COVID-19 Correlates of Protection Analysis Report $$\operatorname{\mathsf{MockCOVE}}$$ Study

USG COVID-19 Response Biostatistics Team

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 Direct VE = VE comparing vaccine vs. placebo with marker set to distribution in placebo.

 Indirect VE = VE in vaccinated comparing observed marker vs. hypothetical marker under placebo.
 - Prop. mediated = fraction of total risk reduction from vaccine attributed to antibody response. 29
- 3.2 Table of mediation effect estimates for tertile markers with 95% confidence intervals.

 Direct VE = VE comparing vaccine vs. placebo with marker set to distribution in placebo.

 Indirect VE = VE in vaccinated comparing observed marker vs. hypothetical marker under placebo.
 - Prop. mediated = fraction of total risk reduction from vaccine attributed to antibody response. 29

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Chapter 1

Disclaimers

- The data presented in the analysis originated from the Moderna Sponsored mRNA-1273-P301 clinical study and are provided to NIAID in accordance with Clinical Trial Agreement between the parties. The study was funded in part by BARDA under Government Contract No. 75A50120C00034
- The preliminary immunogenicity data presented here do not reflect the Sponsors statistical analysis plan and therefore should not be interpreted as a protocol defined read-out of the clinical study.
- These data are not to be disclosed without written permission of Moderna.



Chapter 2

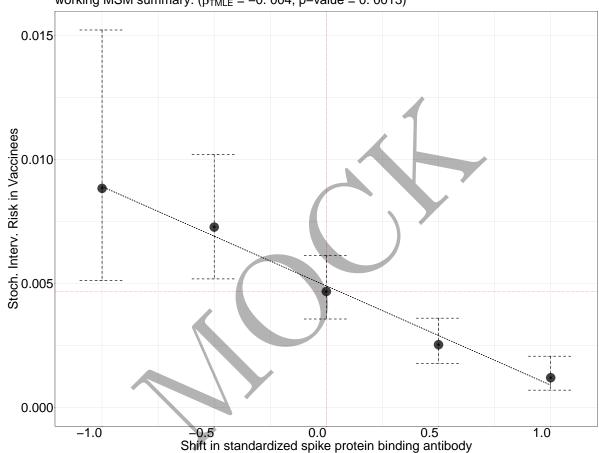
Stochastic Interventional Vaccine Efficacy

We estimate the counterfactual mean of symptomatic COVID-19 infection under posited shifts in the measured activity levels of each of 4 candidate mechanistic correlates of protection (mCoP) biomarkers. By shifting the standardized biomarker activity levels by standard unit shifts along the grid $\{-1, -0.5, 0, 0.5, 1\}$, we can assess the degree to which vaccines that modulate mCoP biomarker activity to these levels could mitigate symptomatic COVID-19 infection in terms of counterfactual stochastic interventional risk and vaccine efficacy (VE).

2.1 Figures for Stochastic Interventional CoPs for Day 57

2.1.1 Stoch interv. risk: spike protein binding antibody

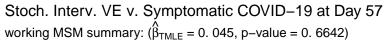
Stoch. Interv. Risk of Symptomatic COVID–19 at Day 57 working MSM summary: ($\hat{\beta}_{TMLE} = -0.004$, p–value = 0.0013)

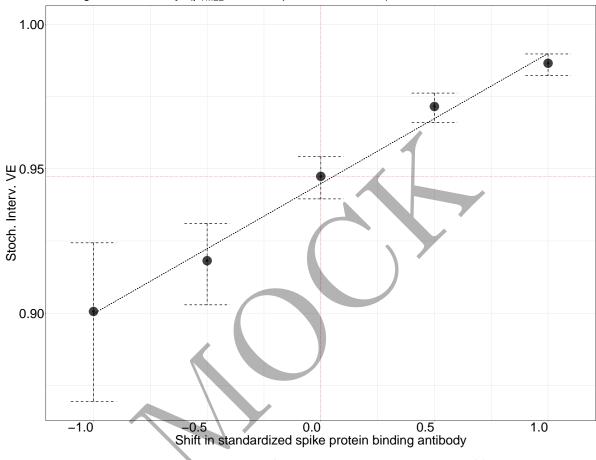


Mean counterfactual COVID–19 infection risk across standardized shifts in spike protein binding antibody levels, summarized by projection of causal dose–response curve onto a linear working model.

Figure 2.1: Stochastic interventional risk estimates, with confidence intervals, for spike protein binding antibody at Day 57

2.1.2 Stoch. interv. VE: spike protein binding antibody





Stochastic interventional vaccine efficacy v. COVID-19 infection across standardized shifts in spike protein binding antibody levels, summarized by projection of causal dose-response curve on a linear working model.

Figure 2.2: Stochastic interventional VE estimates, with confidence intervals, for spike protein binding antibody at Day 57

2.1.3 Stoch. interv. risk: RBD binding antibody

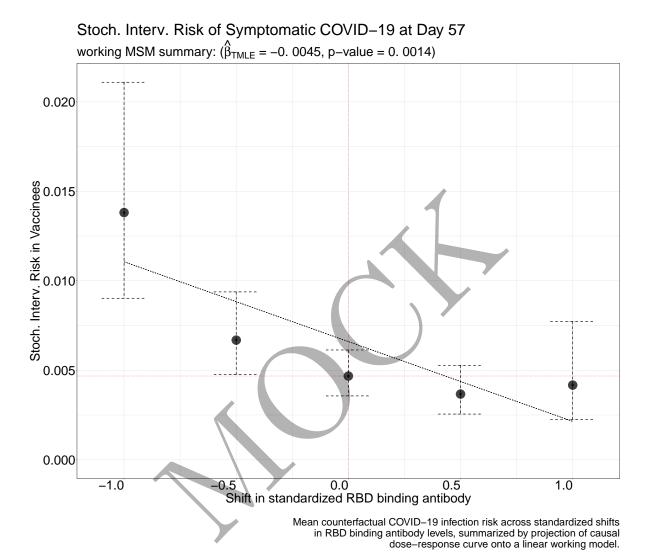
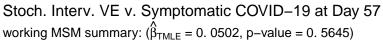
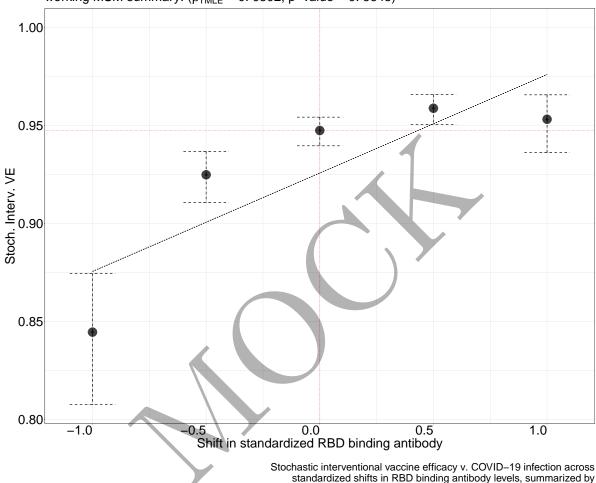


Figure 2.3: Stochastic interventional risk estimates, with confidence intervals, for RBD binding antibody at Day 57

Stoch. interv. VE: RBD binding antibody 2.1.4

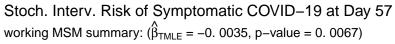


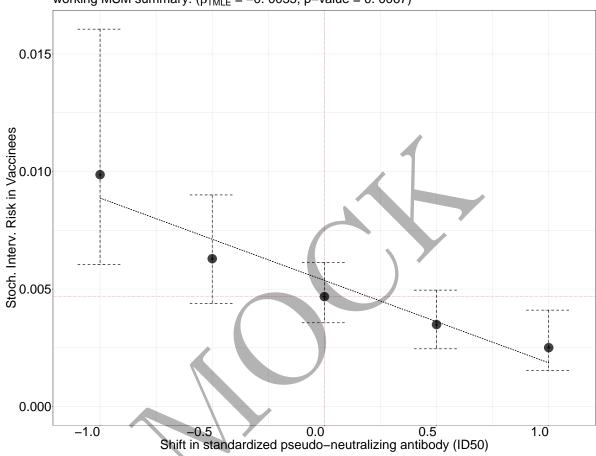


Stochastic interventional vaccine efficacy v. COVID–19 infection across standardized shifts in RBD binding antibody levels, summarized by projection of causal dose–response curve on a linear working model.

Figure 2.4: Stochastic interventional VE estimates, with confidence intervals, for RBD binding antibody at Day 57

2.1.5 Stoch. interv. risk: pseudo-neutralizing antibody (ID50)



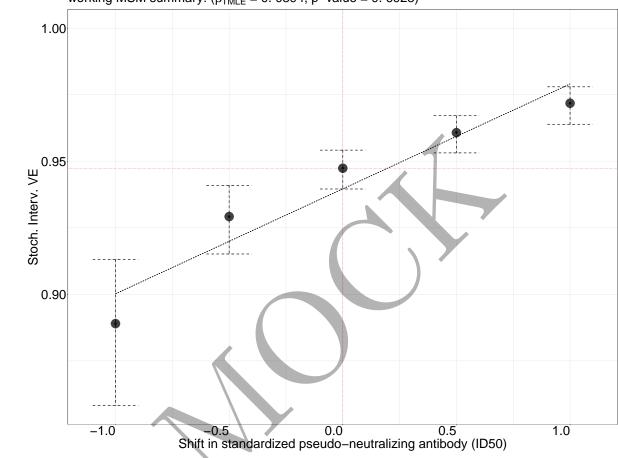


Mean counterfactual COVID–19 infection risk across standardized shifts in pseudo–neutralizing antibody (ID50) levels, summarized by projection of causal dose–response curve onto a linear working model.

Figure 2.5: Stochastic interventional risk estimates, with confidence intervals, for pseudo-neutralizing antibody (ID50) at Day 57

2.1.6 Stoch. interv. VE: pseudo-neutralizing antibody (ID50)

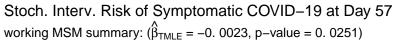
Stoch. Interv. VE v. Symptomatic COVID–19 at Day 57 working MSM summary: ($\hat{\beta}_{TMLE}$ = 0. 0394, p-value = 0. 6923)

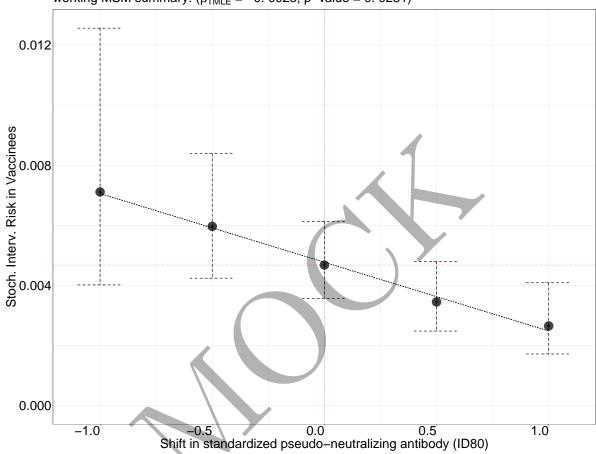


Stochastic interventional vaccine efficacy v. COVID-19 infection across standardized shifts in pseudo-neutralizing antibody (ID50) levels, summarized by projection of causal dose-response curve on a linear working model.

Figure 2.6: Stochastic interventional VE estimates, with confidence intervals, for pseudo-neutralizing antibody (ID50) at Day 57

2.1.7 Stoch. interv. risk: pseudo-neutralizing antibody (ID80)

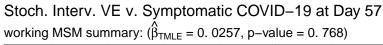


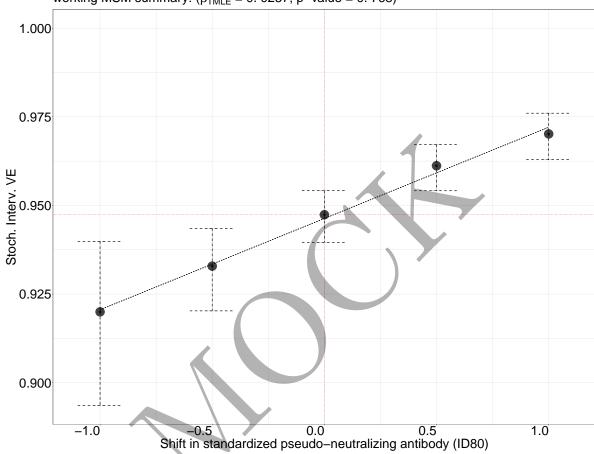


Mean counterfactual COVID–19 infection risk across standardized shifts in pseudo–neutralizing antibody (ID80) levels, summarized by projection of causal dose–response curve onto a linear working model.

Figure 2.7: Stochastic interventional risk estimates, with confidence intervals, for pseudo-neutralizing antibody (ID80) at Day 57

2.1.8 Stoch. interv. VE: pseudo-neutralizing antibody (ID80)





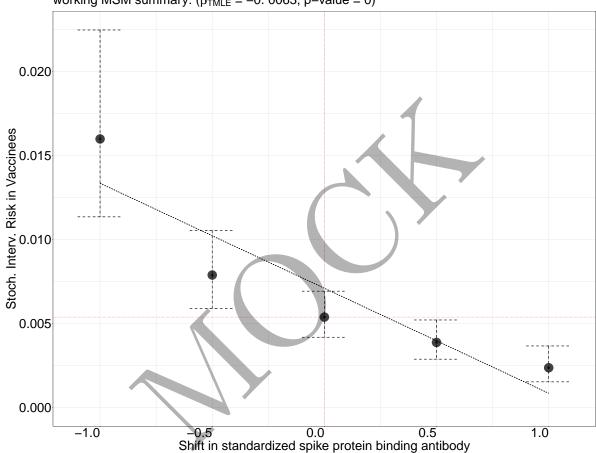
Stochastic interventional vaccine efficacy v. COVID-19 infection across standardized shifts in pseudo-neutralizing antibody (ID80) levels, summarized by projection of causal dose-response curve on a linear working model.

Figure 2.8: Stochastic interventional VE estimates, with confidence intervals, for pseudo-neutralizing antibody (ID80) at Day 57

2.2 Figures for Stochastic Interventional CoPs for Day 29

2.2.1 Stoch. interv. risk: spike protein binding antibody

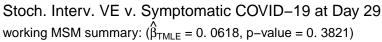
Stoch. Interv. Risk of Symptomatic COVID–19 at Day 29 working MSM summary: ($\hat{\beta}_{TMLE} = -0.0063$, p-value = 0)

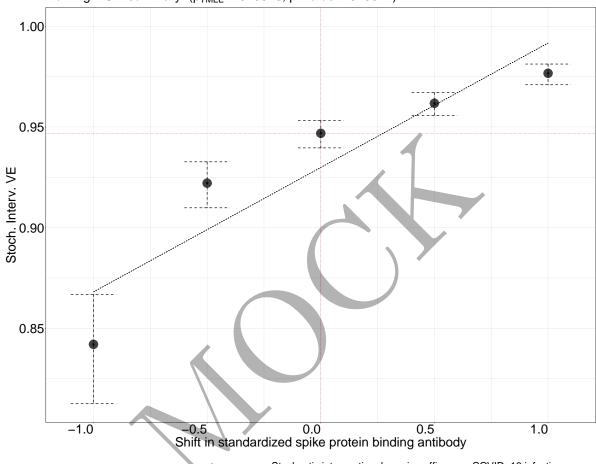


Mean counterfactual COVID–19 infection risk across standardized shifts in spike protein binding antibody levels, summarized by projection of causal dose–response curve onto a linear working model.

Figure 2.9: Stochastic interventional risk estimates, with confidence intervals, for spike protein binding antibody at Day 29

2.2.2 Stoch. interv. VE: spike protein binding antibody

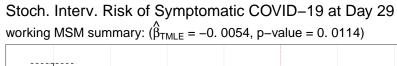


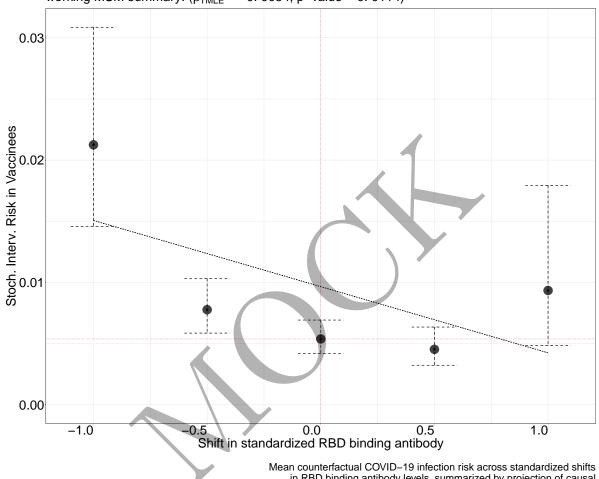


Stochastic interventional vaccine efficacy v. COVID-19 infection across standardized shifts in spike protein binding antibody levels, summarized by projection of causal dose-response curve on a linear working model.

Figure 2.10: Stochastic interventional VE estimates, with confidence intervals, for spike protein binding antibody at Day 29

Stoch. interv. risk: RBD binding antibody 2.2.3

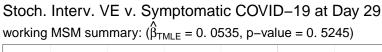


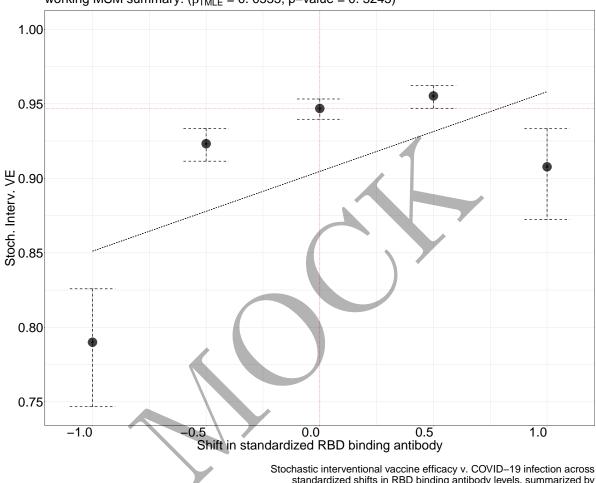


Mean counterfactual COVID–19 infection risk across standardized shifts in RBD binding antibody levels, summarized by projection of causal dose–response curve onto a linear working model.

Figure 2.11: Stochastic interventional risk estimates, with confidence intervals, for RBD binding antibody at Day 29

Stoch. interv. VE: RBD binding antibody 2.2.4





Stochastic interventional vaccine efficacy v. COVID–19 infection across standardized shifts in RBD binding antibody levels, summarized by projection of causal dose–response curve on a linear working model.

Figure 2.12: Stochastic interventional VE estimates, with confidence intervals, for RBD binding antibody at Day 29

2.2.5 Stoch. interv. risk: pseudo-neutralizing antibody (ID50)

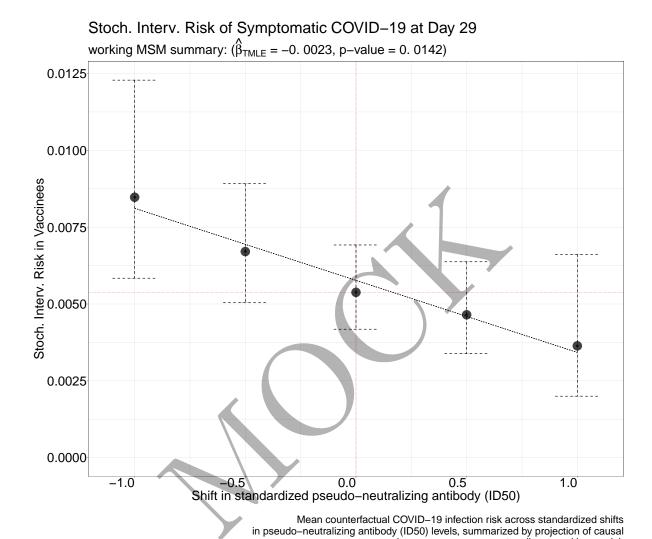
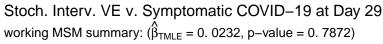
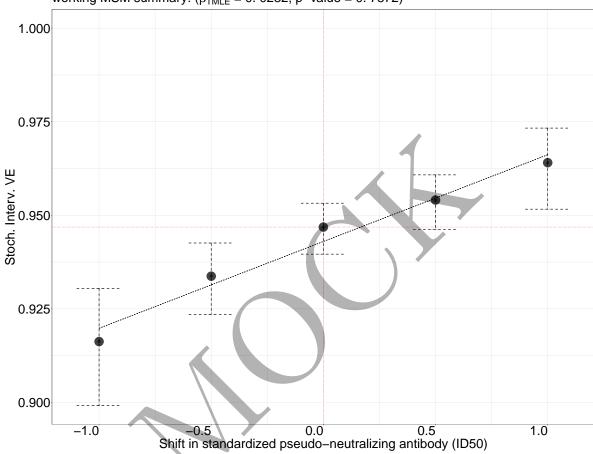


Figure 2.13: Stochastic interventional risk estimates, with confidence intervals, for pseudo-neutralizing antibody (ID50) at Day 29

dose-response curve onto a linear working model.

2.2.6 Stoch. interv. VE: pseudo-neutralizing antibody (ID50)

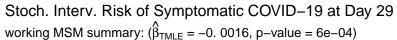


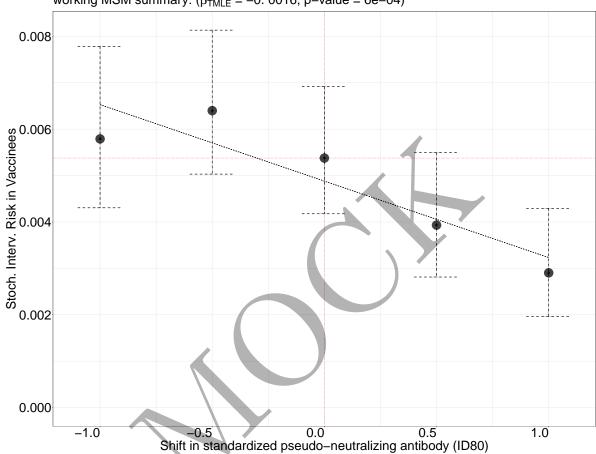


Stochastic interventional vaccine efficacy v. COVID-19 infection across standardized shifts in pseudo-neutralizing antibody (ID50) levels, summarized by projection of causal dose-response curve on a linear working model.

Figure 2.14: Stochastic interventional VE estimates, with confidence intervals, for pseudo-neutralizing antibody (ID50) at Day 29

2.2.7 Stoch. interv. risk: pseudo-neutralizing antibody (ID80)

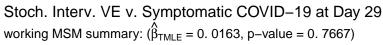


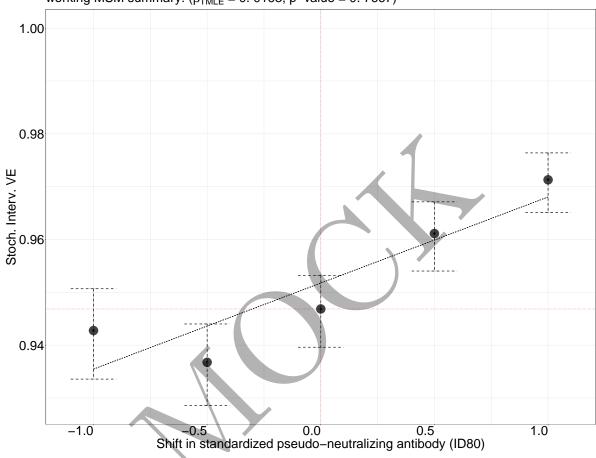


Mean counterfactual COVID–19 infection risk across standardized shifts in pseudo–neutralizing antibody (ID80) levels, summarized by projection of causal dose–response curve onto a linear working model.

Figure 2.15: Stochastic interventional risk estimates, with confidence intervals, for pseudo-neutralizing antibody (ID80) at Day 29

2.2.8 Stoch. interv. VE: pseudo-neutralizing antibody (ID80)





Stochastic interventional vaccine efficacy v. COVID-19 infection across standardized shifts in pseudo-neutralizing antibody (ID80) levels, summarized by projection of causal dose-response curve on a linear working model.

Figure 2.16: Stochastic interventional VE estimates, with confidence intervals, for pseudo-neutralizing antibody (ID80) at Day 29



Chapter 3

Mediators of Vaccine Efficacy

Table 3.1: Table of mediation effect estimates for quantitative markers with 95% confidence intervals. Direct VE = VE comparing vaccine vs. placebo with marker set to distribution in placebo. Indirect VE = VE in vaccinated comparing observed marker vs. hypothetical marker under placebo. Prop. mediated = fraction of total risk reduction from vaccine attributed to antibody response.

Time	Assay	Direct VE	Indirect VE	Prop. mediated
Day 29	PsV Neutralization 80% Titer	0.906 (0.846, 0.945	2) 0.407 (0.079, 0.618)	0.181 (0.029, 0.333)

Table 3.2: Table of mediation effect estimates for tertile markers with 95% confidence intervals. Direct VE = VE comparing vaccine vs. placebo with marker set to distribution in placebo. Indirect VE = VE in vaccinated comparing observed marker vs. hypothetical marker under placebo. Prop. mediated = fraction of total risk reduction from vaccine attributed to antibody response.

Time	Assay	Direct VE	Indirect VE	Prop. mediated
Day 29	PsV Neutralization 80% Titer	$0.914\ (0.869,\ 0.943)$	$0.350\ (0.050,\ 0.555)$	$0.149\ (0.019,\ 0.279)$



Chapter 4

Appendix

- This report was built from the CoVPN/correlates_reporting repository with commit hash ee8258c54596789017e0e2f28a9c897cba95349d. A diff of the changes introduced by that commit may be viewed at https://github.com/CoVPN/correlates_reporting/commit/ee8258c54596789017e0e2f28a9c897cba95349d
- \bullet The sha256 hash sum of the raw input file, "COVID_VEtrial_practicedata_primarystage1.csv": 83 d0 f55 d1745 ff d42 be124 d8 f9ec9a9903 abcc13cd22 f95e537542 a08b41300 a
- $\bullet \ \ The sha256 \ hash \ sum \ of the \ processed \ file, "moderna_mock_data_processed.csv": \ 28964ce20cfcd70a621aff9df412c42b12$