Redirection and Pipelines: Takeaways 🖻

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Syntax

Printing Hello, world! to the screen: echo "Hello, world!" .
Creating empties files: touch file1 file2 .
Creating a file output by redirecting the output cmd : cmd >output .
Appending the output of running cmd to the file output : cmd >>output .
Connecting the output of cmd1 to the input of cmd2 : cmd1 | cmd2 .

Concepts

• Creating empty text files is sometimes useful.

• Discarding the output of cmd: cmd >/dev/null .

- With output redirection we can save our work into files.
- We should be mindful of situations in which we'll want to append output.
- Redirecting errors isn't as simple as it seems.
- Pipelines allows us to very easily combine commands together.
- A couple of the benifits of pipelines are efficiency and ease of use.
- The Unix Philosophy:

This is the Unix philosophy. Write programs that do one thing and do it well. Write programs to work together. Write programs to handle text streams, because that is a universal interface.

Resources

- The **printf** <u>command</u>
- GNU Project's documentation on Pipelines

- POSIX standards on pipelines
- The <u>null device</u>
- <u>Professor Brian Kernighan</u> on Computerphile <u>talking about Unix</u>



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