

City University of Hong Kong
Department of Electronic Engineering

EE3009 Data Communications and Networking

Solution to Tutorial 4

1. The receiver makes a decoding error if two or more out of the three bits are in error.

$$\text{Therefore, } P_{\text{error}} = \binom{3}{2} p^2 (1-p) + p^3 = 3(10^{-3})^2 (1-10^{-3}) + (10^{-3})^3 \approx 3(10^{-6})$$

2. $b_0 = 11111111 \ 11111111 = 2^{16} - 1 = 65535$

$$b_1 = 11111111 \ 00000000 = 65280$$

$$b_2 = 11111111 \ 11110000 = 61680$$

$$b_3 = 11000000 \ 11000000 = 49344$$

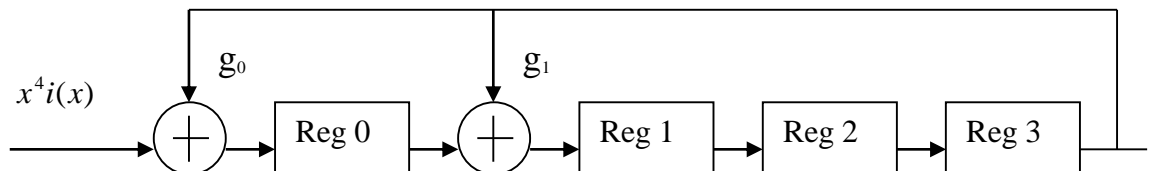
$$x = b_0 + b_1 + b_2 + b_3 \text{ modulo } 65535 = 241839 \text{ modulo } 65535 = 45234$$

$$b_4 = -x \text{ modulo } 65535 = 20301$$

$$\text{so the internet checksum} = 01001111 \ 01001101$$

- 3.

i)



- ii) The encoding can be done either by polynomial division, or the more compact way of doing the division without explicitly writing the power of x .

$$\begin{array}{r}
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 x^9 + x^8 \qquad \qquad \qquad + x^3 + x \\
 x^4 + x + 1 \overline{) x^{13} + x^{12} + x^{10} + x^8 + x^7 + x^5 + x^4} \\
 \underline{x^{13} \qquad + x^{10} + x^9} \qquad \qquad \qquad \\
 x^{12} \qquad \qquad + x^9 + x^8 + x^7 + x^5 + x^4 \\
 \underline{x^{12} \qquad \qquad + x^9 + x^8} \qquad \qquad \qquad \\
 x^7 + x^5 + x^4 \\
 \underline{x^7 \qquad \qquad + x^4 + x^3} \qquad \qquad \qquad \\
 x^5 \qquad \qquad + x^3 \\
 \underline{x^5 \qquad \qquad + x^2 + x} \qquad \qquad \qquad \\
 x^3 + x^2 + x \quad \leftarrow \text{remainder}
 \end{array}
 \end{array}$$

or,