Voll Normal!

Unbürokratische Datenmodelle

Perspektive

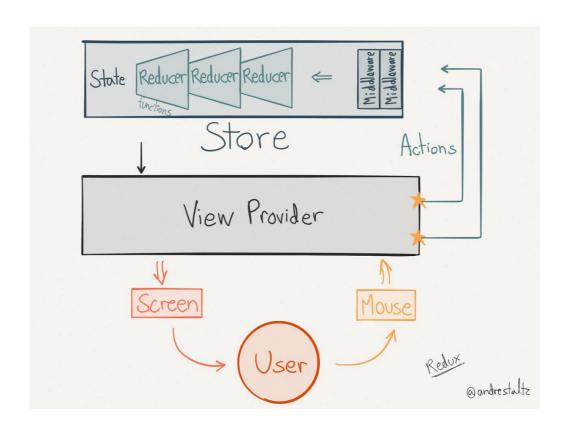


Normalisierung

Wikipedia

"Database normalization is the process of structuring a relational database in accordance with a series of so-called normal forms in order to reduce data red<mark>undancy and improve data integrity."</mark>

Unidirectional UI



https://staltz.com/unidirectional-user-interface-architectures.html

Redux



Normalizing State Shape

- Duplizierte Daten updaten ist schwer
- "trying to update a deeply nested field can become very ugly very fast"
- Geschachtelte Daten vertragen sich nicht gut mit der Kombination Observability/Immutability



https://redux.js.org/recipes/structuring-reducers/normalizing-state-shape

Performance

"For maximum rendering performance in a React application, state should be stored in a normalized shape [...]"

[Haha, "maximum"...]

C++?!

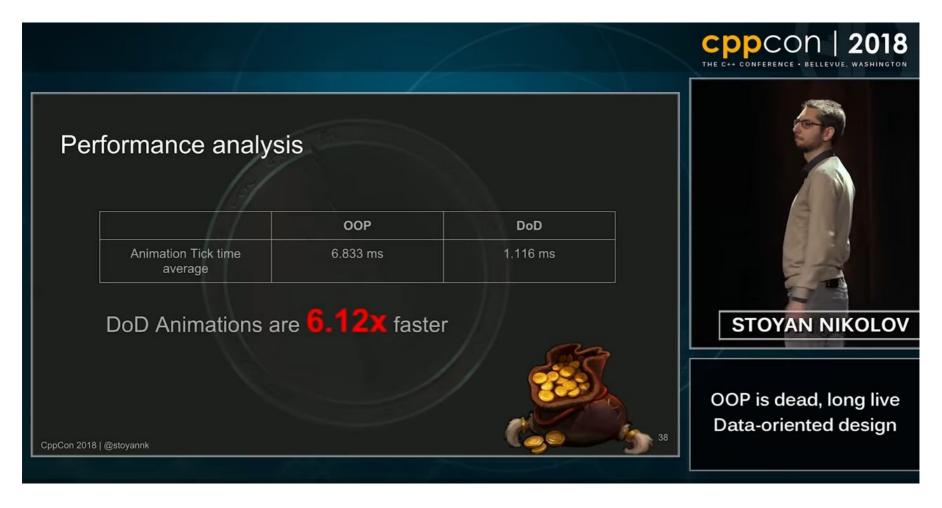


https://isocpp.org

Data-oriented design



OOP is dead?



https://youtu.be/yy8jQgmhbAU

Wieder normal?

- Data-Oriented Design
 - o It's all about the data
 - o Data is not the problem domain
 - o Data and statistics
 - o Data can change
 - How is data formed?
 - What can provide a computational framework for such complex data?
 - o Conclusions and takeaways
- Relational Databases
 - o Complex state
 - What can provide a computational framework for complex data?
 - Normalising your data
 - o Normalisation
 - Primary keys
 - 1st Normal Form
 - 2nd Normal Form
 - 3rd Normal Form
 - Boyce-Codd Normal Form
 - Domain Key / Knowledge
 - Reflections
 - Operations
 - o Summing up
 - o Stream Processing
 - o Why does database technology matter?

Also?

- Einfacher zu Programmieren
- Korrektheit ist leichter
- Kuppelt weniger
- Ist performanter!



Meta-Architektur

- Gute Typen!
- Werkzeuge für den Rest
- Der C++ Hammer
- Kapselung hier wichtig!







- Komposition (structs?)
- Nur Daten in Containern
- Zusammenhänge durch Handles (IDs, ABCs)
- Gehört "der Applikation"
- Nicht kapseln!

Transformationen

- Zustandslos*
- N Tabellen auf M Tabellen
- OOP / Polymorphismus
- Behavioural Patterns
- Die meinste Komplexität?

Und nun?

- Einfach starten!
 structs, Funktionen, std::vector
- OOP Libs als Daten sehen? (Qt?)
- Daten statt Funktionsaufrufe
- "Tiefe" Patterns einschränken (hierarchical structures, DI, Callbacks)