

Audit Report

Lava Oracle

April 2022

File Oracle.sol

Commit d59617e3ac107eea6d7601aac6e73e7f45ee00eb

Github https://github.com/lavafinancial/LavaContracts

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Contract Review

Github	LavaFinance	
commit	d59617e3ac107eea6d7601aac6e73e7f45ee00eb	
File	Oracle.sol	

Audit Updates

Initial Audit	9th April 2022
Corrected	



Source Files

Filename	SHA256
@openzeppelin/con tracts/access/Own able.sol	75e3c97011e75627ffb36f4a2799a4e887e1a3e27ed427 490e82d7b6f51cc5c9
@openzeppelin/con tracts/token/ERC2 0/IERC20.sol	c2b06bb4572bb4f84bfc5477dadc0fcc497cb66c3a1bd 53480e68bedc2e154a6
@openzeppelin/con tracts/utils/Context .sol	1458c260d010a08e4c20a4a517882259a23a4baa0b5b d9add9fb6d6a1549814a
contracts/interface s/Pair.sol	c976359741ad850af98ccec9bce5fd6d6a2ede9a3d366 f5889a245a8c90aab28
contracts/lib/Babyl onian.sol	074426507d1e75fe16687010fef4b66c00cab4c0d7377 4947a6ee797c6dbbf29
contracts/lib/Fixed Point.sol	599039d717b75eea4fe19fbac01638380cfdfece43b372 e125c24d75a7b6bfd8
contracts/lib/Unisw apV2OracleLibrary. sol	61e600bbdbad3588779839933a2347819e40277ea04d 1d723d0cc59c0e5cc67d
contracts/Oracle.s	0351c0b9364df4bf12f4f48b23b1a98cc8e7ca2e0f5489 4d099076575aa1fdda



Contract Analysis

The Lava Oracle is trying to mirror the oracle mechanism that was initially introduced in the pairing contract of the Unswap v2.

You can read more about the fundamental Oracle principals in the Uniswap v2 Core whitepaper, section 2.2 Price oracle

According to the whitepaper, the estimated price is a result of the price difference in a specific time frame. This logic is implemented in the pair contracts of all the decentralised exchanges. You can check the <u>core-v2 implementation of the Uniswap repository</u>.

Since the pair already contains the price oracle mechanism, then the Lava price oracle could reuse this functionality instead of replicating it. That way, potential synchronization issues with the original price will be eliminated.

Contract Diagnostics

CriticalMediumMinor

Severity	Code	Description			
•	FSA	Fixed Swap Address			
•	L01	Public Function could be Declared External			
•	L02	State Variables could be Declared Constant			
•	L04	Conformance to Solidity Naming Conventions			
•	L07	Missing Events Arithmetic			



FSA - Fixed Swap Address

Criticality	minor
Location	contract.sol#L41

Description

The swap address is assigned once in the constructor and it can not be changed. The decentralized swaps sometimes create a new swap version, abandon the current or move to a different pair. A contract that cannot change the swap address may not be able to catch-up the upgrade.

```
pair = _pair;
token0 = pair.token0();
token1 = pair.token1();
price0CumulativeLast = pair.price0CumulativeLast(); // fetch the current
accumulated price value (1 / 0)
price1CumulativeLast = pair.price1CumulativeLast(); // fetch the current
accumulated price value (0 / 1)
```

Recommendation

It could be better to allow the swap address mutation in case of future swap updates.



L01 - Public Function could be Declared External

Criticality	minor
Location	contracts/Oracle.sol#L79

Description

Public functions that are never called by the contract should be declared external to save gas.

consult

Recommendation

Use the external attribute for functions never called from the contract



L02 - State Variables could be Declared Constant

Criticality	minor
Location	contracts/Oracle.sol#L22,23

Description

Constant state variables should be declared constant to save gas.

token1 token0

Recommendation

Add the constant attribute to state variables that never change.



L04 - Conformance to Solidity Naming Conventions

Criticality	minor
Location	contracts/Oracle.sol#L54,79,90

Description

Solidity defines a naming convention that should be followed. Rule exceptions:

- Allow constant variable name/symbol/decimals to be lowercase.
- Allow _ at the beginning of the mixed_case match for private variables and unused parameters.

```
_amount
_token
_amountIn
_period
```

Recommendation

Follow the Solidity naming convention. https://docs.soliditylang.org/en/v0.4.25/style-guide.html#naming-conventions

L07 - Missing Events Arithmetic

Criticality	minor
Location	contracts/Oracle.sol#L54

Description

Detected missing events for critical arithmetic parameters. There are functions that have no event emitted, so it is difficult to track off-chain changes.

period = _period

Recommendation

Emit an event for critical parameter changes.



Contract Functions

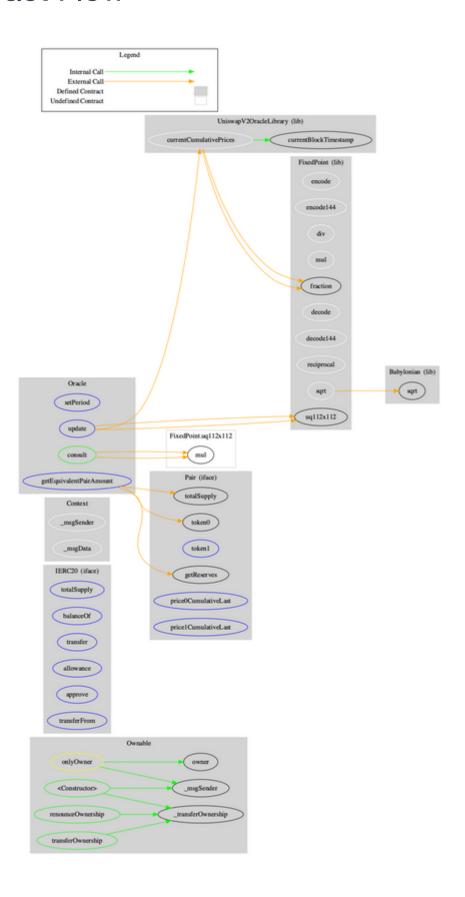
Contract	Туре	Bases		
	Function Name	Visibility	Mutability	Modifiers
Ownable	landar and disc	Oceanical		
Ownable	Implementation	Context		
	<constructor></constructor>	Public	√	-
	owner	Public		-
	renounceOwnership	Public	✓	onlyOwner
	transferOwnership	Public	✓	onlyOwner
	_transferOwnership	Internal	✓	
IERC20	Interface			
	totalSupply	External		-
	balanceOf	External		-
	transfer	External	✓	-
	allowance	External		-
	approve	External	1	-
	transferFrom	External	✓	-
Context	Implementation			
	_msgSender	Internal		
	_msgData	Internal		
D-:-	Laborita			
Pair	Interface totalSupply	External		-
	token0	External		-
	token1	External		-
		External		
	getReserves			-
	price0CumulativeLast	External		-
	price1CumulativeLast	External		-
Babylonian	Library			
	sqrt	Internal		



FixedPoint	Library			
	encode	Internal		
	encode144	Internal		
	div	Internal		
	mul	Internal		
	fraction	Internal		
	decode	Internal		
	decode144	Internal		
	reciprocal	Internal		
	sqrt	Internal		
UniswapV2Ora cleLibrary	Library			
	currentBlockTimestamp	Internal		
	currentCumulativePrices	Internal		
Oracle	Implementation	Ownable		
	<constructor></constructor>	Public	✓	-
	setPeriod	External	✓	onlyOwner
	update	External	1	-
	consult	Public		-
	getEquivalentPairAmount	External		-



Contract Flow





Summary

The Lava Oracle is a mechanism that provides a price estimation by tracking the swap's pair reserves. This audit mentions the initial price oracle fundamentals, discusses ways to reuse the core oracle functionality and suggested potential improvements.

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The Cyberscope team

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