

Имена: Явор Йорданов Чамов

Специалност: СИТ

Фак. номер: 21621577

зад 1. и започната зад.2

зад 1

$$A \cdot B' - 3C = ?$$

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 4 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \quad B = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 2 & 4 \\ 1 & 3 & 5 \end{pmatrix} \quad C = \begin{pmatrix} 10 \\ 25 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$B' = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 2 & 3 \\ 4 & 5 \end{pmatrix} \quad 3C = \begin{pmatrix} 30 \\ 75 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$A \cdot B' = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 4 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \cdot \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 2 & 3 \\ 4 & 5 \end{pmatrix} =$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} 1 \cdot 0 + 2 \cdot 2 + 3 \cdot 4 & 1 \cdot 1 + 2 \cdot 3 + 3 \cdot 5 \\ 4 \cdot 0 + 0 \cdot 2 + 1 \cdot 4 & 4 \cdot 1 + 0 \cdot 3 + 1 \cdot 5 \end{pmatrix} =$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} 16 & 22 \\ 4 & 9 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$A \cdot B' - 3C = \begin{pmatrix} 16 & 22 \\ 4 & 9 \end{pmatrix} - \begin{pmatrix} 30 \\ 75 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} -14 & 22 \\ -66 & 9 \end{pmatrix}$$

зад 2

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ -3 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 2 \end{pmatrix} \quad A^{-1} = ?$$

продължение на зад 2.

$$\det A = \begin{vmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ -3 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 2 \end{vmatrix} = -2(-3)(1) = 6 \neq 0$$

$$A_{11} = \begin{vmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 \end{vmatrix} = 0$$

$$A_{21} = \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 \end{vmatrix} = 2$$

$$A_{12} = - \begin{vmatrix} -3 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 \end{vmatrix} = 6$$

$$A_{22} = 0$$

$$A_{13} = \begin{vmatrix} -3 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{vmatrix} = 0$$

$$A_{23} = 0$$

$$A_{31} = 0$$

$$A_{31} = 0$$

$$A_{32} = 0$$

$$A_{33} = \begin{vmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ -3 & 0 \end{vmatrix} = 3$$

$$A^{-1} = \frac{1}{6} \begin{pmatrix} 0 & -2 & 0 \\ 6 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ -3 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 2 \end{pmatrix} X = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & -3 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$X = A^{-1} \cdot B$$

$$X = \frac{1}{6} \begin{pmatrix} 0 & -2 & 0 \\ 6 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 3 \end{pmatrix} \cdot \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & -3 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$X = \frac{1}{6} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & -3 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 0 & -2 & 0 \\ 6 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$$

завършена зад.2 и започната зад.3

$$X = \frac{1}{6} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & -3 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 0 & -2 & 0 \\ 6 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$X = \frac{1}{6} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \cdot 0 + 2 \cdot 6 + (-3) \cdot 0 & 1 \cdot (-2) + 2 \cdot 0 + (-3) \cdot 0 & 1 \cdot 0 + 2 \cdot 0 + (-3) \cdot 3 \end{pmatrix}$$
$$= \frac{1}{6} \begin{pmatrix} 12 & -2 & -9 \end{pmatrix}$$

заг 3

$$\begin{cases} x_1 + x_2 + 2x_3 = -1 \\ 2x_1 - x_2 + 2x_3 = -4 \\ 4x_1 + x_2 + x_3 = -1 \end{cases}$$

$$\bar{A} = \left(\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 1 & 2 & -1 \\ 2 & -1 & 2 & -4 \\ 4 & 1 & 1 & -1 \end{array} \right) \xrightarrow{\begin{matrix} (-2) \quad (-4) \\ (-4) \end{matrix}} \sim$$

$$\sim \left(\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 1 & 2 & -1 \\ 0 & -3 & -2 & -2 \\ 0 & -3 & -7 & 3 \end{array} \right) \xrightarrow{(-1)} \sim$$

$$\sim \left(\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 1 & 2 & -1 \\ 0 & -3 & -2 & -2 \\ 0 & 0 & -5 & 5 \end{array} \right)$$

$$rA = r\bar{A} = 3 \Rightarrow \text{има решение}$$

завършена зад.3 и започната зад.4

$$\begin{cases} x_1 + x_2 + 2x_3 = -1 \\ -3x_2 - 2x_3 = -2 \\ -5x_3 = 5 \end{cases}$$

$$x_3 = -1$$

$$-3x_2 + 2 = -2$$

$$-3x_2 = -4$$

$$x_2 = \frac{4}{3}$$

$$x_1 + \frac{4}{3} - 2 = -1$$

$$3x_1 + 4 - 6 = -3$$

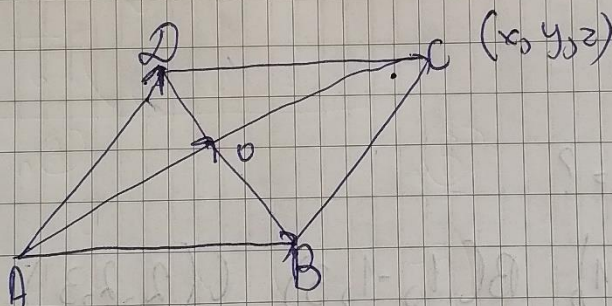
$$3x_1 - 2 = -3$$

$$3x_1 = -1$$

$$x_1 = -\frac{1}{3}$$

Оми. ~~(1, 1, 1)~~
заг.4

$$\text{Оми. } \left(-\frac{1}{3}, \frac{4}{3}, -1\right)$$



$$A(-2, 1, 3) \quad B(5, -1, 3) \quad D(4, 3, 0)$$

Скоординатизираме ли? Окоординатизираме ли?

$$\vec{AB} (7, -2, 0) \quad \vec{AD} (6, 2, -3)$$

$$\vec{AC} = \vec{AD} + \vec{AB}$$

$$x = 7 + 6 = 13$$

$$y = -2 + 2 = 0$$

$$z = 0 - 3 = -3$$

$$\vec{AC} (13, 0, -3)$$

$$x + 2 = 13$$

$$x = 11$$

$$y - 1 = 0$$

$$y = 1$$

$$z - 3 = -3$$

$$z = 0$$

завършена зад.4 и започната зад.5

$$C(11, 1, 0)$$

$$\vec{AO} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 13 \end{pmatrix} \quad \vec{AC} = \begin{pmatrix} 10 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

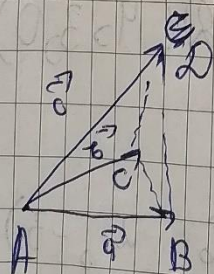
$$O \left(\frac{x_B + x_D}{2}, \frac{y_B + y_D}{2}, \frac{z_B + z_D}{2} \right)$$

$$O \left(\frac{9}{2}, 1, \frac{3}{2} \right)$$

заг 5

$V_{\text{тетра ABCD}} = ?$

$$A(1, 3, 1) \quad B(1, -1, 3) \quad C(2, 2, 3) \quad D(1, 1, 0)$$



$$V = \frac{1}{6} \left| \begin{pmatrix} \vec{a} & \vec{b} & \vec{c} \end{pmatrix} \right|$$

$$\vec{AB} = (0, -4, 2)$$

$$\vec{AC} = (1, -1, 2)$$

$$\vec{AD} = (0, -2, -1)$$

завършена зад.5

$$\vec{a} \cdot \vec{b} \cdot \vec{c} = \begin{vmatrix} 0 & -4 & 2 \\ 1 & -1 & 2 \\ 0 & 2 & -1 \end{vmatrix} \begin{vmatrix} 0 & -4 \\ 1 & -1 \\ 0 & 2 \end{vmatrix} =$$

$$= 2 \cdot (1) \cdot (-2) - (-1)(1)(-4) = -4 - 4 = -8$$

$$V_{ABCO} = \frac{1}{6} \cdot 8 = \frac{4}{3}$$

$$V = \frac{1}{3} S_{ABC} h_D$$

$$S_{ABC} = \frac{1}{2} |\vec{AB} \times \vec{AC}|$$

$$\vec{AB} \times \vec{AC} = \begin{vmatrix} \vec{i} & \vec{j} & \vec{k} \\ 0 & -4 & 2 \\ 1 & -1 & 2 \end{vmatrix} \begin{vmatrix} \vec{i} & \vec{j} \\ 0 & -4 \\ 1 & -1 \end{vmatrix} =$$

$$= -8\vec{i} + 2\vec{j} + 4\vec{k} + 2\vec{i} =$$

$$= -6\vec{i} + 2\vec{j} + 4\vec{k}$$

$$|\vec{AB} \times \vec{AC}| = \sqrt{56} = 2\sqrt{14}$$

$$S_{ABC} = \frac{1}{2} 2\sqrt{14} = \sqrt{14}$$

$$\frac{4}{3} = \frac{1}{3} \sqrt{14} \cdot h_D \quad \frac{4}{3} = \frac{\sqrt{14}}{3} h_D \quad \sqrt{14} h_D = 4$$

$$h_D = \frac{2\sqrt{14}}{7}$$

$$h_D = \frac{4}{\sqrt{14}} = \frac{4\sqrt{14}}{14}$$