# EE 2004 2020-2021: Semester B

Assignment 1 Due: Feb. 19, 2021

### **Instructions:**

The .asm and .lst files for the programs required for Questions 1 and 2 should be submitted. The answers for Questions 3 and 4 should be provided in a Microsoft Word file. The Microsoft Word file and all the requested .asm/.lst files should be zipped as a single zip file for submission.

Students must submit the assignment through Canvas. Click on the item "Assignment" on the left panel. You should see a row with title "Assignment 1". Click on the "Assignment 1" label and find the "Submit Assignment" label on the right panel. Click on it and upload the requested zip file.

### Question 1 (30 marks)

### Loop: Summing numbers in a sequence

A sequence is defined by the following recurrence relation:

 $Q_n = Q_{n-1} + Q_{n-2} + Q_{n-3}$ 

with seed value

 $Q_0 = 0$ ,  $Q_1 = 0$  and  $Q_2 = 1$  where  $Q_n$  is the  $n^{th}$  number in the sequence.

Write a loop in assembly language that calculates the sum of the series  $Q_0 + Q_1 + \ldots Q_{10}$ . Store the sum in the file register with address 0x000. Save your program in a file named Loop.asm. Assemble and verify your code using MPLAB. You should submit the Loop.asm and Loop.lst files.

```
Solution:
               LIST P=18F4520 ;directive to
define processor
                  #include <P18F4520.INC> ;processor
specific variable definitions
                   CBLOCK 0x00
                   Sum
                   Qn1
                   Qn2
                   Qn3
                   Count
                   endc
MyN equ d'10'
                  ORG 0x0000
               goto Main ;go to start of main code
-; Start of main program
Main: movlw MyN-2
              movwf Count, A
              movlw d'1'
              movwf Qn1, A; this variable stores Q \{n-1\}
              clrf Qn2, A
              clrf Qn3, A
              movlw d'1'; initialize Sum as Q 0 + Q 1 + Q 2 = 1;
              movwf Sum, A
Loop:
             movf Qn1, W, A
              addwf Qn2, W, A
              addwf Qn3, W, A; [WREG] = [Qn1] + [Qn2] +
[Qn3] ;Note: WREG stores Qn
              addwf Sum, F, A; [Sum] = [Sum] + [WREG]
              movff Qn2, Qn3
              movff Qn1, Qn2
              movwf Qn1, A
              decfsz Count, F, A
              bra Loop
; End of program
```

END

### **Question 2 (19 marks)**

### **BCD** addition of two mult-byte numbers

Write a program to add two decimal numbers 524198 and 487998. Note that the result should be stored in four file registers. Save your program in a file named BCD.asm. Assemble and verify your code using MPLAB. You should submit the BCD.asm and BCD.1st files.

```
LIST P=18F4520; directive to define processor
                     #include <P18F4520.INC> ;processor specific
                                     ; variable definitions
                     CBLOCK 0x10
                     SumLow
                     SumHigh
                     SumUpper
                     SumUpper2
                     endc
                     ORG 0x0000
                    goto Main ;go to start of main code
              movlw 0x99
Main:
                     addlw 0x99
                     daw
                     movwf SumLow, A
                     movlw 0x41
                     movwf SumHigh, A
                     movlw 0x99
                     addwfc SumHigh, W, A
                     movwf SumHigh, A
                     movlw 0x52
                     movwf SumUpper, A
                     movlw 0x49
                     addwfc SumUpper, W, A
                     movwf SumUpper, A
                     clrf SumUpper2, A
                     clrf WREG
                     addwfc SumUpper2, F, A
                     bra $
                     END
```

## Question 3 (21 marks)

Use the program below to answer the following questions.

#### Line Number

```
cblock 0x03
6
                        MyReq
                        BSR Set
                        endc
10
11
                        ORG 0x0000
12
13
                       movlb BSR Set
        Main:
14
                        clrf MyReg, A
15
                        clrf MyReg, BANKED
16
17
                        movlw 0x78
18
                        movwf MyReg, A
19
                        movlw 0x37
20
                        addwf MyReg, W, A
21
22
                        daw
23
24
                        movlw 0xF0
25
                        iorwf MyReq, F, A
26
27
                        movf MyReg, W, A
                        movwf MyReg, BANKED
28
29
                        movlw 0x00
30
                        andwf MyReg, F, BANKED
31
         , ***********
32
33
         ; End of program
34
35
                        END
```

- (a) Write down the **12-bit address** of the memory location in which the result of the <code>iorwf</code> operation in Line 25 of the above program is stored.
- (b) Write down the **12-bit address** of the memory location in which the result of the andwf operation in Line 30 of the above program is stored.
- (c) What are the statuses of the five flags in the STATUS register immediately following the execution of **Lines 20, 25, 30**? You must demonstrate how you come up with the statuses of the five flags to receive credit.
- (d) What is the value stored in WREG after the execution of Line 22? Determine the five flags in the STATUS register immediately after the execution of Line 22. <u>You must demonstrate how your answers to receive credit.</u>

### Solution:

- (a) 0x003
- (b) 0x403

The order of the status flags in the STATUS register is:

0 0 0 N OV Z DC C

Here are the values of the STATUS register.

(c) Line 20: 0x18 Line 25: 0x19 Line 30: 0x0D

(d) WREG: 0x15, STATUS = 0x19.

## Question 4 (30 marks)

- (a) For the following program, calculate the relative/absolute addresses (marked by "??"). You must show detailed calculations. Otherwise, you will obtain 0 mark in this question.
- (b) Provide a brief description of the goal of the program. (Hint: What is stored in FinalReg?)
- (c) Analyze the source code, draw a chart describing the flow of the program and explain how the goal stated in your answer to Part (b) is accomplished.

Γ_		
Program	–	
Memory Machine	LINE	SOURCE
Address Code		
	00005	CBLOCK 0x000
	00006	FirstReg
	00007	SecondReg
	00008	ThirdReg
	00009	FinalReg
	00010	endc
	00011	
000000	00012	org 0x000000
000000 EF?? F???	00013	goto Main
	00014 ;	
000048	00015	org 0x000048
000048 0E3C	00016 Main:	movlw d'60'
00004A 6E00	00017	movwf FirstReg, A
00004C 0E16	00018	movlw d'22'
00004E 6E01	00019	movwf SecondReg, A
000050 0E37	00020	movlw d'55'
000052 6E02	00021	movwf ThirdReg, A
000054 5000	00022	
000054 5000	00023 Here:	movf FirstReg, W, A
000056 6E03	00024	movwf FinalReg, A
000058 5C01 00005A E6??	00025 <b>00026</b>	subwf SecondReg, W, A bn Final2
00005A E6??	00026	bra Continue
00005E C001 F003		
00003E C001 F003		movff SecondReg, FinalReg
000062 5003	00029 Continue: 00030	movf FinalReg, W, A
000064 6002		cpfslt ThirdReg, A bra Over
000068 D???		
00006C D???	00032 Finals:	<pre>movff ThirdReg, FinalReg bra \$</pre>
טטטטטט טייי	00033 Over:	nra s

#### Solution:

(a) 4 marks for each correct answers with explanation. 0 mark if answers are given without explanation. 16 marks in total.

	00005	CBLOCK 0x000
	00006	FirstReg
	00007	SecondReg
	00008	ThirdReg
	00009	FinalReg
	00010	endc
	00011	
000000	00012	org 0x000000
000000 EF24 F000	00013	goto Main
	00014 ;	
000048	00015	org 0x000048
000048 0E3C	00016 Main:	movlw d'60'
00004A 6E00	00017	movwf FirstReg, A
00004C 0E16	00018	movlw d'22'
00004E 6E01	00019	movwf SecondReg, A
000050 0E37	00020	movlw d'55'
000052 6E02	00021	movwf ThirdReg, A
	00022	
000054 5000	00023 Here:	movf FirstReg, W, A
000056 6E03	00024	movwf FinalReg, A
000058 5C01	00025	subwf SecondReg, W, A
00005A E601	00026	bn Final2
00005C D002	00027	bra Continue
00005E C001 F003	00028 Final2:	movff SecondReg,
FinalReg		
000062 5003	00029 Continue:	movf FinalReg, W, A
000064 6002	00030	cpfslt ThirdReg, A
000066 D002	00031	bra Over
000068 C002 F003	00032 Final3:	movff ThirdReg,
FinalReg		
00006C D7FF	00033 Over:	bra \$

- (b) The program compares the values stored in three registers: FirstReg, SecondReg and ThirdReg, and stores the minimum value in FinalReg.
- (c) The flowchart should communicate the following three points.

The workflow is (1) Assume FirstReg contains the minimum value and copies over its value to FinReg; (2) Perform [SecondReg] – [FinalReg]. If the result is negative, [FinalReg] = [SecondReg]; (3) Compare the value stored in ThirdReg with FinalReg using cpfslt. [ThirdReg] < [FinalReg], replace the [FinalReg] by [ThirdReg].