

System programming
8086

ASSEMBLY LANGUAGE CONNECTION WITH C

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#PRAGMA PREPROCESSOR

- > **#pragma inline** only tells the compiler that source code of program contain **inline** assembly language code .In C we can write assembly language program with help of **asm** keyword.
- > **#pragma warn** directive
 - In c there are many warning messages which can be on or off with help of #pragma warn.

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- > **#pragma warn +xxx**
- > **#pragma warn -xxx**
- > **#pragma warn .xxx**
- > Where
 - + means on
 - - means off
 - . means on/off (toggle)
- > **xxx** is indicate particular warning code in the alphabet

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- > **rvi** is warning code which means function should **return** a value.
 - **#pragma warn -rvi**
 - Int main()


```
{
    Printf("It will not show any warning message");
}
```
- > **Output: It will not show any warning message**
 - When you will execute the above program then compiler will not show the warning message function should **return** a value because rvi warning is off.

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```

#include<stdio.h>
#include<conio.h>
#pragma inline
main()
{
    char *msg="hello evrybody$";

    clrscr();
    asm mov dl,msg
    asm mov ah,9
    asm int 21h
    printf("\n\nASSEMBLY\n");

    printf("\n\n");
    getch();
    return 0;
}

```

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```

#include<stdio.h>
#include<conio.h>
#pragma inline
void printCharacter(char a,char b)
{
    _asm {
        mov ah, 02h
        mov dx,0
        mov dl,a
        int 21h
        mov dl,b
        int 21h
    }
}

main()
{
    clrscr();
    printCharacter('J','U');
    printf("\n\n");
    getch();
    return 0;
}

```

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PASSING LONG NUMBER I

```

Main()
{
    long number=0xaaaabbbb;
    My_func(number);
    return (0);
}

My_func (long a)
{
    int  ahigh,alow;
    alow=(int) a;
    ahigh= (int) a>> 16;
}

```

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RETURNING VALUES FROM FUNCTIONS

Returning type	Register use
Char	AL
Short	AL
Int	AX
Long int	DX:AX(high word in DX)
Float	AX=address(dx:ax for far)
Double	AX=address(DX:AX for far)
Struct	AX=address(DX:AX for far)
Near pointer	AX
Far pointer	DX:AX

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```

Main()
{
    float val=10.5;
}

```

- In exe file the internal storage is 41,28,0000h
- Question is why?
 - ❑ $10.5 = 1 \cdot 2^3 + 1 \cdot 2^1 + 1 \cdot 2^{-1} = 1010.1$
 - ❑ Normalized form of that (binary point near the beginning)
 - $1.0101 \cdot 2^3$

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- **significant digits \times base^{exponent}**
- **All exponent are stored after being added to some offset or bias.**
 - ❑ This is because under c floating point format leading 1 is implicit
 - ❑ For a float this bias is 7Fh or 127
 - ❑ For a double this number is 3FFh or 1023
 - ❑ For our example:
 - $3 + 127 = 130 = 82h$

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31	30	23	22	0
Sign bit	Exponential (Exponent+Bias)			Significant
0	1000001			010100000000000000000000
	82h			1010B
0100	0001	0010	1000	0000 0000 0000 0000
4	1	2	8	0 0 0 0
In memory it is stored as 00h 00h 28h 41h				
Data format for double				
63	62	52	51	0

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