

B.E. MECHANICAL ENGINEERING 3RD YEAR 2ND SEMESTER , 2018
SUBJECT: Introduction to Finite Element Method for Engineers

Time: Three Hours

Full Marks 100

Answer questions 1a OR 1b (CO1), 2a OR 2b (CO2), 3a OR 3b (CO3) and 4 (CO4)
All questions carry equal marks

Question 1a

State the principle of virtual work

Derive the stiffness matrix and force vector for a bar element (of cross-sectional area, modulus of elasticity and length A , E & l respectively) with an axial distributed load using the principle of virtual work and Galerkin's method. Refer Figure 1.

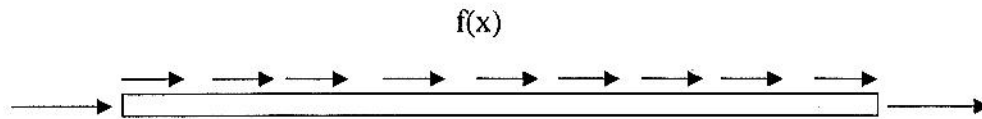


Figure 1

OR**Question 1b**

State the principle of minimization of potential energy

Using this principle derive the expression for stiffness matrix and equivalent nodal forces for a two-dimensional beam element

The shape functions are given below. Only indicate the steps for deriving them.

$$N_1 = \left(1 - \frac{3x^2}{L^2} + \frac{2x^3}{L^3} \right) \quad N_2 = \left(x - \frac{2x^2}{L} + \frac{x^3}{L^2} \right)$$

$$N_3 = \left(\frac{3x^2}{L^2} - \frac{2x^3}{L^3} \right) \quad N_4 = \left(\frac{x^3}{L^2} - \frac{x^2}{L} \right)$$

Show the degrees of freedom of a three-dimensional beam element in a sketch

What is a 3rd point for a three-dimensional beam element?

Question 2a

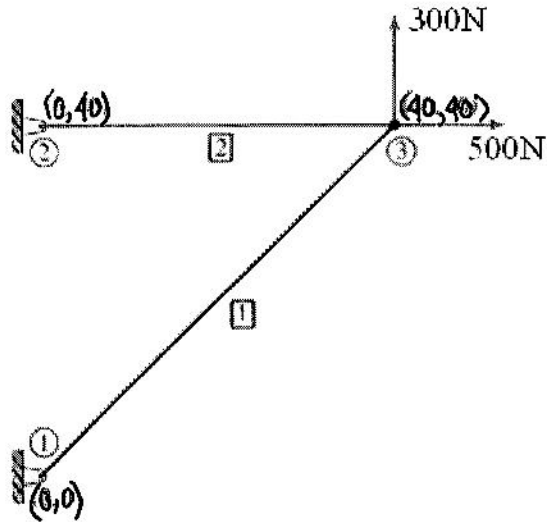


Figure 2a

Consider the truss structure shown in Figure 2a. The coordinates are given in centimeters. The modulus of elasticity and cross-sectional area are $2 \times 10^7 \text{ N/cm}^2$ and 2 cm^2 respectively.

The joint is pinned joint and the supports are hinges

- Find out the displacements at node 3
- Find out the stresses in the elements.

You may use the following relation:-

$$[K^e] = \frac{AE}{l} \begin{bmatrix} c^2 & cs & -c^2 & -cs \\ & s^2 & -cs & -s^2 \\ & & c^2 & cs \\ \text{sym} & & & s^2 \end{bmatrix}$$

OR

Question 2b

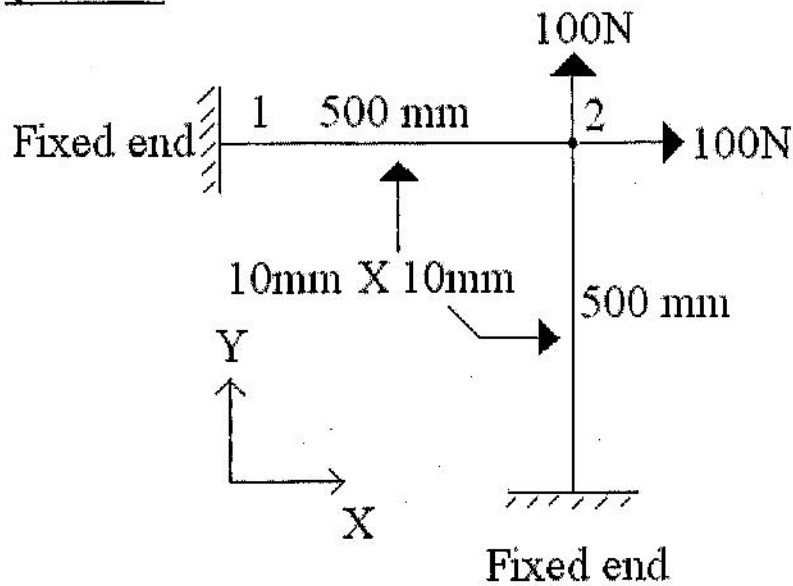


Figure 2b

A two element steel **FRAME** in Figure 2b is subjected to external loading as shown. The joint is a rigid one.

- Compute the element stiffness matrix
- Assemble the element stiffness matrix and form the system stiffness matrix
- Incorporate the boundary conditions using the method of row column deletion
- Indicate how to obtain bending moment within an element

Solution of equations is not required. You may use the following relation

$$k = \frac{E}{L} \times \begin{bmatrix} AC^2 + \frac{12I}{L^2} S^2 & \left(A - \frac{12I}{L^2}\right) CS & -\frac{6I}{L} S & -\left(AC^2 + \frac{12I}{L^2} S^2\right) & -\left(A - \frac{12I}{L^2}\right) CS & -\frac{6I}{L} S \\ AS^2 + \frac{12I}{L^2} C^2 & \frac{6I}{L} C & -\left(A - \frac{12I}{L^2}\right) CS & -\left(AS^2 + \frac{12I}{L^2} C^2\right) & \frac{6I}{L} C & \\ & 4I & \frac{6I}{L} S & -\frac{6I}{L} C & 2I & \\ & & AC^2 + \frac{12I}{L^2} S^2 & \left(A - \frac{12I}{L^2}\right) CS & \frac{6I}{L} S & \\ & & & AS^2 + \frac{12I}{L^2} C^2 & -\frac{6I}{L} C & \\ \text{Symmetry} & & & & & 4I \end{bmatrix}$$

Question 3a

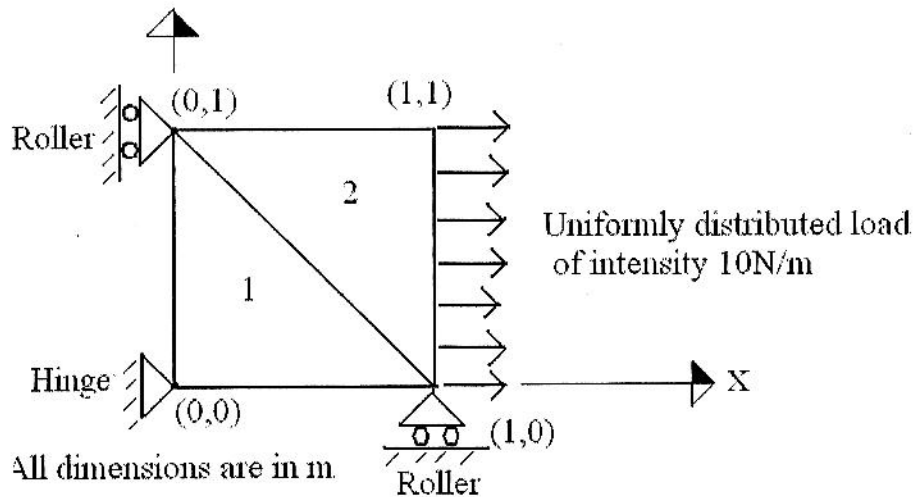


Figure 3

An assembly of two constant-strain triangles is shown in Figure 3. Assume **plane stress** conditions. Take thickness as $t = 0.001m$. **All dimensions are in meters.**

For the sake of calculation take $\frac{E}{1-\mu^2} = 200GPa$ and $\mu = 0.25$

Use the relation $N_i = \frac{1}{2\Delta}(a_i + b_i x + c_i y)$

Where, $a_1 = x_2 y_3 - x_3 y_2$ $b_1 = y_2 - y_3$ $c_1 = x_3 - x_2$

- How many degrees of freedom does this system have after elimination of the boundary conditions?
- Assemble the element stiffness and the force vector only for the effective (free) degrees of freedom. *Solution of equations is not required.*
- Indicate how to compute stress in the elements

OR

Question 3b

- Show that a straight edge in parametric space is mapped into a straight edge in object space for a four-node isoparametric quadrilateral element.
- If the coordinates of a quadrilateral four-node isoparametric element is (0,0), (a,0), (a,b) and (0,b) respectively compute its Jacobian matrix.
- Indicate how do you compute the numerical value of $\frac{\partial N_i}{\partial x}$?
- Evaluate the integral $\int_{-1}^1 \int_{-1}^1 r^3 s^3 dr ds$. Use 2 point and 3 point Gauss quadrature rule. Use the data given in Table 1. Are the results same? Explain your answer.

Table 1.Data for 2 point and 3 point Gauss quadrature rule

Number of points	Locations	Weights
2	$\pm 0.57735 \ 02691 \ 89626$	1.00000 00000 00000
3	$\pm 0.77459 \ 66692 \ 41483$ 0.00000 00000 00000	0.55555 55555 55556 0.88888 88888 88889

Question 4

What are the assumptions in Kirchoff plate bending theory?

What are the moment curvature relations for a Kirchoff plate bending element?

Show the degrees of freedom of a rectangular thin plate bending element in a neat sketch

Describe in details the process of obtaining the finite element equations for a rectangular thin plate bending element

Is this element a compatible one? Explain.