



Cyberscope

Audit Report

# Harmony Nodes Token

April 2022

Github <https://github.com/harmonynodes/harmonynodes>

Commit 71007f66ea6f560be6f9533aaeb0bbb4b0b84bfa

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# Table of Contents

<b>Table of Contents</b>	<b>1</b>
<b>Contract Review</b>	<b>3</b>
<b>Audit Updates</b>	<b>3</b>
<b>Source Files</b>	<b>4</b>
<b>Contract Analysis</b>	<b>6</b>
<b>ST - Stop Transactions</b>	<b>7</b>
Description	7
Recommendation	7
<b>ELFM - Exceed Limit Fees Manipulation</b>	<b>9</b>
Description	9
Recommendation	9
<b>MT - Mint Tokens</b>	<b>10</b>
Description	10
Recommendation	10
<b>BC - Blacklisted Contracts</b>	<b>11</b>
Description	11
Recommendation	11
<b>Contract Diagnostics</b>	<b>12</b>
<b>L01 - Public Function could be Declared External</b>	<b>13</b>
Description	13
Recommendation	13
<b>L02 - State Variables could be Declared Constant</b>	<b>14</b>
Description	14
Recommendation	14
<b>L04 - Conformance to Solidity Naming Conventions</b>	<b>15</b>
Description	15

<b>Recommendation</b>	<b>15</b>
<b>L05 - Unused State Variable</b>	<b>16</b>
<b>Description</b>	<b>16</b>
<b>Recommendation</b>	<b>16</b>
<b>L13 - Divide before Multiply Operation</b>	<b>17</b>
<b>Description</b>	<b>17</b>
<b>Recommendation</b>	<b>17</b>
<b>L14 - Uninitialized Variables in Local Scope</b>	<b>18</b>
<b>Description</b>	<b>18</b>
<b>Recommendation</b>	<b>18</b>
<b>Contract Functions</b>	<b>19</b>
<b>Contract Flow</b>	<b>25</b>
<b>Summary</b>	<b>26</b>
<b>Disclaimer</b>	<b>27</b>
<b>About Cyberscope</b>	<b>28</b>

## Contract Review

<b>Github</b>	<a href="https://github.com/harmonynodes/harmonynodes">https://github.com/harmonynodes/harmonynodes</a>
<b>Commit</b>	71007f66ea6f560be6f9533aaeb0bbb4b0b84bfa
<b>Contract Name</b>	HONE
<b>Symbol</b>	HONE
<b>Decimals</b>	18
<b>Total Supply</b>	600,000

## Audit Updates

<b>Initial Audit</b>	26th April 2022
<b>Corrected</b>	

## Source Files

Filename	SHA256
@openzeppelin/contracts/access/Ownable.sol	75e3c97011e75627ffb36f4a2799a4e887e1a3e27ed427490e82d7b6f51cc5c9
@openzeppelin/contracts/token/ERC20/ERC20.sol	f7831910f2ed6d32acff6431e5998baf50e4a00121303b27e974aab0ec637d79
@openzeppelin/contracts/token/ERC20/extensions/IERC20Metadata.sol	af5c8a77965cc82c33b7ff844deb9826166689e55dc037a7f2f790d057811990
@openzeppelin/contracts/token/ERC20/IERC20.sol	c2b06bb4572bb4f84bfc5477dadcfcc497cb66c3a1bd53480e68bedc2e154a6
@openzeppelin/contracts/utils/Context.sol	1458c260d010a08e4c20a4a517882259a23a4baa0b5bd9add9fb6d6a1549814a
contracts/HONE.sol	4e51ce1ac602e0cd6a264d5c488543a845800191584e413dfc27c1cbbf02b239
contracts/interfaces/ICommonStruct.sol	747b4cac1a9d9313bbfee2b29add000dc8b36296037270cc5c3ffc874adefed7
contracts/interfaces/IHarmony_NodeManage.sol	c3d34c58d90424cce78b1232f055ba396fc5b156ae4fa58e29e162be9589f222
contracts/interfaces/IUniswapV2Factory.sol	4158fa477eb2e55aec14343d2e917ab085c71ed068ff2a56a51ee9fa6311879e
contracts/interfaces/IUniswapV2Pair.sol	6a7c6cf1bee1404140c33be5415d887c47a1433869a2f3763c46396e287a52eb

ol	
contracts/interfaces/IUniswapV2Router02.sol	8630a0478e76aca1807ded7d149e51b75c7f142e4ad1e3a32df1ea823dc801c5
hardhat/console.sol	27d7e349617dc857b040f2186bf577fe6169ede8bfc98be714ab4289b5793548

# Contract Analysis

● Critical   ● Medium   ● Minor   ● Pass

Severity	Code	Description
●	ST	Contract Owner is not able to stop or pause transactions
●	OCTD	Contract Owner is not able to transfer tokens from specific address
●	OTUT	Owner Transfer User's Tokens
●	ELFM	Contract Owner is not able to increase fees more than a reasonable percent (25%)
●	ULTW	Contract Owner is not able to increase the amount of liquidity taken by dev wallet more than a reasonable percent
●	MT	Contract Owner is not able to mint new tokens
●	BT	Contract Owner is not able to burn tokens from specific wallet
●	BC	Contract Owner is not able to blacklist wallets from selling

## ST - Stop Transactions

Criticality	critical
Location	contract.sol#L79

### Description

The contract owner has the authority to stop the sales for all users excluding the owner. The owner may take advantage of it by setting the `checkHasNode` to one and preventing all the non-node holders from selling or by setting the `saleFee` to a high value.

```
if (to == address(uniswapV2Pair)) { //sell
    if (checkHasNode == 1)
    {
        uint countNode = HONE_NODE.getNodeCount(from);
        require(countNode >= 1, "you haven't any Node.");
    }
}
if(from == address(uniswapV2Pair)) { // buy fee : 0

} else if(to == address(uniswapV2Pair)) { // sell fee logic
    tax = baseUnit * saleFee;
} else { // transfer fee
    tax = baseUnit * transferFee;
}
```

### Recommendation

The contract could embody a check for not allowing the non-node holders to buy as well. A suggested implementation could check that the maximum amount should be more than a fixed percentage of the total supply.

Read more about the fees manipulation in the [corresponding section](#).

The team should carefully manage the private keys of the owner's account. We strongly recommend a powerful security mechanism that will prevent a single user



from accessing the contract admin functions. That risk can be prevented by temporarily locking the contract or renouncing ownership.

## ELFM - Exceed Limit Fees Manipulation

<b>Criticality</b>	critical
<b>Location</b>	contract.sol#L52

### Description

The contract owner has the authority to increase over the allowed limit of 25%. The owner may take advantage of it by calling the `setTaxFeePercent` function with a high percentage value.

```
function setSaleFee(uint _saleFee) public onlyOwner{  
    saleFee = _saleFee;  
}
```

### Recommendation

The contract could embody a check for the maximum acceptable value.

The team should carefully manage the private keys of the owner's account. We strongly recommend a powerful security mechanism that will prevent a single user from accessing the contract admin functions. That risk can be prevented by temporarily locking the contract or renouncing ownership.

## MT - Mint Tokens

<b>Criticality</b>	critical
<b>Location</b>	contract.sol#L142

### Description

The contract owner has the authority to mint tokens. The owner may take advantage of it by calling the `setTaxFeePercent` function. As a result the contract tokens will be highly inflated

```
function mint(uint256 _amount) public {  
    require(msg.sender == honeNode || msg.sender == _owner, 'Can only be used by  
    honeNode or owner.');
```

### Recommendation

The owner should carefully manage the credentials of the owner's account. We advised considering an extra-strong security mechanism that the actions may be quarantined by many users instead of one. The owner could also renounce the contract ownership for a period of time or pass the access to the zero address.

## BC - Blacklisted Contracts

Criticality	medium
Location	contract.sol#L109

### Description

The contract owner has the authority to stop contracts from transactions. The owner may take advantage of it by calling the `enableBlacklist` function.

```
require(!isBlacklisted(msg.sender), "HONE TOKEN: sender blacklisted");  
require(!isBlacklisted(recipient), "HONE TOKEN: recipient blacklisted");
```

### Recommendation

The team should carefully manage the private keys of the owner's account. We strongly recommend a powerful security mechanism that will prevent a single user from accessing the contract admin functions. That risk can be prevented by temporarily locking the contract or renouncing ownership.

# Contract Diagnostics

● Critical    ● Medium    ● Minor

Severity	Code	Description
●	L01	Public Function could be Declared External
●	L02	State Variables could be Declared Constant
●	L04	Conformance to Solidity Naming Conventions
●	L05	Unused State Variable
●	L13	Divide before Multiply Operation
●	L14	Uninitialized Variables in Local Scope

## L01 - Public Function could be Declared External

<b>Criticality</b>	minor
<b>Location</b>	contracts/HONE.sol#L52,56,60,64,118,126,139,142,147

### Description

Public functions that are never called by the contract should be declared external to save gas.

```
burn  
mint  
setCheckHasNode  
disableBlacklist  
enableBlacklist  
setNodeManagementContract  
setFeeCollectWallet  
setTransferFee  
setSaleFee
```

### Recommendation

Use the external attribute for functions never called from the contract.

## L02 - State Variables could be Declared Constant

**Criticality**

minor

**Location**

contracts/HONE.sol#L14,13,22

### Description

Constant state variables should be declared constant to save gas.

```
usdcAddress  
initalSupply  
denominator
```

### Recommendation

Add the constant attribute to state variables that never change.

## L04 - Conformance to Solidity Naming Conventions

**Criticality**

minor

**Location**

contracts/HONE.sol#L52,56,60,64,139,142,147,24

### Description

Solidity defines a naming convention that should be followed. Rule exceptions:

- Allow constant variable name/symbol/decimals to be lowercase.
- Allow \_ at the beginning of the mixed\_case match for private variables and unused parameters.

```
HONE_NODE
_amount
_checkHasNode
_honeNode
_feeCollectWallet
_transferFee
_saleFee
```

### Recommendation

Follow the Solidity naming convention.

<https://docs.soliditylang.org/en/v0.4.25/style-guide.html#naming-conventions>



## L05 - Unused State Variable

**Criticality**

minor

**Location**

contracts/HONE.sol#L25,26

### Description

There are segments that contain unused state variables.

```
uniswapV2Factory  
uniswapV2Router02
```

### Recommendation

Remove unused state variables.

## L13 - Divide before Multiply Operation

**Criticality**

minor

**Location**

contracts/HONE.sol#L71

### Description

Performing divisions before multiplications may cause lose of prediction.

```
baseUnit = amount / denominator
```

### Recommendation

The multiplications should be prior to the divisions.

## L14 - Uninitialized Variables in Local Scope

**Criticality**

minor

**Location**

contracts/HONE.sol#L76

### Description

There are variables that are defined in the local scope and are not initialized.

```
tax
```

### Recommendation

All the local scoped variables should be initialized.

# Contract Functions

Contract	Type	Bases		
	Function Name	Visibility	Mutability	Modifiers
<b>Ownable</b>	Implementation	Context		
	<Constructor>	Public	✓	-
	owner	Public		-
	renounceOwnership	Public	✓	onlyOwner
	transferOwnership	Public	✓	onlyOwner
	_transferOwnership	Internal	✓	
<b>ERC20</b>	Implementation	Context, IERC20, IERC20Meta data		
	<Constructor>	Public	✓	-
	name	Public		-
	symbol	Public		-
	decimals	Public		-
	totalSupply	Public		-
	balanceOf	Public		-
	transfer	Public	✓	-
	allowance	Public		-
	approve	Public	✓	-
	transferFrom	Public	✓	-
	increaseAllowance	Public	✓	-
	decreaseAllowance	Public	✓	-
	_transfer	Internal	✓	
	_mint	Internal	✓	
	_burn	Internal	✓	
	_approve	Internal	✓	
	_spendAllowance	Internal	✓	

	_beforeTokenTransfer	Internal	✓	
	_afterTokenTransfer	Internal	✓	
<b>IERC20Metadata</b>	Interface	IERC20		
	name	External		-
	symbol	External		-
	decimals	External		-
<b>IERC20</b>	Interface			
	totalSupply	External		-
	balanceOf	External		-
	transfer	External	✓	-
	allowance	External		-
	approve	External	✓	-
	transferFrom	External	✓	-
<b>Context</b>	Implementation			
	_msgSender	Internal		
	_msgData	Internal		
<b>HONE</b>	Implementation	ERC20, Ownable		
	<Constructor>	Public	✓	ERC20
	setSaleFee	Public	✓	onlyOwner
	setTransferFee	Public	✓	onlyOwner
	setFeeCollectWallet	Public	✓	onlyOwner
	setNodeManagementContract	Public	✓	onlyOwner
	handleTax	Private	✓	
	_transfer	Internal	✓	
	enableBlacklist	Public	✓	onlyOwner
	disableBlacklist	Public	✓	onlyOwner
	isBlacklisted	Public		-
	setCheckHasNode	Public	✓	onlyOwner
	mint	Public	✓	-
	burn	Public	✓	-

	<Receive Ether>	External	Payable	-
<b>ICommonStruct</b>	Interface			
<b>IHarmony_NodeMange</b>	Interface	ICommonStruct		
	setRewardPool	External	✓	-
	claimRewards	External	✓	-
	createNode	External	✓	-
	swapNode	External	✓	-
	payMaintenanceFee	External	✓	-
	payAllMaintenanceFee	External	✓	-
	upgradeNode	External	✓	-
	listLendOffer	External	✓	-
	closeLendOffer	External	✓	-
	acceptLendOffer	External	✓	-
	getNodeCount	External		-
<b>IUniswapV2Factory</b>	Interface			
	feeTo	External		-
	feeToSetter	External		-
	getPair	External		-
	allPairs	External		-
	allPairsLength	External		-
	createPair	External	✓	-
	setFeeTo	External	✓	-
	setFeeToSetter	External	✓	-
<b>IUniswapV2Pair</b>	Interface			
	name	External		-
	symbol	External		-
	decimals	External		-
	totalSupply	External		-
	balanceOf	External		-

	allowance	External		-
	approve	External	✓	-
	transfer	External	✓	-
	transferFrom	External	✓	-
	DOMAIN_SEPARATOR	External		-
	PERMIT_TYPEHASH	External		-
	nonces	External		-
	permit	External	✓	-
	MINIMUM_LIQUIDITY	External		-
	factory	External		-
	token0	External		-
	token1	External		-
	getReserves	External		-
	price0CumulativeLast	External		-
	price1CumulativeLast	External		-
	kLast	External		-
	mint	External	✓	-
	burn	External	✓	-
	swap	External	✓	-
	skim	External	✓	-
	sync	External	✓	-
	initialize	External	✓	-
<b>IUniswapV2Router01</b>	Interface			
	factory	External		-
	WETH	External		-
	addLiquidity	External	✓	-
	addLiquidityETH	External	Payable	-
	removeLiquidity	External	✓	-
	removeLiquidityETH	External	✓	-
	removeLiquidityWithPermit	External	✓	-
	removeLiquidityETHWithPermit	External	✓	-
	swapExactTokensForTokens	External	✓	-
	swapTokensForExactTokens	External	✓	-
	swapExactETHForTokens	External	Payable	-

	swapTokensForExactETH	External	✓	-
	swapExactTokensForETH	External	✓	-
	swapETHForExactTokens	External	Payable	-
	quote	External		-
	getAmountOut	External		-
	getAmountIn	External		-
	getAmountsOut	External		-
	getAmountsIn	External		-
<b>IUniswapV2Router02</b>	Interface	IUniswapV2Router01		
	removeLiquidityETHSupportingFeeOnTransferTokens	External	✓	-
	removeLiquidityETHWithPermitSupportingFeeOnTransferTokens	External	✓	-
	swapExactTokensForTokensSupportingFeeOnTransferTokens	External	✓	-
	swapExactETHForTokensSupportingFeeOnTransferTokens	External	Payable	-
	swapExactTokensForETHSupportingFeeOnTransferTokens	External	✓	-
<b>console</b>	Library			
	_sendLogPayload	Private		
	log	Internal		
	logInt	Internal		
	logUint	Internal		
	logString	Internal		
	logBool	Internal		
	logAddress	Internal		
	logBytes	Internal		
	logBytes1	Internal		
	logBytes2	Internal		
	logBytes3	Internal		
	logBytes4	Internal		
	logBytes5	Internal		
	logBytes6	Internal		



	logBytes7	Internal		
	logBytes8	Internal		
	logBytes9	Internal		
	logBytes10	Internal		
	logBytes11	Internal		
	logBytes12	Internal		
	logBytes13	Internal		
	logBytes14	Internal		
	logBytes15	Internal		
	logBytes16	Internal		
	logBytes17	Internal		
	logBytes18	Internal		
	logBytes19	Internal		
	logBytes20	Internal		
	logBytes21	Internal		
	logBytes22	Internal		
	logBytes23	Internal		
	logBytes24	Internal		
	logBytes25	Internal		
	logBytes26	Internal		
	logBytes27	Internal		
	logBytes28	Internal		
	logBytes29	Internal		
	logBytes30	Internal		
	logBytes31	Internal		
	logBytes32	Internal		
	log	Internal		

# Contract Flow



## Summary

There are some functions that can be abused by the owner, like manipulating fees, stopping transactions, blacklisting wallets and minting. The contract can be converted into a honeypot and prevent users from selling if the owner abuses the admin functions. We state that the owner privileges are necessary and required for proper protocol operations. Thus, we emphasise the contract owner to be extra careful with the credentials. A multi-wallet signing pattern will provide security against potential hacks. Temporarily locking the contract or renouncing ownership will eliminate all the contract threats.

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## About Cyberscope

Coinscope audit and K.Y.C. service has been rebranded to Cyberscope.

Coinscope is the leading early coin listing, voting and auditing authority firm. The audit process is analyzing and monitoring many aspects of the project. That way, it gives the community a good sense of security using an informative report and a generic score.

Cyberscope and Coinscope are aiming to make crypto discoverable and efficient globally. They provides all the essential tools to assist users draw their own conclusions.



The Cyberscope team

<https://www.cyberscope.io>