 10     10 -0.215603296  0.35183484 -0.29567233
## 11     11 -0.348785408  0.84713689 -0.11743105
## 12     12 -0.536996083 -0.88099528  0.26263513
## 13     13 -0.007889072  0.59540020 -1.41427977
## 14     14  1.286765802  0.38394401 -0.95988356
## 15     15  0.158508059  0.09446546  0.10420799
## 16     16  0.272114543  0.04283546 -0.91642135
## 17     17 -0.380748167  0.68755413 -0.46927474
## 18     18  1.091602060 -1.71390421  0.52764192
## 19     19  2.619139535  2.02139824  1.01120909
```

```
## 20 20 1.938931148 1.33025670 1.12288656
## 21 21 1.258722761 -1.24454810 -1.23241721
## 22 22 0.578514374 -2.27575187 1.98796992
## 23 23 -0.101694013 0.09513275 -1.38358983
## 24 24 -0.095173335 -0.76104368 -1.37941009
## 25 25 1.442112514 0.23558592 -0.74829721
## 26 26 -1.753320237 0.38345219 0.70747081
## 27 27 -0.661725658 1.52225410 0.82989784
## 28 28 -0.221754589 -0.89760176 -0.03546709
## 29 29 0.654125455 1.27112934 1.19604898
## 30 30 -0.349367852 -0.13851745 1.42337658
```

```
plot(a ~ time, data = dat)
points(a ~ time, data = dat2, cex = 0.5, col = 'blue')
```



logaxis

Add log axis to base R plots.

logistic

The logistic function for transformations.

rbindf

Like `rbind` but data frame columns do not need to match. From `monitoR` package.

rounddf

Round complete data frames.

```
dat <- data.frame(a = 1:10, b = rnorm(10), c = letters[1:10])
dat
```

```
##      a          b c
## 1    1 -0.77188694 a
## 2    2  1.86589618 b
## 3    3 -0.50631729 c
## 4    4 -0.45417784 d
## 5    5  0.23283768 e
## 6    6 -0.05495233 f
## 7    7  1.25037829 g
## 8    8 -0.24655178 h
## 9    9  0.76134226 i
## 10  10 -0.03272690 j
```

```
rounddf(dat)
```

```
##      a      b c
## 1    1 -0.77 a
## 2    2  1.87 b
## 3    3 -0.51 c
## 4    4 -0.45 d
## 5    5  0.23 e
## 6    6 -0.05 f
## 7    7  1.25 g
## 8    8 -0.25 h
## 9    9  0.76 i
## 10  10 -0.03 j
```

```
rounddf(dat, digits = c(0, 4))
```

```
## Warning in rounddf(dat, digits = c(0, 4)): First value in digits repeated to
## match length.
```

```
##      a          b c
## 1    1 -0.7719 a
## 2    2  1.8659 b
## 3    3 -0.5063 c
## 4    4 -0.4542 d
## 5    5  0.2328 e
## 6    6 -0.0550 f
## 7    7  1.2504 g
## 8    8 -0.2466 h
## 9    9  0.7613 i
## 10  10 -0.0327 j
```

```
rounddf(dat, digits = c(0, 4), func = signif)
```

```
## Warning in rounddf(dat, digits = c(0, 4), func = signif): First value in digits
## repeated to match length.
```

```
##      a          b c
## 1    1 -0.77190 a
## 2    2  1.86600 b
```

```
## 3 3 -0.50630 c
## 4 4 -0.45420 d
## 5 5 0.23280 e
## 6 6 -0.05495 f
## 7 7 1.25000 g
## 8 8 -0.24660 h
## 9 9 0.76130 i
## 10 10 -0.03273 j
```

```
rounddf(dat, digits = c(2, 2), func = signif)
```

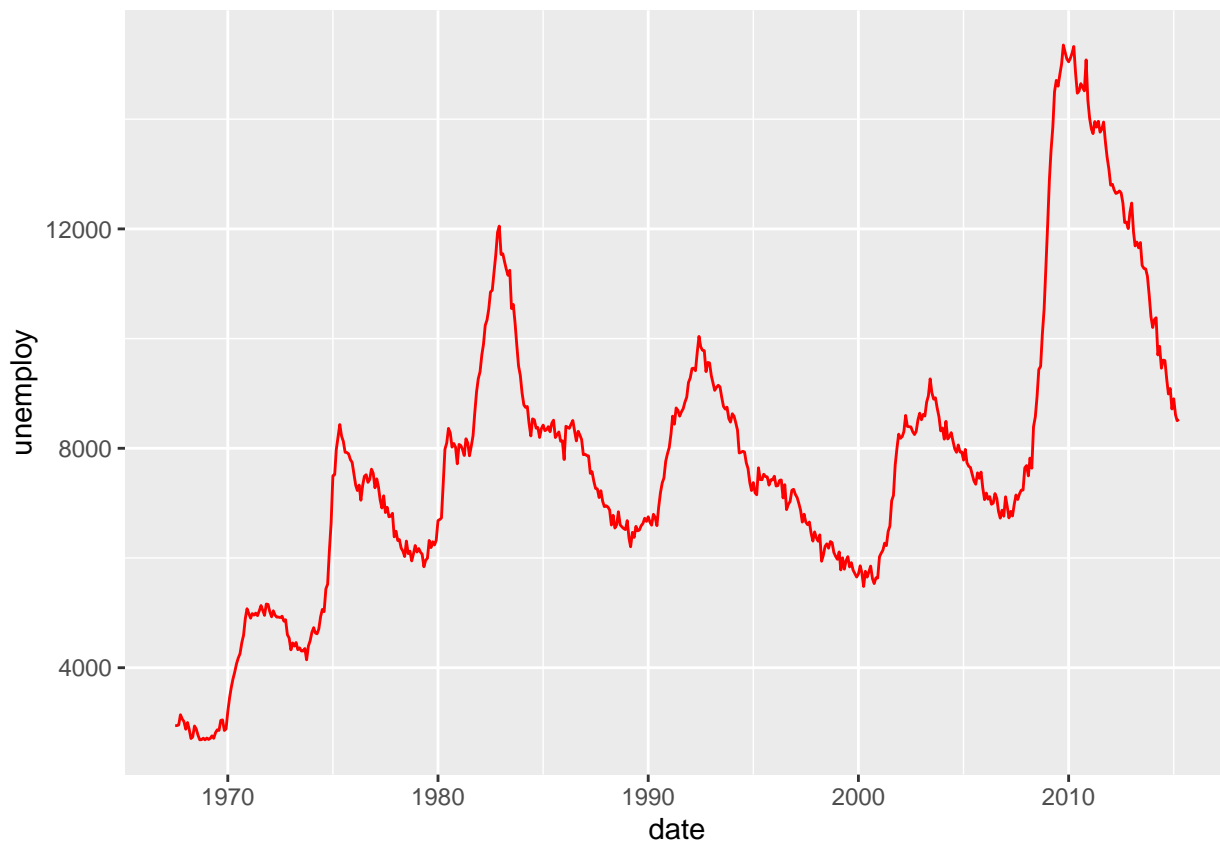
```
## Warning in rounddf(dat, digits = c(2, 2), func = signif): First value in digits
## repeated to match length.
```

```
##      a      b c
## 1 1 -0.770 a
## 2 2 1.900 b
## 3 3 -0.510 c
## 4 4 -0.450 d
## 5 5 0.230 e
## 6 6 -0.055 f
## 7 7 1.300 g
## 8 8 -0.250 h
## 9 9 0.760 i
## 10 10 -0.033 j
```

ggsave2x

Save a ggplot2 figure in one than one format.

```
ggplot(economics, aes(date, unemploy)) +
  geom_line(colour = "red")
```



```
ggsave2x('economics', width = 5, height = 5)
```

Saves png and pdf by default, add more with **type** argument. Use ... optional arguments for more flexibility.