

2021/12/10 上午2:20		Calculator.java	2021/12/10 上午2:21	Car.java
1	package ex1;		1	
2			2	package ex1;
3	public class Calculator {		3	
4			4	/**
5	/** Main method */		5	*
6	public static void main(String[] args) {		6	* @author wanting
7	// Check command-line arguments		7	*/
8	if (args.length != 3) {		8	class Car {
9	System.out.println("Usage: java Calculator operand1 operator operand2");		9	
10	System.exit(0);		10	int speed; // kilometer per hour
11	}		11	int distance; // kilometer
12			12	static int numOfCars = 0;
13			13	
14	// The result of the operation		14	void build(int s, int d) {
15	int result = 0;		15	
16			16	this.speed = s;
17	// Determine the operator		17	this.distance = d;
18	switch (args[1].charAt(0)) {		18	Car.numOfCars++;
19	case '+':		19	}
20	result = Integer.parseInt(args[0]) + Integer.parseInt(args[2]);		20	
21	break;		21	/**
22	case '-':		22	* Update the distance for driving of an hour
23	result = Integer.parseInt(args[0]) - Integer.parseInt(args[2]);		23	*/
24	break;		24	int move() {
25	case 'x':		25	this.distance += this.speed;
26	case '*':		26	return this.distance;
27	result = Integer.parseInt(args[0]) * Integer.parseInt(args[2]);		27	}
28	break;		28	
29	case '/':		29	public static void main(String[] args) {
30	result = Integer.parseInt(args[0]) / Integer.parseInt(args[2]);		30	Car bus = new Car();
31	}		31	Car taxi = new Car();
32			32	bus.build(5, 0);
33	// Display result		33	taxi.build(8, 0);
34	System.out.println(args[0] + ' ' + args[1] + ' ' + args[2] + " = " + result);		34	System.out.println("No. of cars created: " + Car.numOfCars);
35	}		35	System.out.println("Driving 1 hr: bus at " + "km and taxi at " +
36			36	taxi.move() + "km");
			37	System.out.println("Driving 2 hrs: bus at " + bus.move() + "km and taxi at "
			38	+ taxi.move() + "km");
			39	}

```
1 package ex1;
2
3 import javax.swing.JOptionPane;
4
5 public class CountEachLetter {
6
7     /** Main method */
8     public static void main(String[] args) {
9         // Prompt the user to enter a string
10        String s = JOptionPane.showInputDialog("Enter a string:");
11
12        // Invoke the countLetters method to count each letter
13        int[] counts = countLetters(s.toLowerCase());
14
15        // Declare and initialize output string
16        String output = "";
17
18        // Display results
19        for (int i = 0; i < counts.length; i++) {
20            if (counts[i] != 0) {
21                output += (char) ('a' + i) + " appears " + counts[i]
22                    + ((counts[i] == 1) ? " time\n" : " times\n");
23            }
24        }
25
26        // Display the result
27        System.out.println(output);
28        JOptionPane.showMessageDialog(null, output);
29    }
30
31    // Count each letter in the string
32    public static int[] countLetters(String s) {
33        int[] counts = new int[26];
34
35        for (int i = 0; i < s.length(); i++) {
36            if (Character.isLetter(s.charAt(i))) {
37                counts[s.charAt(i) - 'a']++;
38            }
39        }
40
41        return counts;
42    }
43 }
44
```

```
1 package ex1;
2
3 /**
4  * The main/business logic comes here. This program makes use of the Student class
5  * to check student's standing.
6  */
7 @author vanting
8
9 class FindAcademicStanding {
10    // This is the entry point of a program
11    public static void main(String[] args) {
12
13        //System.out.println(args[0]);
14
15        // create two objects of Student type
16        Student bill = new Student();
17        Student larry = new Student();
18
19        // configure their name and gpa
20        bill.setup("Bill Chan", 1.5);
21        larry.setup("Larry Chow", 4);
22
23        // display their academic standing
24        bill.showAcademicStanding();
25        larry.showAcademicStanding();
26    }
27 }
28
```

```
1 package ex1;
2
3 /**
4  *
5  * @author vanting
6  */
7 class MaxFinder {
8
9     /** Return the max between two int values */
10    int max(int num1, int num2) {
11        if (num1 > num2) {
12            return num1;
13        } else {
14            return num2;
15        }
16    }
17
18    /** Find the max between two double values */
19    double max(double num1, double num2) {
20        if (num1 > num2) {
21            return num1;
22        } else {
23            return num2;
24        }
25    }
26
27    /** Return the max among three double values */
28    double max(double num1, double num2, double num3) {
29        return max(max(num1, num2), num3);
30    }
31 }
32
```

```
1 package ex1;
2
3 import javax.swing.JOptionPane;
4
5 class NumberCounter {
6
7     final int TOTAL_NUMBERS = 6;
8     int[] numbers = new int[TOTAL_NUMBERS];
9     int max = 0;
10    int count = 0;
11
12    /** instead of putting the main in a dummy class,
13     * you can put it here for short
14     */
15    public static void main(String[] args) {
16        NumberCounter counter = new NumberCounter();
17        counter.getNumbers();
18        counter.findMax();
19        counter.count();
20        counter.showResult();
21    }
22
23    /** Read all numbers
24     void getNumbers() {
25         for (int i = 0; i < numbers.length; i++) {
26             String numString = JOptionPane.showInputDialog("Enter a number:");
27             // Convert string into integer
28             numbers[i] = Integer.parseInt(numString);
29         }
30     }
31
32    /** Find the largest
33     void findMax() {
34         max = numbers[0];
35         for (int i = 1; i < numbers.length; i++) {
36             if (max < numbers[i]) {
37                 max = numbers[i];
38             }
39         }
40     }
41
42    /** Find the occurrence of the largest number
43     void count() {
44         count = 0;
45         for (int i = 0; i < numbers.length; i++) {
46             if (numbers[i] == max) {
47                 count++;
48             }
49         }
50     }
51
52    /** Prepare the result
53     void showResult() {
54         String output = "The array is ";
55         for (int i = 0; i < numbers.length; i++) {
56             output += numbers[i] + " ";
57         }
58
59         output += "\n\nThe largest number is " + max;
60     }
61 }
```

```
60 output += "\nThe occurrence count of the largest number " + "is " + count;
61
62 // Display the result
63 JOptionPane.showMessageDialog(null, output);
64 }
65 }
66 }
```

```
1 package ex1;
2
3 /**
4  *
5  * @author vanting
6  */
7 class Student {
8
9     // Declare the variables you need to represent a student
10    String name = "";
11    double gpa = 0;
12
13    /* Used to configure the values
14     * of a student object
15     */
16    void setup(String studentName, double studentGpa) {
17        this.name = studentName;
18        this.gpa = studentGpa;
19    }
20
21    /** Display the academic
22     * standing of a student
23     */
24    void showAcademicStanding() {
25
26        System.out.print("The Academic Standing of " + this.name + " is: ");
27        if(this.gpa > 1.7)
28            System.out.println("Good Standing");
29        else
30            System.out.println("Academic Warning");
31    }
32 }
33 }
```

```
1 package ex1;
2
3 class TestMethodOverloading {
4
5     /** Main method */
6     public static void main(String[] args) {
7
8         MaxFinder maxer = new MaxFinder();
9
10        // Invoke the max method with int parameters
11        System.out.println("The maximum between 3 and 4 is " + maxer.max(3, 4));
12
13        // Invoke the max method with the double parameters
14        System.out.println("The maximum between 3.0 and 5.4 is " + maxer.max(3.0,
15        5.4));
16
17        // Invoke the max method with three double parameters
18        System.out.println("The maximum between 3.0, 5.4, and 10.14 is " +
19        maxer.max(3.0, 5.4, 10.14));
20    }
21 }
```

```
1 package ex1;
2
3 class TestUtility {
4
5     /** Main method */
6     public static void main(String[] args) {
7
8         int a = -15;
9         System.out.println("The absolute value of a is " + Utility.abs(a));
10    }
11 }
12
13
14
```

```
1 package ex1;
2
3 /**
4  *
5  * @author vanting
6  */
7 class Utility {
8
9     static int abs(int num) {
10         return (num<0) ? (-num) : (num);
11     }
12
13 }
14
15
16
17
18
```