Module 14-15 Quizzes

Due Jun 28 at 4pm **Time Limit** 20 Minutes

Points 10

Questions 10

Available Jun 28 at 2:55pm - Jun 28 at 4pm about 1 hour

Attempt History

	Attempt	Time	Score
LATEST	Attempt 1	3 minutes	10 out of 10

① Correct answers are hidden.

Score for this quiz: **10** out of 10 Submitted Jun 28 at 3:11pm This attempt took 3 minutes.

Question 1	1 / 1 pts
Which transport layer feature is used to guarantee session establishment?	
TCP port number	
O UDP sequence number	

TCP 3-way handshake		
UDP ACK flag		

Question 2	1 / 1 pts
What is the complete range of TCP and UDP well-known ports?	
● 0 to 1023	
O to 255	
O 1024 – 49151	
O 256 – 1023	

Question 3

1/1 pts

What is a socket?

the combination of the source and destination sequence numbers and port numbers
the combination of the source and destination IP address and source and destination Ethernet address
the combination of the source and destination sequence and acknowledgment numbers

Question 4	1 / 1 pts
What does a client do when it has UDP datagrams to send?	
It queries the server to see if it is ready to receive data.	
It sends a simplified three-way handshake to the server.	
It sends to the server a segment with the SYN flag set to synchronize the conversation.	
It just sends the datagrams.	

Question 5 1 / 1 pts

What	information is used by TCP to reassemble and reorder received segments?
	fragment numbers
	port numbers
	sequence numbers
	acknowledgment numbers

Question 6	1 / 1 pts
Which two characteristics are associated with UDP sessions? (Choose two.)	
Destination devices receive traffic with minimal delay.	
Received data is unacknowledged.	
Destination devices reassemble messages and pass them to an application.	
Unacknowledged data packets are retransmitted.	

Transmitted data segments are tracked.

Question 7	1 / 1 pts
What is a characteristic of UDP?	
UDP reassembles the received datagrams in the order they were received.	
Applications that use UDP are always considered unreliable.	
 UDP datagrams take the same path and arrive in the correct order at the destination. 	
 UDP only passes data to the network when the destination is ready to receive the data. 	

Question 8 1 / 1 pts

How are port numbers used in the TCP/IP encapsulation process?

O Source port numbers and destination port numbers are not necessary when UDP is the transport layer protocol being used for the communication.
Destination port numbers are assigned automatically and cannot be changed.
If multiple conversations occur that are using the same service, the source port number is used to track the separate conversations.
Source port and destination port numbers are randomly generated.

Question 9	1 / 1 pts
What is the function of the HTTP GET message?	
to retrieve client email from an email server using TCP port 110	
to upload content to a web server from a web client	
to send error information from a web server to a web client	
to request an HTML page from a web server	

Question 10	1 / 1 pts
Which OSI layer provides the interface between the applications used to communicate and the network over which messages are transmitted?	e underlying
presentation	
transport	
application	
session	

Quiz Score: 10 out of 10