001-Basics

March 19, 2024

1 TP 01 - R Basics - 1/4

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- Last update: 2024-02-01
- Based on https://www.w3schools.com/r/default.asp

1.1 About

- R is a programming language for statistical computing and data visualization. It has been adopted in the fields of data mining, bioinformatics, and data analysis.
- The core R language is augmented by a large number of extension packages, containing reusable code, documentation, and sample data.
- R software is open-source and free software. It is licensed by the GNU Project and available under the GNU General Public License. It is written primarily in C, Fortran, and R itself. Precompiled executables are provided for various operating systems.
- As an interpreted language, R has a native command line interface. Moreover, multiple third-party graphical user interfaces are available, such as RStudio—an integrated development environment—and Jupyter—a notebook interface.

1.2 Hello, World!

```
[]: # Your 1st line
    print("Hello World!")

[]: # Using a variable
    txt < -"Hello World!"
    print(txt)

[]: # '<-' is the same than '='
    txt = "Hello World!"
    print(txt)

[]: # Concatenate 2 strings
    text1 < -"R is"
    # or text1 = "R is"
    text2 < -"awesome"
    paste(text1, text2)</pre>
```

1.3 Simple Maths operations

```
[]: 3+3 # Addition
3-3 # Subtraction
3*3 # Multiplication
3/3 # Exponentiation
3%%3 # Modulus / remainder
3%/%3 # Integer division
[]: # A very basic error
num < -5
num = 5
text < -"Some text"
num + text
```

1.4 Variable names

Not possible to cat text and num

```
[]: # Legal variable names:
   myvar <- "John"
   my_var <- "John"
   myVar <- "John"
   MYVAR <- "John"
   myvar2 <- "John"
   .myvar <- "John"</pre>
```

```
[]: # Illegal variable names:

# 2myvar <- "John"

# my var <- "John"

# my_var <- "John"

# my_var <- "John"

# my_v@ar <- "John"

# TRUE <- "John"
```