

# ANSEL UNITY PLUGIN INTEGRATION GUIDE

## 1. SETTING UP

### 1.1 MACHINE CONFIGURATION

In order to use Ansel you need

- Windows PC with Windows 7 (32-bit or 64-bit) or newer
- GeForce GTX 600 series or newer
- Ansel-ready display driver. Any NVIDIA display driver of version 368.81 or higher will meet this requirement
- A game using DirectX 11 that has integrated the Ansel SDK

#### NOTE:

- Support for DirectX 12 is coming soon and options for OpenGL are being investigated.
- We currently do not support Ansel for the following NVIDIA GPU / Display configurations
  - SLI
  - Optimus / Hybrid
  - Surround Support for the above is coming soon, though.

⚠ Your game executable needs to be whitelisted by the driver for Ansel activation to succeed. If you do not have a driver with the proper whitelisting you can force whitelisting to succeed for all executables with this command:

```
NvCameraEnable.exe whitelisting-everything
```

This utility is provided with the installation of an Ansel-ready display driver. You will find it at NVIDIA Corporation/Ansel/Tools under Program Files. The whitelisting setting will be persisted - until you perform a clean driver install or call the command again with `whitelisting-default` option.

### 1.2 UNITY PROJECT CONFIGURATION

To enable Ansel in your projects you need to import the Ansel package which you can download from the Asset Store. Once package is downloaded from the store simply select Assets->Import Package->Custom Package from the menu in the Unity editor in order to import it.

## 2. INTEGRATING PLUGIN WITH YOUR GAME

### 2.1 ADDING ANSEL SCRIPT TO YOUR SCENE

Ansel C# script needs to be attached to the main camera in order for Ansel to work properly. Once that is done the following properties will be exposed under Ansel component in the Unity editor:

```
// The speed at which camera moves in the world
[SerializeField] public float TranslationalSpeedInWorldUnitsPerSecond = 5.0f;
// The speed at which camera rotates
[SerializeField] public float RotationalSpeedInDegreesPerSecond = 45.0f;
// How many frames it takes for camera update to be reflected in a rendered frame
[SerializeField] public uint CaptureLatency = 0;
// How many frames we must wait for a new frame to settle
[SerializeField] public uint CaptureSettleLatency = 0;
```

```
// Game scale, the size of a world unit measured in meters
[SerializeField] public float MetersInWorldUnit = 1.0f;
// Allows a filter/effect to remain active when the Ansel session is not active
[SerializeField] public bool IsFilterOutsideSessionAllowed = false;
```

You can adjust these properties as needed in your projects.

**NOTE:** By default Ansel script sets up left handed coordinate system which is a default coordinate system in Unity. In an unlikely scenario where your project is using different coordinate system please edit configuration data in `NVIDIA.Ansel.Start` method and adjust right, up and forward vectors as needed.

## 2.2 DETECTING IF ANSEL IS AVAILABLE

`NVIDIA.Ansel.IsAvailable` property should be used to check if Ansel is available or not on the running system. This is useful in cases where for example UI updates are needed based on Ansel availability.

## 2.3 CONFIGURING ANSEL SESSION

The time period from when a player successfully starts Ansel and until Ansel is stopped is called a session. A session is collaboratively started and operated between the game and Ansel. When a player requests a session start (for example by pressing ALT+F2) `Ansel.IsSessionActive` property is set to true. It is however expected that Ansel cannot always be activated. For instance, let's say that a game uses in-engine movie sequences. Ansel could certainly be used to take regular and highres screenshots during those sequences. However, the game developers may wish to prohibit any player controlled camera movement or 360 captures during those sequences since they could expose geometry that was never built because the sequences have been carefully orchestrated. This is how that could be achieved:

```
Ansel.SessionData session = new Ansel.SessionData();
session.isAnselAllowed = true; // set to false to completely disable Ansel
session.isFovChangeAllowed = true;
session.isHighresAllowed = true;
session.isPauseAllowed = true;
session.isRotationAllowed = false;
session.isTranslationAllowed = false;
session.is360StereoAllowed = false;
session.is360MonoAllowed = false;
Ansel.ConfigureSession(session);
```

During an Ansel session the game:

- Must stop drawing UI and HUD elements on the screen, including mouse cursor
- Should not modify camera position, orientation, FOV or any other property which affects camera viewport
- Should not act on any input from mouse and keyboard and must not act on any input from gamepads

Here is one example

```
public class SplineInterpolator : MonoBehaviour
{
    ...
    void Update()
    {
        if(NVIDIA.Ansel.IsSessionActive)
        {
            // Skip an update during Ansel session
            return;
        }
        // Advance current time and do some work
        mCurrentTime += Time.deltaTime;
    }
};
```

## 2.4 ANSEL CAPTURE AND IMAGE EFFECTS

When Ansel session is active and user starts a capture `NVIDIA.Ansel.IsCaptureActive` property is set to true. Game should check this flag in order to disable any image effects which may interfere with the capture session (for example if game is using motion blur it needs to disable it during capture).

**NOTE:** This property is only set to true when multi-part capture is in progress (super resolution, 360). In contrast, when user is taking a regular screen-shot this property will return false and the game should apply effects just as it does during the regular game execution.

## 3. TAKING PICTURES WITH ANSEL

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### 3.1 ACTIVATING AND DEACTIVATING ANSEL

Players can start/stop Ansel session by pressing ALT+F2.

### 3.2 MOVING THE CAMERA

The camera can be moved via keys WASD and XZ for up/down. The camera can also be moved with the left stick on a gamepad and trigger buttons for up/down. Movement can be accelerated by holding SHIFT on keyboard or depressing right stick on gamepad.

### 3.3 ROTATING THE CAMERA

The yaw and pitch of the camera is directly controlled by mouse or right stick on gamepad. The roll of the camera is controlled via the user interface Roll slider.

### 3.4 APPLYING A FILTER

A number of filters can be selected via the Filter slider. Some filters, like Custom', have additional settings that can be used to adjust the filter even further.

### 3.5 TAKING A PICTURE

Ansel offers the following capture types (selected via the Capture type slider):

- Screenshot
- Highres
- 360
- Stereo
- 360 Stereo

Not all of these capture types may be available since it depends on the game integration and the current session (see sections 2.1 and 2.2). Once a type has been chosen the picture is taken by pressing Snap button. Some pictures may take significant time to produce, especially highres shots of large dimensions. If the game uses streaming the streaming performance may be affected when shots involving many parts are being stitched together.

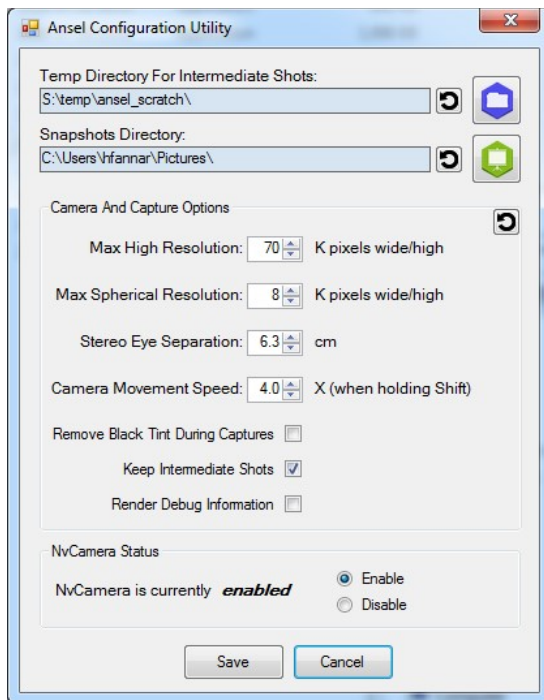
**NOTE:**\* Not all filters are valid with multipart Capture types (360 and Highres). You may therefore see filters (or aspects of a filter) removed in the final picture.

## 4. TROUBLESHOOTING AND DEBUGGING COMMON PROBLEMS

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In this section we collected commonly occurring problems we've seen while integrating Ansel with games. This section can hopefully help you resolve a problem or two. It is generally useful to be able to inspect the individual shot tiles that are captured when generating pictures that require multiple shots. Locate the `NvCameraConfiguration.exe` utility. It can be found inside `Program Files\NVIDIA Corporation\Ansel\Tools`.

Run the utility. A screen similar to this one should appear:



Check the 'Keep Intermediate Shots' option so that you can inspect the individual tiles. You can also pick a different location to store the tiles by changing the 'Temp Directory for Intermediate Shots'.

## 4.1 ARTEFACTS IN MULTIPART SHOTS

This is where we cover the most common errors we've seen while capturing multipart shots in games.

### 4.1.1 Ghosting everywhere in final picture

Most often this is the result of incorrect field of view being submitted to Ansel - or error made on conversion or usage of value coming back from Ansel. It is recommended that you match the field of view type between game and Ansel to avoid any conversion mistakes. See section 2.1 on how you can configure Ansel to use the game's field of view.

### 4.1.2 Screen space reflections fade out with increased Highres capture resolution

There is unfortunately no workaround for this problem, it is a limitation of the capture method used.

### 4.1.3 It's all a blur

Motion blur needs to be disabled during multipart capture.

### 4.1.4 Streaky reflections

The reason may be that the projection offset and reduced field of view employed by the highres capture method is not being accounted for in the game's reflection code path.

## 4.2 THE VIEW OF THE WORLD "POPS" WHEN ENTERING AND EXITING ANSEL MODE

This is typically due to incorrect field of view being passed on the first frame or due to a screen space effect being disabled when Ansel mode is activated. For the latter it is preferred to deactivate troublesome effects only during multipart captures (via the capture callback).

## 4.3 ANSEL CANNOT BE ACTIVATED

Please consult the configuration requirements for Ansel listed in section 1.2. You can verify that Ansel is enabled by using the NvCameraConfiguration.exe utility that was introduced at the beginning of this chapter. You can also disable whitelisting as outlined in section 1.2. Finally, setting a breakpoint on the startSessionCallback can be used to verify that Ansel is trying to start a session.

## 4.4 CAMERA ROTATION OR MOVEMENT IS INCORRECT

Incorrect rotation is best observed with a gamepad - i.e. pushing the joystick left doesn't rotate the view towards the left or pushing the joystick up doesn't rotate the view up. Incorrect movement can be verified with either keyboard or gamepad.

This problem is usually rooted in incorrect axes provided for right, up, and down directions. See note in section 2.1.

## 4.5 CAMERA ROTATION OR MOVEMENT IS TOO SLOW / TOO FAST

The speed for rotation is set via the `RotationalSpeedInDegreesPerSecond` property. The default value is 45 degrees/second. The speed for movement is set via the `TranslationalSpeedInWorldUnitsPerSecond` property. The default value is 1 world unit/second.

## 4.6 ALL ANSEL CAPTURES PRODUCE BLACK IMAGES

This is usually caused by an unsupported backbuffer format. Ansel currently supports the following backbuffer formats:

Supported formats
<code>DXGI_FORMAT_R8G8B8A8_UNORM</code>
<code>DXGI_FORMAT_R8G8B8A8_UNORM_SRGB</code>
<code>DXGI_FORMAT_B8G8R8A8_UNORM</code>
<code>DXGI_FORMAT_B8G8R8A8_UNORM_SRGB</code>
<code>DXGI_FORMAT_R10G10B10A2_UNORM</code>

Additionally, multisampling is supported for all the above formats. If your game is using a format that is not on the list Ansel will produce images with zero for every pixel - i.e. black.

## APPENDIX A

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