Lab 1.2 - .NET command line compiler tools and IL exercise

1. Open notepad and enter this code:

```
class Calc
{
    static int Add(int a, int b)
    {
        return a + b;
    }
}
```

- 2. Save the file as add.cs
 - a. Make sure that notepad does not add the txt extension to the file
- 3. Open Visual Studio command window
 - a. This provides a development environment where all the .NET SDK tools are under the search path
 - b. Compile the code to a module using the C# compiler:
 - csc /target:module add.cs
 - c. Make sure you've got a file named: add.netmodule
 - d. Open the add.netmodule using the ILDASM tool:
 - i. ILDASM add.netmodule
 - 1. Look at the MANIFEST
 - 2. Look at the Calc class and the Add method
 - Explain what each of IL line of code does
 - e. Now, dump the IL code to a file using the ILDASM tool:
 - i. ILDASM add.netmodule /out=calc.il
 - ()i.
 - i. You have got two files; can you explain what do they contain?
 - iii. Open the result file using notepad:
 - notepad calc.il
 - iv. Change the name of the module to be calc.netmodule:
 - 1. .module add.netmodule → .module calc.netmodule
 - v. Copy the Add method, and create a new function named Subtract
 - 1. Change the function name to be Subtract
 - 2. Change the add IL opcode to a sub IL opcode
 - 3. Change the comment: // end of method Calc::Subtract
 - vi. Save the calc.il file
 - f. Compile the IL file using:
 - i. ilasm /DLL calc.il /output:calc.netmodule
 - ii. The result should be a calc.netmodule
 - 1. Open the new file using ILDASM
 - 2. You should see the new Subtract function
 - g. Open a new text file in notepad:
 - i. notepad program.cs

ii. Enter the following code: using System; class Program static void Main(string [] argv) if (argv.Length != 2) { Console.WriteLine("Use: Calc [number] [number], for example: Calc 10 6"); return; try { int x = int.Parse(argv[0]); int y = int.Parse(argv[1]); Console.WriteLine($\$"\{x\} + \{y\} =$ {Calc.Add(x,y)}"); Console.WriteLine($\$"\{x\} - \{y\} =$ {Calc.Substract(x,y)}"); catch(Exception ex) Console.WriteLine(ex.Message); } } } iii. Compile the code using csc program.cs /out:calc.exe . Can you explain the error?

- iv. Try to compile the code again using:

csc program.cs /addmodule:calc.netmodule /out:calc.exe

. Can you explain the errors?

- v. We forgot to make the methods Add and Subtract public methods.
- vi. Instead of going back to the original C# file, we can edit the calc.il file.
 - 1. Open calc.il in notepad and make the Add and Subtract method public by replacing the private attribute to a public:

.method private hidebysig static int32

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int32 b) cil managed

Add(int32 a,

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- vii. Recompile the calc.il file:
 - 1. ilasm /DLL calc.il /output:calc.netmodule
- viii. Recompile the program.cs file:
 - 1. csc program.cs /addmodule:calc.netmodule
 /out:calc.exe
- ix. Try the program:
 - 1. Calc 4 2
 - 2. Calc
 - 3. Calc 5
 - 4. Calc a b
- x. Open Calc.exe using ildasm:
 - Ildasm calc.exe
 - 2. Press Ctrl-M

Can you explain what you see?

- 4. Debugging IL code:
 - a. Dump calc.exe IL using:
 - i. Ildasm calc.exe /out:program.il
 - b. Compile the il code:
 - i. ilasm /debug /exe /resource=program.res program.il
 /output=calc.exe
 - c. start Visual Studio:
 - i. devenv calc.exe
 - d. Right-Click the calc project under the solution and choose properties
 - i. Add 4 2 as the arguments



- ii. Save the change (Ctrl-s)
- iii. Right click once again on the calc.exe and choose Debug:



- iv. Use F10 to single step over the IL code
- 5. Read this for deeper understanding:
 - a. https://blogs.msdn.microsoft.com/junfeng/2005/02/12/netmodule-vs-assembly/