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1.

用alter table语句将SC表中的on delete cascade改为on delete no action,重新插入SC的数据(按照实验一)。再删除Stu_Union中sno为'10001'的数据。观察结果,并分析原因。

首先创建进行实验需要的关系表:

```
CREATE TABLE Stu_Union(
        sno CHAR(5) NOT NULL UNIQUE,
        sname CHAR(8),
        ssex CHAR(1),
        SAGE INT,
        sdept CHAR(20),
        CONSTRAINT PK_Stu_Union PRIMARY KEY(sno)
);
CREATE TABLE Course(
        cno CHAR(4) NOT NULL UNIQUE,
        cname varchar(50) NOT NULL,
        cpoints int,
        CONSTRAINT PK_course PRIMARY KEY(cno)
);
CREATE TABLE SC(
        sno CHAR(5) REFERENCES Stu_Union(sno) on delete cascade,
        cno CHAR(4) REFERENCES Course(cno) on delete cascade,
        grade INT,
        CONSTRAINT PK_SC PRIMARY KEY(sno,cno)
);
```

更改,首先查询约束的名称,然后再删除约束,创建新约束:

```
--查看约束:
SELECT *
FROM sysobjects
WHERE OBJECT_NAME(parent_obj) = 'SC'
```

```
alter table SC drop [FK__SC__sno__45F365D3]
alter table SC drop [FK__SC__cno__46E78A0C]
alter table SC add

CONSTRAINT [FK__SC__cno__37A5467C] FOREIGN KEY([cno])

REFERENCES [dbo].[course]([cno])
on delete no action
alter table SC add

CONSTRAINT [FK__SC__sno__36B12243] FOREIGN KEY([sno])

REFERENCES [dbo].Stu_Union([sno])
on delete no action
```

查询约束:

<	<										
Ⅲ 结果											
	name	id	xtype	uid	info	status	base_schema_ver	replinfo	parent_obj	crdate	
1	PK_SC	1157579162	PK	1	0	0	0	0	1141579105	2022-11-09 16:52:38.383	
2	FK_SC_sno_45F365D3	1173579219	F	1	0	0	0	0	1141579105	2022-11-09 16:52:38.383	
3	FK_SC_cno_46E78A0C	1189579276	F	1	0	0	0	0	1141579105	2022-11-09 16:52:38.383	

然后插入记录并删除:

```
insert into Stu_Union values('10001','李勇','0',24,'EE');
insert COURSE values ('0001','ComputerNetworks',2);
insert into SC values('10001','0001',2);

delete from stu_union where sno='10001'
```

执行结果:

```
1 行受影响)
(1 行受影响)
(1 行受影响)
(1 行受影响)
(1 行受影响)
消息 547, 级别 16, 状态 0, 第 6 行
DELETE 语句与 REFERENCE 约束"FK_SC_sno_36B12243"冲突。该冲突发生于数据库"School", 表"dbo.SC", column 'sno'。语句已终止。
```

这是因为设置外键为on delete no action,所以不能删除主键所在表的主键值。

2.

用alter table语句将SC表中的on delete no action改为on delete set NULL,重新插入SC的数据(按照实验一)。再删除Stu_Union中sno为'10001'的数据。观察结果,并分析原因。

```
--首先需要删除主键约束:
ALTER TABLE stu_union Drop [PK_Stu_Union];
ALTER TABLE Course Drop [PK_course];

--然后修改
alter table SC drop [FK_SC_cno_37A5467C]
alter table SC drop [FK_SC_sno_36B12243]

alter table SC add
CONSTRAINT [FK_SC_cno_37A5467C] FOREIGN KEY([cno])
REFERENCES [dbo].[course]([cno])
on delete set NULL

alter table SC add
CONSTRAINT [FK_SC_sno_36B12243] FOREIGN KEY([sno])
REFERENCES [dbo].Stu_Union([sno])
on delete set NULL

delete Stu_Union where sno='10001'
```

实验结果:

直接更改会报错:

需要删除表stu_union和表Course的主键约束,并将sno设置为允许NULL值:



设置为 on delete set NULL 后应该是可以进行删除的,删除后SC表中10001位置变成了NULL,但该记录的cno grade不变。

建立事务T3,修改ICBC_Card表的外键属性,使其变为on delete set NULL,尝试删除students表中一条记录。观察结果,并分析原因。

```
create table Stu_Card(
        card id char (14),
        stu id char(10) references students(sid) on delete cascade,
        remained money decimal(10,2),
        constraint PK_stu_card Primary key(card_id)
)
create table ICBD_Card(
        bank_id char(20),
        stu_card_id char(14) references stu_card(card_id) on delete cascade,
        restored money decimal(10,2),
        constraint PK_Icbc_card Primary key(bank_id)
)
alter table ICBD_Card drop [FK__ICBD_Card__stu_c__05D8E0BE]
alter table ICBD Card add
CONSTRAINT [FK__ICBD_Card__stu_id__44FF419A]
FOREIGN KEY([stu_card_id])
REFERENCES [dbo].[stu_card]([card_id])
on delete set NULL
insert into Stu_Card values('05212567','800001216',100.25)
insert into Stu Card values('05212222','800005753',200.25)
insert into ICBD Card values('9558844022312','05212567',10000.25)
insert into ICBD_Card values('9558844023645','05212222',20000.25)
delete STUDENTS where sid = '800001216'
```

执行以上语句,删除成功,因为因为校园卡表是级联删除,因此校园卡表对应sid被删除,ICBC 表中对应sid对应的校园卡号位置变成了null。

```
(1 行受影响)
(1 行受影响)
(1 行受影响)
(1 行受影响)
(1 行受影响)
(1 行受影响)
```

4.

创建一个班里的学生互助表,规定:包括学生编号,学生姓名,学生的帮助对象,每个学生有且仅有一个帮助对象,帮助对象也必须是班里的学生。(表的自参照问题)

```
create table help_table(
          sid char(10) Primary key,
          sname char(10),
          targer_id char(10)
)

alter table help_table add
CONSTRAINT [FK_ZCZ] FOREIGN KEY(target_id)
REFERENCES help_table(sid)
```

语句执行成功,先创建表后在设置外键约束:

表的约束如下:

Ⅲ 结	課 🔒 消息								
	name	id	xtype	uid	info	status	base_schema_ver	replinfo	parent_obj
1	PK_help_tabDDDFDD360E6E26BF	258099960	PK	1	0	0	0	0	210099789
2	FK_H	274100017	F	1	0	0	0	0	210099789

5.

学校学生会的每个部门都有一个部长,每个部长领导多个部员,每个部只有一个部员有评测部长的权利,请给出体现这两种关系(领导和评测)的两张互参照的表的定义。(两个表互相参照的问题)

```
--领导表:
create table leader(
       member_id char(10) primary key,
       member name char(10),
       minister id char(10)
)
--评测表:
create table evaluate(
       minister_id char(10) primary key,
       minister_name char(10),
       member_id char(10)
--修改领导表,引用minister_id为外键:
alter table leader add
       CONSTRAINT [FK_leader] foreign key(minister_id)
       REFERENCES evaluate(minister id)
--修改评估表约束, 引用部长id为外键:
alter table evaluate add
       CONSTRAINT [FK evaluate] foreign key(member id)
       REFERENCES leader(member_id)
```

运行结果:

两个表的约束如下:

	name	d	xtype	uid	info	status	base_schema_ver	replinfo	parent_obj	crdate
1	PK_leader_B29B85341332DBDC	338100245	PK	1	0	0	0	0	290100074	2022-11-09 17:46:49.423
2	FK_leader	418100530	F	1	0	0	0	0	290100074	2022-11-09 17:46:52.630
	name	id	xtype	uid	info	status	base_schema_ver	replinfo	parent_obj	crdate
	PK_evaluate_9AB2E8EA17036CC0	402100473	PK	1	0	0	0	0	354100302	2022-11-09 17:46:49.42
1							0	0	354100302	2022-11-09 17:47:15.69