Ref. No.: Ex/ME/5/T/121/2018 (Old)

## B. MECHANICAL (PART TIME) 1st Year 2nd Semester Examination 2018 (OLD)

## MANUFACTURING PROCESS

Time: 3hrs.

Full Marks: 100

Answer any five (5) questions of the following.

Use pencil for drawing works.

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

- 1. (a) Discuss, with a neat figure, the green sand molding technique using cope and drag halves. Mention about commonly used hand tools in this regard.
  - (b) What are the desirable properties of good molding sand? Discuss clearly each of them. 10+10=20
- 2. (a) What is 'precision or investment casting'? State the important advantages and limitations of this process? Name five precision casting processes.
  - (b) How the permeability of plaster mold can be increased?
  - (c) Drawing adequate figures discuss about the following casting defects along with the possible remedies:
  - (i) cold shut and misruns (ii) rat tails and buckles (iii) honey combing or sponginess.

 $8+3+(3\times3)=20$ 

- 3. (a) What are the different components of an ideal gating system? Discuss with necessary diagram. What is meant by pressurized and non-pressurized gates? Discuss with proper examples.
  - (b) Why a sprue pin is made tapered? Discuss clearly drawing necessary figures.
  - (c) Define core, core prints and chaplets. Draw all necessary diagrams. (6+4)+4+6=20
- 4. (a) Discuss about different pattern making allowances.
  - (b) Drawing a neat and explanatory diagram discuss about the operation of an electric induction furnace. Also mention its important advantages and limitations. 10+10=20
- 5. (a) Deduce the expression for coefficient of spread as given by Tomlinson and Stringer. What is 'pancaking'? Explain with an explanatory figure.
  - (b) A solid cylindrical slug of 304 SS is 150mm in diameter and 100mm high. The height is reduced to 30% by cold, open die forging. Assuming a coefficient of friction of 0.2

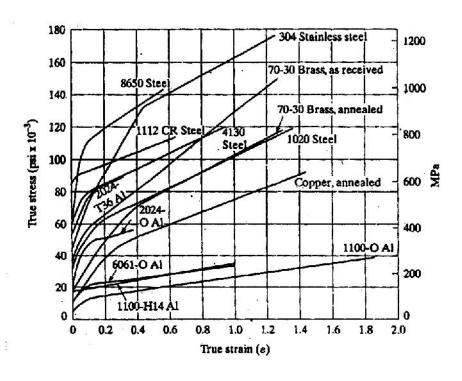
calculate the forging force needed at the end of stroke. The necessary graph is given below. (8+2)+10=20

- 6. (a) Show that the strip velocity at exit is much higher than that of at entry during a flat rolling operation. What is 'forward slip' and 'no slip' point? What is 'draft' in rolling?
  - (b) Determine the maximum possible reduction for cold rolling of a 300mm thick slab when  $\mu$ =0.08 and the roll diameter is 600mm. What will be the reduction for hot rolling when  $\mu$ =0.5? (6+2+2+2)+8=20
- 7. (a) Discuss about Thermit welding.
  - (b) What are the different power sources for arc welding? Mention the advantages and limitations of each.
  - (c) How acetylene gas is preserved in gas cylinder?

8+8+4=20

- 8. Write explanatory note on any four of the following:
  - (a) Drawing, deep drawing and hot draw bench
  - (b) Flame cutting
  - (c) Drop forging operation
  - (d) Laboratory method to obtain GFN
  - (e) Miller Index

 $4 \times 5 = 20$ 



Graph of true stress vs. true strain in connection with question no.5(b)