Chapel Quick Reference Page 1

Quick Start

How to write a one-line "hello, world" program

```
1. Create the file hello.chpl:
    writeln("hello, world");
2. Compile and run it:
    > chpl hello.chpl
    > ./a.out
    hello, world
    >
```

Comments

```
// single-line comment
/* multi-line
   comment */
```

Primitive Types

Туре	Default size	Other sizes	Default init
bool	impl. dep.	8, 16, 32, 64	false
int	32	8, 16, 64	0
uint	32	8, 16, 64	0
real	64	32, 128	0.0
imag	64	32, 128	0.0i
complex	128	64, 256	0.0+0.0i
string	variable		\\ //

Variables, Constants and Configuration

```
var x: real = 3.14; variable of type real set to 3.14
var isSet: bool; variable of type bool set to false
var z = -2.0i; variable of type imag set to -2.0i
const epsilon: real = 0.01; runtime constant
param debug: bool = false; compile-time constant
config const n: int = 100; >./a.out--n=4
config param d: int = 4; > chpl -sd=3 x.chpl
```

Modules

Expression Precedence and Associativity*

	TT
Operators	Uses
. () []	member access, call and index
:	cast
** (right)	exponentiation
reduce scan	reduction, scan
! ~ (right)	logical and bitwise negation
* / %	multiplication, division, modulus
unary + - (right)	positive identity, negation
+ -	addition, subtraction
<< >>	shift left, shift right
<= >= < >	ordered comparison
== !=	equality comparison
&	bitwise/logical and
^	bitwise/logical xor
1	bitwise/logical or
8.8	short-circuiting logical and
11	short-circuiting logical or
• •	range construction
in	loop expression
by #	range/domain stride and count
if	conditional expression
forall [parallel iterator expression
for	serial iterator expression
,	comma separated expression

^{*}Left-associative except where indicated

Casts and coercions

```
var i: int = 2.0:int; cast real to int
var x: real = 2; coerce int to real
```

Conditional and Loop Expressions

```
var half = if i%2 then i/2+1 else i/2;
writeln(for i in 1..n do i**2);
```

Assignment and Swap

Statements

```
if cond then stmt1(); else stmt2();
if cond { stmt1(); } else { stmt2(); }
select expr {
  when equiv1 do stmt1();
  when equiv2 { stmt2(); }
  otherwise stmt3();
type select actual {
  when type1 do stmt1();
  when type2 { stmt2(); }
  otherwise stmt3();
while condition { ... }
while condition do ...;
do { ... } while condition;
for index in aggregate { ... }
for index in aggregate do ...;
label outer for ...
break; or break outer;
continue; or continue outer;
```

Functions

```
def bar(r: real, i: imag): complex {
  var c: complex = r + i;
  return c;
}
def foo(i) return i**2 + i + 1;
```

Formal Argument Intents

Intent	Semantics
in	copied in
out	copied out
inout	copied in and out
blank	formal arguments are constant except arrays,
	domains, syncs are passed by reference

Named Formal Arguments

```
def foo(arg1: int, arg2: real) { ... }
foo(arg2=3.14, arg1=2);

Default Values for Formal Arguments
def foo(arg1: int, arg2: real = 3.14);
foo(2);
```

Records

```
record Point {
    var x, y: real;
}
var p: Point;
writeln(sqrt(p.x**2+p.y**2)); field accesses
p = new Point(1.0, 1.0); assignment
```

Classes

```
class Circle {
                                 class definition
                                 declaring fields
  var p: Point;
  var r: real;
                                 class construction
var c = new Circle(r=2.0);
                                  method definition
def Circle.area()
  return 3.14159*r**2;
writeln(c.area());
                                 method call
class Oval: Circle {
                                  inheritance
  var r2: real;
def Oval.area()
                                  method override
  return 3.14159*r*r2;
                                 free memory
delete c;
c = new Oval(r=1.0, r2=2.0); polymorphism
writeln(c.area());
                                 dynamic dispatch
```

Unions

```
union U {
    var i: int;
    var r: real;
}
```

Tuples

```
var pair: (string, real); heterogeneous tuple
var coord: 2*int; homogeneous tuple
pair = ("one", 2.0); tuple assignment
(s, r) = pair; destructuring
coord(2) = 1; tuple indexing
```

Enumerated Types

```
enum day {sun,mon,tue,wed,thu,fri,sat};
var today: day = day.fri;
```

Ranges

```
var every: range = 1..n; range definition
var everyOther = every by 2; strided range
var R = 0..#count; counted range
var FiveBy2 = 0.. by 2 # 5; 0, 2, 4, 6, 8
```

Domains and Arrays

```
var D: domain(1) = [1..n]; arithmetic domain
var A: [D] real; arithmetic array
var Set: domain(int); associative domain
Set += 3; add index to domain
var SD: sparse subdomain(1); sparse domain
```

Data Parallelism

Reductions and Scans

```
var sum = + reduce A; 123 \Rightarrow 6

var pre = + scan A; 123 \Rightarrow 136

var ml = minloc reduce (A, A.domain);
```

Iterators

Task Parallelism

```
begin task();
cobegin { task1(); task2(); }
coforall i in aggregate do task(i);
sync { begin task1(); begin task2(); }
serial condition do stmt();
```

Synchronization Examples

```
lock$ = true; lock$ = true;
critical1(); critical2();
lock$; lock$;

2) var data$: sync int;
data$ = produce1(); consume(data$);
data$ = produce2(); consume(data$);

3) var go$: single real;
go$=set(); use1(go$); use2(go$);
```

var lock\$: sync bool;

Locality

```
Built-in Constants:
```

More Information