Pythagorean identities:

$$\sin^2\theta + \cos^2\theta = 1$$

$$\tan^2\theta + 1 = \sec^2\theta$$

$$1 + \cot^2 \theta = \csc^2 \theta$$

$$1 + \cot^2 \theta = \csc^2 \theta$$

$$\tan\left(\frac{\pi}{2} - x\right) = \cot x$$

 $\csc\left(\frac{\pi}{2} - x\right) = \sec x$

 $\sec\left(\frac{\pi}{2} - x\right) = \csc x$

 $\cos\left(\frac{\pi}{2} - x\right) = \sin x$

 $\sin\left(\frac{\pi}{2} - x\right) = \cos x$

Co - function identities :

$\cot\left(\frac{\pi}{2} - x\right) = \tan x$ Reciprocal identities:

$$\csc x = \frac{1}{\sin x}$$

$$\sec x = \frac{1}{\cos x}$$

$$\cot x = \frac{1}{\tan x}$$

Even - odd identities :

$$\sin(-x) = -\sin x$$

$$\cos(-x) = \cos x$$

$$\tan(-x) = -\tan x$$

Product to sum formulas:

$$\sin x \cdot \sin y = \frac{1}{2} \Big[\cos \Big(x - y \Big) - \cos \Big(x + y \Big) \Big]$$

$$\cos x \cdot \cos y = \frac{1}{2} \Big[\cos (x - y) + \cos (x + y) \Big]$$

$$\sin x \cdot \cos y = \frac{1}{2} \Big[\sin \Big(x + y \Big) + \sin \Big(x - y \Big) \Big]$$

$$\cos x \cdot \sin y = \frac{1}{2} \left[\sin \left(x + y \right) - \sin \left(x - y \right) \right]$$

Sum to product :

$$\sin x \pm \sin y = 2\sin\left(\frac{x \pm y}{2}\right)\cos\left(\frac{x \mp y}{2}\right)$$

$$\cos x + \cos y = 2\cos\left(\frac{x+y}{2}\right)\cos\left(\frac{x-y}{2}\right)$$

$$\cos x - \cos y = -2\sin\left(\frac{x+y}{2}\right)\sin\left(\frac{x-y}{2}\right)$$

Double - angle formulas :

$$\sin 2\theta = 2 \cdot \sin \theta \cos \theta$$

$$\cos 2\theta = \cos^2 \theta - \sin^2 \theta = 1 - 2\sin^2 \theta = 2\cos^2 \theta - 1$$

$$\tan 2\theta = \frac{2\tan\theta}{1-\tan^2\theta}$$

Periodicity identities:

$$\sin(x\pm 2\pi) = \sin x$$

$$\cos(x\pm 2\pi)=\cos x$$

$$\tan(x\pm\pi)=\tan x$$

$$\cot(x\pm\pi)=\cot x$$

$$\sec(x \pm 2\pi) = \sec x$$

$$\csc(x \pm 2\pi) = \csc x$$

Sum and difference formulas:

$$\sin(x \pm y) = \sin x \cos y \pm \cos x \sin y$$

$$\cos(x \pm y) = \cos x \cos y \mp \sin x \sin y$$

$$\tan(x \pm y) = \frac{\tan x \pm \tan y}{1 \mp \tan x \tan y}$$

Half - angle formulas :

$$\sin\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) = \pm \sqrt{\frac{1-\cos x}{2}}$$

$$\cos\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) = \pm \sqrt{\frac{1+\cos x}{2}}$$

$$\tan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) = \frac{\left(1 - \cos x\right)}{\sin x}$$

Law of sines:

$$\frac{a}{\sin A} = \frac{b}{\sin B} = \frac{c}{\sin C}$$

Law of cosines:

$$a^2 = b^2 + c^2 - 2bc\cos A$$

$$A = \cos^{-1}\left(\frac{b^2 + c^2 - a^2}{2bc}\right)$$

Area of triangle:

$$\frac{1}{2}ab\sin C$$

$$\sqrt{s(s-a)(s-b)(s-c)}$$

where
$$s = \frac{1}{2}(a+b+c)$$