

MC questions for Unit 2

Red color indicates the correct answer.

Question 1

Transmission media are usually categorized as _____.

- ☐ fixed or unfixed
- ☒ guided or unguided
- ☐ determinate or indeterminate
- ☐ metallic or nonmetallic

Question 2

The radio communication spectrum is divided into bands based on _____.

- ☐ amplitude
- ☒ frequency
- ☐ cost and hardware
- ☐ transmission medium

Question 3

What is the total delay to send a 500 byte message across a 4 Mbps link that has a propagation delay of 5 ms?

- ☐ 1 ms
- ☐ 5 ms
- ☒ 6 ms
- ☐ 9 ms

Question 4

What is the maximum amount of data in flight for a 5 Mbps Internet access link with a propagation delay of 4ms? The amount of data in flight refers to the number of bits or bytes that have been transmitted from the source but not yet been received by the destination.

- ☒ 2500 bytes
- ☐ 25 kB
- ☐ 200000 bits
- ☐ 20 bytes

Question 5

Arrange the OSI layers from top to bottom.

Application, Presentation, Session, Transport, Network, Data Link, Physical

Question 6

Match the OSI layers to their functionalities.

Application Layer	Defines rules to support email transfer
Presentation Layer	Encrypt the message for privacy
Session Layer	Ensure communication is done in a half-duplex manner
Transport Layer	Reassemble received packets in the correct order
Network Layer	Determine a path to transfer packets from source to destination
Data Link Layer	Detect whether bit errors have been occurred when packets are transmitted across a transmission link
Physical Layer	Map bits into signals for transmission

Question 7

Match each layer to the name of packets in that layer

Application Layer	Message
Transport Layer	Segment
Network Layer	Datagram
Data Link Layer	Frame

Question 8

A 1500 byte user message is sent over a link using the IP and Ethernet protocols, each of which has a 20 byte header. *What percentage of the link bandwidth is used to carry the protocol headers?*

- ☐ 3.3%
- ☐ 2.7%
- ☐ 1.3%
- ☒ 2.6%

Question 9

A message M is encapsulated by the UDP, IP and Ethernet protocols in that order as it travels down a protocol stack. *What does the message look like when observed "on the wire" of the Ethernet link?*

Use U, I, and E to represent the UDP header, IP header, and Ethernet header, respectively. Use M to represent the message. Write the parts in the order that they are transmitted "on the wire", i.e., the first part sent is leftmost.

☐ UIEM

☒ EIUM

☐ MUIE

☐ IUM

Question 10

An incoming frame ABC "on the wire" (where A, B, and C stand for headers of their respective protocols and are given in the order that they are received) is demultiplexed and processed by the protocols. *What message is passed to protocol B, and what message does protocol B pass onwards?* We suggest you draw your own picture of processing at each protocol.

☐ Protocol B gets AB from protocol A, and passes BC to protocol C.

☐ Protocol B gets ABC from protocol C, and passes ABC to protocol A.

☐ Protocol B gets ABC from protocol A, and passes BC to protocol C.

☒ Protocol B gets BC from protocol A, and passes C to protocol C.