[TURN OVER]

	b)	How can an Input frequency be multiplied by $\pi$ ?			
5.	a)	With the help of a circuit diagram explain the operation of a static MOS memory cell. 12			
	b)	How can the stored information be maintained even when the power is switched off?			
6.	a)	Explain the operation of a D/A converter using buffered weighted resistors.			
	b)	Explain the operation of Bipolan switches used for DAC.			
7.	a)	Explain the operation of a 3 bit ramp type ADC. 12			
	b)	What are its relative merits and demerits ? 4			
	c)	How can the demerit of the above be resolved? 4			
8.	Write notes of on any <i>four</i> of the followings: 5×4				
	a)	RTL'S			
	b)	Tristate gates			
	c)	ECL gates			
	d)	CMOS'S gates			
	e)	E PROM'S			
	f)	DAC for a 3 bit signed number in 1's complement representation.			
	g)	Parallel ADC			
	h)	Sample/Hold circuits.			

## INTER COMP. Sc. & ENGG. EXAMINATION, 2008

(2nd Semester, Old Syllabus)

## **DIGITAL CIRCUITS**

Tin	Time: Three hours Full			
		Answer any <i>five</i> questions.		
1.	a)	With the help of a circuit diagram explain the of an Integrated version of DTL gate.	e operation 12	
	b)	Why does it perform better than the discrete	e version ?	
	c)	What are its disadvantages ?	4	
2.	a)	How can the disadvantages of the DTL gates in TTL gates ?	a resolved	
	b)	Explain the operation of a TTL gate.	12	
3.	a)	Explain the operation of an MOS inverter.	10	
	b)	How can NAND and NOR operations be pe MOS devices ?	rformed by 6	
	c)	Realize $X = \overline{A \cdot B + (C + D)E}$ using a single	MOS gate.	
4.	a)	With the help of a black diagram explain the of a PLL.	of operation 12	