* Selection Sort:

- It is a simple sorting algorithm.

> In this algorithm, we select an element and put it in its correct position.

In this algorithm, we have to find the maximum value in the list, then put it in the correct position. Then select 2nd largest element from the remaining array then put it at its correct position. And repeal thes step till we got the sorted array.

Example: 4,5,1,2,3

index swapped with correct index 4, 5, 1, 2, 3

Step1:>

Select the largest element from the above array (Here, 5). So, put 5 at its correct index i.e at index 4.

Stopped with correct index

Stopped with correct index

array, 2, 3, 1, 2, 5

remaining As we know 5 is at array its correct index

Now, find the maximum item from the remaining array (Here, 4 is the largest). Now Swap 4 with a (1.e put 4 at its correct prindex, 1.e index 3) Now array is judex swapped with correct index 2,3,1,4,5 Step3:> remaining array [As we know 4 & 5 is at its correct position] Delect the largest element from remaining array (Here, 3 is largest). Put 3 at its correct index (i.e, at index 2) Now array is swapped with correct index 2, 1, 3, 4, 5 index Step 4:-> remaining array > Select the largest element from remaining array (Here, 2 is largest). Put 2 at its correct indeset (i-e, at index 1) 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 Sorted array Now array is: * NOTE * Here, I am selecting the maximum element & putting at

its correct index. You can select the minimum element

and do the same process.

* Complexity of Selection Sort:

Space Complexity = O(1) 11 constant

Time Complexity:

Best case = $O(N^2)$ Worst case = $O(N^2)$

Stable = No

Use case :

> It performs well on small lists/arrays.

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