

Package ‘artemis’

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Type Package

Title A package that complements Kallisto for quick, informative *seq analysis

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Author Tim Triche, Jr., Anthony Colombo, Harold Pimentel

Imports biomaRt, edgeR, erccdashboard, pathview, parallel, SummarizedExperiment, BiocGenerics, Rsamtools, RUVSeq, TxDbLite, tools, limma, rhdf5, matrixStats, GenomicRanges, GenomicFeatures, Matrix, KEGGREST, ggplot2

Suggests roxygen2, knitr, artemisData, jsonlite, qusage, Biobase, GenomeInfoDb, graphite, beeswarm,

VignetteBuilder knitr

Maintainer Tim Triche, Jr. <tim.triche@gmail.com>

Description Artemis was the hunting companion of Kallisto. This package wraps various aspects of workflow automation (assembling transcriptomes, hashing indices after they have been built, checking versions, and generally avoiding annoyance factors) useful in the day-to-day operation of a transcriptome aligner or pseudoaligner. Tools for data extraction and (progressive) annotation of combined or individual transcriptomes, quality control and normalization (ERCC control plots and RUVSeq normalization), interpretation (gene-level, transcript-level, pathway- and network-level output), guidelines for validation (sample size estimation by simulation), and interactions with cloud computing services such as BaseSpace are loosely coupled within the default package workflow. Please be aware that, while Artemis is licensed under the GPL, Kallisto itself is free FOR NON-COMMERCIAL USAGE ONLY. For-profit use of Kallisto requires a licensing agreement executed with the Regents of the University of California. Kallisto is not included within this package; Artemis assumes it is in the user's PATH. Artemis' component parts are not restricted in this fashion (although we cannot guarantee that all [pseudo]aligners will

necessarily work as well as Kallisto in end-to-end pipelines), and most downstream analyses can proceed from any SummarizedExperiment. Artemis' annotation functions, in particular, can greatly ease data integration, as when comparing in-house results to those of major genome and transcriptome sequencing projects such as TCGA and ICGC. Sample size estimates and pathway analyses are similarly decoupled from the underlying source of transcript abundance estimates.

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RoxygenNote 5.0.1

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artemis-package	<i>various utility functions for fast, informative RNAseq analysis</i>
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Description

utility functions for Artemis (hunting companion of Kallisto)

Details

Forthcoming; see references for some background.

Author(s)

Tim Triche, Jr. <tim.triche@gmail.com>

References

Kallisto: <http://arxiv.org/abs/1505.02710> limma/voom: <http://genomebiology.com/2014/15/2/R29> ssizeRNA: <http://bioinformatics.oxfordjournals.org/content/23/6/739> ReactomePA: <http://www.bioconductor.org/packages/ReactomePA>

Examples

```
## a single Kallisto run with bootstraps
h5 <- system.file("extdata", "abundance.h5", package="artemis", mustWork=T)
results <- fetchKallisto(h5)
ri <- system.file("extdata", "run_info.json", package="artemis", mustWork=T)
runinfo <- fetchRunInfo(ri)

## an experiment with multiple replicates per condition
```

annotateFeatures	<i>annotate features (genes or transcripts) against (say) EnsemblDb this is becoming the default dispatcher for almost all annotation</i>
------------------	---

Description

annotate features (genes or transcripts) against (say) EnsemblDb this is becoming the default dispatcher for almost all annotation

Usage

```
annotateFeatures(kexp, level = c(NA, "gene", "transcript"),
  what = c("KallistoExperiment", "GRanges"), ...)
```

Arguments

kexp	a kexp
level	at what level has the data been summarized? (guess)
what	what data structure shall we return (KallistoExperiment)

Value

a GRanges or a KallistoExperiment, depending on ‘what’

collapseBundles	<i>Collapse bundles of transcripts, discard any that represent pointless tests, and optionally prune any whose joined bundle IDs tend to choke downstream packages for e.g. pathway- or network-based enrichment analysis. Note that this function may or may not be optimal for your RNAseq experiment. Please refer to ‘Details’ for some thought exercises about the nature of ‘genes’.</i>
-----------------	--

Description

Collapse bundles of transcripts, discard any that represent pointless tests, and optionally prune any whose joined bundle IDs tend to choke downstream packages for e.g. pathway- or network-based enrichment analysis. Note that this function may or may not be optimal for your RNAseq experiment. Please refer to ‘Details’ for some thought exercises about the nature of ‘genes’.

Usage

```
collapseBundles(kexp, bundleID = "gene_id", read.cutoff = 1,
  discardjoined = TRUE)
```

Arguments

kexp	A KallistoExperiment (or something very much like it)
bundleID	The column (in mcols(features(kexp))) of the bundle IDs
read.cutoff	Discard transcripts and bundles with < this many counts
discardjoined	Discard bundles with IDs "joined" by a ";"? (TRUE)

Details

This function sums the estimated counts for each transcript within a bundle of transcripts (where "bundle" is a user-defined identifier, often but not always a ‘gene’, sometimes a biotype or a class of repeat elements). The default approach is to discard all rows where the maximum count is less than the specified read.cutoff. Since the default cutoff is 1, this means discarding transcripts (and bundles) that were not be detected in any sample. (Filtering tends to increase statistical power at a given false-positive rate per Bourgon et al, 2010, <http://www.pnas.org/content/107/21/9546.long>)

Value

a matrix of summarized counts per sample bundle

See Also

collapseTranscripts

collapseTpm	<i>Collapse bundles of transcripts, discard any with (default) < 1TPM/bundle, and optionally prune any whose joined bundle IDs tend to choke downstream packages for e.g. pathway- or network-based enrichment analysis. Note that this function may or may not be optimal for your RNAseq experiment. Please refer to 'Details' for some thought exercises about the nature of 'genes'.</i>
-------------	---

Description

Collapse bundles of transcripts, discard any with (default) < 1TPM/bundle, and optionally prune any whose joined bundle IDs tend to choke downstream packages for e.g. pathway- or network-based enrichment analysis. Note that this function may or may not be optimal for your RNAseq experiment. Please refer to 'Details' for some thought exercises about the nature of 'genes'.

Usage

```
collapseTpm(kexp, bundleID = "gene_id", minTPM = 0.01,
  discardjoined = TRUE, tx_biotype = NULL, gene_biotype = NULL,
  biotype_class = NULL, ...)
```

Arguments

kexp	A KallistoExperiment (or something very much like it)
bundleID	The column (in mcols(features(kexp))) of the bundle IDs
minTPM	Discard transcripts/bundles with < this many TPMs (0.01)
discardjoined	Discard bundles with IDs "joined" by a ";"? (TRUE)
tx_biotype	Restrict to a specific mcols(kexp)\$tx_biotype? (NULL)
gene_biotype	Restrict to a specific mcols(kexp)\$gene_biotype? (NULL)
biotype_class	Restrict to a specific mcols(kexp)\$biotype_class? (No)

Details

This function sums transcripts per million (TPM) of each transcript within bundle of transcripts ("bundle" being a user-defined identifier, often but not always a 'gene', sometimes a biotype or a class of repeat elements).

The default approach is to discard all rows where the maximum TPM is less than the specified cutoff. Since the default cutoff is 1TPM, this means discarding bundles where the total transcripts per million estimate is < 1. (Filtering tends to increase statistical power at a given false-positive rate per Bourgon et al, 2010, <http://www.pnas.org/content/107/21/9546.long>)

Value

a matrix of TPMs by bundle for each sample

collapseTranscripts	<i>Collapse transcripts, discarding any with low reads (pointless to test them) Filtering usually increases statistical power for given false-positive rate; see Bourgon et al, 2010, http://www.pnas.org/content/107/21/9546.long.</i>
---------------------	--

Description

Collapse transcripts, discarding any with low reads (pointless to test them) Filtering usually increases statistical power for given false-positive rate; see Bourgon et al, 2010, <http://www.pnas.org/content/107/21/9546.long>.

Usage

```
collapseTranscripts(kexp, read.cutoff = 1, ...)
```

Arguments

kexp	A KallistoExperiment (or something very much like it)
read.cutoff	Discard transcripts and/or bundles w/ < this many reads

Value

a matrix of filtered transcript counts

See Also

collapseBundles

erccAnalysis	<i>QC plots of ERCC spike-in controls (FIXME: automate RUVSeq normalization?)</i>
--------------	---

Description

QC plots of ERCC spike-in controls (FIXME: automate RUVSeq normalization?)

Usage

```
erccAnalysis(kexp, ...)
```

Arguments

kexp	something that behaves like a KallistoExperiment
------	--

ERCC_annotated	<i>ERCC spike-in control annotations</i>
----------------	--

Description

ERCC spike-in data annotated directly from Life Tech: URL <- "https://tools.lifetechnologies.com/content/sf/ERCC_raw <- read.table(URL, sep="\t", header=T) ERCC_raw <- ERCC_raw[, 3:5]
names(ERCC_raw) <- c("subgroup", "concentration.mix1", "concentration.mix2") save(ERCC_raw, file="da

Usage

data(ERCC_annotated)

Examples

```
data(ERCC_annotated)
split(rownames(ERCC_annotated), ERCC_annotated$subgroup)
split(ERCC_annotated$concentration.mix1 / ERCC_annotated$concentration.mix2, ERCC_annotated$subgroup)
```

extractIndexName	<i>extract the transcriptome index used for a Kallisto hdf5 file</i>
------------------	--

Description

extract the transcriptome index used for a Kallisto hdf5 file

Usage

extractIndexName(callinfo)

Arguments

callinfo the Kallisto call string

Value

the index name

fetchAppSession	<i>fetch app session variables from BaseSpace JSON</i>
-----------------	--

Description

fetch app session variables from BaseSpace JSON

Usage

```
fetchAppSession(jsonFile)
```

Arguments

jsonFile	character, the name and/or path to the JSON file
----------	--

Value

list the appSession created from that JSON file

fetchKallisto	<i>fetch one sample's worth of Kallisto estimates, perhaps with bootstraps</i>
---------------	--

Description

fetch one sample's worth of Kallisto estimates, perhaps with bootstraps

Usage

```
fetchKallisto(sampleDir = ".", h5file = "abundance.h5",  
  collapse = "_mergedWith_", ...)
```

Arguments

sampleDir	character string: the path to h5/json files
h5file	character string: the file to read
collapse	string: collapsing string for indices ("_mergedWith_")

fitBundles	<i>encapsulate limma/voom analysis for consistency with ebrowser()</i>
------------	--

Description

encapsulate limma/voom analysis for consistency with ebrowser()

Usage

```
fitBundles(kexp, design, bundleID = "gene_id", read.cutoff = 1, ...)
```

Arguments

kexp	A KallistoExperiment
design	A model matrix
bundleID	The ID to bundle on (default is gene_id)
read.cutoff	Exclude bundles where the maximum count is < this

Value

A list with elements (design, voomed, fit)

fitTranscripts	<i>encapsulate limma/voom analysis and TMM normalization at transcript level FIXME: just farm it out to sleuth, e.g. as seen in ?artemisData::withSleuth</i>
----------------	--

Description

encapsulate limma/voom analysis and TMM normalization at transcript level FIXME: just farm it out to sleuth, e.g. as seen in ?artemisData::withSleuth

Usage

```
fitTranscripts(kexp, design, read.cutoff = 1, ...)
```

Arguments

kexp	A KallistoExperiment
design	A model matrix
read.cutoff	Exclude transcripts where the maximum count is < this

Value

A list with elements (design, voomed, fit)

formatResults	<i>downstream results from fitBundles tabulated into a single object showing genes and quantified limma fitted values.</i>
---------------	--

Description

example:

Usage

formatResults(res)

Arguments

res the output from geneWiseAnalysis

Details

library("artemisData") data("NS", package="artemisData") formatResults(geneWiseAnalysis(NS, exptD

Value

a single merged object with gene names and limma quantified values for differential expression

geneWiseAnalysis	<i>Downstream analysis of bundle-aggregated transcript abundance estimates.</i>
------------------	---

Description

Downstream analysis of bundle-aggregated transcript abundance estimates.

Usage

```
geneWiseAnalysis(kexp, design = NULL, how = c("cpm", "tpm"),
  p.cutoff = 0.05, fold.cutoff = 1, read.cutoff = 1,
  species = c("Homo.sapiens", "Mus.musculus"), fitOnly = FALSE, ...)
```

Arguments

kexp	a KallistoExperiment or SummarizedExperiment-like object
design	a design matrix with 2nd coefficient as one to test
p.cutoff	where to set the p-value cutoff for plots, etc. (0.05)
fold.cutoff	where to set the log2-FC cutoff for plots, etc. (1==2x)
read.cutoff	minimum read coverage (estimated) for a gene bundle

species	which species? (Homo.sapiens; FIX: get from TxDbLite)
fitOnly	exit after fitting the EBayes linear model? (FALSE)
topheat	how many bundles to include in cluster heatmaps? (100)

Details

If no design matrix is found, the function will look in `exptData(kexp)$design`. If that too is empty it fails.

Value

a list w/items design, voomed, fit, top, enriched, Figures, scaledExprs, clusts, species, features, ... (perhaps)

getKallistoVersion	<i>get the running version of Kallisto in the default path (if there is one)</i>
--------------------	--

Description

get the running version of Kallisto in the default path (if there is one)

Usage

```
getKallistoVersion()
```

Value

a string (the version of Kallisto that was found)

icgcImport	<i>import RNAseq data from ICGC (at least the way it comes from their DCC) right now, this means only accepting gene-level summaries; may change later.</i>
------------	---

Description

import RNAseq data from ICGC (at least the way it comes from their DCC) right now, this means only accepting gene-level summaries; may change later.

Usage

```
icgcImport(counts = NULL, filename = NULL, filepath = ".", transcriptome,
  level = c("gene", "transcript"), cols = c("submitted_sample_id",
    "gene_id", "raw_read_count"), ...)
```

Arguments

counts	A matrix of counts (else provide filename)
filename	A filename to pull in (if counts == NULL)
filepath	Where the above-specified file resides (".")
transcriptome	what transcriptome these were derived from
level	At what level shall features be annotated? (gene)
cols	Which columns matter in the data? (see function code)
...	Other stuff (such as covariates=covs and the like)

Value

KallistoExperiment with derived effective lengths

See Also

CountsAndFeaturesToKallistoExperiment

indexKallisto

index transcriptome/transcriptomes

Description

index transcriptome/transcriptomes

Usage

```
indexKallisto(fastaFiles, fastaPath, fastaTxDbLite = TRUE,
  collapse = "_mergedWith_", kmer = 31, makeUnique = TRUE)
```

Arguments

fastaFiles	a character string or vector of FASTA transcriptomes
fastaPath	where to find the preceding FASTA files
fastaTxDbLite	boolean: should we try to annotate new FASTAs? (yes)
collapse	string to name multi-FASTA indices ("_mergedWith_")
kmer	integer, integer 3-31 of kmer size,default 31
makeUnique	boolean, true will auto-correct existing dupes

KallistoExperiment	<i>Initializes a KallistoExperiment and performs some rudimentary checks. Many of the arguments CAN be NULL; determination of which is required is done at run-time. A KallistoExperiment must contain at least the est_counts and eff_length assays, because these are required for tpm estimates. HOWEVER, given raw counts along with informative lengths for each feature (row), we can deduce the effective length of each transcript or bundle from the total normalized count. Function SEtoKE(), which underlies as(SE, "KallistoExperiment"), does exactly that.</i>
--------------------	---

Description

Initializes a KallistoExperiment and performs some rudimentary checks. Many of the arguments CAN be NULL; determination of which is required is done at run-time. A KallistoExperiment must contain at least the est_counts and eff_length assays, because these are required for tpm estimates. HOWEVER, given raw counts along with informative lengths for each feature (row), we can deduce the effective length of each transcript or bundle from the total normalized count. Function SEtoKE(), which underlies as(SE, "KallistoExperiment"), does exactly that.

Usage

```
KallistoExperiment(est_counts = NULL, eff_length = NULL,
  transcriptomes = NULL, covariates = DataFrame(),
  features = GRangesList(), kallistoVersion = "", est_counts_mad = NULL,
  ...)
```

Arguments

est_counts	matrix of estimated counts
eff_length	matrix of effective transcript lengths
transcriptomes	string or strings naming the target txomes
covariates	the column metadata (covariates) for each sample
features	the row-wise annotations for the object
kallistoVersion	version of Kallisto used to run the experiment
est_counts_mad	matrix of count MADs summarizing bootstrap runs

See Also

SEtoKE

`KallistoExperiment-class`*A SummarizedExperiment subclass that stores multiple Kallisto runs*

Description

FIXME: add RUVg-derived ERCC-calibrated normalization factors in metadata

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'KallistoExperiment'
counts(object)

## S4 method for signature 'KallistoExperiment'
covariates(object)

## S4 method for signature 'KallistoExperiment'
pData(object)

## S4 replacement method for signature 'KallistoExperiment'
covariates(object) <- value

## S4 replacement method for signature 'KallistoExperiment,DataFrame'
pData(object) <- value

## S4 method for signature 'KallistoExperiment'
features(object)

## S4 replacement method for signature 'KallistoExperiment'
features(object) <- value

## S4 method for signature 'KallistoExperiment'
eff_length(object)

## S4 method for signature 'KallistoExperiment'
tpm(object)

## S4 method for signature 'KallistoExperiment'
kallistoVersion(object)

## S4 method for signature 'KallistoExperiment'
transcriptomes(object)

## S4 method for signature 'KallistoExperiment'
transcriptsBy(x, by = "gene", ...)

## S4 method for signature 'KallistoExperiment'
```

```

mad(x)

## S4 method for signature 'ANY'
covariates(object)

## S4 replacement method for signature 'ANY'
covariates(object) <- value

## S4 method for signature 'SummarizedExperiment0'
features(object)

## S4 replacement method for signature 'RangedSummarizedExperiment'
features(object) <- value

## S4 replacement method for signature 'SummarizedExperiment0'
features(object) <- value

```

Arguments

```

object:      something from which to retrieve covariates
object:      something to which covariates should be assigned
value:       the covariates to assign (usually a data.frame or DataFrame)
object:      something from which features should be obtained
object:      something to which features should be assigned
value:       the features to assign (usually a GRanges or GRangesList)

```

Value

```

the object, perhaps with updated covariates
a GRanges or GRangesList of feature annotations
the object, perhaps with updated feature annotations

```

Methods (by generic)

- counts: Retrieve the estimated count matrix from a KallistoExperiment.
- covariates: Retrieve the sample covariates from a KallistoExperiment.
- pData: Retrieve the sample covariates from a KallistoExperiment.
- covariates<=: Assign the sample covariates for a KallistoExperiment.
- pData<=: Convenience method for people used to ExpressionSet, to set per-sample data.
- features: Retrieve the per-row annotations for a KallistoExperiment.
- features<=: Assign per-row annotations to a KallistoExperiment.
- eff_length: Retrieve the matrix of effective transcript lengths from a KallistoExperiment

- tpm: Obtain tpm from the precomputed matrix (computed as shown in <https://haroldpimentel.wordpress.com/2014/05/0/the-fpkm-a-review-rna-seq-expression-units/>), specifically,

```
rate <- log(counts(object)) - log(eff_length(object));
tpm <- exp(rate - log(sum(exp(rate))) + log(1e6)) @import SummarizedExperiment
```
- kallistoVersion: Retrieve the version of Kallisto used for alignment from a KallistoExperiment
- transcriptomes: Retrieve the transcriptomes used for annotation from a KallistoExperiment
- transcriptsBy: Fetch transcripts for a gene, or all transcripts bundled by gene.
- mad: Fetch the matrix of MADs for estimated counts, if bootstraps were run.
- covariates:
- covariates<-:
- features:
- features<-:
- features<-:

Slots

transcriptomes Transcriptomes against which reads were pseudoaligned
kallistoVersion The version of Kallisto used to pseudoalign the reads

mergeKallisto	<i>Merge multiple Kallisto results, yielding a KallistoExperiment.</i>
---------------	--

Description

If no transcriptomes are specified (or the ones specified are not found), the resulting KallistoExperiment will have a rowData/rowRanges object which consists entirely of unannotated transcripts from chromosome "Unknown". If transcriptomes are specified and annotations for those transcriptomes are found, the transcripts described in the annotations will be fully annotated for transcript ID, gene ID, gene name, entrez ID, and transcript biotype, provided that these fields are supported in the annotation resources.

Usage

```
mergeKallisto(outputDirs = NULL, outputPath = ".", covariates = NULL,
  annotate = FALSE, collapse = "_mergedWith_", parallel = TRUE, ...)
```

Arguments

outputDirs	character: directories holding Kallisto results (NULL)
outputPath	character: base path to the outputDirs (default is .)
covariates	data.frame or DataFrame: per-sample covariates (NULL)
annotate	boolean: automatically annotate the transcripts? (FALSE)
collapse	string: collapsing string for indices ("_mergedWith_")
parallel	boolean: try to run the merge in parallel? (TRUE)

Details

FIXME: automatically determine which transcriptomes were used (in process!)

pairFastqFiles	<i>figure out how a sample's runs can be properly paired (no SE support yet)</i>
----------------	--

Description

figure out how a sample's runs can be properly paired (no SE support yet)

Usage

```
pairFastqFiles(path = ".", extension = "_*", readPrefix = "R")
```

Arguments

path	a character string specifying where the FASTQ files are
extension	what is the file extension? default is ".fastq.gz"
readPrefix	usually pairs are _R1/_R2_, so this defaults to "R"

pathwayPlot	<i>Use pathview to plot a pathway or pathways colored by gene-wise contrasts. The default is to plot the effect-size-signed, -log10(p.value) for each row.</i>
-------------	--

Description

Use pathview to plot a pathway or pathways colored by gene-wise contrasts. The default is to plot the effect-size-signed, -log10(p.value) for each row.

Usage

```
pathwayPlot(pathway, kexp = NULL, results = NULL, design = NULL,
  coef = 2, IDtype = "ENSEMBL", path = ".", addData = NULL,
  how = "signed", species = c("Homo sapiens", "Mus musculus"), ...)
```

Arguments

pathway: which pathway (or keywords to find the appropriate pathway)
 kexp: a KallistoExperiment (can be null, if results is OK)
 results: cached results from running fitBundles to avoid rerunning it
 design: a design matrix to compute contrasts within the experiment
 coef: which column in the design matrix to extract coefficients (2)
 IDtype: type of identifier for gene/transcript annotations (ENSEMBL)
 path: the working directory for downloaded/generated files (".")
 species: species for pathway extraction (defaults to Homo sapiens)
 addData: optional per-annotation DNA methylation or copy number data
 how: how to display effects at each node? (signed -log10(p[j]))
 ...: additional arguments to be passed to pathview

Value

a list with the human-readable pathway name(s) and the plot file(s)

See Also

enrichmentAnalysis
EnrichmentBrowser
 pathview

pcaGGFrame	<i>plots pca of each kexp assay</i>
------------	-------------------------------------

Description

plots pca of each kexp assay

Usage

```
pcaGGFrame(kexpAssays, firstComponent = c("first", "second", "third",
  "fourth", "fifth", "sixth"), secondComponent = c("first", "second", "third",
  "fourth", "fifth", "sixth"), assayInterested = c("cpm", "tpm", "length",
  "mad"))
```

Arguments

kexpAssays, kallisto experiment assay
 firstComponent , the principal component you wish to compare with second
 secondComponent,
 the principal component you wish to compare with first component
 assayInterested,
 the type of assay data, cpm, etc

Value

a data Frame of the selected principal components used to pass into pcaPlot, input attributes are under attributes(ggFrame) for each PC

pcaPlot	<i>plots pca of each kexp assay</i>
---------	-------------------------------------

Description

plots pca of each kexp assay

Usage

```
pcaPlot(ggFrame)
```

Arguments

ggFrame, a data frame of desired components to plot

Value

a pca plot of an cpm, tpm, length, or median abs. deviations

remapSymbols	<i>update transcript-/gene-level annotations for a KallistoExperiment or matrix</i>
--------------	---

Description

update transcript-/gene-level annotations for a KallistoExperiment or matrix

Usage

```
remapSymbols(x, what = c("transcript", "gene"))
```

Arguments

x the matrix or kexp
what "transcript" or "gene" level reannotation

Value

x, with updated \$gene_name or rownames

`rpkmToTpm`*Converts RPKM or FPKM estimates to TPM. Per Colin Dewey,*

Description
$$\text{tpm}[i, j] == (\text{rpkm}[i, j] / (\text{sum}(\text{rpkm}[i,]))) * 1e6$$
Usage`rpkmToTpm(rpkm, ...)``.tpmBySample(rpkm)`**Arguments**`rpkm` a matrix of RPKM or FPKM estimates`rpkm` a vector of possibly-zero RPKM estimates**Details**

For nonzero `rpkm`, this becomes

$$\text{tpm}[i, \text{nonzero}] == \exp(\log(\text{rpkm}[i, \text{nonzero}]) - \log(\text{sum}(\text{rpkm}[i, \text{nonzero}])) + \log(1e6))$$

and of course if `RPKM == 0` then `TPM == 0` as well.

Value

a matrix of TPM estimates

Functions

- `.tpmBySample`:

See Also

<http://bioinformatics.oxfordjournals.org/content/26/4/493.full>

runKallisto	<i>run kallisto with fastq.gz files on a freshly generated or existing index</i>
-------------	--

Description

run kallisto with fastq.gz files on a freshly generated or existing index

Usage

```
runKallisto(sampleDir, indexName = NULL, fastaPath = ".",
  fastaFiles = NULL, fastqPath = ".", outputPath = ".",
  bootstraps = 100, threads = 1, bias = TRUE, pseudobam = FALSE,
  singleEnd = FALSE, lengthMean = 150, lengthDev = 0.001,
  collapse = "_mergedWith_", extension = ".fastq.gz", ...)
```

Arguments

sampleDir	character, subdirectory for sample's FASTQ files
indexName	character or NULL, optional name of the index
fastaPath	character, where FASTA files are underneath (".")
fastaFiles	character vector of FASTA transcriptomes, or NULL
fastqPath	character, where sampleDir is located under (".")
outputPath	character, output in outputPath/sampleDir (".")
bootstraps	integer, how many bootstrap replicates to run? (100)
threads	integer, how many threads to use for bootstraps? (4)
bias	boolean, perform bias correction? (TRUE)
pseudobam	boolean, produce pseudoBAM output? (FALSE)
singleEnd	boolean, produce single end quantification, mean and std.dev required
lengthMean	integer, length mean used only for single end quantification
lengthDev	integer, length std used only for single end quantification
collapse	string to name multi-FASTA indices ("_mergedWith_")
extension	string, to pass the extension into pairFastqFiles()

saveArtemisPlots	<i>Saving plots in PDF format in a single output file</i>
------------------	---

Description

Saving plots in PDF format in a single output file

Usage

```
saveArtemisPlots(res, outName)
```

Arguments

res	An output from limma created by fitBundles
outName	a string for saving the file

Value

returns a pdf in the working directory

SEtoKE	<i>Convert a properly annotated SummarizedExperiment with 'counts', OR a matrix of counts and a GRanges of annotations for each count, to a KallistoExperiment (thereby providing tpm estimates on demand).</i>
--------	---

Description

Note that the code here is based upon Harold Pimentel's code, cf. <https://haroldpimentel.wordpress.com/2014/05/08/what-the-fpkm-a-review-rna-seq-expression-units/>

Usage

```
SEtoKE(SE = NULL, counts = NULL, features = NULL, covariates = NULL,  
       transcriptomes = NULL, fraglen = 200, ...)
```

```
SummarizedExperimentToKallistoExperiment(SE, transcriptomes)
```

```
CountsAndFeaturesToKallistoExperiment(counts, features, transcriptomes, ...)
```

Arguments

SE	a properly-annotated SummarizedExperiment
counts	if SE is not supplied, a matrix of counts
features	if SE is not supplied, GRanges with lengths
covariates	optional data.frame or DataFrame if SE is not present
transcriptomes	mandatory string or strings naming the transcriptomes
fraglen	optional mean fragment length estimate for PE runs
...	Other stuff (arguments passed to KallistoExperiment)
SE	SummarizedExperiment w/fully annotated rows (features)
transcriptomes	mandatory string or strings naming the transcriptomes
counts	matrix of transcript or bundle counts
features	GRanges of features with valid lengths
transcriptomes	mandatory string or strings naming the transcriptomes
...	Other stuff (such as covariates=covs and the like)

Details

FIXME: add bias correction to eff_lengths, or derive from TPM instead? FIXME: allow for meta-data and per-sample metadata (i.e. MultiAssayExperiment) FIXME: add some sort of KallistoExperiment method to correct bias post-hoc

Value

a KallistoExperiment
a KallistoExperiment
a KallistoExperiment

Functions

- SummarizedExperimentToKallistoExperiment:
- CountsAndFeaturesToKallistoExperiment:

See Also

KallistoExperiment
SEtoKE
SEtoKE

strpop	<i>handy string splitting function that operates on basename(x)</i>
--------	---

Description

handy string splitting function that operates on basename(x)

Usage

```
strpop(x, y = " ", z = NULL)
```

Arguments

x	a string
y	a split character (" ")
z	an element or elements to return (the last one)

Value

a string, possibly concatenated from multiple elements

transcriptWiseAnalysis	<i>Analysis of raw transcript abundance estimates.</i>
------------------------	--

Description

Analysis of raw transcript abundance estimates.

Usage

```
transcriptWiseAnalysis(kexp, design, p.cutoff = 0.05, fold.cutoff = 1,
  coef = 2, tx_biotype = NULL, gene_biotype = NULL,
  biotype_class = NULL, ...)
```

Arguments

kexp	a KallistoExperiment or SummarizedExperiment-like object
design	a design matrix w/contrast or coefficient to test in col2
p.cutoff	where to set the p-value cutoff for plots, etc. (0.05)
fold.cutoff	where to set the log2-FC cutoff for plots, etc. (1 == 2x)
coef	which column of the design matrix to test on (2nd)
tx_biotype	optionally restrict to one or more tx_biotype classes
gene_biotype	optionally restrict to one or more gene_biotype classes
biotype_class	optionally restrict to one or more biotype_class ...es

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