# The CCBR microarray pipeline Shiny App

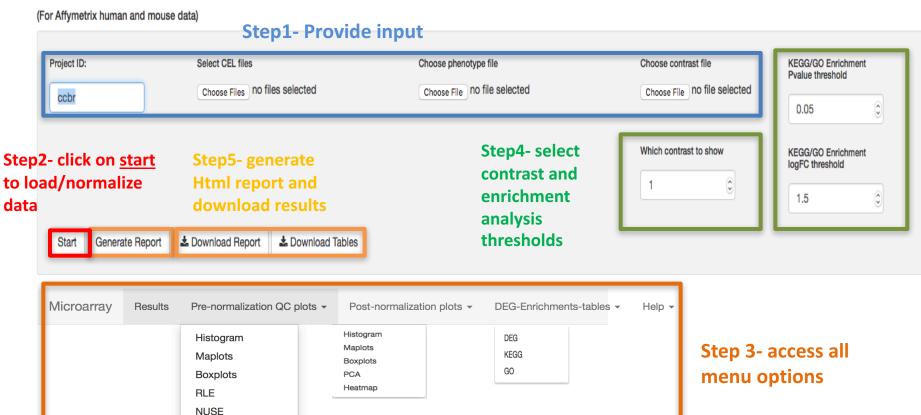
**Quick Start** 

# Running locally the Microarray App

library(shiny)
runApp(" MicroArrayPipeline")

# App Interface

### CCBR Microarray analysis workflow



# **App Input**

- Mandatory input
  - Project id
  - Affymetrix Raw data (cel files)
    - Current supported platforms: Human 133 plus 2 and Mouse gene 2.0 st
  - Phenotype data file
  - List of contrasts file

# Phenotype file

### **Mandatory Field names**

SampleName	SampleID	SampleGroup	GroupNumber
b1.CEL	b1	gb	1
b2.CEL	b2	gb	1
b3.CEL	b3	gb	1
s1.CEL	s1	gs	2
s2.CEL	s2	gs	2
s3.CEL	s3	gs	2

Only one factor
(you can simulate multifactor variable)

# Contrast file

Group1	Vs. group2
gs	gb
	•••

# **App Output**

- Plots/reports
  - Raw data QC plots:
    - Histogram, MAplot per group, boxplot
    - RLE: Relative Log Expression
    - NUSE: Normalized Unscaled Standard Error
  - Post-normalization RMA data QC plots
    - Histogram, MAplot per group, boxplot
    - PCA (2D)
    - Heatmap (samples clustering)
  - Html report
- Interactive tables
  - DEG, KEGG and GO
- Downloadable files
  - DEG, KEGG and GO results files
  - Html report

### DEMO: use case

#### **ORIGINAL ARTICLE**

Gene expression profiling identifies FYN as an important molecule in tamoxifen resistance and a predictor of early recurrence in patients treated with endocrine therapy

D Elias<sup>1</sup>, H Vever<sup>1</sup>, A-V Lænkholm<sup>2</sup>, MF Gjerstorff<sup>1</sup>, CW Yde<sup>3</sup>, AE Lykkesfeldt<sup>3</sup> and HJ Ditzel<sup>1,4</sup>

To elucidate the molecular mechanisms of tamoxifen resistance in breast cancer, we performed gene array analyses and identified 366 genes with altered expression in four unique tamoxifen-resistant (TamR) cell lines vs the parental tamoxifen-sensitive MCF-7/S0.5 cell line. Most of these genes were functionally linked to cell proliferation, death and control of gene expression, and include FYN, PRKCA, ITPR1, DPYD, DACH1, LYN, GBP1 and PRLR. Treatment with FYN-specific small interfering RNA or a SRC family kinase inhibitor reduced cell growth of TamR cell lines while exerting no significant effect on MCF-7/S0.5 cells. Moreover, overexpression of FYN in parental tamoxifen-sensitive MCF-7/S0.5 cells resulted in reduced sensitivity to tamoxifen treatment, whereas knockdown of FYN in the FYN-overexpressing MCF-7/S0.5 cells restored sensitivity to tamoxifen, demonstrating growthand survival-promoting function of FYN in MCF-7 cells. FYN knockdown in TamR cells led to reduced phosphorylation of 14-3-3 and Cdc25A, suggesting that FYN, by activation of important cell cycle-associated proteins, may overcome the anti-proliferative effects of tamoxifen. Evaluation of the subcellular localization of FYN in primary breast tumors from two cohorts of endocrine-treated ER+ breast cancer patients, one with advanced disease (N=47) and the other with early disease (N=76), showed that in the former, plasma membrane-associated FYN expression strongly correlated with longer progression-free survival (P < 0.0002). Similarly, in early breast cancer patients, membrane-associated expression of FYN in the primary breast tumor was significantly associated with increased metastasis-free (P < 0.04) and overall (P < 0.04) survival independent of tumor size, grade or lymph node status. Our results indicate that FYN has an important role in tamoxifen resistance, and its subcellular localization in breast tumor cells may be an important novel biomarker of response to endocrine therapy in breast cancer.

Oncogene (2015) 34, 1919-1927; doi:10.1038/onc.2014.138; published online 2 June 2014

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/geo/query/acc.cgi?acc=GSE67916

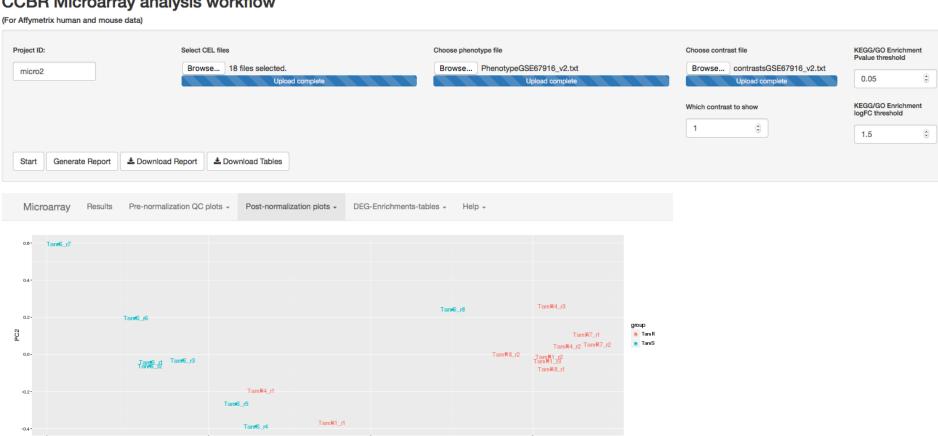
# Comparing Resistant vs Sensitive: Phenotype and contrast files

SampleName	SampleID	SampleGroup
GSM1658401_TamR1_replicate1.CEL.gz	TamR1_r1	TamR
GSM1658402_TamR1_replicate2.CEL.gz	TamR1_r2	TamR
GSM1658403_TamR1_replicate3.CEL.gz	TamR1_r3	TamR
GSM1658404_TamR4_replicate1.CEL.gz	TamR4_r1	TamR
GSM1658405_TamR4_replicate2.CEL.gz	TamR4_r2	TamR
GSM1658406_TamR4_replicate3.CEL.gz	TamR4_r3	TamR
GSM1658407_TamR7_replicate1.CEL.gz	TamR7_r1	TamR
GSM1658408_TamR7_replicate2.CEL.gz	TamR7_r2	TamR
GSM1658409_TamR8_replicate1.CEL.gz	TamR8_r1	TamR
GSM1658410_TamR8_replicate2.CEL.gz	TamR8_r2	TamR
GSM1658411_Tam_sensitive_MCF7_replicate1.CEL.gz	TamS_r1	TamS
GSM1658412_Tam_sensitive_MCF7_replicate2.CEL.gz	TamS_r2	TamS
GSM1658413_Tam_sensitive_MCF7_replicate3.CEL.gz	TamS_r3	TamS
GSM1658414_Tam_sensitive_MCF7_replicate4.CEL.gz	TamS_r4	TamS
GSM1658415_Tam_sensitive_MCF7_replicate5.CEL.gz	TamS_r5	TamS
GSM1658416_Tam_sensitive_MCF7_replicate6.CEL.gz	TamS_r6	TamS
GSM1658417_Tam_sensitive_MCF7_replicate7.CEL.gz	TamS_r7	TamS
GSM1658418_Tam_sensitive_MCF7_replicate8.CEL.gz	TamS_r8	TamS

group1	vs.group2			
TamR	TamS			

# Run: Comparing All TamR vs. TamS

#### CCBR Microarray analysis workflow



# DEG: Comparing All TamR vs. TamS

	adjPvalue<0.05	+ abs(logFC)>=1.5	+ abs(logFC)>=2
TamR vs. TamS	12684	633	221

Show 100 centries

Search: PRKCA

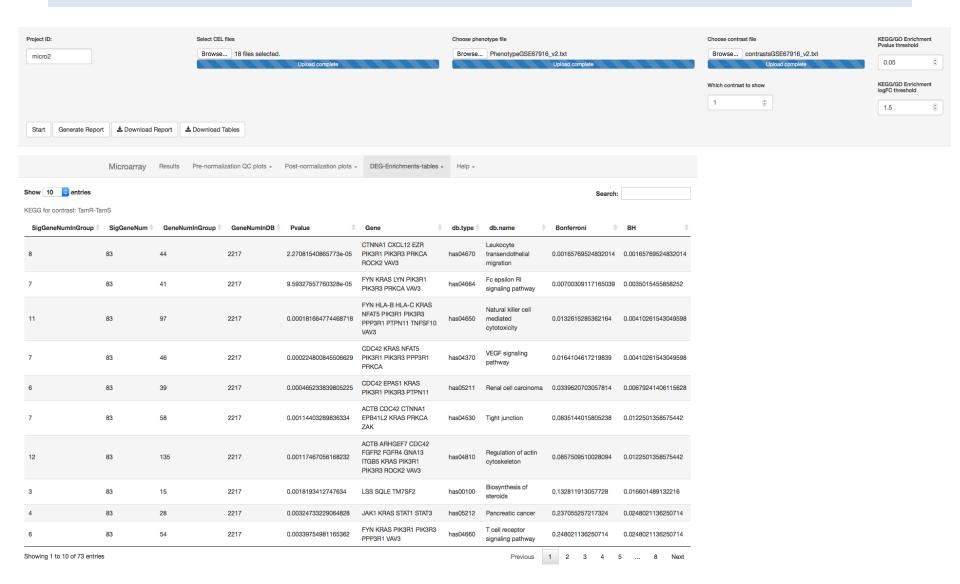
contrast: TamR-TamS

	probsetID 🍦	logFC 🔻	AveExpr	t 🕸	P.Value 🏺	adj.P.Val ∳	В ≑	ACCNUM	SYMBOL	DESC \$
22397	213093_at	1.64832000	6.786033	6.4469632	3.321973e-06	2.639954e-04	4.614902	Al471375	PRKCA	protein kinase C alpha
24490	215195_at	1.51564416	7.366115	9.4630326	1.137850e-08	4.749006e-06	10.157990	AF035594	PRKCA	protein kinase C alpha
16370	206923_at	1.24447796	5.345408	9.7350904	7.216863e-09	3.461245e-06	10.595798	NM_002737	PRKCA	protein kinase C alpha

contrast: TamR-TamS

	probsetID 🔷	logFC 🔻	AveExpr	t≑	P.Value 🏺	adj.P.Val ∳	В ≑	ACCNUM 🏺	SYMBOL	DESC	\$
19510	210105_s_at	1.6044300876	6.639064	8.315509579	8.574950e-08	2.221969e-05	8.2012064	M14333	FYN	FYN proto- oncogene, Src family tyrosine kinase	

## KEGG: Comparing All TamR vs. TamS



# GO: Comparing All TamR vs. TamS

132	404	4216	18501	1.59543272675232e-06	STAT1 STAT3 TPR EZR CCDC6 PIK3R3 ENC1 CASK USO1 STX16 MBTPS1 ADAM9 SNAP23 MTMR1 BANF1 CPNE3 KYNU CLIC3 SPAG9 NFS1 ROCK2 ISG15 CLINT1 KIAA0513 ACTR2 HIPK3 MBNL2 DLC1 NCOA2 AGR2 EXOC5 NFAT5 MAP3K2 STIP1 IFI44L SYNE2 FBXW11 SLC7A8 CLIC4 TMOD3 P115 TUBD1 GULP1 GDE1 ERAP1 ZAK GDAP1 ANLN XAF1 SAMD9 PSPC1 PPP1R9A NBPF1 SCYL2 NXT2 LXN TAOK1 PLEKHA2 EXOC4 RTP4 CLEC7A TNKS2 FRMD5 RERG UHMK1 AMOTL1 ALDH1L2 PAPD4 SYNPO2 HIPK1 RBM24 YTHDF3	GO:0005737	Component: cytoplasm	0.00156671493767078	0.000783357468835389
67	404	1782	18501	3.52933762633763e-06	ACTA2 ACTB RHOB ATP2A3 ATP6V1A ATRX BMPR1B BUB1 CDC42 DACH1 DDX3X DHX9 DYNC1H1 EIF5 EPHA4 EPRS ERBB4 FGFR2 FGFR4 FYN GBP1 GBP3 GEM GNAS HSPA4 HSP90AB1 HSPD1 IGF1R JAK1 KRAS LYN MCM4 SEPT2 PRKCA ABCD3 RAP2A SKIL TAP2 TPR CASK ABCC3 PRPF4B PAPSS2 ROCK2 ABCG1 ACTR2 HIPK3 GNA13 MAP3K2 RAB31 DDX42 CSTF2T GIMAP2 TUBD1 TUBE1 ZAK PSPC1 DDX60 ATP10D TAOK1 RNF213 CPEB4 RERG UHMK1 CMPK2 HIPK1 RBM24	GO:0000166	Function: nucleotide binding	0.00346580954906355	0.00115526984968785
3	404	7	18501	7.44326484549945e-06	SNAP23 SCAMP1 EXOC5	GO:0006892	Process: post-Golgi vesicle- mediated transport	0.00730928607828046	0.00150719817202435
16	404	221	18501	7.67412511214028e-06	DDX3X FYN HLA-B HLA-C HSPD1 SP110 LYN CD46 MDM2 PIK3R1 STAT1 STAT3 BANF1 CLDN1 ISG15 WWP1	GO:0044419	Process: interspecies interaction between organisms	0.00753599086012175	0.00150719817202435

-