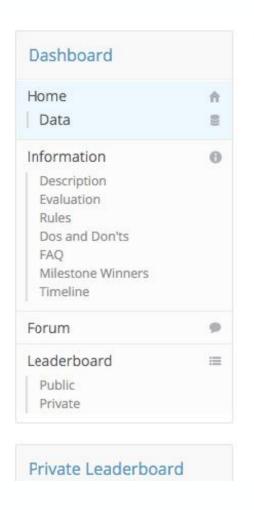
Kaggle workshop: Shelter Animal Outcomes

Ilya Ezepov

Agenda

- Intro to Kaggle
- Data Analysis routine:
 - Exploratory data analysis
 - Feature engineering
 - Machine learning
 - Ensemble construction

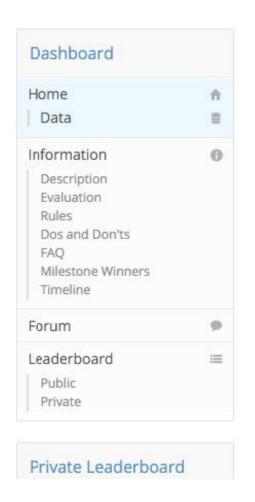
Kaggle





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Idea: In 1998 Rob McEwen asked data scientist for \$500,000 to find best places to mine gold. In a year he got \$3 billion.

Shelter Animal Outcomes



- Due to the public nature of the data, this competition does not count towards Kaggle ranking points.
- We ask that you respect the spirit of the competition and do not cheat. You should not submit entries based on test-set answers or train your model on the test set. Hand labeling is also forbidden.
- Your model should only use information which was available prior to the time for which it is forecasting.

Shelter Animal Outcomes



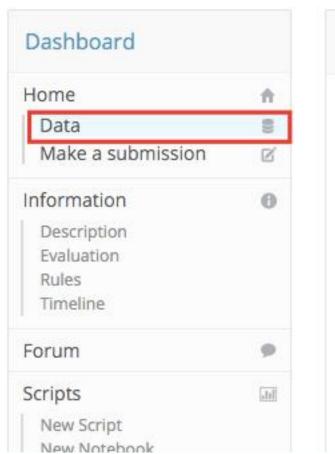
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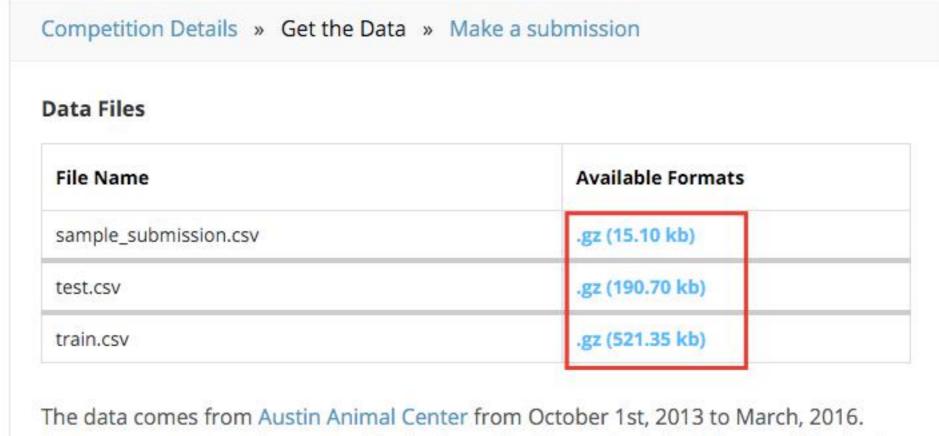
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Shelter Animal Outcomes



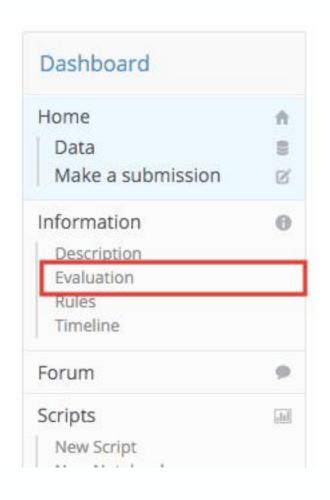
1. Learn the Data





In this competition, you are going to predict the outcome of the animal as they leave the Animal Center. These outcomes include: Adoption, Died, Euthanasia, Return to owner, and Transfer.

2. Learn evaluation



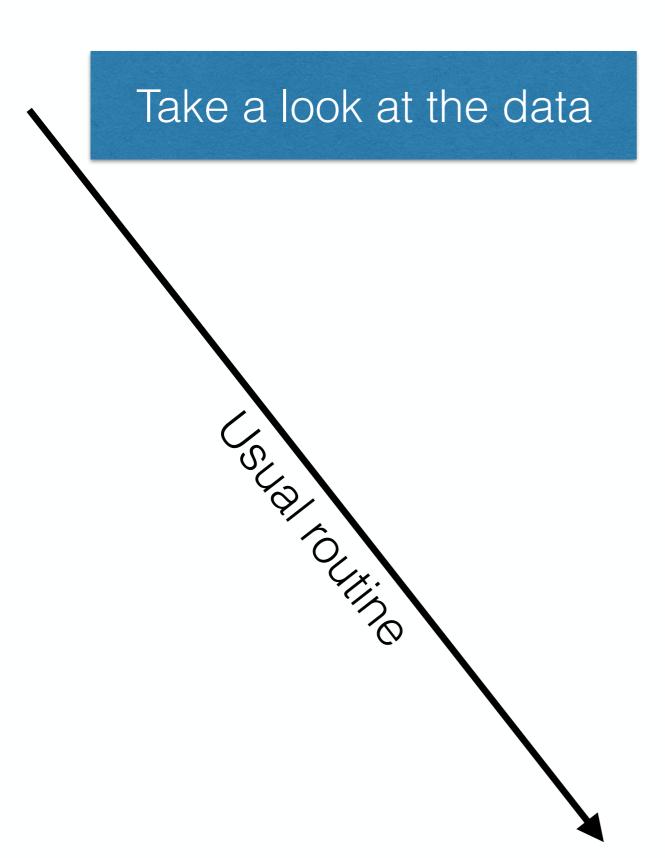
Competition Details » Get the Data » Make a submission

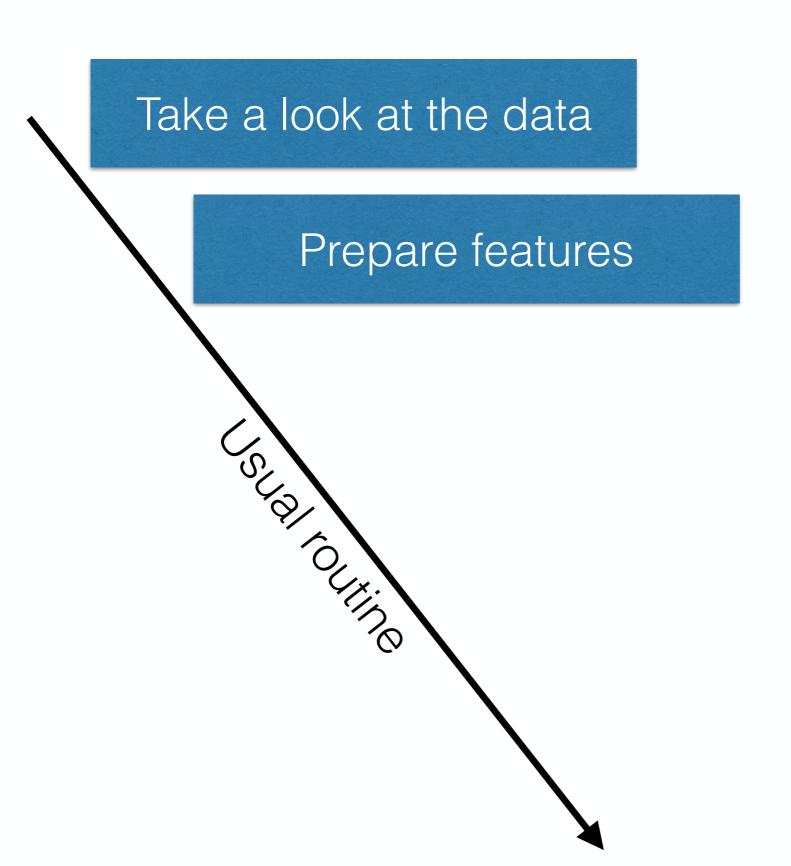
Evaluation

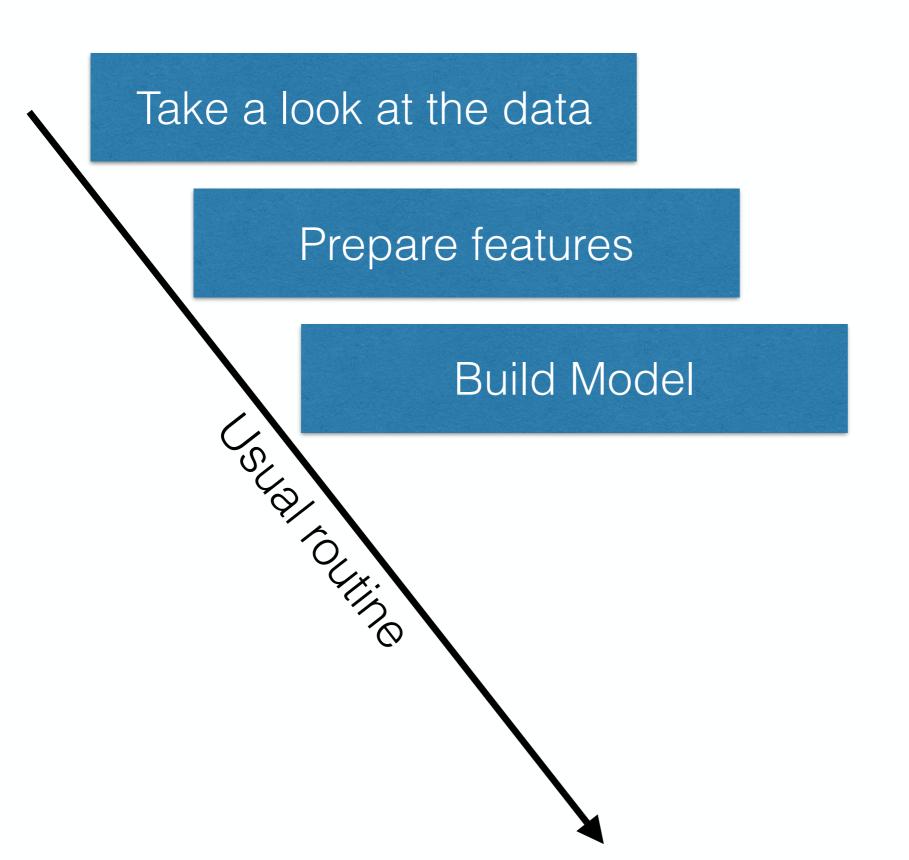
Submissions are evaluated using the multi-class logarithmic loss. Each incident has been labeled with one true class. For each animal, you must submit a set of predicted probabilities (one for every class). The formula is then,

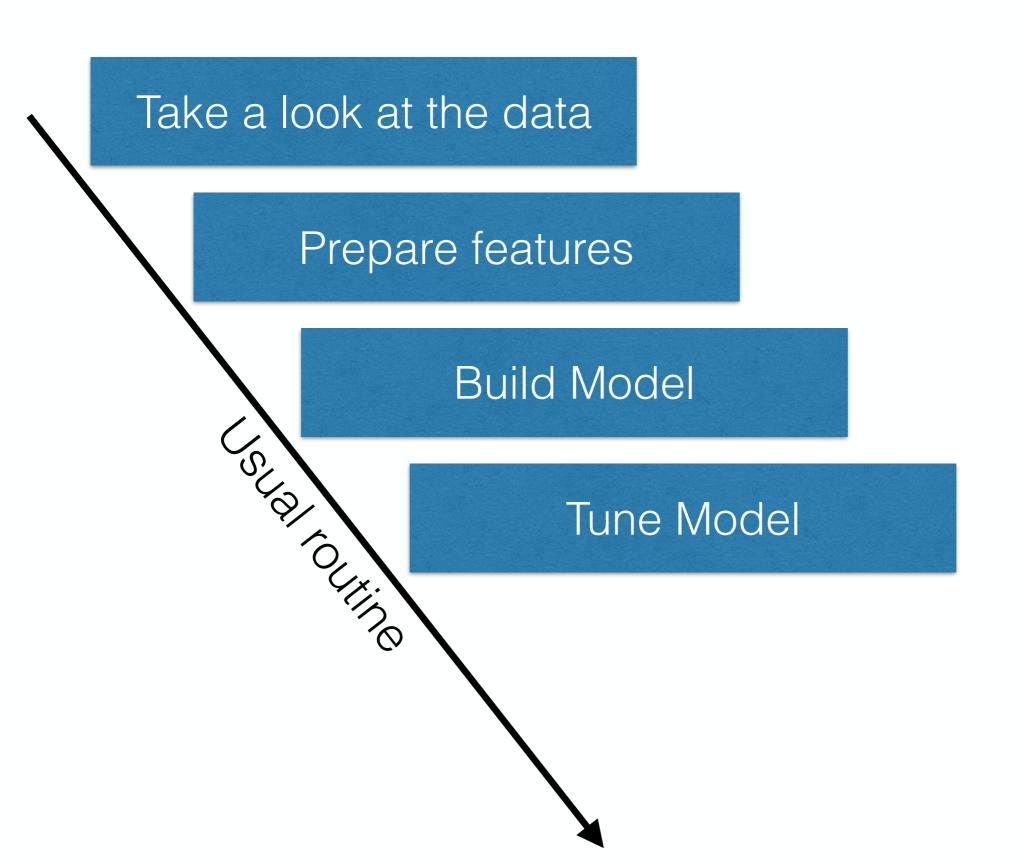
$$logloss = -\frac{1}{N} \sum_{i=1}^{N} \sum_{j=1}^{M} y_{ij} \log(p_{ij}),$$

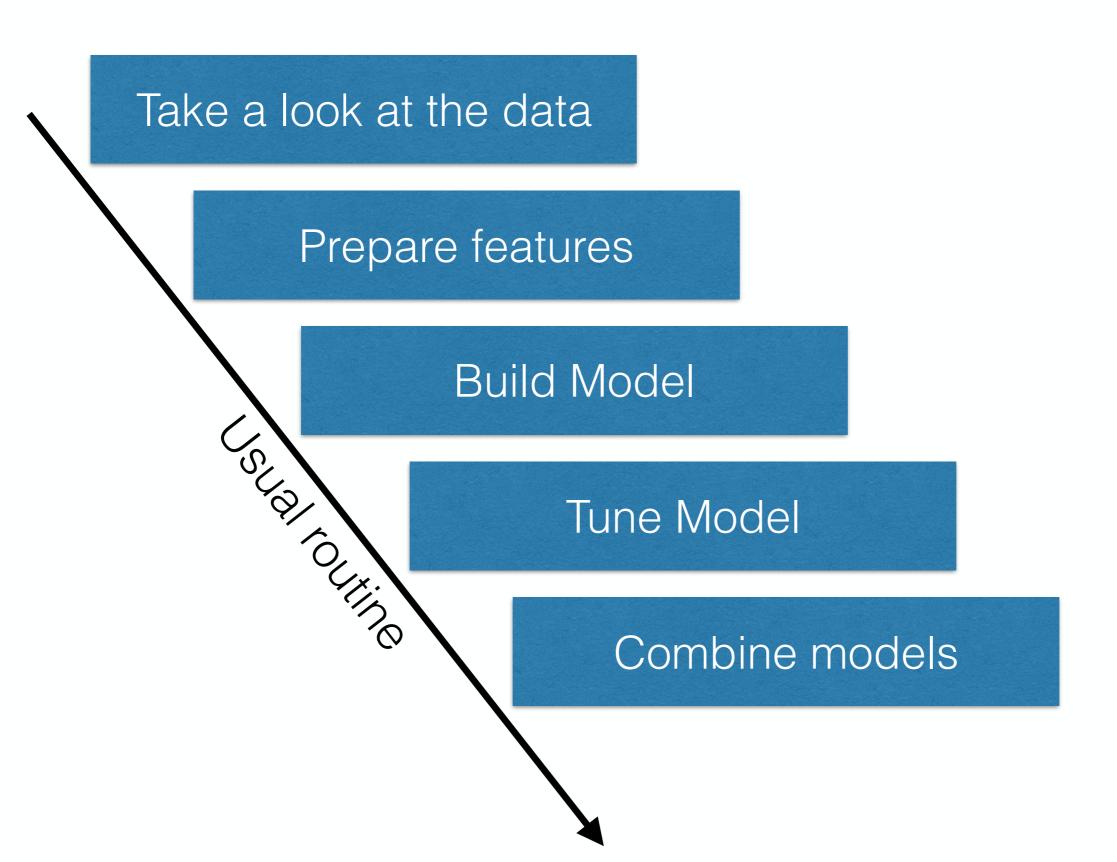
where N is the number of animals in the test set. M is the number of outcomes. \\(\log\\\\)

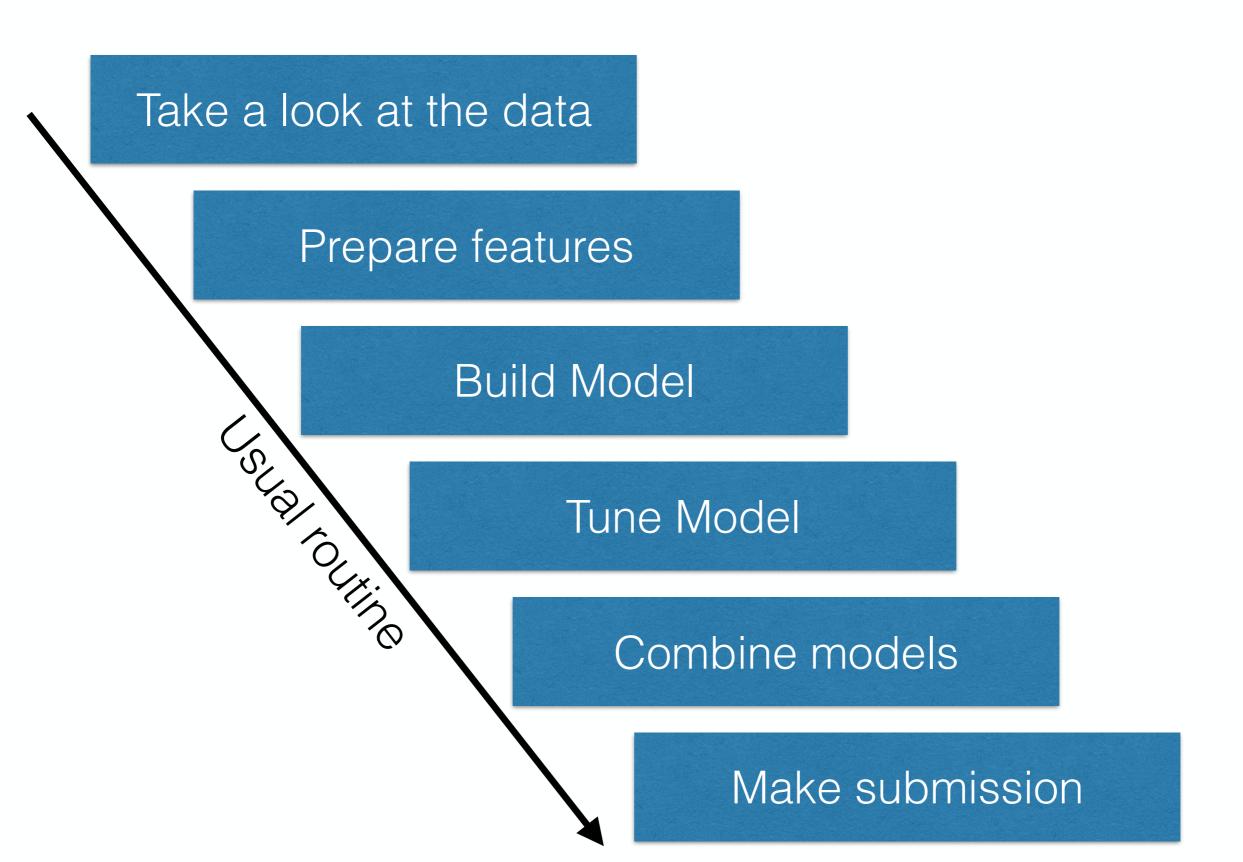


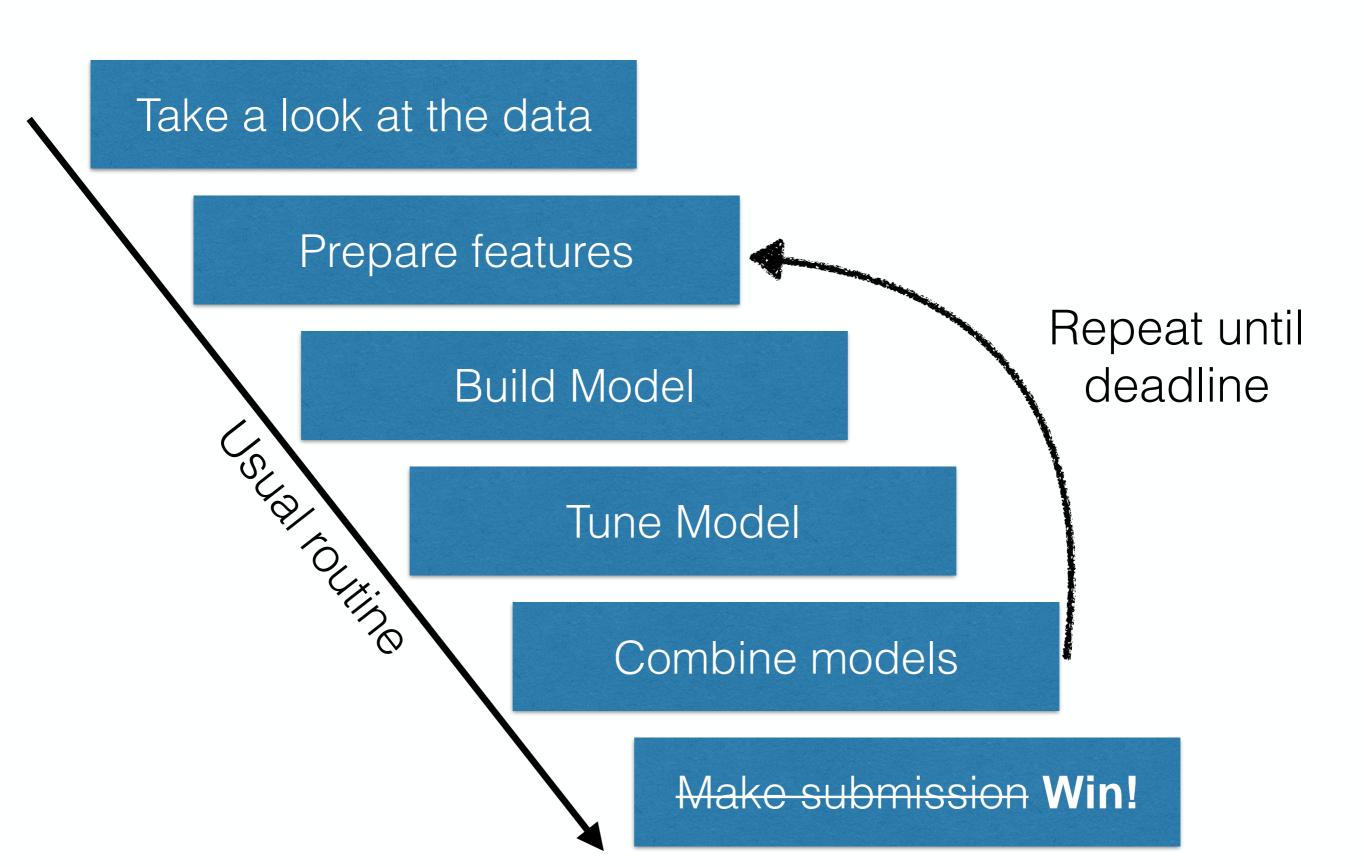












You will know after workshop

- Data wrangling with pandas
- Basics of matplotlib
- NA data imputation
- Importance of cross-validation
- Basics of ML libraries: sciki-learn, keras, xgboost
- Hyperparameter tuning
- Making ensembles
- Going to Kaggle top-10