

# Audit Report Harmony Nodes

March 2022

Type ERC20

SHA256 b6e543b5b8c4465a4aefcca6fa40382d76c33f114789132a5152ca8ca36c781c

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## **Contract Review**

SHA256	b6e543b5b8c4465a4aefcca6fa40382d76c33f1147891 32a5152ca8ca36c781c
Source	HarmonyNodes.sol
Domain	harmonynodes.com

## **Audit Updates**

Initial Audit	14th March 2022
Corrected	



## Harmony Nodes Workflow

Harmony nodes tokens implement a reward mechanism. Users have the ability to create nodes. The user pays in HONE tokens in order to get a node. The nodes have a variation of cost and interest multipliers. The interest multiplier is increased logarithmically to the node's cost. The nodes cost / interest multiplier ratio is the following:

No	Туре	Node Cost	Multiplier
0	Nano	100	1
1	Mini	250	3
2	Pico	500	7
3	Mega	1000	16
4	Giga	5000	100

Each address can update the owned node without limit. For instance, an address could have one Nano and two Mega nodes.



## **Contract Analysis**

CriticalMediumMinorPass

Severity	Code	Description
•	ST	Contract Owner is not able to stop or pause transactions
•	OCTD	Contract Owner is not able to transfer tokens from specific address
•	OTUT	Owner Transfer User's Tokens
•	ELFM	Contract Owner is not able to increase fees more than a reasonable percent (25%)
•	ULTW	Contract Owner is not able to increase the amount of liquidity taken by dev wallet more than a reasonable percent
•	MT	Contract Owner is not able to mint new tokens
•	ВТ	Contract Owner is not able to burn tokens from specific wallet
•	ВС	Contract Owner is not able to blacklist wallets from selling



## ST - Stop Transactions

Criticality	minor
Location	contract.sol#L493

#### Description

The contract owner has the authority to stop transactions for all users. The owner may take advantage of it by setting the limit to zero.

```
require(amount <= limit, 'This transfer exceeds the allowed limit!');</pre>
```

#### Recommendation

The contract could embody a check for not allowing setting the limit less than a reasonable amount. A suggested implementation could check that the maximum amount should be more than a fixed percentage of the total supply.

The team should carefully manage the private keys of the owner's account. We strongly recommend a powerful security mechanism that will prevent a single user from accessing the contract admin functions. That risk can be prevented by temporarily locking the contract or renouncing ownership.



#### MT - Mint Tokens

Criticality	critical
Location	contract.sol#508

#### Description

The contract owner or the HONEManager role has the authority to mint tokens. The owner may take advantage of it by calling the mint function. As a result the contract tokens will be highly inflated.

```
function mint(uint256 _amount) public {
  require(msg.sender == HONEManager || msg.sender == owner, 'Can only be used by
HONEManager or owner.');
  _mint(msg.sender, _amount);
}
```

#### Recommendation

The owner should carefully manage the credentials of the owner's account. We advised considering an extra-strong security mechanism that the actions may be quarantined by many users instead of one. The owner could also renounce the contract ownership for a period of time or pass the access to the zero address.



## **Contract Diagnostics**

CriticalMediumMinor

Severity	Code	Description
•	AP	Admin Privileges
•	RSC	Reward System Concern
•	MNO	Mint Node Overcharge
•	FNM	Function Naming Misused
•	CO	Code Optimization
•	CR	Code Repetition
•	MC	Missing Check
•	L01	Public Function could be Declared External
•	L04	Conformance to Solidity Naming Conventions
•	L07	Missing Events Arithmetic
•	L08	Tautology or Contradiction



## AP - Admin Privileges

```
Criticality medium

Location contract.sol#L550,665
```

#### Description

- The dev addresses will initially get an interest multiplier for 10 Giga nodes without paying.
- The contract owner has the ability to reserve nodes for any address without paying the corresponding fees.

```
for(i=0; i < _devs.length; i++){
  HONENodesAddresses.push(_devs[i]);
  Account memory account = Account(true, 0, 0, 0, 0, 10, 0);
  accounts[_devs[i]] = account;
  totalNodes += 5;
}</pre>
```

#### Recommendation

The owner should carefully manage the credentials of the owner's account. We advised considering an extra-strong security mechanism that the actions may be quarantined by many users instead of one. The owner could also renounce the contract ownership for a period of time or pass the access to the zero address.



## RSC - Reward System Concern

Criticality medium

Location contract.sol#L558

#### Description

The reward system contains a mint/burn mechanism that may inflate or deflate the token balance and the node holders. For instance:

#### **Example 1**

HONEManager balance: 10,000 HONE

- 1. A user buy a Giga node by paying 500,000 HONE.
- 2. The HONEManager will be 510,000.
- 3. The owner triggers the *manageRewards()* function.

The following will happen:

poolAmount = 500000

runwayInDays = 5000

newTotalTokens = 36500

amountToBurn = 463500

poolAmount = 36500

That means that the corresponding user's tokens will be burned.



#### Example 2

On the other hand, the contract owner may trigger the *manageRewards()* in an early state, mint new tokens and use the *burnHONE()* function in order to transfer these tokens to an address.

```
function manageRewards() public {
 require(msg.sender == owner, 'You must be the owner to run this.');
 uint poolAmount = HONEAddress.balanceOf(address(this)) / 10 ** 18;
 uint runwayInDays = poolAmount/((totalNodes * HONEInterestRatePercent *
nodeMultiplers[4]) / 100);
 if(runwayInDays > 900){
    uint newTotalTokens = (365 * HONEInterestRatePercent * totalNodes *
nodeMultiplers[4]) / 100; // 365 is the desired runway
    uint amountToBurn = poolAmount - newTotalTokens;
    HONEAddress.burn(amountToBurn * 10 ** 18);
 }
 else if(runwayInDays < 360){</pre>
    uint newTotalTokens = (365 * HONEInterestRatePercent * totalNodes *
nodeMultiplers[4]) / 100; // 365 is the desired runway
    uint amountToMint = newTotalTokens - poolAmount;
    HONEAddress.mint(amountToMint * 10 ** 18);
 }
}
```

#### Recommendation

A more clear approach for minting/burning tokens could be introduced. Additionally, the namings could be changed to smething more related to the business logic. For instance the runwayInDays does not contain any data that is related to the days.



## MNO - Mint Node Overcharge

Criticality	medium
Location	contract.sol#L558

#### Description

The mintHarmonyNode() provides a node according to a charge. If the issuer provides more tokens than the specification, they are all transferred to the contract. The mintHarmonyNode() does not provide a way to track these amounts. Thus, the user will essentially pay more than the required without any reward.

```
if(_nodeType == 0){
   require(_HONEAmount >= 100 * 10 ** 18, 'You must provide at least 100 HONE for
the LP token');
   account.nanoCount++;
}
...
HONEAddress.transferFrom(_address, address(this), _HONEAmount);
```

#### Recommendation

The mintHarmonyNode() should transfer only the amount of tokens that is requirement for the specific node type.



## FNM - Function Naming Misused

Criticality	minor
Location	contract.sol#L659

#### Description

The **burnHONE()** naming provides the perception that the provided amount of HOME will be burned. In contrast, the function sent from the contract to the target address the provided amount of HONE.

```
function burnHONE(address _dead, uint amount) public {
  require(msg.sender == owner, 'You must be the owner to run this.');
  HONEAddress.transfer(_dead, amount);
}
```

#### Recommendation

The naming of the function should be changed to something more related to the function's business logic.



## CO - Code Optimization

Criticality	minor
Location	contract.sol#L558,603

#### Description

There are code segments that could be optimized. A segment may be optimized so that it becomes a smaller size, consumes less memory, executes more rapidly, or performs fewer operations.

The contract checks if the target address is the sender.

```
function mintHarmonyNode(address _address, uint _HONEAmount, uint _nodeType)
public {
   require(msg.sender == _address, 'Only user can create a node.');

function claimYield(address _to) public {
   require(msg.sender == _to, 'Only user can widthraw its own funds.');
}
```

#### Recommendation

Since the only allowed address is the sender, then the argument could be eliminated and use the msg.sender directly.



## **CR - Code Repetition**

Criticality	minor
Location	contract.sol#L668

#### Description

There are code segments that are repetitive in the contract. Those segments increase the code size of the contract unnecessarily.

For instance, the following code segment is used in mintHarmonyNode() and awardNode() as well.

```
Account memory account;

if(accounts[_address].exists){
   account = accounts[_address];
}
else{
   account = Account(true, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0);
   HONENodesAddresses.push(_address);
}
```

#### Recommendation

Create an internal function that contains the code segment and remove it from all the sections.



## MC - Missing Check

```
Criticality critical

Location contract.sol#L654,665
```

#### Description

The contract is processing variables that have not properly sanitized and checked that they form the proper shape. These variables may produce vulnerability issues.

The transfer is triggered without checking if it has completed successfully. In case of failure, the issuer will lose the accumulated interests without receiving them.

```
function claimYield(address _to) public {
    require(msg.sender == _to, 'Only user can widthraw its own funds.');
    require(accounts[_to].interestAccumulated > 0, 'Interest accumulated must be
greater than zero.');

    uint amount = accounts[_to].interestAccumulated;
    accounts[_to].interestAccumulated = 0;

    HONEAddress.transfer(_to, amount);
}
```

The \_nodeType should be a number less or equal to 4, otherwise the totalNodes will be increased without the corresponding counter update.

```
function awardNode(address _address, uint _nodeType) public {
  require(msg.sender == owner, 'You must be the owner to run this.');
```

The *HONEInterestRatePercent* should not be allowed to be zero because it is used as a divider in the calculations.

```
function changeDailyYield(uint _newRate) public {
  require(msg.sender == owner, 'You must be the owner to run this.');
  HONEInterestRatePercent = _newRate;
}
///
uint runwayInDays = poolAmount/((totalNodes * HONEInterestRatePercent *
```



nodeMultiplers[4]) / 100);

#### Recommendation

The contract should properly check the variables according to the required specifications



### L01 - Public Function could be Declared External

Criticality	minor
Location	contract.sol#L181,189,206,213,220,240,251,297,316,488 and 10 more

#### Description

Public functions that are never called by the contract should be declared external to save gas.

```
awardNode
burnHONE
changeDailyYield
manageRewards
payYield
claimYield
mintHarmonyNode
burn
mint
...
```

#### Recommendation

Use the external attribute for functions never called from the contract



## L04 - Conformance to Solidity Naming Conventions

Criticality	minor
Location	contract.sol#L488,493,508,513,479,558,603,654,659,665 and 6 more

#### Description

Solidity defines a naming convention that should be followed. Rule exceptions:

- Allow constant variable name/symbol/decimals to be lowercase.
- Allow \_ at the beginning of the mixed\_case match for private variables and unused parameters.

```
HONEInterestRatePercent
HONEAddress
HONENodesAddresses
_nodeType
_address
_dead
_newRate
_to
_HONEAmount
...
```

#### Recommendation

Follow the Solidity naming convention.

https://docs.soliditylang.org/en/v0.4.25/style-guide.html#naming-conventions



## L07 - Missing Events Arithmetic

Criticality	minor
Location	contract.sol#L493

#### Description

Detected missing events for critical arithmetic parameters. There are functions that have no event emitted, so it is difficult to track off-chain changes.

limit = \_limit

#### Recommendation

Emit an event for critical parameter changes.



## L08 - Tautology or Contradiction

Criticality	minor
Location	contract.sol#L558

#### Description

Detects expressions that are tautologies or contradictions. For instance, an uint variable will always be greater than or equal to zero.

```
require(bool,string)(_nodeType >= 0 && _nodeType <= 4,Invalid node type)</pre>
```

#### Recommendation

Fix the incorrect comparison by changing the value type or the comparison.



## **Contract Functions**

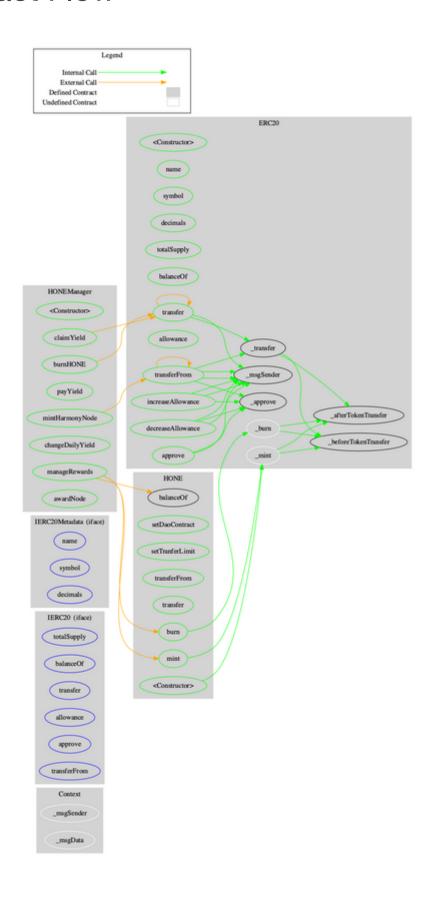
Contract	Туре	Bases		
	Function Name	Visibility	Mutability	Modifiers
Cantavt	Implementation			
Context	Implementation _msgSender	Internal		
	_msgData	Internal		
	_msgData	Internal		
ERC20	Interface			
	totalSupply	External		-
	balanceOf	External		-
	transfer	External	<b>✓</b>	-
	allowance	External		-
	approve	External	1	-
	transferFrom	External	1	-
ERC20Metada ta	Interface	IERC20		
	name	External		-
	symbol	External		-
	decimals	External		-
ERC20	Implementation	Context, IERC20, IERC20Meta data		
	<constructor></constructor>	Public	<b>✓</b>	-
	name	Public		-
	symbol	Public		-
	decimals	Public		-
	totalSupply	Public		-
	balanceOf	Public		-
	transfer	Public	✓	-
	allowance	Public		-



	approve	Public	✓	-
	transferFrom	Public	✓	-
	increaseAllowance	Public	✓	-
	decreaseAllowance	Public	✓	-
	_transfer	Internal	✓	
	_mint	Internal	✓	
	_burn	Internal	✓	
	_approve	Internal	✓	
	_beforeTokenTransfer	Internal	✓	
	_afterTokenTransfer	Internal	✓	
HONE	Implementation	ERC20		
	<constructor></constructor>	Public	✓	ERC20
	setDaoContract	Public	✓	-
	setTranferLimit	Public	✓	-
	transferFrom	Public	✓	-
	transfer	Public	✓	-
	mint	Public	✓	-
	burn	Public	✓	-
HONEManager	Implementation			
	<constructor></constructor>	Public	✓	-
	mintHarmonyNode	Public	✓	-
	claimYield	Public	✓	-
	payYield	Public	✓	-
	manageRewards	Public	✓	-
	manageRewards changeDailyYield	Public Public	✓ ✓	-



## **Contract Flow**





## Domain Info

Domain Name	harmonynodes.com
Registry Domain ID	2678732538_DOMAIN_COM-VRSN
Creation Date	2022-03-02T07:29:09Z
Updated Date	2022-03-04T03:12:34Z
Registry Expiry Date	2023-03-02T07:29:09Z
Registrar WHOIS Server	whois.godaddy.com
Registrar URL	http://www.godaddy.com
Registrar	GoDaddy.com, LLC
Registrar IANA ID	146

The domain has been created 12 days before the creation of the audit. It will expire in 12 months.

There is no public billing information, the creator is protected by the privacy settings.



## Summary

The Harmony Nodes is a contract that contains a standard token functionality enriched with a reward mechanism based on nodes acquisition. The token contains some functions that can be abused by the owner, like minting tokens. A multi-wallet signing pattern will provide security against potential hacks. Temporarily locking the contract or renouncing ownership will eliminate all the contract threats.

The Nodes acquisition mechanism contains some flows that may affect the expected behaviour. We mention some concerns regarding the contract owner privileges.



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Coinscope audit and K.Y.C. service has been rebranded to Cyberscope.

Coinscope is the leading early coin listing, voting and auditing authority firm. The audit process is analyzing and monitoring many aspects of the project. That way, it gives the community a good sense of security using an informative report and a generic score.

Cyberscope and Coinscope are aiming to make crypto discoverable and efficient globally. They provides all the essential tools to assist users draw their own conclusions.



The Cyberscope team

https://www.cyberscope.io