City University of Hong Kong Department of Electrical Engineering

EE3009 Data Communications and Networking

Solution to Tutorial 3

1.

i	Subnet mask	no. of subnets	no. of hosts
2	255.255.255.192	2	62
3	255.255.255.224	6	30
4	255.255.255.240	14	14
5	255.255.255.248	30	6
6	255.255.255.252	62	2

2.

no. of hosts 16,382
16,382
8190
4094
2046
1022
510
254
126
62
30
14
6
2

3. 10010110 00100000 01000000 00100010

AND 11111111 11111111 11110000 00000000

Address of subnet: 10010110 00100000 01000000 00000000

150.32.64.0

IP address is from 150.32.64.1 to 150.32.79.254

4. To support 20 subnets and 5 hosts per subnet, 5 bits are borrowed from the last byte. So, subnet mask is 255.255.255.248, and the three smallest subnet addresses are: 201.222.5.8, 201.222.5.16 and 201.222.5.24

For subnet 201.222.5.8, the host addresses are from 201.222.5.9 to 201.222.5.14

5. 128.56.24.0/24 = 10000000.00111000.00011000.00000000 128.56.25.0/24 = 10000000.00111000.00011001.00000000 128.56.26.0/24 = 10000000.00111000.00011010.00000000 128.56.27.0/24 = 10000000.00111000.00011011.00000000 Mask = 11111111.11111111111111111100.00000000 The resulting prefix is 128.56.24.0/22

6.

a. ::F53:6382:AB00:67DB:BB27:7332

b. ::4D:ABCD

c. ::AF36:7328:0:87AA:398

d. 2819:AF::35:CB2:B271

7. Typically the wireless router includes a DHCP server. DHCP is used to assign IP addresses to the 5 PCs and to the router interface. Yes, the wireless router also uses NAT as it obtains only one IP address from the ISP.