

B. PRODUCTION ENGINEERING EXAMINATION, 2018

(4TH Year 2nd Semester)

ECOLOGY AND ENVIRONMENT

Time: Three hours

Full Marks 100

(Answer all questions)

(4X25=100)

No. Of Questions	QUESTIONS	Marks
Q1.	<p>a) Enumerate the factors to be considered for the preparation of an Environmental Management Planning.</p> <p>b) Mention the reactions responsible for the photolytic cycle of NO_x.</p> <p>c) What are criteria air pollutants and why are they so called?.</p> <p>d) Explain the formation of Photochemical Smog through proper reactions.</p> <p>e) Explain the environmental impact of steel plants.</p>	<p>6</p> <p>4</p> <p>4</p> <p>4</p> <p>7</p>
Q2.	<p>a) Estimate the quantity of Carbon (Gt-C) in the atmosphere corresponding to a concentration of 1ppm_v of CO₂. Hence estimate the increase in atmospheric CO₂ that would result from the complete combustion of the world's entire fossil fuel resource which is estimated as 320 Gt-C. Assume that only 60% of carbon burnt in air remains as CO₂ in the atmosphere. Assume suitable data as required</p> <p>b) The following data on air pollutants has been obtained for an industrial belt on a particular day. Based on the Ministry of Environment And Forests Notification, Govt. of India dated 16th November, 2009, prepare the Air Quality Index for the area and comment on the air quality of the area:</p> <p>i) PM₁₀ Concentration= 250 µg/m³</p> <p>ii) SO₂ Concentration= 120 µg/m³</p>	<p>10</p> <p>07</p>

[Turn over

	<p>iii) NO_2 Concentration = $300 \mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$</p> <p>iv) $\text{PM}_{2.5}$ Concentration = $200 \mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$</p> <p>v) 1 hr O_3 Concentration = $1000 \mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$</p> <p>vi) 1 hr CO Concentration = $6800 \mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$</p> <p>c) A man is working in an abandoned well where the CO concentration is found to be 350ppmv. Make a rough estimate of the saturation value of HbCO in his blood and also calculate the necessary exposure time required for this to develop. The following informations may be used if required:</p> <p>i) Oxygen content of air breathed in = 21% by volume</p> <p>ii) $M=220$</p> <p>iii) Physical Activity Level=3</p>	08
Q3.	<p>Write short notes on any five of the followings:</p> <p>a) Greenhouse effect and global warming</p> <p>b) Acid rain</p> <p>c) Temperature lapse rates</p> <p>d) Energy generation from solid waste</p> <p>e) Air quality indexing</p> <p>f) Air quality standards</p>	<p>5X5=</p> <p>25</p>
Q4.	<p>a) A contractor agreed to haul the solid waste from a individual district of a city. The industry agreed to store their waste in large containers located at strategic points. Due to the sizes of the containers, the hauled container system of collection is to be used. Based on the traffic study, t_1, t_2 and d_1 were found to be 20, 25 and 8 mins respectively. If the round trip haul distance averaged 60 km at a speed limit of 55 mph, then how many containers can be serviced on a collection day of 8 hrs.</p> <p>Given, $w=0.15$, $m u=0.4 \text{ hr/trip}$, $s=0.133 \text{ hr/trip}$</p> <p>b) Derive an approximate chemical formula formula for the organic portion of 100kg solid waste sample with the</p>	7

composition given below:

component	Wet Mass (kg)	Dry Mass (kg)	C	H	O	N	S	Ash
1. Food waste	15	4.5	2.16	0.29	1.69	0.12	0.02	0.23
2. Paper	45	42.3	18.4	2.54	18.61	0.13	0.08	2.54
3. Card Board	10	9.5	4.18	0.56	4.24	0.03	0.02	0.48
4. Plastics	10	9.8	5.88	0.71	2.23	-	-	0.98
5. Garden Trimmings	10	4.0	1.91	0.24	1.52	0.14	0.01	0.18
6. Wood	5	4.0	1.98	0.24	1.71	0.01	-	0.06
Total								

18