Overview: We will continue from our Demo 1 example. The worker will now start staging their parts picked from bin 'A'. This will include the 4 totes we used on the last demo(**Image 1**). It's the worker's responsibility to find a location to place these items in the staging area.

Note: This will be done virtually, so assume we have all of our parts inside the totes.

Video Link: <a href="https://youtu.be/-sRb5uhVIMs">https://youtu.be/-sRb5uhVIMs</a>

Demo Summary: The worker will start picking the parts from the tote. We will be dealing with 'GREY\_TOTE\_130' tote first. The worker will then decide which parts are going where. In the first scan, I decided to move 4 parts of brake\_pad\_1 to STAGE\_002. For more flexibility, we have the option of moving parts to whatever staging shelf we want. We will repeat this process until we are done scanning all of our parts from demo 1. **Image 2** displays a small preview of the location of our parts.

## **Code Used**

Python File Used: GUI\_Staging\_Parts.py

Timestamp: 00:13

Python: check\_tote\_item\_list(self, event)

Query 1: This package checks if the inputted tote is real.

```
SELECT PACKAGE_APPROVED_ZONE.BIN_AND_ZONE_EXISTS('PICK', 'GREY_TOTE_130') FROM DUAL
```

Link:

https://github.com/Cephuez/PastProjects/blob/main/Auto\_Parts\_Warehouse\_Project/1\_Auto\_Part\_Database/Packages/Package%20APPROVED\_ZONE

Python: check\_tote\_item\_list(self, event)

**Query 2:** Once the tote's name has been validated, then it will check if the tote has at least 1 item in it.

```
SELECT COUNT(*)
FROM ORDER_LIST
WHERE ZONE = 'GREY_TOTE_130';
```

Timestamp: 00:15

Python: check\_product\_scanned(self, event)

Query 3: We now need to check if the product id inputted is valid.

```
SELECT COUNT(*)
FROM PRODUCT
WHERE TO_CHAR(PRODUCT_ID) = '1';
```

Python: check\_product\_scanned(self, event)

**Query 4:** Once the inputted product has been validated, then we will check if there is at least 1 of the item in the tote. To be organized, we need to make sure that we are scanning the parts from their appropriate totes.

```
SELECT COUNT (UNITS)
FROM ORDER_LIST
WHERE ZONE = 'GREY_TOTE_130'
AND PRODUCT_ID = 1
ORDER BY PRODUCT_ID;
```

#### Python: load product info(self)

**Query 5:** The worker will be shown the number of parts that are inside the tote before scanning them to their shelves.

```
SELECT OL.PRODUCT_ID, COUNT(OL.UNITS), P.PRODUCT_NAME
FROM ORDER_LIST OL

JOIN PRODUCT P

ON OL.PRODUCT_ID = P.PRODUCT_ID

WHERE OL.ZONE = 'GREY_TOTE_130' AND OL.PRODUCT_ID = 1

GROUP BY OL.PRODUCT_ID, P.PRODUCT_NAME
```

Timestamp: 00:25

#### Python: stage\_part(self, event)

Query 6: Similar to the other query, it will check if the inputted stage name is valid.

```
SELECT PACKAGE_APPROVED_ZONE.BIN_AND_ZONE_EXISTS('STAGE', 'STAGE_002')
FROM DUAL;
```

#### Python: stage\_part(self, event)

Query 7: Once all inputs have been approved, it will move the part to its location

# **Reference Images**

Image 1. We will get our parts from Grey Tote 130 - 133

	_				
	ZONE			₱ PRODUCT_ID	<b>⊕</b> QTY
1	GREY	TOTE	130	1	8
2	GREY	TOTE_	130	2	6
3	GREY	TOTE	130	3	4
4	GREY	TOTE	131	4	3
5	GREY	TOTE	131	5	7
6	GREY	TOTE	132	6	3
7	GREY	TOTE	132	7	13
8	GREY	TOTE	133	8	9
9	GREY	TOTE	133	9	8
10	GREY	TOTE	133	10	3

### Query Used

**Image 2**. Displaying the location of some of the parts we scanned.

	ORDER_ID	♦ PRODUCT_ID			<b>⊕</b> QTY
1	918	2	STAGE_0	004	2
2	918	8	STAGE_0	004	1
3	918	7	STAGE_0	009	2
4	919	8	STAGE_0	004	1
5	919	5	STAGE_0	006	1
6	919	9	STAGE_0	006	1
7	920	2	STAGE_0	004	2
8	920	5	STAGE_0	006	1
9	921	8	STAGE_0	004	1
10	921	3	STAGE_0	005	2
11	921	10	STAGE_0	10	1
12	922	1	STAGE_0	002	2
13	922	8	STAGE_0	004	1
14	922	3	STAGE_0	005	1
15	923	1	STAGE_0	002	1
16	923	4	STAGE_0	002	1
17	923	9	STAGE_0	006	2
18	924	3	STAGE_0	005	1
19	924	9	STAGE_0	006	1
20	924	7	STAGE_0	009	2
21	925	8	STAGE_0	005	2
22	925	5	STAGE_0	006	1

#### Query:

```
SELECT ORDER ID, PRODUCT ID, ZONE, SUM(QUANTITY) OTY
FROM ORDERS_READY
WHERE ORDER_ID BETWEEN 918 AND 932
GROUP BY ORDER_ID, PRODUCT_ID, ZONE
ORDER BY ORDER_ID, ZONE, PRODUCT_ID;
```