PROBABILITY SYNOPSIS

- Random experiment: If an experiment conducted under identical conditions can result in two or more outcomes it is called random experiment.
- Sample space: The set of all possible outcomes of an experiment is called sample space.
- **Simple event:** An event having single possible outcome.
- **Compound event:** An event having more than two outcomes.
- Exhaustive events: Two or more events are said to be exhaustive if their union is the full sample space.
- Mutually exclusive: Two or more events are said to be mutually exclusive if their intersection is null set.
- Addition theorem in probabilities:

b. 5/8

b. 1/7

a. 5/14

a. 6/7

- i) P(AUB)=P(A)+P(B) if A and B are mutually exclusive.
- ii) $P(AUB) = P(A) + P(B) P(A \cap B)$ if A and B are not mutually exclusive.
- Odds against and odds in favour of an event: If p is the probability of an event E, then i)odds in favour of E= $\frac{p}{1-p}$ ii) odds against E = $\frac{1-p}{p}$

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PROBABILITY										
			CECTION	A(1 Mowle)						
MCO			SECTION	<u>A(1 Mark)</u>						
MCQ 1	XX71 4	411	4 1		-4h f h - 4 1 - : f	41				
1.			t no two boys	are sitting toge	ether for a photograph if	tnere				
	are 5 girls and 2 boys?									
	a. 1/21	b. 4/7	c.	2/7	d. 5/7					
2.	What is pro	bability of drav	wing two club	s from a well s	shuffled pack of 52 cards	?				
	a. 13/51	•	_	c. 1/26	-					
3					e chances of getting at le	east one				
3.	tail?	comb are tobbee	simartaneou	siy, what are th	e chances of getting at it	one one				
		L 1/5	a 1/5	J 1/						
	a. 3/4	b. 1/5	c. 4/5	a. 1/4						
4	In a drawer	there are 4 whi	te socks 3 hl	ue socks and 5	grey socks. Two socks a	re				
					re of same color?	i C				
pickec	•		•		re or same color!					
	a. 4/11		c. 2/33							
5.	In a drawer	r there are 5 bla	ck socks and	3 green socks. '	Two socks are picked ran	ndomly				
one af	ter the other	r without replac	ement. What	is the possibilit	ty that both the socks are	black?				

d. 5/16

d. 53/365

c. 3/8 6. What is the possibility of having 53 Thursdays in a non-leap year?

c. 1/365

- 7. A box has 5 black and 3 green shirts. One shirt is picked randomly and put in another box. The second box has 3 black and 5 green shirts. Now a shirt is picked from second box. What is the probability of it being a black shirt?
 - a. 4/9
- b. 29/72
- c. 8/72
- d. 3/16
- 8. On rolling a dice 2 times, the sum of 2 numbers that appear on the uppermost face is 8. What is the probability that the first throw of dice yields 4?
 - a. 2/36
- b. 1/36
- c. 1/6
- d. 1/5
- 9. A box has 6 black, 4 red, 2 white and 3 blue shirts. What is probability of picking at least 1 red shirt in 4 shirts that are randomly picked?
 - a. 4/15
- b. 24/455
- c. 69/91
- d. 22/91
- 10. A box has 6 black, 4 red, 2 white and 3 blue shirts. What is the probability that 2 red shirts and 1 blue shirt get chosen during a random selection of 3 shirts from the box?
 - a. 18/455
- b. 7/15
- c. 7/435
- d. 7/2730

FILL IN THE BLANKS

- 1. A box has 6 black, 4 red, 2 white and 3 blue shirts. The probability of drawing 2 black shirts if they are picked randomly is
- 2. In a set of 30 game cards, 17 are white and rest are green. 4 white and 5 green are marked IMPORTANT. If a card is chosen randomly from this set, then the possibility of choosing a green card or an 'IMPORTANT' card is
- 3. There are 2 pots. One pot has 5 red and 3 green marbles. Other has 4 red and 2 green marbles, then the probability of drawing a red marble is
- 4. The possibility of drawing a jack or a spade from a well shuffled standard deck of 52 playing cards is
- 5. Three unbiased coins are tossed. The probability of getting at least 2 tails is

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- 1. Find the probability getting at least one head heads when two coins are tossed.
- 2. A die is tossed .What is the probability of getting a number greater than 4.
- 3. 20 cards are numbered from 1 to 20. One card is drawn at random. What is the probability that the number on the card is not divisible by 3?
- 4. From a well shuffled deck of cards Find the probability of getting i) an eight of hearts ii) a face card
- 5. Two dice are thrown. Find the i) odds in favour of getting the sum 5 ii) the odds against getting the sum 6

SECTION B(4 Marks)

- 6. In a single throw of two dice find the probability that a neither a doublet nor a total of 10 will appear.
- 7. A natural number is chosen at random from among the first 500. what is the probability that the number chosen is divisible by 3 or 5.
- 8. A card is drawn from a well shuffled pack of 52 cards. Find the probability of it

- being a spade or a king. In some parts of the country playing cards is a part of festival celebration. Do you agree to this custom? Give your opinion
- 9. A committee of 5 persons is to be constituted from a group of 6 gents and 8 ladies

 If the selection is made randomly find the probability that there are 3 ladies and 2 gents
 in the committee. In our society do you think men and women are given equal rights?

 Comment on this.
- 10. 3 cards are drawn from a pack of 52 cards. Find the probability that i) all the cards are of the same suit ii) one is a king and the other is a queen and the third is a jack.
- 11. Two students Anil and Vijay appeared in an examination. The probability that Anil will qualify the examination is 0.05, that Vijay will qualify is 0.10. The probability that both will qualify is 0.02. Find the probability that
 - i) both will not qualify
 - ii) At least one of them will not qualify
 - iii) only one of them will qualify
- 12. The letters of the word SOCIETY are placed at random in a row. What is the probability that the three vowels come together?
- 13. Two cards are drawn from a pack of 52 cards. What is the probability that either both are red or both are kings.
- 14. The Probability of the occurrence of two events E_1 and E_2 are 0.25 and 0.50 respectively. The probability of their simultaneous occurrence is 0.14. Find the probability that neither E_1 nor E_2 occurs.
- 15.If E1 and E2 are two events such that $P(E_1)=0.5$, $P(E_2)=0.3$ and $P(E_1 \cap E_2)=0.1$. Find
 - i) at least one event happens
- ii) E₁ happens and not E₂
- iii) E₂happens and not E₁
- iv) neither of the event happens.

SCORING KEY

MCQ

1. d 2. b 3. a 4. d 5. a 6. b 7. b 8. b 9. c 10. a

FILL IN THE BLANKS

1. 1/7 2. 17/30 3. 31/48 4. 4/13 5. 1/2

1.	3			
	$\frac{3}{4}$			
2.	1			
	3			
3.	$\frac{1}{3}$			
	$\frac{1}{10}$			
4.	1 :	3		
	$\frac{1}{52}$, $\frac{1}{1}$	3		
5.	1 31			
	$\frac{-}{8}, \frac{-}{5}$	-		
6.	$ \begin{array}{r} \hline 10 \\ \hline 1 \\ \hline 52, 1 \\ \hline 1 \\ \hline 31 \\ \hline 8, 5 \\ \hline 7 \\ \hline 9 \\ \hline 233 \\ \hline 500 \\ \hline 4 \\ \end{array} $			
	9			
7.	233			
	500			
8.	4			
	13 60			
9.	60			
	143		_	
10.	i) $\frac{22}{425}$	_	1111	18
	425	5	16:	575
11. 12.	0.87	0.9	8 0).11
12.	0.87 $\frac{1}{7}$ $\frac{55}{}$			
	7			
13.	55			
	221 0.39			
14.	0.39			
15.	0.7	0.4	0.2	0.2
15.	0.7	0.4,	0.2	0.3
			1	