B E Mechanical Engineering 1<sup>st</sup> year 2<sup>nd</sup> Sem. Exam.2018(old).

## **MATHEMATICS - IVM**

Time: Three hours Full Marks: 100

## (Symbols /Notations have their meanings) Answer any 10 questions

2. Obtain the Cosine series for f(x) = x in  $0 < x < \pi$  and deduce that  $\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{1}{(2n-1)^4} = \frac{\pi}{96}$ 

3. A periodic function of period 2 is defined as:

$$f(x) = -1 < x \le 0$$
  
  $x + 2, 0 < x \le 1$ 

Find its Fourier series expansion. Hence, show that the sum of the series

$$1 - \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{5} - \frac{1}{7} \dots = \frac{\pi}{4}$$

4. Find the half range Cosine series for the function

$$f(x) = (x-1)^2 \text{ in the interval } 0 < x < 1$$

- 5. A taut string of length l has its ends x = 0 and x = l fixed. The midpoint is taken to a small height h and released from rest at time t = 0. Find the displacement function y(x, t).
- A homogeneous rod of conducting material of length l has its ends kept at zero temperature. The temperature at the center is T and falls uniform to zero at the two ends. Find the temperature function u(x,t).
- 7 A rectangular metal plate is bounded by the lines x = 0, x = a, y = 0, and y = b. The three sides x = 0, x = a, and y = b are insulated and the side y = 0 is kept at

temperature  $u_0 \cos(\frac{\pi x}{a})$ . Show that the temperature in the steady state is

$$u(x,y) = u_0 \operatorname{sech}(\frac{(b-a)\pi}{a}) \cosh(\frac{(b-y)\pi}{a}) \cos(\frac{\pi x}{a})$$

8a) Eliminate the constants a, b and c; from the relation

$$\frac{x^2}{a^2} + \frac{y^2}{b^2} + \frac{z^2}{c^2} = 1$$

b) Find the differential equations from  $\varphi(x + y + z, x^2 + y^2 - z^2) = 0$ 

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9. Solve the following equations by Lagrange's method

- a)  $\frac{y^2z}{x}p + xzq = y^2$
- b)  $(x^2 yz)p + (y^2 zx)q = (z^2 xy)$
- 10. Find the complete solution of the following

- a)  $(p^2 + q^2)x = pz$
- b)  $p^2x + qy = z$
- 11. Solve the following

- a)  $\frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial y^2} = \cos mx \cos ny$
- b)  $\frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2 z}{\partial y^2} = 30(2x + y)$
- 12. Solve by Monge's method r + (a + b)s + abt = xy

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