# Regular Expression Basics: Takeaways 🖻

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## Syntax

#### REGULAR EXPRESSION MODULE

• Importing the regular expression module:

```
import re
```

• Searching a string for a regex pattern:

```
re.search(r"blue", "Rhythm and blues")
```

#### PANDAS REGEX METHODS

• Return a boolean mask if a regex pattern is found in a series:

```
s.str.contains(pattern)
```

• Extract a regex capture group from a series:

```
s.str.extract(pattern_with_capture_group)
```

#### **ESCAPING CHARACTERS**

• Treating special characters as ordinary text using backslashes:

```
[pdf]
```

### Concepts

- Regular expressions, often referred to as regex, are a set of syntax components used for matching sequences of characters in strings.
- A pattern is described as a regular expression that we've written. We say regular expression has matched if it finds the pattern exists in the string.

- Character classes allow us to match certain classes of characters.
- A set contains two or more characters that can match in a single character's position.
- Quantifiers specify how many of the previous characters the pattern requires.
- Capture groups allow us to specify one or more groups within our match that we can access separately.
- Negative character classes are character classes that match every character except a character class.
- An anchor matches something that isn't a character, as opposed to character classes which match specific characters.
- A word boundary matches the space between a word character and a non-word character, or a word character and the start/end of a string
- Common character classes:

| Character<br>Class | Pattern       | Explanation   |
|--------------------|---------------|---|
| Set                | [fud]         | Either f, u, or d   |
| Range              | [a - e]       | Any of the characters <b>a</b> , <b>b</b> , <b>c</b> , <b>d</b> , or <b>e</b> |
| Range              | [0 - 3]       | Any of the characters 0, 1, 2, or 3   |
| Range              | [A-Z]         | Any uppercase letter  |
| Set + Range        | [A- Za-<br>z] | Any uppercase or lowercase character  |
| Digit              | \d            | Any digit character (equivalent to [0-9])                                     |
| Word               | \w            | Any digit, uppercase, or lowercase character (equivalent to  [A-Za-z0-9] )    |
| Whitespace         | \s            | Any space, tab or linebreak character   |
| Dot                |               | Any character except newline  |

#### • Common quantifiers:

| Quantifier   | Pattern | Explanation                        |
|--------------|---------|------------------------------------|
| Zero or more | a*      | The character a zero or more times |
| One or more  | a+      | The character a one or more times  |
| Optional     | a?      | The character a zero or one times  |
|              |         |                                    |

| Numeric<br>Common negativ | e c | (3)<br>haracte      | The<br>r cla      | e character a three times<br>sses:  |
|---------------------------|-----|---------------------|-------------------|---|
| Character Class           | a   | <sub>3,</sub> Patte | rŋ <sub>Γh∈</sub> | <b>Explanation</b> three, four, or five times                               |
| Negative Set              | a{  | ,3} [^fud           | l .'h€            | Any character except character except character in one, two, or the eetings |
| Numeric Set               | a{  | 8, [^1 -<br>_3Z\s]  | The               | Any characters greent r 1 re 2 ne 3 , Z , or whitespace characters          |
| Negative Digit            |     | <b>\D</b>           |                   | Any character except digit characters                                       |
| Negative Word             |     | \ <b>W</b>          |                   | Any character except word characters  |
| Negative<br>Whitespace    |     | \S                  |                   | Any character except whitespace characters                                  |

#### • Common anchors:

| Anchor           | Pattern | Explanation  |
|------------------|---------|--|
| Beginning        | ^abc    | Matches abc only at the start of a string                |
| End              | abc\$   | Matches abc only at the end of a string                  |
| Word<br>boundary | s\b     | Matches s only when it's followed by a word boundary     |
| Word<br>boundary | s\B     | Matches s only when it's not followed by a word boundary |

## Resources

- <u>re module</u>
- Building regular expressions

