

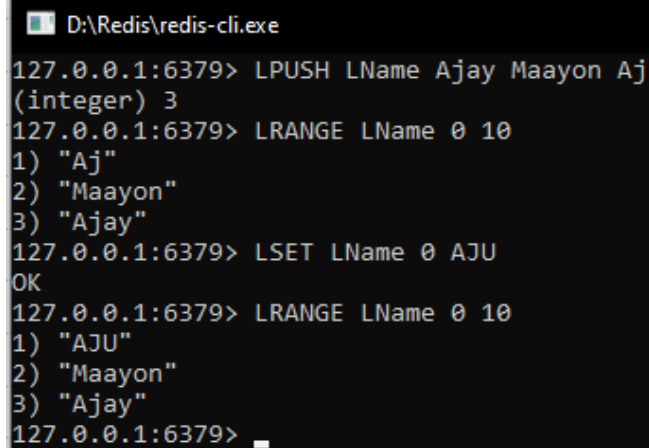
LSET:

LSET is list command which is used to set or replace the already existence element with a new specified element on a specified index in the list.

SYNTAX:

LSET KEY INDEX NEW_VALUE

EXAMPLE:

A screenshot of a Redis command-line interface (CLI) window. The title bar shows the file path 'D:\Redis\redis-cli.exe'. The terminal displays a series of commands and their outputs. First, the 'LPUSH LName Ajay Maayon Aj' command is executed, returning '(integer) 3'. Then, the 'LRANGE LName 0 10' command is executed, returning a list of three elements: '1) "Aj"', '2) "Maayon"', and '3) "Ajay"'. Next, the 'LSET LName 0 AJU' command is executed, returning 'OK'. Finally, the 'LRANGE LName 0 10' command is executed again, returning a list of three elements: '1) "AJU"', '2) "Maayon"', and '3) "Ajay"'. The prompt '127.0.0.1:6379>' is visible at the end of the last command.

```
D:\Redis\redis-cli.exe
127.0.0.1:6379> LPUSH LName Ajay Maayon Aj
(integer) 3
127.0.0.1:6379> LRANGE LName 0 10
1) "Aj"
2) "Maayon"
3) "Ajay"
127.0.0.1:6379> LSET LName 0 AJU
OK
127.0.0.1:6379> LRANGE LName 0 10
1) "AJU"
2) "Maayon"
3) "Ajay"
127.0.0.1:6379> _
```