Parent class of all Java Objects: OBJECT Class.

Methods:

getClass(), hashcode(), wait(), toString(), clone(), equals(), finalize(), notify(), notifyAll().

hashCode() and equals() methods



hashCode() and equals() methods have been defined in Object class which is parent class for java objects. For this reason, all java objects inherit a default implementation of these methods.

Java equals()

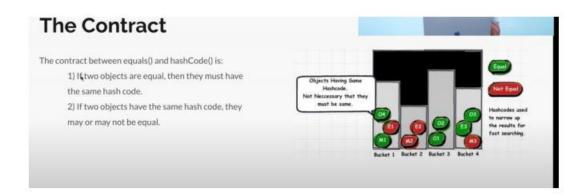
Object class defined hashCode() method like this:

Object class defined equals() method like this:

public int hashCode() {

public boolean equals(Object obj) {

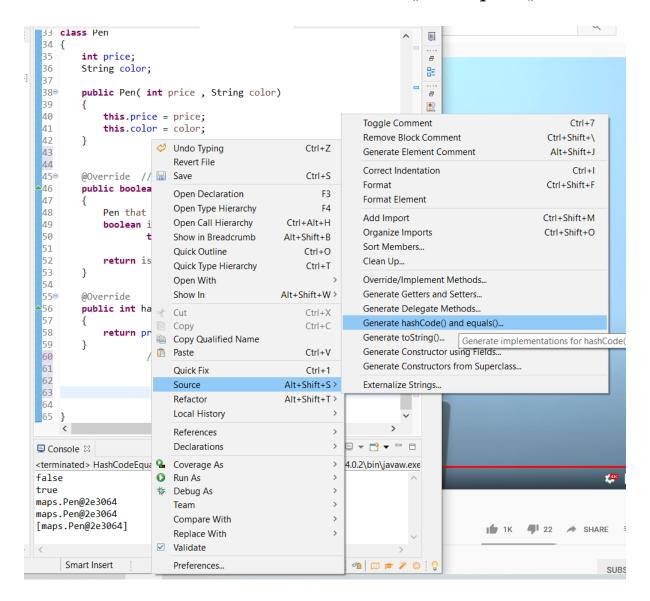
return (this == obj);
}

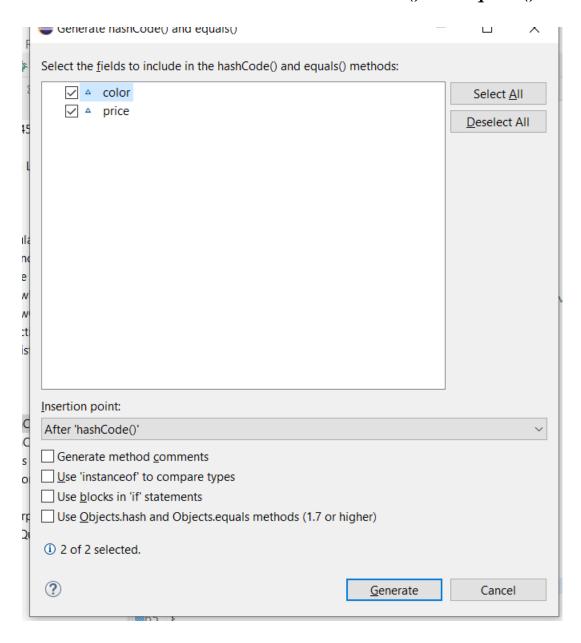


Best Practices



- 1. Always use same attributes of an object to generate hashCode () and equals () both.
- equals () must be consistent (if the objects are not modified, then it must keep returning the same value).
- 3. Whenever a.equals(b), then a.hashCode() must be same as b.hashCode().
- 4. If you override one, then you should override the other.





```
@Override
public boolean equals(Object obj) {
   if (this == obj)
       return true;
    if (obj == null)
       return false;
    if (getClass() != obj.getClass())
       return false;
    Pen other = (Pen) obj;
    if (color == null) {
        if (other.color != null)
            return false;
    } else if (!color.equals(other.color))
       return false;
    if (price != other.price)
       return false;
   return true;
}
@Override
public int hashCode() {
   final int prime = 31;
   int result = 1;
   result = prime * result + ((color == null) ? 0 : color.hashCode());
   result = prime * result + price;
   return result;
}
```