Triggers and Transactions

Database Programmability

SoftUni Team
Technical Trainers







Software University

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Questions







Transactions

Definition, Usage, ACID Model

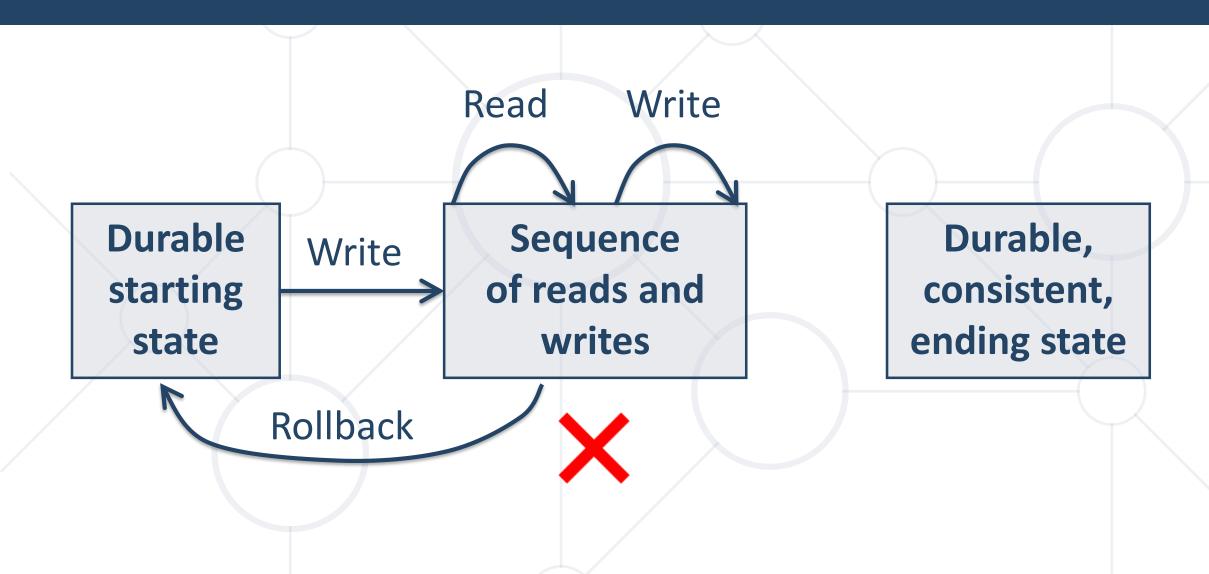
Transactions



- A Transaction is a sequence of actions (database operations) executed as a whole:
 - Either all of them complete successfully or none of them do
- Examples:
 - A bank transfer from one account into another (withdrawal + deposit)
 - If either the withdrawal or the deposit fails the whole operation is cancelled

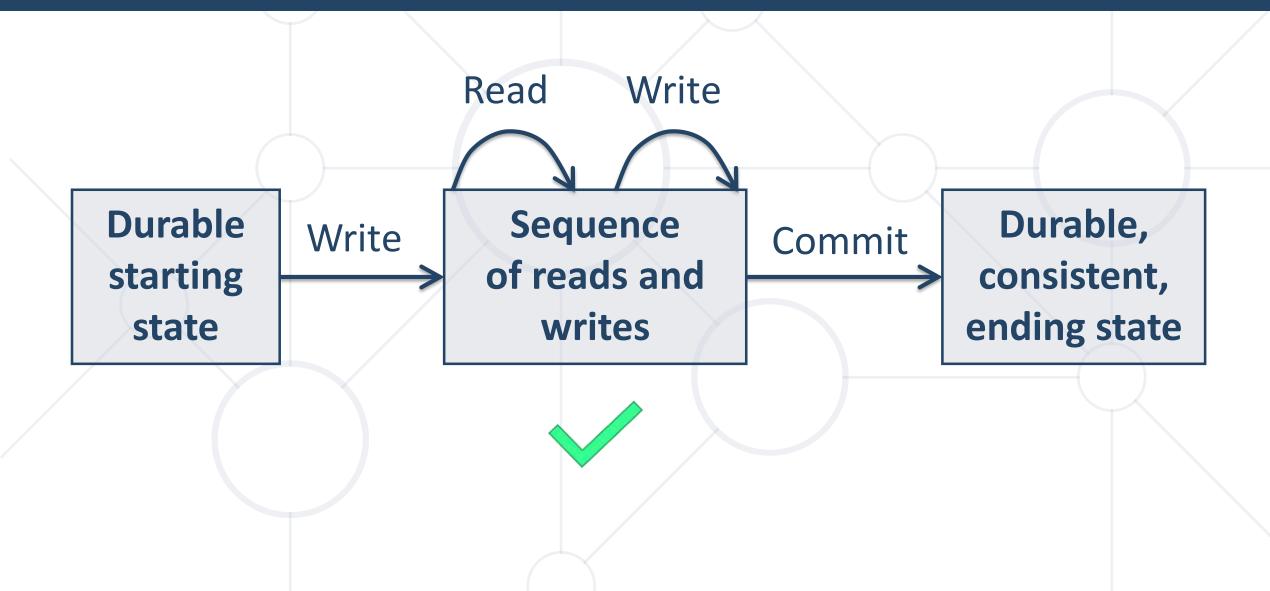
Transactions: Lifecycle (Rollback)





Transactions: Lifecycle (Commit)





Transactions Behavior



- Transactions guarantee the consistency and the integrity of the database
 - All changes in a transaction are temporary
 - Changes are persisted when a COMMIT is executed
 - At any time, all changes can be canceled by ROLLBACK
- All changes are persisted at once
 - As long as COMMIT is called

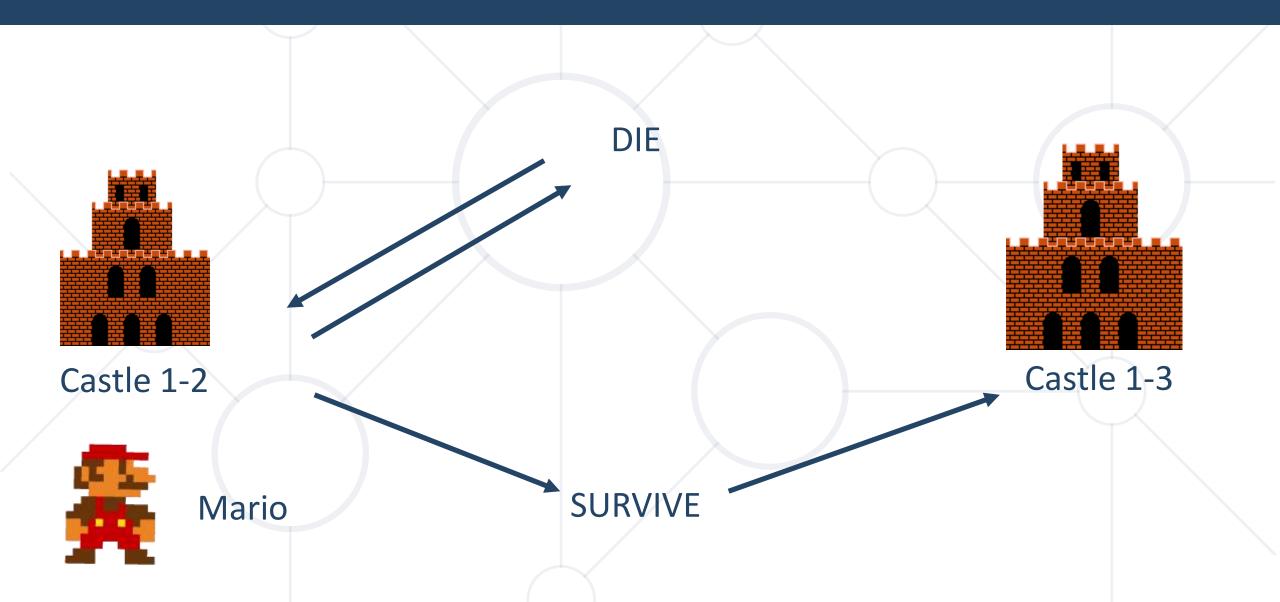
Transactions: What Can Go Wrong?



- Some actions fail to complete
 - The application software or database server crashes
 - The user cancels the action while it's in progress
- Interference from another transaction
 - What happens if several transfers run for the same account at the same time?

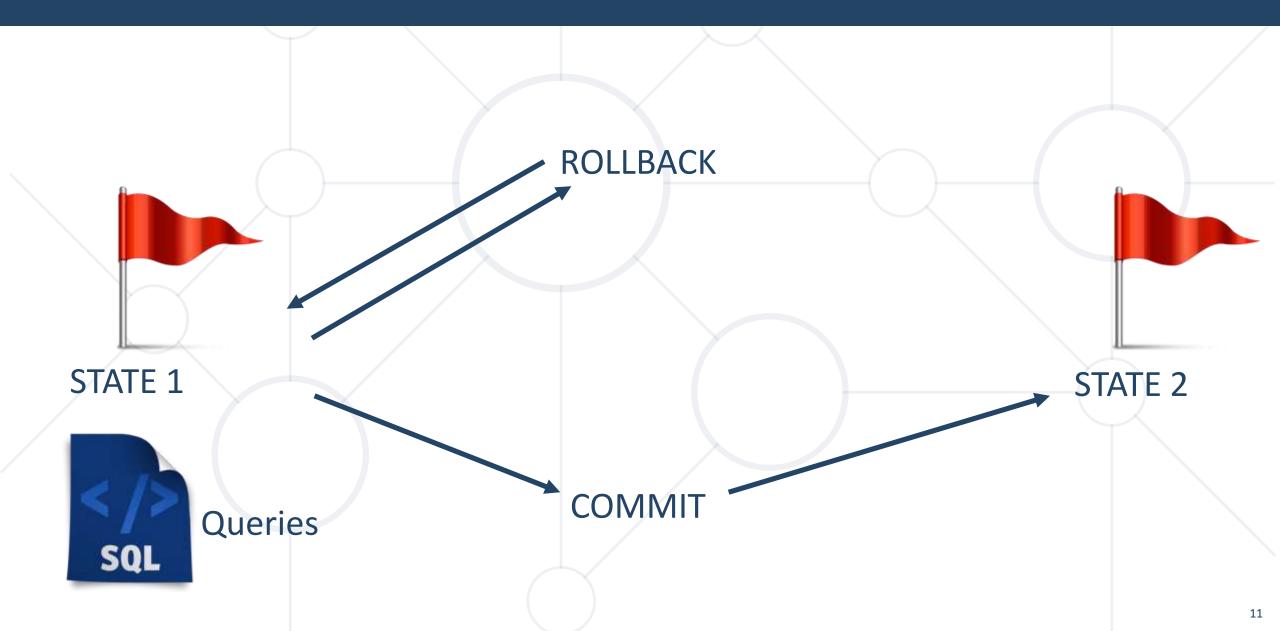
Checkpoints in Games





What Are Transactions?

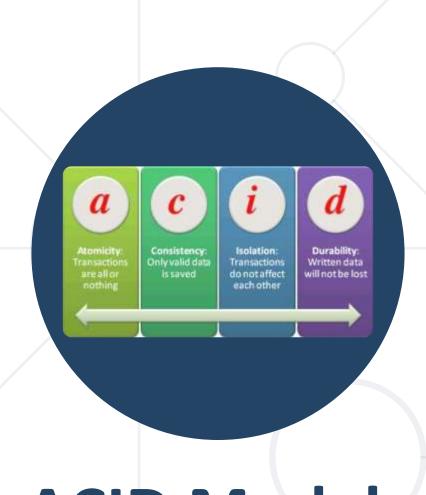




Transactions Syntax



```
CREATE PROC usp_Withdraw (@withdrawAmount DECIMAL(18,2), @accountId
INT)
                     Start Transaction
AS
                                                   Withdraw Money
BEGIN TRANSACTION
UPDATE Accounts SET Balance = Balance - @withdrawAmount
WHERE Id = @accountId
IF @@ROWCOUNT <> 1 -- Didn't affect exactly one row
BEGIN
                    Undo Changes
  THROW 50001, 'Invalid account!', 1
  RETURN
            Save Changes
END
```



ACID Models

Solving Problems Before They Arise

Transaction Properties



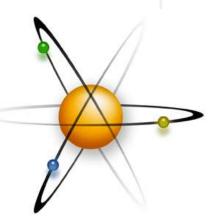
- Modern DBMS servers have built-in transaction support
 - Implement "ACID" transactions
 - MS SQL Server, Oracle, MySQL, PostgreSQL, etc.
- ACID means:
 - Atomicity
 - Consistency
 - Isolation
 - Durability



Atomicity



- Atomicity means that
 - Transactions execute as a whole
 - DBMS guarantees that either all of the operations are performed or none of them



- Example: Transferring funds between bank accounts
 - Either withdraw + deposit both succeed, or none of them do
 - In case of failure, the database stays unchanged

Consistency



- Consistency means that
 - The database has a legal state in both the transaction's beginning and its end
 - Only valid data will be written to the DB
 - Transaction cannot break the rules of the database
 - Primary keys, foreign keys, check constraints, data types...
- Consistency example:
 - Transaction cannot end with a duplicate primary key in a table

Isolation

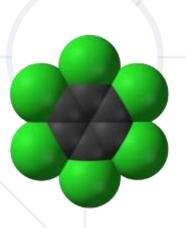


- Isolation means that
 - Multiple transactions running at the same time do not impact each other's execution
 - Transactions don't see other transactions' uncommitted changes
 - Isolation level defines how deep transactions isolate from one another
- Isolation example:
 - If two or more people try to buy the last copy of a product, only one of them will succeed

Durability



- Durability means that:
 - If a transaction is committed it becomes persistent
 - Cannot be lost or undone
 - Ensured by the use of database transaction logs
- Durability example:
 - After funds are transferred and committed, the power supply at the DB server is lost
 - Transaction stays persistent (no data is lost)





What Are Triggers?

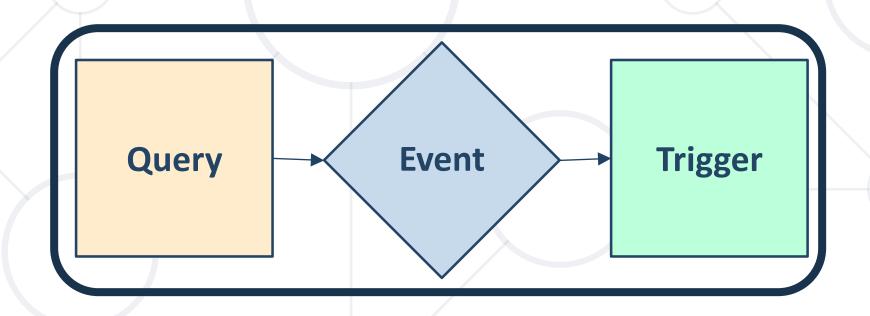


- Triggers are very much like stored procedures
 - Called in case of a specific event
- We do not call triggers explicitly
 - Triggers are attached to a table
 - Triggers are fired when a certain SQL statement is executed against the contents of the table
 - Syntax:
 - AFTER INSERT/UPDATE/DELETE
 - INSTEAD OF INSERT/UPDATE/DELETE

AFTER Trigger



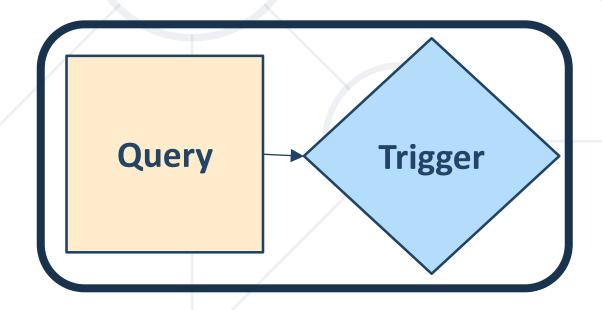
AFTER Trigger is executed right after an event is fired



INSTEAD OF Trigger



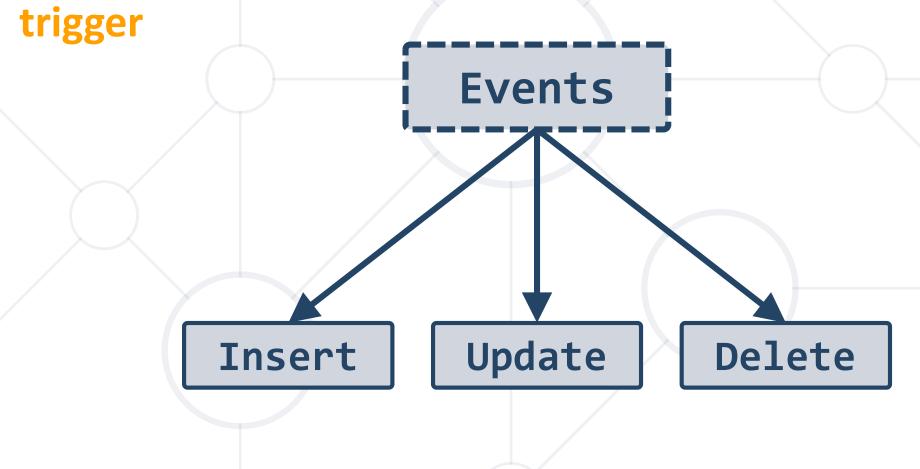
- INSTEAD OF Trigger completely replaces an event action from happening
 - You can apply totally different logic



Events



There are three different events that can be applied within a



AFTER Triggers



Defined by the keyword FOR

```
CREATE TRIGGER tr_AddToLogsOnAccountUpdate
ON Accounts FOR UPDATE
AS
   INSERT INTO Logs(AccountId, OldAmount, NewAmount, UpdatedOn)
   SELECT i.Id, d.Balance, i.Balance, GETDATE()
   FROM inserted AS i
   JOIN deleted AS d ON i.Id = d.Id
   WHERE i.Balance != d.Balance
GO
```

INSTEAD OF Triggers



Defined by using INSTEAD OF

```
CREATE OR ALTER TRIGGER tr_SetIsDeletedOnDelete
ON AccountHolders
INSTEAD OF DELETE
AS
UPDATE AccountHolders SET IsDeleted = 1
WHERE Id IN (SELECT Id FROM deleted)
GO
```



Database Security

Fixed Server Roles, Fixed Database Roles

Database Security: SQL Server



- SQL Server has two layers of database security
 - Fixed Server Roles
 - sysadmin, bulkadmin, dbcreator, securityadmin
 - Fixed Database Roles
 - db_owner, db_securityadmin, db_accessadmin
 - db_backupoperator, db_ddladmin
 - db_datareader/db_datawriter

Custom Roles



- SQL Server lets us create custom roles
 - Collection of privileges (permissions)
- Fine control over permissions
 - Can use one role for multiple users (groups)
- Makes auditing operations easier



Summary



- Transactions give our operations stability
 - Operation Integrity
 - Solving the concurrent operation problem
 - The ACID model is implemented in most RDBMS
- Triggers apply a given behavior when a condition is hit
 - Gives us temporary INSERTED and DELETED tables
- Security in SQL Server can be finely controlled
 - Using fixed server roles and fixed database roles
- Custom roles control permissions even more finely





Questions?

















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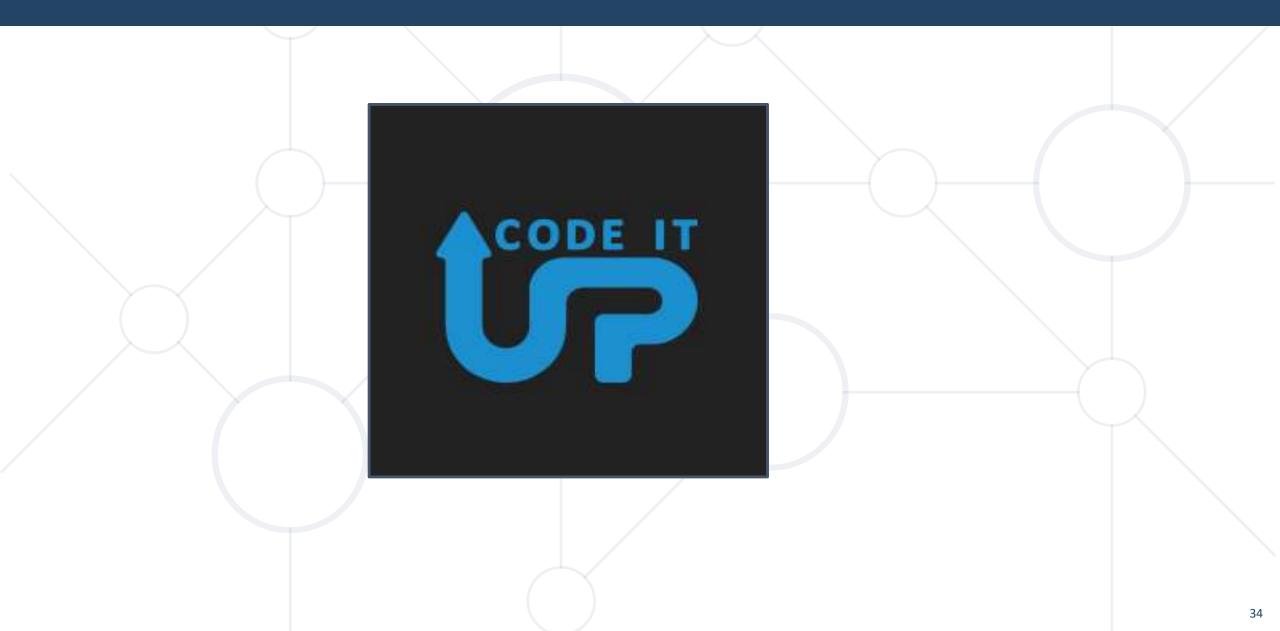






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