



**HALF YEARLY EXAMINATION (2021-22)**

**SET - B**

**Subject: COMPUTER SCIENCE**

**Max. Marks:35**

**Grade: XI**

**Time:1 Hr. 30 Mins**

**Name:**

**Section:**

**Roll No:**

**General Instructions:**

The question paper is divided into 3 Sections - A, B and C.

- Section A, consist of 25 Questions (1-25). Attempt any 20 questions.
- Section B, consist of 24 Questions (26-49). Attempt any 20 questions.
- Section C, consist of 6 case study-based Questions (50-55). Attempt any 5 questions.
- All questions carry equal marks.
- The question paper has 8 printed pages

**SECTION A**

**Attempt 20 questions from this section. Choose the most suitable option.**

1. Which smaller unit of the CPU directs and coordinates all activities within it and determines the sequence in which instructions are executed, sending instructions sequence to other smaller units.  
a. ALU  
b. CU  
c. Processor  
d. Memory
2. Suppose the variable x has the value 5 and y has the value 10.  
After executing these statements:  
x = y  
y = x  
what will the values of x and y be, respectively?  
a. 5 and 10  
b. 10 and 5  
c. 10 and 10  
d. 5 and 5
3. The following program fragment is meant to be used to find the sum of the ASCII values for all the characters in a string that the user enters. What is the missing line in this code?

```
phrase = input("Enter a phrase: ")  
ascii_sum = 0          # accumulator for the sum  
for ch in phrase:  
    ##### missing line here  
print(ascii_sum)
```

- a. `ascii_sum = ascii_sum + ch`  
b. `ascii_sum = chr(ch)`  
c. `ascii_sum = ascii_sum + chr(ch)`  
d. `ascii_sum = ascii_sum + ord(ch)`
4. What is the value of count after the following code has been executed?

```
s = "He said he saw Henry."  
count = s.count("he")
```



Enter your age: 3

>>> age + 3

- |                |               |
|----------------|---------------|
| a. SyntaxError | b. IndexError |
| c. ValueError  | d. TypeError  |

18. Binary number system is also referred as \_\_\_\_\_
- |                   |                   |
|-------------------|-------------------|
| a. base-2 system  | b. base-8 system  |
| c. base-10 system | d. base-16 system |
19. Smallest element of python coding is called \_\_\_\_\_
- |                |               |
|----------------|---------------|
| a. Identifiers | b. Token      |
| c. Keywords    | d. Delimiters |
20. Which of the following is not a system software?
- |                     |                     |
|---------------------|---------------------|
| a. Operating System | b. System Utilities |
| c. Microsoft Word   | d. Device Drivers   |
21. Which of the following sequence is correct to convert decimal number to binary?
- Step 1: Note the remainder.  
Step 2: Divide the given number by 2.  
Step 3: Write the noted remainders in the reverse order (from bottom to top)  
Step 4: Keep on dividing the quotient by 2 and note the remainder till the quotient is zero.
- |                                   |                                   |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| a. Step 1, Step 2, Step 3, Step 4 | b. Step 2, Step 1, Step 4, Step 3 |
| c. Step 3, Step 2, Step 1, Step 4 | d. Step 2, Step 3, Step 1, Step 4 |
22. Octal number equivalent to binary number 1110101 is \_\_\_\_\_
- |        |        |
|--------|--------|
| a. 117 | b. 165 |
| c. 75  | d. 175 |
23. Data items having fixed value are called ..... .
- |                |              |
|----------------|--------------|
| a. Identifiers | b. functions |
| c. Keywords    | d. literals  |
24. Which of the following statement is wrong?
- |   |
|---|
| a. Literals are data items that have fixed value. |
| b. Keywords can not be used as identifier         |
| c. Identifier can start with number               |
| d. None of the above                              |
25. In the given code, an integer value stored in variable num1 is added to a float value stored in variable num2, and the result is stored in variable sum1. This is an example of \_\_\_\_\_
- sum1 = num1 + num2
- |                        |                        |
|------------------------|------------------------|
| a. implicit conversion | b. explicit conversion |
| c. data conversion     | d. value conversion    |

## SECTION B

Attempt 20 questions from this section.

**Q26-Q35 Predict the output of the given code segment:**

26. 

```
x=1234
while x%10:
    x=x//10
    print(x)
```
- |         |        |
|---------|--------|
| a. 1234 | b. 321 |
| 123     | 21     |
| 12      | 1      |

1  
c. 123  
12  
1  
0

d. 4321  
321  
21  
1

27. i=0  
s='\s'  
while(i<5):  
    for j in range(i):  
        print(j,end=s)  
    i=i+1

a. 0's0's1's0's1's2's0's1's2's3's  
c. error

b. 0s0s1s0s1s2s0s1s2s3s  
d. 0's1's0's1's2's0's1's2's3's

28. ch=ord('A')  
i=1  
while(i<5):  
    print(chr(ch))  
    ch+=1  
    i+=1

a. 65  
66  
67  
68  
69  
c. 65  
66  
67  
68

b. A  
B  
C  
D  
E  
d. A  
B  
C  
D

29. j=12  
c=9  
while(j):  
    if(j>5):  
        c=c+j-2  
        j=j-1  
    else:  
        break

print(j, c)  
print(c)

a. 5 54  
54  
c. 6 58  
58

b. Infinite loop  
d. 5 58  
58

30. if '234'.isdigit():  
    print('cs' + 'ip')  
else:

- `print('IT' + '-402')`
- a. No output
  - b. error
  - c. csip
  - d. IT-402
31. `print 'abcefd'.replace('cd', '12')`
- a. ab1ef2
  - b. abcefd
  - c. ab1efd
  - d. ab12ed2
32. `str1 = "PYnative"`  
`print(str1[1:4], str1[:5], str1[4:], str1[0:-1], str1[:-1])`
- a. PYn PYnat ive PYnativ vitanYP
  - b. Yna PYnat tive PYnativ vitanYP
  - c. Yna PYnat tive PYnativ PYnativ
  - d. None of the above
33. `str1 = "my isname isisis jameis isis bond";`  
`sub = "is";`  
`print(str1.count(sub, 4))`
- a. 5
  - b. 6
  - c. 7
  - d. 8
34. When we convert 0010010100 binary to octal. Then the solution is :
- a. 201
  - b. 226
  - c. 224
  - d. 161
35. What will be the output of the following Python code?
- ```
if (9 < 0) and (0 < -9):
    print("hello")
elif (9 > 0) or False:
    print("good")
else:
    print("bad")
```
- a. error
  - b. hello
  - c. good
  - d. bad
36. What will be the output of the following code
- ```
Msg="CompuTer"
Msg1=""
for i in range(0, len(Msg)):
    if Msg[i].isupper():
        Msg1=Msg1+Msg[i].lower()
    elif i%2==0:
        Msg1=Msg1+'*'
    else:
        Msg1=Msg1+Msg[i].upper()
print(Msg1)
```
- a. cO\*P\*t\*R
  - b. Co\*p\*t\*R
  - c. co\*p\*t\*r
  - d. cOP\*tR
37. Identify the result generated:





The output produced by the above code is:

0 1 1 2 3 5 8 13

- 50.** Identify the suitable value for the blank space marked as #1
- |              |             |
|--------------|-------------|
| <b>a.</b> 10 | <b>b.</b> 0 |
| <b>c.</b> 6  | <b>d.</b> 8 |
- 51.** The identifiers first and second will take the given values respectively
- |                |                |
|----------------|----------------|
| <b>a.</b> 0, 1 | <b>b.</b> 0, 0 |
| <b>c.</b> 1, 1 | <b>d.</b> 1, 0 |
- 52.** Identify the suitable code for the blank space marked as #2
- |                                |                        |
|--------------------------------|------------------------|
| <b>a.</b> print(first, second) | <b>b.</b> print(first) |
| <b>c.</b> print()              | <b>d.</b> next = 0     |
- 53.** Identify the best operator for the blank space marked as #3
- |             |             |
|-------------|-------------|
| <b>a.</b> * | <b>b.</b> + |
| <b>c.</b> - | <b>d.</b> / |
- 54.** Identify the suitable code for the blank space marked as #4
- |                  |                |
|------------------|----------------|
| <b>a.</b> second | <b>b.</b> next |
| <b>c.</b> t      | <b>d.</b> 0    |
- 55.** Identify the lvalue and rvalue of the statement marked as #5
- |                         |                         |
|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| <b>a.</b> second, first | <b>b.</b> first, second |
| <b>c.</b> second, next  | <b>d.</b> next, second  |

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