Extending Classifiers for Incomplete Data
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Abstract

Abstract goes here

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Chapter 1

Introduction

The reliability of a machine learning model is heavily dependent on the data which was used to train it. Training data sets with missing values are therefore an interesting problem since there is no way of knowing what any given missing value could have been, and so the only two useful approaches involve either making statistical approximations of missing or ignoring any record which contains missing data. Both mentioned approaches have positives as well as negatives. Ignoring a record prevents you from using unreliable data, but also may lead to valuable data in the other, non-missing attributes of the same record being discounted. Attempts to predict a missing value have no guarantee of being correct, but may be worth the risk to gain value from the other complete attributes. Using either approach may produce false outcomes. It is therefore extremely important that any imputation is carried out with care, and it must be very likely to be correct.

This project aims to investigate the usage of machine learning techniques on incomplete sets of discrete data. It will attempt to impute any missing values in the training data, by iteratively building and applying models until no further change is observed. It is expected that predicted missing values will trend towards the mean, leading to more reliable classification when this trained model is then applied to target data. Given sufficient time, it is also intended that this approach can be used to infer 'hidden variables', similarly to how neural networks produce hidden layers to create relationships between data. This will be achieved by adding a new attribute to a data set, and initially filling it full of random valid data. We will then repeatedly build, apply and rebuild models to classify this attribute until it stops changing, in an identical manner to how missing data is imputed in the training set. New data will be added to the training data set by this method, and this project aims to determine whether or not these hidden variables lead to a greater classification accuracy.

The goal of this project is to study the effects of iteratively building common classifiers and comparing the performance of classifiers built this way against the performance of the same classifier, but without attempting to impute missing training data. The main aims of the software to be developed will thereore be:

- A Weka plugin will be developed. This should integrate smoothly into any version of Weka >3.6, and will be made freely available.
- The classifier developed within the plugin should be usable from both the CLI and GUI.
- Running experiments using the plugin should be easy, and have well explained documen-

tation.

- Allow any currently implemented Weka classifier which is valid to use for a given dataset to be used upon it, and for this to be easily configurable.
- Run a number of experiments to compare the performance of the iteratively trained classifier against some control cases on the same data sets.

Chapter 2

Design and Implementation

2.1 Design

This body of work is mainly interested in common classifiers, and in trying to use them in a novel way. It therefore makes sense to extend a package in which these are already implemented, and in which they are easily accessible. The Weka project therefore suits this purpose since it has well maintained, efficient implementations of most machine learning algorithms, as well as handling file I/O, and having both command line and graphical user interfaces. Since these are written in Java, it follows that the plugin should also be written in Java.

It also follows that any files which are used for testing should be in either .csv, or .arff format. The former is commonly used in data processing while the latter is a proprietary Weka format which is very similar, but differs in that it contains additional data at the top of the file pertaining to the dataset. Both are supported by Weka, and therefore either is usable.

Since the project relies upon the idea that predictions for missing training data values should converge, it is assumed that the developed classifier will initially only work on nominal data sets. This is because nominal data sets should eventually settle on concrete values, whilst numeric values are not guaranteed to every settle on a particular value at all. It is more likely that numeric predictions would just change less and less between iterations, until the changes were miniscule. While it would be possible to implement a solution which stops iterating once a numeric data set only changes to a certain degree, as a proof of concept it is sensible to stick to nominal data.

It is intended that the implemented algorithm will work as follows:

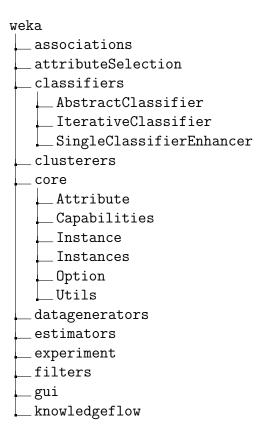
- 1. Take a given training set, and make a copy of it
- 2. Fill the copy set with random, viable values
- 3. Use the produced data set to train a new model
- 4. Use the newly trained model to impute values into a new copy of the training set
- 5. Repeat 3 and 4 until identical data sets are produced by two consecutive iterations
- 6. Use the model built by the final iteration for classification of a test set

2.2 Implementation

As an existing piece of software is being extended, much of the work to implement the various classifiers to be tested is already done. The main aim of this work is to integrate successfully into Weka as a plugin, and to interface with it as necessary. This plugin will be provided as a zip file containing the implemented algorithm which can be loaded by Weka using its package manager,

2.2.1 Weka Architecture

Weka is a Java package, with a source code layout which looks somewhat like this if unused packages are omitted:



Each of these subpackages is reasonably self explanatory. This project is mostly concerned with classifications, and thus code implemented for it lives in the *weka.classifiers* package, although there are some depended on *weka.core* since it contains much of the shared code for Weka. Provided that the rest of the project works as intended and the documentation is followed, there is no need to modify or discuss the other packages.

2.2.2 weka.core

From weka.core, the following classes are used:

• Instances - An Instances object in Weka is used to represent a complete data set. It is

roughly equivalent to the object representation of an ARFF file. It is comprised of a list of Instance objects, a list of Attribute objects and some other metadata such as the class attribute for the data set and its name.

- Attribute An Attribute in Weka refers to a single column in a data set. This object is mostly responsible for tracking the column's data type (e.g. nominal, numeric, etc), and other related information common to the entire column.
- Instance An Instance is the representation of a single row of data, roughly analogous to a row in a CSV file. Belongs to a particular Instances object. Each attribute value is stored as a Java double, which is then used in connection with an Attribute object to determine the actual value of an attribute.
- Option An Option object represents a particular command line parameter, and the way in which it should be handled. This also contains a description to be printed in the help dialog if incorrect parameters are passed to the CLI.

2.2.3 AbstractClassifier

AbstractClassifier is the class from which all classifiers which make nominal or numeric predictions in Weka (citation? this is nearly word for word from the Weka javadoc) are derived from. It provides a number of helpful implementations to prevent code duplication in classifiers, and to ease implementation. A pseudocode description of some notable methods can be seen below:

```
abstract class AbstractClassifier {
   forName(classifierName, options) {
        return an instance of classifier <classifierName> with options <option>
   runClassifier(classifier, options) {
        run any classifier by passing options to it
    classifyInstance(instance) {
        returns the class which the instance is most
            likely to belong to as a double in Weka's internal representation
    distributionForInstance(instance) {
        return a list of probabilities for each
            possibile class value for a given instance
    }
    listOptions() {
        return all of the command line options which
            a classifier accepts to configure how it will run
    }
   getOptions() {
        return the list of options which a classifier
            is currently set up to run with
    setOptions(options) {
```

There are a number of other utility and stub methods within this abstract class which may prove useful for other people in other cases, but have been omitted from the description above.

2.2.4 SingleClassifierEnhancer

Single Classifier Enhancer is a concrete class which extends from Abstract Classifier, and from which the implemented Project Classifier extends. Extending from this class gives us a couple of benefits:

- Single Classifier Enhancer is designed for 'meta' classifiers, or those which wrap another classifier. It already has an implementation classifier in which it wraps an internal classifier and handles options to it. This can easily be extended to copy this classifier multiple times with the same options
- The internal classifier is already displayed nicely in the Weka GUI. This allows it to be configured via a drop down menu, as shown in figure (put screenshot here?)
- It already handles some edge cases, such as calling the preExecution() and postExecution() methods of the internal classifier, which handles any specific setup and cleanup needed. These are small edge cases that would be easy to forget about, so extending in this way improves reliability by removing some of the implementation overhead.

2.2.5 IterativeClassifier

IterativeClassifier is an Interface which is provided by Weka for 'classifiers which build models of increasing complexity' (Javadoc citation?). It provides three method signatures:

```
public initializeClassifier() {
    do setup for the classifier
}

public next() {
    increase in complexity by one step by retraining the model
    return false if finished, or true if another step can be taken
}

public done() {
    stop increasing complexity and do any necessary cleanup
}
```

These methods generally come together in the following pattern in a classifier which implements the interface:

```
public buildClassifier(instances) {
    // code
    initializeClassifier(instances)
    while(next()) {}
    done()
    // code
}
```

This means that building the classifier continues until it no longer makes sense to keep doing so, or no gain is achieved. This suits the project's use case, and therefore the interface makes sense to use.

2.2.6 Weka Interfaces

Calling a Weka classifier from the command line (assuming that the Weka jar file is already on the classpath) is reasonably straightforward. The target classifier is firstly called by its full path e.g. java weka.classifiers.trees.J48. Anything which comes after this point is passed to the classifier as an Option object. These are used as parameters to configure the behaviour of a particular classifier, and each class which extends from AbstractClassifier generally implements its own specific set of Options through a combination of private variables and specifically named methods. The GUI appears works in much the same way, except that it provides windows with dropdown menus and text fields to allow classifiers and their Options to be configured.

For example, imagine a given classifier had a private variable named $m_Example$. In order to expose this to the GUI and CLI it would require getter and setter methods, as well as an exampleTipText() method to display help text. Code specifying how to handle this Option would also need to be added to the getOptions(), setOptions() and listOptions() methods. (paragraph too vague / not enough detail)

2.2.7 StateAnalyser

The StateAnalyser class has been designed to track the progress of the ProjectClassifier as it is being trained. It contains a list of the training sets which have been produced by the next() method, and records the number of differences between them. All of the methods described below are just utility methods for working with or comparing the training sets which have been produced.

```
private convertToMatrix(instances) {
    create a matrix
    for each row in the data set {
        turn it into an array of floats
        add that array to the matrix
    }
    return matrix
}
```

```
public getNumberDifferences() {
    if at least two training sets recorded {
        convert the two most recent training sets to matrixes
        for each row in both matrices {
            if the two rows differ, increment the difference counter
        }
        return the number of different rows;
    }
    else
        return a negative number to indicate an invalid test;
}

public getNumberIterations() {
    return number of recorded sets
}
```

2.2.8 ProjectClassifier

The *ProjetClassifier* class is the implementation of the algorithm described in section 2.1. This is extends from *SingleClassifierEnhancer* and implements the *IterativeClassifier* interface. It maintains an internal array of classifiers for every attribute in a data set, and uses these to impute values into the training set as well as to classify test data. It also maintains three copies of training set while building:

- original a copy of the training set
- *last* the last data set produced by imputing missing values, which can be used for retraining during the next iteration
- current the data set which is currently having its missing values filled in

```
public buildClassifier(instances) {
    record the index of the original class attribute
    take a reference copy of the training set (original)
    find the location of missing data in the training set
    set up the classifier for the first run
    repeat until no change is observed between current and last
    perform any cleanup needed
}
public findMissingAttributes(instances) {
    for each instance in a training set {
        record any values which are missing for later use
    }
}
public initializeClassifier(instances) {
    create new tracker object
    create one classifier object per attribute in the data set
    take two modifiable copies of the training data set (last/current)
    replace any missing data in last using random values
}
```

```
public replaceMissingValues(instances) {
    for any each piece of missing data {
        input a random possible value
}
public next() {
    replace last with current
    replace current with a new copy of the training data
    retrain classifiers against last
    for each recorded missing value {
        use trained classifiers to impute missing values in current
    add current to the tracker object
    if (current == last)
        stop iterating
    else
        iterate again
}
public done() {
    do option specific cleanup
public retrainClassifiers(instances) {
    for each attribute in the training set {
        retrain a classifier against that attribute
}
```

ProjetClassifier also accepts some options, which can be used to configure how it runs:

- maxIterations (-M number) Some classifiers may not converge in the way in which we expect, or they make take a very long time to reach this point. This flag allows for a maximum number of training iterations to be set in order to ensure experiments finish in a timely fashion.
- supervised (-S) It may be interesting to observe the difference between classifiers which are trained against a training set where the class attribute is trained iteratively along with the rest of the data set against a training set where missing class attribute values are not imputed until the classifier rest of the classifier has converged. This flag allows for the latter case to be tested.
- randomData (-R) As a control set during experiments, it make sense to fill a training set with random data and determine whether or not the implemented algorithm outperforms classifiers which are trained against this. This allows this experiment to be performed.
- hiddenVariables (-N) See appendix B (or something, update later)

Chapter 3

Experiments

The classifier described in the previous section will be used in experiments with a number of internal classifiers in order to assess their performance when trained iteratively. These results will be compared with the results of using the internal classifier in a number of control cases, to determine if the algorithm described earlier in the paper will provide any benefits. Each case will be tested against 51 different sets of nominal data, each of which has had approximate 10

For each classifier which we are testing we will use the following test cases, where TestClassifier represents the current classifier under test:

- 1. ProjectClassifier -S with TestClassifier Iteratively trains the target classifier by imputing missing values, retraining against the newly completed data set and then imputing again until convergence or max iterations reached. The class attribute is not guessed.
- 2. ProjectClassifier with TestClassifier Same as previous case, except that the initial class attribute is also iteratively imputed.
- 3. TestClassifier 'Vanilla' classifier, run without attempting to remove missing values before classification.
- 4. TestClassifier (missing data filled in with mode) Same as previous case, except every missing value will be replaced using the mode before it is run.
- 5. ProjectClassifier -R with TestClassifier Similar to previous case, except missing values will be replaced using random possible values before classification. Only one iteration will be performed.

Some adaptations may need to be made for certain classifiers, but this is the general structure of each experiment. For each of these classifiers the percentage of incorrect classifications, mean absolute error (MAE), root mean squared error (RMSE), and mean entropy gain (MEG) will be compared for statistical significance using a paired T test with a statistical significance threshold of 0.05. It is generally expected that case 1, the iteratively trained classifier, will perform better than all other cases with the possible exception of case 3. For each of the tables discussed below, the index of each column refers to the number of each case in the list above.

ii Should each of the tests (MAE, RMSE etc) be explained?? Or are we assuming this is being read by statisticians / ML people ;;;

3.1 Results

Tables referenced below can be found at the end of the chapter, since they are too large to be included beside where they are discussed.

3.1.1 Naive Bayes

No adaptations needed to be made for the Naive Bayes classification method since it converged to a stable model as expected, and did so within a reasonable period of time.

Naive Bayes Percent Incorrect results are shown in Table 3.1. As expected, case 1 generally performed better than cases 2, 4 and 5. It seems logical that cases 4 and 5 would perform the worst, since these methods generally just involved filling in missing data with the most common and random data respectively. Case 1 generally performed worse than case 3, producing statistically even results in 30 cases and statistically worse results in 19 cases.

Naive Bayes MAE results are shown in Table 3.2. Cases 1, 2 and 3 proved approximately equal according to this test, with no real significant difference between results. Case 1 performed much better than cases 4 or 5, showing better results in 37 and 45 cases respectively. This is an expected result, since cases 4 and 5 are effectively control cases.

Naive Bayes RMSE results are shown in Table 3.3. Using this metric for measurement, case 1 performed significantly better than both cases 2 and 4, with better results shown in 41 and 28 data sets respectively. Interestingly, it performed about as well as case 5, performing significantly better in 17 cases, approximately about as well in 16 cases, and significantly worse in 18 cases. This could be due to the fact that using random data is unlikely to lead to strong predictions being made, while iteratively imputing missing values will tend to result in either increasingly bad or increasingly good predictions being made. Again, case 3 performed significantly better than case 1.

Naive Bayes MEG results are shown in Table 3.4. Case 1 performed significantly worse than case 2 according to this metric, performing worse in 42/51 data sets. It is assumed that this is due to the iterative imputation of the class attribute in case 2, which probably leads to lower entropy gains since it will produce a smaller range of values. For a very similar reason, case 1 performs significantly better than case 3. Since it's iteratively imputing all but one attribute in the training set, a smaller range of values are probably produced during classification. Cases 1, 4 and 5 perform about as well as each other, since cases 4 and 5 are essentially just making random guesses.

It would seem that the implemented algorithm does not provide any significant gains when using the Naive Bayes classifier according to the measurements used.

3.1.2 Bayesian Network

For testing, a Tree Augmented Naive Bayes (TAN) Bayesian Network using MDL for scoring was used as the internal classifier for the ProjectClassifier, although some small adaptations to the experiment were needed for testing performance. In some cases, most frequently with small

data sets, an iteratively trained Bayesian Network did not converge as expected. This led to it running for longer than it would be practical to test for, with no guarantee that it would ever finished iterating. In order to produce results, training was limited to 5000 iterations.

Table 3.5

Table 3.6

Table 3.7

Table 3.8

3.1.3 J48 Decision Tree

When testing the J48 decision tree, adaptations were needed. The J48 failed to converge as expected in most cases, although this was most common and also most time consuming with very large data sets. Through experimentation it was determined that iteratively training the J48 classifier caused it to reach a certain state of stability around which it would fluctuate by changing a handful of rows between iterations, and this was usually at around 15-20 iterations. It therefore made sense to limit training to 30 iterations to allow experiments to be run in a reasonably period of time.

Table 3.9

Table 3.10

Table 3.11

Table 3.12

Table 3.1: Naive Bayes Percent Incorrect

| Dataset | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) |
|-----------------------------|-------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| audiology | 36.33 | $38.44 \circ$ | $37.28 \circ$ | $50.09 \circ$ | $43.50 \circ$ |
| autos | 10.33 | 9.78 • | 10.22 | 9.62 • | 9.61 • |
| balance-scale | 26.54 | $25.96 \bullet$ | 26.26 • | $28.49 \circ$ | $25.98 \bullet$ |
| breast-cancer | 27.67 | 27.63 | 27.14 | 27.41 | 27.33 |
| bridges-version1 | 35.44 | $33.67 \bullet$ | 35.45 | 36.00 | $38.04 \circ$ |
| car | 19.26 | $19.67 \circ$ | 19.46 | $23.23 \circ$ | $21.39 \circ$ |
| cmc | 51.80 | $52.27 \circ$ | $50.69 \bullet$ | 50.24 • | $51.24 \bullet$ |
| colic | 21.45 | 21.94 | 20.92 • | $19.94 \bullet$ | 21.72 |
| cylinder-bands | 32.26 | $33.12 \circ$ | $31.79 \bullet$ | 32.69 | 32.92 |
| dermatology | 3.19 | 3.04 | 2.95 | 3.58 | 3.31 |
| diabetes | 28.12 | $28.90 \circ$ | 27.79 | 27.52 | 28.41 |
| ecoli | 33.61 | 33.52 | $32.67 \bullet$ | $34.53 \circ$ | 32.44 ● |
| flags | 37.83 | 37.60 | 38.46 | $40.51 \circ$ | $39.77 \circ$ |
| glass | 45.98 | 44.97 | 46.42 | 46.58 | 46.02 |
| haberman | 28.30 | 28.12 | 27.71 | 27.27 • | 27.31 • |
| hayes-roth-train | 51.28 | 52.26 | <i>47.16</i> • | 49.23 | 50.26 |
| heart-h | 17.98 | 18.05 | 18.39 | $19.23 \circ$ | 18.24 |
| heart-statlog | 27.15 | 27.15 | 27.10 | 27.51 | 27.03 |
| hepatitis | 18.98 | 19.05 | 19.06 | 19.20 | 19.35 |
| hypothyroid | 9.14 | $12.42 \circ$ | 8.74 • | 8.38 • | 7.76 ● |
| ionosphere | 27.11 | $30.89 \circ$ | 24.93 • | $23.94 \bullet$ | $25.97 \bullet$ |
| iris | 21.29 | 21.59 | 21.51 | $23.54 \circ$ | 22.26 |
| kr-vs-kp | 14.69 | $16.55 \circ$ | 14.01 • | $16.69 \circ$ | $16.31 \circ$ |
| labor | 5.40 | 5.00 | 4.80 | 5.20 | 7.00 o |
| letter | 60.44 | $61.98 \circ$ | $59.84 \bullet$ | $62.59 \circ$ | 60.33 ● |
| liver-disorders | 38.00 | $39.84 \circ$ | 37.31 | 39.17 | 37.99 |
| lung-cancer | 49.89 | 47.90 | 53.02 | 45.55 | 53.19 |
| lymph | 16.60 | 16.30 | 15.65 • | 16.49 | 16.65 |
| molecular-biology-promoters | 9.73 | 10.18 | 8.56 | $14.00 \circ$ | 10.39 |
| mushroom | 5.06 | $6.86 \circ$ | 5.06 | $7.89 \circ$ | 8.06 0 |
| nursery | 16.01 | 16.08 | 15.87 | $16.51 \circ$ | 15.63 • |
| optdigits | 13.60 | 14.06 0 | 13.10 • | $16.32 \circ$ | $14.55 \circ$ |
| page-blocks | 16.82 | 19.30 • | 16.82 | 14.00 • | 9.17 • |
| pendigits | 21.97 | 22.49 0 | 21.21 • | 26.14 0 | 23.08 • |
| postoperative-patient-data | 30.69 | 31.41 | 29.98 | 30.36 | 33.26 • |
| primary-tumor | 54.72 | 55.26 | 54.13 | 54.94 | 56.04 0 |
| segment | 28.72 | 30.80 • | 28.12 • | 33.04 0 | 31.49 0 |
| shuttle-landing-control | 44.00 | 42.67 | 46.67 | 36.67 • | 45.33 |
| sick | 9.64 | 10.26 • | 9.81 0 | 8.84 • | 7.98 • |
| solar-flare-2 | 28.23 | 28.22 | 28.16 | 28.39 | 28.21 |
| sonar | 24.86 | 26.31 0 | 24.14 • | 25.33 | 24.60 |
| soybean | 9.62 | 10.51 • | 9.77 | 11.28 0 | 11.91 0 |
| spambase | 24.61 | $24.85 \circ$ | 24.51 • | 24.14 • | 24.57 |
| tae | 49.72 | 50.00 | 48.92 | $51.64 \circ$ | $51.37 \circ$ |
| tic-tac-toe | 30.03 | 30.21 | 29.49 • | 29.23 • | 29.33 • |
| trains | 33.00 | 33.00 | 31.00 | 39.00 | 33.00 |
| vehicle | 55.02 | 56.60 \circ | 53.71 • | 55.79 \circ | 54.53 |
| vote | 9.47 | 9.57 0 | 9.47 | 9.34 | 9.64 |
| vowel | 70.35 | 71.30 • | 69.27 • | $72.30 \circ$ | 69.72 |
| waveform-5000 | 22.34 | $22.65 \circ$ | 22.44 | 23.63 \circ | 23.04 0 |
| 200 | 8.99 | 9.86 0 | 8.78 | 11.33 0 | 11.16 0 |
| Average | 27.71 | 28.24 | 27.37 | 28.52 | 28.18 |

Table 3.2: Naive Bayes Mean Absolute Error

| Dataset | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) |
|-----------------------------|------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| audiology | 0.03 | 0.03 0 | 0.03 0 | 0.04 0 | 0.04 0 |
| autos | 0.10 | 0.10 • | 0.10 • | 0.10 | 0.10 |
| balance-scale | 0.25 | $0.25 \bullet$ | $0.27 \circ$ | $0.28 \circ$ | $0.29 \circ$ |
| breast-cancer | 0.33 | $0.32 \bullet$ | 0.32 | 0.32 | $0.34 \circ$ |
| bridges-version1 | 0.15 | $0.14 \bullet$ | $0.15 \circ$ | $0.15 \circ$ | $0.16 \circ$ |
| car | 0.13 | 0.13 • | $0.13 \circ$ | $0.14 \circ$ | $0.17 \circ$ |
| cmc | 0.38 | $0.38 \bullet$ | $0.38 \circ$ | $0.39 \circ$ | $0.39 \circ$ |
| colic | 0.23 | $0.24 \circ$ | 0.23 • | $0.22 \bullet$ | $0.25 \circ$ |
| cylinder-bands | 0.35 | $0.35 \circ$ | 0.34 | 0.35 | $0.37 \circ$ |
| dermatology | 0.01 | $0.01 \bullet$ | $0.01 \bullet$ | $0.02 \circ$ | $0.02 \circ$ |
| diabetes | 0.33 | $0.33 \circ$ | $0.33 \circ$ | $0.33 \circ$ | $0.35 \circ$ |
| ecoli | 0.10 | 0.10 • | $0.10 \circ$ | $0.11 \circ$ | $0.11 \circ$ |
| flags | 0.10 | 0.10 | $0.10 \circ$ | $0.11 \circ$ | $0.11 \circ$ |
| glass | 0.16 | $0.16 \bullet$ | $0.16 \circ$ | $0.16 \circ$ | $0.17 \circ$ |
| haberman | 0.37 | $0.36 \bullet$ | 0.37 | $0.37 \bullet$ | $0.39 \circ$ |
| hayes-roth-train | 0.31 | 0.31 | 0.31 | $0.31 \circ$ | $0.32 \circ$ |
| heart-h | 0.09 | 0.09 • | $0.09 \circ$ | $0.10 \circ$ | $0.11 \circ$ |
| heart-statlog | 0.30 | 0.29 | $0.30 \circ$ | $0.31 \circ$ | $0.31 \circ$ |
| hepatitis | 0.21 | 0.21 | $0.21 \circ$ | $0.21 \circ$ | $0.23 \circ$ |
| hypothyroid | 0.07 | 0.08 0 | $0.07 \bullet$ | $0.07 \bullet$ | 0.10 0 |
| ionosphere | 0.28 | $0.31 \circ$ | 0.26 • | 0.26 • | 0.28 |
| iris | 0.18 | $0.17 \bullet$ | 0.18 | $0.21 \circ$ | $0.20 \circ$ |
| kr-vs-kp | 0.23 | $0.24 \circ$ | 0.23 • | $0.25 \circ$ | $0.29 \circ$ |
| labor | 0.08 | 0.08 | 0.08 | $0.09 \circ$ | $0.11 \circ$ |
| letter | 0.05 | $0.05 \bullet$ | $0.05 \bullet$ | $0.06 \circ$ | $0.06 \circ$ |
| liver-disorders | 0.46 | 0.46 | 0.46 | 0.46 | $0.47 \circ$ |
| lung-cancer | 0.34 | 0.33 | $0.36 \circ$ | $0.31 \bullet$ | 0.35 |
| lymph | 0.10 | $0.10 \circ$ | 0.10 | $0.11 \circ$ | 0.11 0 |
| molecular-biology-promoters | 0.11 | $0.12 \circ$ | 0.11 | $0.15 \circ$ | $0.13 \circ$ |
| mushroom | 0.05 | $0.07 \circ$ | $0.05 \bullet$ | $0.08 \circ$ | 0.08 0 |
| nursery | 0.09 | 0.09 • | $0.10 \circ$ | $0.13 \circ$ | $0.14 \circ$ |
| optdigits | 0.03 | $0.03 \circ$ | 0.03 • | $0.04 \circ$ | $0.04 \circ$ |
| page-blocks | 0.08 | $0.09 \circ$ | 0.08 • | $0.07 \bullet$ | $0.10 \circ$ |
| pendigits | 0.05 | $0.05 \bullet$ | $0.05 \bullet$ | $0.07 \circ$ | $0.06 \circ$ |
| postoperative-patient-data | 0.28 | $0.28 \circ$ | $0.28 \circ$ | $0.27 \bullet$ | $0.30 \circ$ |
| primary-tumor | 0.06 | $0.06 \bullet$ | 0.06 | $0.06 \circ$ | $0.06 \circ$ |
| segment | 0.09 | $0.10 \circ$ | 0.09 • | $0.11 \circ$ | $0.11 \circ$ |
| shuttle-landing-control | 0.46 | 0.45 | 0.46 | $0.44 \bullet$ | $0.47 \circ$ |
| sick | 0.12 | $0.12 \circ$ | $0.12 \circ$ | 0.11 • | $0.16 \circ$ |
| solar-flare-2 | 0.11 | 0.11 • | $0.11 \circ$ | $0.12 \circ$ | $0.13 \circ$ |
| sonar | 0.25 | $0.26 \circ$ | $0.25 \bullet$ | $0.26 \circ$ | $0.25 \bullet$ |
| soybean | 0.01 | $0.01 \circ$ | 0.01 | $0.01 \circ$ | $0.02 \circ$ |
| spambase | 0.27 | $0.27 \circ$ | $0.27 \circ$ | $0.28 \circ$ | $0.29 \circ$ |
| tae | 0.40 | 0.40 | $0.40 \circ$ | $0.41 \circ$ | $0.41 \circ$ |
| tic-tac-toe | 0.36 | $0.36 \bullet$ | $0.37 \circ$ | $0.37 \circ$ | $0.39 \circ$ |
| trains | 0.32 | 0.35 | 0.33 | 0.35 | 0.33 |
| vehicle | 0.29 | $0.29 \circ$ | 0.28 • | $0.29 \circ$ | 0.29 |
| vote | 0.10 | $0.10 \circ$ | 0.10 • | $0.10 \circ$ | 0.10 0 |
| vowel | 0.14 | $0.14 \circ$ | 0.14 • | $0.15 \circ$ | 0.14 0 |
| waveform-5000 | 0.16 | $0.16 \circ$ | 0.16 • | $0.17 \circ$ | $0.17 \circ$ |
| ZOO | 0.03 | 0.03 | 0.03 | $0.04 \circ$ | 0.04 0 |
| Average | 0.19 | 0.19 | 0.19 | 0.20 | 0.20 |

Table 3.3: Naive Bayes Root Mean Squared Error

| Dataset | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) |
|-----------------------------|------|--------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| audiology | 0.16 | 0.16 0 | 0.16 0 | 0.17 0 | 0.16 0 |
| autos | 0.29 | 0.28 • | 0.28 • | $0.27 \bullet$ | 0.28 • |
| balance-scale | 0.34 | $0.34 \circ$ | $0.34 \circ$ | $0.36 \circ$ | $0.35 \circ$ |
| breast-cancer | 0.45 | $0.45 \circ$ | $0.45 \bullet$ | $0.44 \bullet$ | $0.44 \bullet$ |
| bridges-version1 | 0.28 | 0.29 | 0.28 | $0.29 \circ$ | $0.29 \circ$ |
| car | 0.24 | $0.24 \circ$ | $0.25 \circ$ | $0.26 \circ$ | $0.27 \circ$ |
| cmc | 0.46 | $0.47 \circ$ | $0.46 \bullet$ | $0.45 \bullet$ | $0.45 \bullet$ |
| colic | 0.42 | $0.43 \circ$ | $0.41 \bullet$ | $0.41 \bullet$ | $0.41 \bullet$ |
| cylinder-bands | 0.47 | $0.49 \circ$ | $0.47 \bullet$ | $0.47 \bullet$ | $0.46 \bullet$ |
| dermatology | 0.08 | 0.08 | 0.08 • | $0.09 \circ$ | $0.09 \circ$ |
| diabetes | 0.43 | $0.44 \circ$ | 0.43 • | $0.42 \bullet$ | $0.42 \bullet$ |
| ecoli | 0.23 | $0.23 \circ$ | 0.23 • | $0.23 \circ$ | 0.23 |
| flags | 0.26 | $0.27 \circ$ | 0.26 | $0.27 \circ$ | 0.27 |
| glass | 0.29 | $0.29 \circ$ | 0.29 • | 0.29 | 0.29 |
| haberman | 0.44 | 0.44 | $0.44 \bullet$ | $0.44 \circ$ | 0.44 |
| hayes-roth-train | 0.39 | $0.39 \circ$ | 0.38 • | $0.39 \circ$ | $0.39 \circ$ |
| heart-h | 0.23 | $0.23 \circ$ | 0.23 • | $0.23 \circ$ | 0.23 |
| heart-statlog | 0.43 | $0.44 \circ$ | 0.43 • | $0.42 \bullet$ | $0.42 \bullet$ |
| hepatitis | 0.39 | $0.39 \circ$ | 0.39 | 0.39 | 0.38 • |
| hypothyroid | 0.19 | $0.22 \circ$ | 0.18 • | 0.18 • | $0.19 \circ$ |
| ionosphere | 0.45 | $0.50 \circ$ | 0.44 • | 0.43 • | $0.44 \bullet$ |
| iris | 0.32 | 0.32 | 0.32 | $0.34 \circ$ | $0.32 \circ$ |
| kr-vs-kp | 0.32 | $0.34 \circ$ | 0.32 • | $0.34 \circ$ | $0.35 \circ$ |
| labor | 0.18 | 0.18 | $0.17 \bullet$ | 0.19 | $0.20 \circ$ |
| letter | 0.17 | $0.17 \circ$ | $0.17 \bullet$ | $0.17 \circ$ | $0.17 \bullet$ |
| liver-disorders | 0.48 | $0.49 \circ$ | 0.48 • | $0.48 \circ$ | 0.48 |
| lung-cancer | 0.51 | 0.50 | 0.52 | 0.48 • | 0.52 |
| lymph | 0.24 | $0.24 \circ$ | 0.23 • | 0.24 | 0.24 |
| molecular-biology-promoters | 0.24 | $0.26 \circ$ | 0.24 | $0.31 \circ$ | $0.26 \circ$ |
| mushroom | 0.20 | $0.25 \circ$ | 0.20 • | $0.26 \circ$ | $0.26 \circ$ |
| nursery | 0.21 | $0.21 \circ$ | $0.21 \circ$ | $0.23 \circ$ | $0.23 \circ$ |
| optdigits | 0.15 | $0.15 \circ$ | 0.14 • | $0.16 \circ$ | 0.15 |
| page-blocks | 0.22 | $0.24 \circ$ | 0.21 • | 0.20 • | 0.19 • |
| pendigits | 0.18 | $0.18 \circ$ | 0.18 • | $0.20 \circ$ | 0.18 0 |
| postoperative-patient-data | 0.39 | $0.40 \circ$ | 0.39 | 0.39 | 0.40 |
| primary-tumor | 0.18 | $0.18 \circ$ | 0.18 • | 0.18 0 | 0.18 0 |
| segment | 0.25 | $0.25 \circ$ | $0.24 \bullet$ | $0.26 \circ$ | 0.25 |
| shuttle-landing-control | 0.49 | 0.49 | 0.49 | 0.48 • | 0.50 |
| sick | 0.26 | $0.27 \circ$ | 0.26 • | 0.25 • | $0.25 \bullet$ |
| solar-flare-2 | 0.24 | $0.25 \circ$ | $0.24 \bullet$ | $0.25 \circ$ | 0.25 |
| sonar | 0.45 | $0.46 \circ$ | $0.44 \bullet$ | $0.45 \circ$ | 0.43 • |
| soybean | 0.09 | $0.10 \circ$ | 0.09 | $0.10 \circ$ | $0.10 \circ$ |
| spambase | 0.43 | $0.43 \circ$ | $0.42 \bullet$ | $0.42 \bullet$ | $0.41 \bullet$ |
| tae | 0.46 | $0.46 \circ$ | $0.46 \bullet$ | 0.46 | 0.46 |
| tic-tac-toe | 0.44 | $0.44 \circ$ | 0.43 • | $0.44 \circ$ | 0.44 |
| trains | 0.40 | 0.42 | 0.41 | 0.43 | 0.42 |
| vehicle | 0.45 | $0.46 \circ$ | 0.44 • | $0.44 \bullet$ | 0.43 • |
| vote | 0.29 | $0.30 \circ$ | 0.29 • | 0.29 • | 0.29 • |
| vowel | 0.27 | $0.28 \circ$ | $0.27 \bullet$ | $0.28 \circ$ | 0.27 • |
| waveform-5000 | 0.35 | $0.35 \circ$ | 0.35 • | $0.35 \circ$ | 0.35 • |
| ZOO | 0.13 | 0.13 | 0.12 | $0.14 \circ$ | 0.14 0 |
| Average | 0.31 | 0.32 | 0.31 | 0.32 | 0.31 |

Table 3.4: Naive Bayes Mean Entropy Gain

| Dataset | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) |
|-----------------------------|-------|-----------------|--------------|-----------------|----------------|
| audiology | -1.07 | -1.31 • | -1.30 • | <i>-</i> 2.14 • | -0.49 o |
| autos | -0.10 | - 0.12 • | -0.04 0 | $0.11 \circ$ | $0.17 \circ$ |
| balance-scale | 0.42 | $0.41 \bullet$ | 0.39 • | $0.32 \bullet$ | $0.35 \bullet$ |
| breast-cancer | -0.04 | -0.07 • | -0.02 o | -0.00 0 | $0.03 \circ$ |
| bridges-version1 | 0.73 | $0.68 \bullet$ | $0.75 \circ$ | $0.67 \bullet$ | 0.72 |
| car | 0.65 | $0.65 \bullet$ | 0.63 • | $0.57 \bullet$ | $0.45 \bullet$ |
| cmc | 0.01 | -0.08 • | $0.04 \circ$ | $0.04 \circ$ | $0.08 \circ$ |
| colic | -0.32 | - 0.43 • | -0.22 o | -0.17 \circ | $0.01 \circ$ |
| cylinder-bands | -0.02 | -0.16 • | $0.02 \circ$ | $0.04 \circ$ | $0.07 \circ$ |
| dermatology | 2.32 | 2.32 | $2.33 \circ$ | 2.29 • | 2.30 • |
| diabetes | 0.14 | $0.12 \bullet$ | $0.16 \circ$ | $0.16 \circ$ | $0.17 \circ$ |
| ecoli | 0.98 | $0.96 \bullet$ | $1.00 \circ$ | 0.96 | $0.95 \bullet$ |
| flags | 0.27 | 0.12 • | $0.31 \circ$ | 0.27 | $0.45 \circ$ |
| glass | 0.53 | 0.48 • | $0.55 \circ$ | 0.53 | 0.50 |
| haberman | -0.00 | -0.01 | $0.01 \circ$ | -0.01 • | $0.01 \circ$ |
| hayes-roth-train | 0.13 | 0.08 • | $0.14 \circ$ | 0.10 • | $0.07 \bullet$ |
| heart-h | 0.27 | 0.25 • | $0.31 \circ$ | $0.30 \circ$ | 0.27 |
| heart-statlog | 0.17 | 0.14 • | $0.20 \circ$ | $0.22 \circ$ | $0.23 \circ$ |
| hepatitis | -0.16 | -0.21 • | -0.14 o | -0.09 0 | $0.03 \circ$ |
| hypothyroid | 0.09 | -0.12 • | $0.10 \circ$ | $0.09 \circ$ | 0.01 • |
| ionosphere | -0.26 | -0.65 • | -0.18 o | -0.08 0 | -0.08 o |
| iris | 0.89 | 0.89 | 0.89 | $0.76 \bullet$ | $0.87 \bullet$ |
| kr-vs-kp | 0.52 | 0.49 • | $0.53 \circ$ | 0.48 • | 0.43 • |
| labor | 0.68 | $0.71 \circ$ | $0.71 \circ$ | 0.70 | 0.70 |
| letter | 1.69 | 1.50 • | $1.75 \circ$ | 1.58 • | $1.76 \circ$ |
| liver-disorders | 0.05 | 0.01 • | $0.06 \circ$ | 0.03 • | 0.05 |
| lung-cancer | -1.45 | -1.58 | -1.40 | -1.21 0 | -1.12 0 |
| lymph | 0.66 | $0.63 \bullet$ | $0.70 \circ$ | $0.72 \circ$ | 0.67 |
| molecular-biology-promoters | 0.63 | 0.59 | $0.66 \circ$ | 0.43 • | 0.61 |
| mushroom | 0.71 | $0.51 \bullet$ | $0.76 \circ$ | $0.57 \bullet$ | $0.61 \bullet$ |
| nursery | 1.20 | 1.20 • | 1.19 • | 1.00 • | 0.98 • |
| optdigits | 2.41 | 2.36 • | $2.46 \circ$ | 2.37 • | $2.57 \circ$ |
| page-blocks | 0.05 | -0.11 • | $0.07 \circ$ | $0.11 \circ$ | $0.09 \circ$ |
| pendigits | 2.10 | 2.06 • | $2.13 \circ$ | 2.00 • | $2.19 \circ$ |
| postoperative-patient-data | -0.16 | -0.20 • | -0.14 o | -0.17 | -0.12 |
| primary-tumor | 0.79 | $0.74 \bullet$ | $0.84 \circ$ | $0.71 \bullet$ | $0.82 \circ$ |
| segment | 1.27 | 1.16 • | $1.32 \circ$ | 1.25 • | 1.41 0 |
| shuttle-landing-control | 0.00 | 0.01 | 0.00 | $0.04 \circ$ | -0.03 |
| sick | 0.02 | -0.01 • | $0.02 \circ$ | $0.04 \circ$ | $0.02 \circ$ |
| solar-flare-2 | 1.38 | $1.35 \bullet$ | $1.40 \circ$ | 1.28 • | $1.34 \bullet$ |
| sonar | -0.43 | -0.59 • | -0.37 o | -0.33 o | -0.16 o |
| soybean | 3.23 | 3.14 • | $3.25 \circ$ | 3.23 | 3.21 • |
| spambase | 0.11 | $0.06 \bullet$ | $0.14 \circ$ | $0.17 \circ$ | $0.22 \circ$ |
| tae | 0.02 | $0.01 \bullet$ | $0.05 \circ$ | 0.03 | $0.06 \circ$ |
| tic-tac-toe | 0.13 | 0.13 • | $0.14 \circ$ | 0.12 • | $0.13 \bullet$ |
| trains | 0.08 | -0.14 | 0.07 | 0.01 | -0.00 |
| vehicle | -1.15 | <i>-</i> 1.54 • | -1.00 0 | -0.68 o | -0.60 0 |
| vote | 0.14 | 0.08 • | $0.18 \circ$ | $0.28 \circ$ | $0.34 \circ$ |
| vowel | 0.80 | $0.58 \bullet$ | $0.85 \circ$ | 0.63 • | 0.80 |
| waveform-5000 | 0.51 | $0.46 \bullet$ | $0.54 \circ$ | $0.60 \circ$ | $0.66 \circ$ |
| ZOO | 2.16 | 2.16 | 2.18 0 | 2.06 • | 2.09 • |
| Average | 0.47 | 0.39 | 0.49 | 0.45 | 0.53 |

 \circ , \bullet statistically significant improvement or degradation

Table 3.5: Bayesian Network Percent Incorrect

| Dataset | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) |
|-----------------------------|-------|---------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| audiology | 37.73 | $38.68 \circ$ | $41.04 \circ$ | $50.09 \circ$ | $41.78 \circ$ |
| autos | 10.06 | 9.23 • | 10.83 | 9.62 | 9.29 • |
| balance-scale | 30.55 | 30.14 | $28.49 \bullet$ | $28.49 \bullet$ | 29.90 |
| breast-cancer | 27.48 | 27.71 | $29.46 \circ$ | 27.41 | 27.59 |
| bridges-version1 | 35.45 | 34.22 | $38.89 \circ$ | 36.00 | $38.32 \circ$ |
| car | 20.09 | $20.56 \circ$ | $15.41 \bullet$ | $23.23 \circ$ | $21.45 \circ$ |
| cmc | 52.33 | $52.66 \circ$ | $49.26 \bullet$ | $50.24 \bullet$ | 52.12 |
| colic | 20.00 | $21.48 \circ$ | 19.84 | 19.94 | $21.54 \circ$ |
| cylinder-bands | 34.00 | 33.67 | $28.38 \bullet$ | $32.69 \bullet$ | 34.31 |
| dermatology | 4.60 | 4.75 | $6.10 \circ$ | 3.58 ● | 4.84 |
| diabetes | 28.72 | 29.12 | 27.28 • | 27.52 • | 28.88 |
| ecoli | 35.80 | 35.54 | 33.03 ● | $34.53 \bullet$ | 34.63 • |
| flags | 38.75 | 38.74 | $42.66 \circ$ | $40.51 \circ$ | 39.48 |
| glass | 47.75 | 47.65 | $42.56 \bullet$ | 46.58 | 47.03 |
| haberman | 31.22 | 30.37 | 31.03 | 27.27 • | $29.26 \bullet$ |
| hayes-roth-train | 50.69 | $53.61 \circ$ | $46.97 \bullet$ | 49.23 | 51.37 |
| heart-h | 18.20 | 18.55 | $20.18 \circ$ | $19.23 \circ$ | 19.15 |
| heart-statlog | 26.42 | 26.42 | 26.62 | $27.51 \circ$ | 26.50 |
| hepatitis | 19.06 | 18.98 | 20.20 | 19.20 | $20.07 \circ$ |
| hypothyroid | 9.55 | $10.63 \circ$ | 8.15 • | 8.38 • | 7.75 • |
| ionosphere | 26.38 | $30.54 \circ$ | $19.62 \bullet$ | 23.94 • | 24.96 |
| iris | 26.89 | 26.75 | $19.66 \bullet$ | $23.54 \bullet$ | 23.31 |
| kr-vs-kp | 16.01 | $17.52 \circ$ | 11.73 • | $16.69 \circ$ | $17.27 \circ$ |
| labor | 5.60 | 5.20 | 8.00 ∘ | 5.20 | 7.60 c |
| letter | 61.73 | $63.06 \circ$ | $56.25 \bullet$ | $62.59 \circ$ | 61.68 |
| liver-disorders | 38.26 | $39.94 \circ$ | 37.99 | 39.17 | 38.72 |
| lung-cancer | 50.64 | 49.99 | $57.43 \circ$ | 45.55 | 50.90 |
| lymph | 15.70 | 16.58 | 16.14 | 16.49 | 17.30 c |
| molecular-biology-promoters | 13.11 | 11.75 | $23.31 \circ$ | 14.00 | 13.98 |
| mushroom | 5.74 | $6.93 \circ$ | $0.57 \bullet$ | $7.89 \circ$ | 7.92 € |
| nursery | 17.12 | 18.40 ∘ | 15.16 • | $16.51 \bullet$ | 16.69 |
| optdigits | 16.98 | $17.33 \circ$ | 10.67 • | 16.32 • | 15.99 |
| page-blocks | 14.87 | $16.45 \circ$ | 9.23 • | 14.00 • | 10.21 |
| pendigits | 29.42 | $29.88 \circ$ | 18.20 • | 26.14 • | 26.59 |
| postoperative-patient-data | 30.95 | 33.40 ∘ | 33.61 ∘ | 30.36 | 33.62 |
| primary-tumor | 55.23 | 56.20 o | 57.97 o | 54.94 | 56.91 |
| segment | 38.08 | 36.91 • | 26.16 • | 33.04 • | 32.92 |
| shuttle-landing-control | 45.33 | 46.67 | 40.00 • | 36.67 • | 41.33 |
| sick | 8.81 | $9.25 \circ$ | 7.47 • | 8.84 | 7.64 |
| solar-flare-2 | 29.38 | 29.20 | 28.22 • | 28.39 • | 29.18 |
| sonar | 25.33 | 25.91 | 23.43 | 25.33 | 24.56 |
| soybean | 10.43 | 11.10 0 | 11.23 0 | 11.28 0 | 12.88 |
| spambase | 26.10 | 25.99 | 22.76 • | 24.14 • | 25.85 |
| tae | 52.85 | 52.20 | 53.69 | 51.64 | 51.36 |
| tic-tac-toe | 30.40 | 30.45 | 27.29 • | 29.23 • | 30.12 |
| trains | 29.00 | 32.00 | 20.00 | 39.00 o | 32.00 |
| vehicle | 55.43 | $57.54 \circ$ | 42.62 • | 55.79 | 54.90 |
| vemere | 9.08 | 9.44 0 | 6.78 | $9.34 \circ$ | 9.41 |
| vouel | 72.03 | $73.17 \circ$ | 63.98 | 72.30 | 71.61 |
| waveform-5000 | 23.28 | 23.63 0 | $24.25 \circ$ | 23.63 o | 23.68 |
| M@ACTOLITI-0000 | | | | | |
| ZOO | 12.71 | 13.16 | 13.50 | 11.33 | 12.51 |

 $\circ,\, \bullet$ statistically significant improvement or degradation

Table 3.6: Bayesian Network Mean Absolute Error

| Dataset | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) |
|-----------------------------|------|----------------|----------------|----------------|--------------|
| audiology | 0.03 | 0.03 | 0.04 0 | 0.04 0 | 0.04 0 |
| autos | 0.10 | 0.10 | $0.11 \circ$ | 0.10 | 0.10 |
| balance-scale | 0.26 | $0.26 \bullet$ | $0.26 \bullet$ | $0.28 \circ$ | $0.29 \circ$ |
| breast-cancer | 0.32 | $0.32 \bullet$ | $0.35 \circ$ | 0.32 | $0.33 \circ$ |
| bridges-version1 | 0.14 | $0.14 \bullet$ | $0.16 \circ$ | $0.15 \circ$ | $0.16 \circ$ |
| car | 0.12 | $0.12 \circ$ | 0.12 | $0.14 \circ$ | $0.17 \circ$ |
| cmc | 0.39 | $0.38 \bullet$ | 0.38 | 0.39 | $0.40 \circ$ |
| colic | 0.22 | $0.23 \circ$ | $0.23 \circ$ | 0.22 | $0.25 \circ$ |
| cylinder-bands | 0.35 | $0.35 \circ$ | $0.32 \bullet$ | 0.35 | $0.37 \circ$ |
| dermatology | 0.02 | 0.02 | $0.03 \circ$ | $0.02 \bullet$ | $0.02 \circ$ |
| diabetes | 0.33 | $0.33 \circ$ | $0.34 \circ$ | $0.33 \circ$ | $0.35 \circ$ |
| ecoli | 0.10 | $0.10 \bullet$ | $0.11 \circ$ | $0.11 \circ$ | $0.12 \circ$ |
| flags | 0.10 | 0.10 | $0.11 \circ$ | $0.11 \circ$ | $0.11 \circ$ |
| glass | 0.16 | $0.16 \bullet$ | 0.16 | $0.16 \circ$ | $0.17 \circ$ |
| haberman | 0.38 | $0.37 \bullet$ | 0.38 | $0.37 \bullet$ | $0.40 \circ$ |
| hayes-roth-train | 0.31 | 0.31 | 0.30 • | $0.31 \circ$ | $0.32 \circ$ |
| heart-h | 0.09 | $0.09 \bullet$ | $0.11 \circ$ | $0.10 \circ$ | $0.11 \circ$ |
| heart-statlog | 0.30 | 0.30 | $0.33 \circ$ | $0.31 \circ$ | $0.32 \circ$ |
| hepatitis | 0.20 | 0.20 • | $0.23 \circ$ | $0.21 \circ$ | $0.23 \circ$ |
| hypothyroid | 0.07 | 0.07 | $0.06 \bullet$ | $0.07 \bullet$ | $0.10 \circ$ |
| ionosphere | 0.27 | $0.30 \circ$ | $0.22 \bullet$ | 0.26 | 0.27 |
| iris | 0.20 | 0.20 | $0.22 \circ$ | $0.21 \circ$ | $0.21 \circ$ |
| kr-vs-kp | 0.23 | $0.24 \circ$ | 0.18 • | $0.25 \circ$ | $0.30 \circ$ |
| labor | 0.08 | 0.08 | $0.11 \circ$ | $0.09 \circ$ | $0.12 \circ$ |
| letter | 0.06 | $0.06 \bullet$ | $0.05 \bullet$ | $0.06 \circ$ | $0.06 \circ$ |
| liver-disorders | 0.46 | 0.46 | $0.44 \bullet$ | 0.46 | $0.47 \circ$ |
| lung-cancer | 0.34 | 0.33 | $0.39 \circ$ | $0.31 \bullet$ | 0.34 |
| lymph | 0.10 | $0.10 \circ$ | $0.10 \circ$ | $0.11 \circ$ | $0.11 \circ$ |
| molecular-biology-promoters | 0.14 | 0.13 | $0.24 \circ$ | $0.15 \circ$ | $0.15 \circ$ |
| mushroom | 0.06 | $0.07 \circ$ | $0.01 \bullet$ | $0.08 \circ$ | $0.08 \circ$ |
| nursery | 0.09 | $0.10 \circ$ | $0.10 \circ$ | $0.13 \circ$ | $0.14 \circ$ |
| optdigits | 0.04 | $0.04 \circ$ | 0.03 • | $0.04 \circ$ | $0.04 \circ$ |
| page-blocks | 0.08 | $0.08 \circ$ | 0.06 | $0.07 \bullet$ | $0.10 \circ$ |
| pendigits | 0.07 | 0.07 | $0.05 \bullet$ | $0.07 \circ$ | $0.07 \circ$ |
| postoperative-patient-data | 0.27 | $0.28 \circ$ | $0.28 \circ$ | 0.27 | $0.30 \circ$ |
| primary-tumor | 0.06 | 0.06 • | $0.06 \circ$ | $0.06 \circ$ | $0.06 \circ$ |
| segment | 0.11 | 0.11 • | 0.10 • | 0.11 • | 0.11 • |
| shuttle-landing-control | 0.44 | 0.44 | $0.45 \circ$ | 0.44 | 0.44 |
| sick | 0.10 | $0.11 \circ$ | $0.10 \bullet$ | $0.11 \circ$ | $0.15 \circ$ |
| solar-flare-2 | 0.11 | 0.11 • | $0.12 \circ$ | $0.12 \circ$ | $0.13 \circ$ |
| sonar | 0.26 | 0.26 | 0.27 | 0.26 | 0.26 |
| soybean | 0.01 | $0.01 \circ$ | $0.01 \circ$ | $0.01 \circ$ | $0.02 \circ$ |
| spambase | 0.28 | 0.28 | $0.30 \circ$ | $0.28 \circ$ | $0.29 \circ$ |
| tae | 0.40 | 0.40 | $0.42 \circ$ | $0.41 \circ$ | $0.41 \circ$ |
| tic-tac-toe | 0.36 | $0.36 \bullet$ | $0.36 \bullet$ | $0.37 \circ$ | $0.39 \circ$ |
| trains | 0.30 | 0.34 | 0.23 • | $0.35 \circ$ | 0.34 |
| vehicle | 0.29 | $0.29 \circ$ | $0.25 \bullet$ | $0.29 \circ$ | $0.29 \circ$ |
| vote | 0.10 | $0.10 \circ$ | 0.08 • | $0.10 \circ$ | $0.10 \circ$ |
| vowel | 0.14 | 0.14 | 0.13 • | $0.15 \circ$ | $0.14 \circ$ |
| waveform- 5000 | 0.16 | $0.17 \circ$ | $0.19 \circ$ | $0.17 \circ$ | $0.17 \circ$ |
| ZOO | 0.04 | 0.04 | $0.05 \circ$ | 0.04 | $0.05 \circ$ |
| Average | 0.19 | 0.19 | 0.19 | 0.20 | 0.21 |

Table 3.7: Bayesian Network Root Mean Squared Error

| Dataset | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) |
|-----------------------------|------|--------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| audiology | 0.16 | 0.16 0 | 0.16 0 | 0.17 0 | 0.16 0 |
| autos | 0.28 | 0.28 | $0.30 \circ$ | $0.27 \bullet$ | $0.27 \bullet$ |
| balance-scale | 0.35 | $0.35 \circ$ | $0.35 \circ$ | $0.36 \circ$ | $0.36 \circ$ |
| breast-cancer | 0.45 | $0.46 \circ$ | 0.45 | $0.44 \bullet$ | $0.44 \bullet$ |
| bridges-version1 | 0.29 | 0.29 | $0.30 \circ$ | 0.29 | $0.29 \circ$ |
| car | 0.27 | $0.27 \circ$ | 0.23 • | 0.26 • | 0.27 |
| cmc | 0.46 | $0.47 \circ$ | $0.45 \bullet$ | $0.45 \bullet$ | $0.46 \bullet$ |
| colic | 0.42 | $0.43 \circ$ | 0.40 • | $0.41 \bullet$ | 0.41 • |
| cylinder-bands | 0.48 | $0.50 \circ$ | $0.45 \bullet$ | $0.47 \bullet$ | $0.47 \bullet$ |
| dermatology | 0.10 | 0.10 | $0.12 \circ$ | 0.09 • | 0.11 |
| diabetes | 0.43 | $0.44 \circ$ | $0.42 \bullet$ | $0.42 \bullet$ | $0.43 \bullet$ |
| ecoli | 0.24 | $0.25 \circ$ | 0.23 • | 0.23 • | $0.24 \bullet$ |
| flags | 0.27 | 0.27 | $0.28 \circ$ | 0.27 | 0.27 |
| glass | 0.30 | $0.30 \circ$ | 0.29 • | 0.29 • | 0.29 • |
| haberman | 0.45 | 0.45 | 0.45 | $0.44 \bullet$ | $0.45 \bullet$ |
| hayes-roth-train | 0.39 | $0.40 \circ$ | 0.38 • | $0.39 \circ$ | 0.39 |
| heart-h | 0.24 | 0.24 | $0.24 \circ$ | 0.23 • | 0.23 |
| heart-statlog | 0.43 | $0.44 \circ$ | $0.42 \bullet$ | $0.42 \bullet$ | 0.43 • |
| hepatitis | 0.39 | 0.39 | 0.39 | 0.39 • | 0.38 • |
| hypothyroid | 0.19 | 0.20 0 | 0.18 • | 0.18 • | $0.19 \circ$ |
| ionosphere | 0.45 | $0.50 \circ$ | 0.39 • | 0.43 • | 0.43 • |
| iris | 0.36 | $0.36 \circ$ | 0.33 • | 0.34 • | 0.34 • |
| kr-vs-kp | 0.33 | $0.35 \circ$ | 0.29 • | $0.34 \circ$ | $0.36 \circ$ |
| labor | 0.18 | 0.18 | $0.22 \circ$ | 0.19 | $0.22 \circ$ |
| letter | 0.17 | 0.18 0 | 0.16 • | $0.17 \circ$ | 0.17 • |
| liver-disorders | 0.48 | $0.49 \circ$ | 0.48 • | $0.48 \circ$ | 0.48 |
| lung-cancer | 0.52 | 0.52 | $0.56 \circ$ | 0.48 • | 0.52 |
| lymph | 0.23 | $0.24 \circ$ | 0.24 | 0.24 | 0.24 |
| molecular-biology-promoters | 0.30 | 0.29 | $0.43 \circ$ | 0.31 | 0.31 |
| mushroom | 0.22 | $0.25 \circ$ | 0.07 • | $0.26 \circ$ | $0.26 \circ$ |
| nursery | 0.23 | $0.25 \circ$ | 0.21 • | $0.23 \circ$ | $0.24 \circ$ |
| optdigits | 0.16 | $0.17 \circ$ | 0.13 • | 0.16 • | 0.16 • |
| page-blocks | 0.21 | $0.23 \circ$ | $0.17 \bullet$ | 0.20 • | 0.19 • |
| pendigits | 0.21 | $0.21 \circ$ | 0.16 • | 0.20 • | 0.20 • |
| postoperative-patient-data | 0.39 | $0.40 \circ$ | $0.41 \circ$ | 0.39 | $0.40 \circ$ |
| primary-tumor | 0.18 | $0.19 \circ$ | $0.18 \circ$ | 0.18 • | 0.18 |
| segment | 0.28 | 0.28 | 0.23 • | 0.26 • | 0.25 • |
| shuttle-landing-control | 0.48 | 0.48 | $0.49 \circ$ | 0.48 | 0.49 |
| sick | 0.25 | $0.26 \circ$ | 0.23 • | 0.25 • | $0.24 \bullet$ |
| solar-flare-2 | 0.26 | $0.26 \circ$ | $0.25 \bullet$ | 0.25 • | $0.25 \bullet$ |
| sonar | 0.45 | $0.46 \circ$ | $0.42 \bullet$ | 0.45 | $0.44 \bullet$ |
| soybean | 0.10 | $0.10 \circ$ | 0.09 | $0.10 \circ$ | 0.10 0 |
| spambase | 0.44 | $0.44 \circ$ | 0.39 • | $0.42 \bullet$ | $0.42 \bullet$ |
| tae | 0.47 | $0.47 \circ$ | $0.47 \circ$ | $0.46 \bullet$ | $0.46 \bullet$ |
| tic-tac-toe | 0.44 | $0.44 \circ$ | 0.43 • | 0.44 • | $0.44 \bullet$ |
| trains | 0.39 | 0.43 | 0.29 • | 0.43 | 0.43 |
| vehicle | 0.45 | $0.46 \circ$ | $0.37 \bullet$ | $0.44 \bullet$ | 0.44 • |
| vote | 0.29 | $0.29 \circ$ | 0.23 • | 0.29 | 0.29 |
| vowel | 0.28 | $0.29 \circ$ | $0.27 \bullet$ | 0.28 • | 0.27 • |
| waveform-5000 | 0.36 | $0.36 \circ$ | $0.34 \bullet$ | 0.35 • | $0.35 \bullet$ |
| ZOO | 0.15 | 0.15 | 0.15 | 0.14 • | 0.15 |
| Average | 0.32 | 0.33 | 0.31 | 0.32 | 0.32 |

Table 3.8: Bayesian Network mean Entropy Gain

| Dataset | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) |
|-----------------------------|----------------|---------------------|-------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| audiology | -1.00 | <i>-</i> 1.07 • | -1.86 • | - 2.14 • | -0.12 \circ |
| autos | -0.14 | -0.14 | $0.20 \circ$ | $0.11 \circ$ | $0.17 \circ$ |
| balance-scale | 0.37 | 0.37 • | 0.37 | 0.32 • | 0.33 • |
| breast-cancer | -0.07 | -0.10 • | -0.02 o | -0.00 0 | $0.01 \circ$ |
| bridges-version1 | 0.55 | $0.47 \bullet$ | $0.61 \circ$ | $0.67 \circ$ | $0.65 \circ$ |
| car | 0.26 | 0.24 • | $0.67 \circ$ | $0.57 \circ$ | $0.44 \circ$ |
| cmc | -0.02 | -0.12 • | $0.09 \circ$ | $0.04 \circ$ | $0.05 \circ$ |
| colic | -0.34 | - 0.45 • | $0.00 \circ$ | -0.17 \circ | $0.00 \circ$ |
| cylinder-bands | -0.05 | -0.19 • | $0.08 \circ$ | $0.04 \circ$ | $0.05 \circ$ |
| dermatology | 2.26 | 2.26 | 2.15 • | $2.29 \circ$ | 2.25 |
| diabetes | 0.13 | 0.10 • | $0.17 \circ$ | $0.16 \circ$ | $0.15 \circ$ |
| ecoli | 0.78 | $0.74 \bullet$ | $0.97 \circ$ | $0.96 \circ$ | $0.87 \circ$ |
| flags | 0.04 | -0.08 • | -0.09 • | $0.27 \circ$ | $0.25 \circ$ |
| glass | 0.43 | $0.36 \bullet$ | 0.49 | $0.53 \circ$ | 0.46 |
| haberman | -0.05 | -0.05 | -0.03 | -0.01 0 | -0.02 o |
| hayes-roth-train | 0.12 | 0.07 • | $0.15 \circ$ | 0.10 • | 0.08 • |
| heart-h | 0.23 | 0.22 | 0.26 | $0.30 \circ$ | 0.25 |
| heart-statlog | 0.14 | 0.10 • | $0.21 \circ$ | $0.22 \circ$ | $0.20 \circ$ |
| hepatitis | -0.20 | -0.24 • | -0.14 | -0.09 0 | $0.01 \circ$ |
| hypothyroid | 0.07 | 0.02 • | 0.10 0 | $0.09 \circ$ | 0.01 • |
| ionosphere | -0.24 | -0.65 • | 0.01 0 | -0.08 o | -0.06 0 |
| iris | 0.63 | 0.60 • | $0.79 \circ$ | $0.76 \circ$ | $0.78 \circ$ |
| kr-vs-kp | 0.51 | 0.47 • | $0.60 \circ$ | 0.48 • | 0.42 • |
| labor | 0.66 | $0.68 \circ$ | 0.65 | $0.70 \circ$ | 0.65 |
| letter | 1.55 | 1.36 • | $2.03 \circ$ | 1.58 ∘ | $1.67 \circ$ |
| liver-disorders | 0.04 | 0.01 • | 0.06 | 0.03 • | 0.04 |
| lung-cancer | -2.01 | -2.02 | -1.97 | -1.21 0 | -1.63 0 |
| lymph | 0.71 | 0.67 • | 0.62 • | 0.72 | 0.68 |
| molecular-biology-promoters | 0.39 | 0.43 | -0.28 • | 0.43 | 0.39 |
| mushroom | 0.64 | 0.46 • | $0.97 \circ$ | 0.57 • | 0.59 • |
| nursery | 0.81 | 0.48 • | 1.14 0 | 1.00 ∘ | $0.89 \circ$ |
| optdigits | 2.14 | 2.10 • | $2.78 \circ$ | $2.37 \circ$ | $2.47 \circ$ |
| page-blocks | 0.04 | -0.12 • | 0.24 0 | 0.11 0 | 0.09 0 |
| pendigits | 1.62 | 1.56 • | 2.49 0 | 2.00 0 | $2.03 \circ$ |
| postoperative-patient-data | -0.20 | -0.23 • | -0.24 | -0.17 o | -0.18 |
| primary-tumor | 0.56 | 0.49 • | 0.62 0 | 0.71 0 | 0.66 0 |
| segment | 0.76 | 0.76 | 1.81 0 | $1.25 \circ$ | 1.33 0 |
| shuttle-landing-control | 0.04 | 0.03 | -0.01 • | 0.04 | -0.00 |
| sick | 0.02 | -0.01 • | 0.08 0 | 0.04 0 | 0.03 0 |
| solar-flare-2 | 1.19 | 1.15 • | 1.32 0 | 1.28 0 | 1.26 0 |
| sonar | -0.51 | -0.67 • | 0.09 0 | -0.33 0 | -0.22 0 |
| soybean | 3.17 | 3.08 • | 3.31 0 | 3.23 0 | 3.14 • |
| spambase | 0.06 | 0.01 • | 0.28 0 | $0.17 \circ$ | 0.18 0 |
| tae | -0.02 | -0.04 • | -0.02 | 0.03 0 | $0.05 \circ$ |
| tic-tac-toe | 0.11 | 0.10 • | 0.16 0 | 0.12 | 0.12 |
| trains | -0.17 | -0.58 • | 0.32 0 | 0.01 | -0.26 |
| vehicle | -1.17 | -1.51 • | $0.51 \circ$ | -0.68 0 | -0.60 0 |
| vote | 0.12 | 0.06 | $0.66 \circ$ | 0.28 0 | 0.32 0 |
| vote | $0.12 \\ 0.57$ | 0.00 • | 1.00 0 | $0.28 \circ 0.63 \circ$ | $0.32 \circ 0.69 \circ$ |
| VOWCI | | | | | |
| wayoform 5000 | 0.40 | 0.24 - | () '/2 ^ | 116116 | 11616 |
| waveform-5000 zoo | $0.40 \\ 1.95$ | $0.34 \bullet 1.91$ | $0.78 \circ 1.94$ | $0.60 \circ 2.06 \circ$ | $0.61 \circ 1.96$ |

 $\circ,\, \bullet$ statistically significant improvement or degradation

Table 3.9: J48 Decision Tree Percent Incorrect

| Dataset | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) |
|-----------------------------|-------|---------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| audiology | 29.13 | $31.13 \circ$ | $32.94 \circ$ | $35.33 \circ$ | $36.43 \circ$ |
| autos | 13.68 | 14.78 | 13.02 | 14.68 | 12.59 |
| balance-scale | 28.72 | $29.47 \circ$ | 29.02 | $29.56 \circ$ | 29.10 |
| breast-cancer | 25.70 | $26.91 \circ$ | $26.80 \circ$ | 26.68 | $28.09 \circ$ |
| bridges-version1 | 43.54 | 45.20 | 41.77 | 45.89 | 44.09 |
| car | 16.03 | 15.95 | $16.73 \circ$ | $20.18 \circ$ | $17.85 \circ$ |
| cmc | 49.48 | 49.07 | $50.17 \circ$ | 50.40 | $51.20 \circ$ |
| colic | 18.03 | 18.18 | $17.32 \bullet$ | $18.98 \circ$ | 18.52 |
| cylinder-bands | 34.06 | 34.01 | 34.84 | $35.73 \circ$ | 35.38 |
| dermatology | 10.97 | 12.26 | 10.04 | $13.33 \circ$ | $13.97 \circ$ |
| diabetes | 29.29 | 29.00 | 28.61 | 27.73 • | 28.77 |
| ecoli | 35.34 | 34.72 | 34.92 | $37.23 \circ$ | 34.46 |
| flags | 40.07 | $42.00 \circ$ | 41.94 | $44.77 \circ$ | 42.50 |
| glass | 41.32 | 40.66 | 38.89 • | 41.35 | 42.51 |
| haberman | 27.56 | 26.90 • | $26.57 \bullet$ | $26.57 \bullet$ | $26.57 \bullet$ |
| hayes-roth-train | 37.26 | 37.78 | 37.95 | $42.43 \circ$ | 41.13 0 |
| heart-h | 21.09 | 21.81 | $22.94 \circ$ | $23.77 \circ$ | 21.81 |
| heart-statlog | 32.01 | 30.36 • | 32.32 | 30.04 • | 32.17 |
| hepatitis | 22.84 | 22.02 | 22.10 | 23.28 | 22.39 |
| hypothyroid | 7.76 | 7.73 | 7.73 | 7.73 | 7.73 |
| ionosphere | 20.67 | 18.76 • | 19.37 | 21.55 | 22.19 |
| iris | 25.87 | 26.59 | 20.50 • | 22.24 • | 23.71 |
| kr-vs-kp | 5.97 | 6.05 | 6.09 | 5.88 | 7.79 0 |
| labor | 23.60 | 26.20 | 27.80 0 | 21.40 | 21.80 |
| letter | 49.11 | 49.10 | 47.39 • | 51.04 0 | 49.21 |
| liver-disorders | 39.83 | 40.06 | 40.16 | 38.54 | 41.57 0 |
| lung-cancer | 59.79 | 62.11 | 67.29 0 | 55.14 | 65.87 |
| lymph | 20.02 | 20.34 | 21.75 | 23.36 • | 21.01 |
| molecular-biology-promoters | 21.19 | 21.59 | 20.22 | 26.85 0 | 23.67 |
| mushroom | 2.22 | 3.47 0 | 0.86 • | 0.57 • | 1.33 • |
| nursery | 12.00 | 12.22 0 | 12.58 • | 14.34 0 | 13.15 0 |
| optdigits | 17.18 | 17.09 | 13.90 • | $23.70 \circ$ | 17.69 0 |
| page-blocks | 7.27 | 7.30 o | 7.25 | 7.27 | 7.28 |
| pendigits | 15.72 | 15.79 | 11.80 • | 16.89 0 | 13.67 • |
| postoperative-patient-data | 29.84 | 29.24 | 29.24 | 29.24 | 29.35 |
| primary-tumor | 61.77 | 61.54 | 60.68 | 61.71 | 62.96 |
| segment | 26.45 | 26.61 | 21.77 • | 25.39 • | 24.26 • |
| shuttle-landing-control | 41.33 | 42.00 | 40.00 | 41.33 | 43.33 |
| sick | 6.20 | 6.19 | 6.19 | 6.19 | 6.21 |
| solar-flare-2 | 30.14 | 30.30 | 28.17 • | 29.45 • | 29.04 • |
| sonar | 32.41 | 33.22 | 30.93 | 32.63 | 32.86 |
| soybean | 18.86 | 18.09 | 16.24 • | 18.71 | 20.59 0 |
| spambase | 22.43 | 22.36 | 21.79 • | 22.36 | 21.84 • |
| tae | 49.35 | 49.85 | 48.07 • | 51.07 | 52.30 o |
| tic-tac-toe | 22.47 | 22.08 | 21.55 | 21.98 | 23.79 0 |
| trains | 1.00 | 10.00 0 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 8.00 |
| vehicle | 40.13 | 40.98 0 | 38.88 • | 42.76 • | 41.39 |
| vote | 8.67 | 8.44 | 6.34 • | 7.03 • | 7.49 • |
| vowel | 49.88 | 50.02 | 52.36 o | 54.88 0 | 53.20 0 |
| waveform-5000 | 27.95 | 27.44 • | 25.72 • | $32.41 \circ$ | 29.50 0 |
| ZOO | 15.94 | 18.01 0 | 15.39 | 18.76 0 | 18.10 |
| Average | 26.85 | 27.31 | 26.41 | 27.85 | 27.87 |

 $\circ,\, \bullet$ statistically significant improvement or degradation

Table 3.10: J48 Decision Tree Mean Absolute Error

| Dataset | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) |
|-----------------------------|-------------|----------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| audiology | 0.03 | 0.03 | 0.04 0 | 0.04 0 | 0.04 0 |
| autos | 0.19 | 0.19 | 0.19 | $0.21 \circ$ | $0.21 \circ$ |
| balance-scale | 0.26 | 0.26 | $0.29 \circ$ | $0.28 \circ$ | $0.30 \circ$ |
| breast-cancer | 0.37 | 0.37 | $0.38 \circ$ | 0.37 | $0.40 \circ$ |
| bridges-version1 | 0.16 | 0.17 | $0.17 \circ$ | $0.18 \circ$ | $0.19 \circ$ |
| car | 0.09 | 0.09 | $0.12 \circ$ | $0.12 \circ$ | $0.14 \circ$ |
| cmc | 0.39 | $0.38 \bullet$ | $0.40 \circ$ | $0.39 \circ$ | $0.40 \circ$ |
| colic | 0.26 | $0.25 \bullet$ | $0.28 \circ$ | $0.27 \circ$ | $0.30 \circ$ |
| cylinder-bands | 0.37 | 0.37 | $0.40 \circ$ | $0.39 \circ$ | $0.40 \circ$ |
| dermatology | 0.05 | $0.06 \circ$ | $0.07 \circ$ | $0.07 \circ$ | $0.09 \circ$ |
| diabetes | 0.36 | $0.35 \bullet$ | $0.38 \circ$ | $0.36 \circ$ | $0.38 \circ$ |
| ecoli | 0.10 | 0.10 | 0.11 0 | 0.11 0 | $0.12 \circ$ |
| flags | 0.12 | 0.12 | $0.13 \circ$ | $0.13 \circ$ | $0.13 \circ$ |
| glass | 0.14 | 0.14 | $0.15 \circ$ | $0.15 \circ$ | $0.16 \circ$ |
| haberman | 0.39 | 0.38 • | 0.39 | 0.38 • | $0.40 \circ$ |
| hayes-roth-train | 0.24 | 0.23 • | $0.26 \circ$ | $0.27 \circ$ | $0.28 \circ$ |
| heart-h | 0.11 | 0.11 | $0.12 \circ$ | 0.13 0 | 0.14 0 |
| heart-statlog | 0.37 | 0.36 | $0.40 \circ$ | 0.38 | $0.39 \circ$ |
| hepatitis | 0.29 | 0.27 • | 0.29 | 0.28 | 0.30 |
| hypothyroid | 0.07 | 0.07 • | 0.07 | 0.07 • | 0.11 0 |
| ionosphere | 0.25 | 0.23 • | $0.27 \circ$ | 0.26 0 | 0.28 0 |
| iris | 0.20 | 0.20 | 0.22 0 | 0.23 0 | 0.24 0 |
| kr-vs-kp | 0.09 | 0.09 • | 0.14 0 | 0.13 0 | 0.19 0 |
| labor | 0.25 | 0.26 | 0.32 0 | 0.22 | 0.27 |
| letter | 0.05 | 0.04 • | 0.05 0 | 0.05 0 | 0.05 0 |
| liver-disorders | 0.45 | 0.45 | 0.46 0 | 0.46 0 | $0.47 \circ$ |
| lung-cancer | 0.39 | 0.40 | 0.44 0 | 0.37 | 0.44 0 |
| lymph | 0.13 | 0.13 | 0.15 0 | 0.14 0 | 0.15 0 |
| molecular-biology-promoters | 0.25 | 0.25 | 0.27 | 0.30 0 | 0.29 0 |
| mushroom | 0.25 | $0.05 \circ$ | 0.03 • | $0.05 \circ$ | 0.09 0 |
| nursery | 0.06 | 0.06 0 | 0.09 • | 0.10 0 | $0.03 \circ 0.12 \circ$ |
| optdigits | 0.05 | 0.05 • | $0.05 \circ 0.05 \circ$ | 0.06 0 | 0.06 0 |
| page-blocks | 0.05 | 0.05 • | 0.05 0 | 0.05 0 | 0.08 0 |
| pendigits | 0.05 | 0.05 • | 0.05 • | 0.06 0 | 0.06 0 |
| postoperative-patient-data | 0.28 | 0.28 • | 0.28 | 0.28 • | 0.30 0 |
| primary-tumor | 0.06 | 0.06 | 0.07 0 | 0.06 | $0.07 \circ$ |
| segment | 0.10 | 0.09 • | 0.10 0 | 0.11 0 | 0.12 0 |
| shuttle-landing-control | 0.49 | 0.49 | 0.49 | 0.49 | 0.49 |
| sick | 0.43 0.12 | 0.11 • | 0.12 | 0.11 • | 0.16 0 |
| solar-flare-2 | 0.12 | 0.11 • | $0.12 \circ 0.13 \circ$ | $0.11 \circ 0.13 \circ$ | 0.14 0 |
| sonar | 0.12 0.34 | 0.12 0 0.35 | $0.15 \circ 0.35$ | $0.13 \circ 0.34$ | 0.140 |
| soybean | 0.02 | 0.02 • | $0.03 \circ$ | $0.03 \circ$ | $0.04 \circ$ |
| spambase | 0.02 0.31 | 0.30 • | $0.03 \circ 0.32 \circ$ | $0.03 \circ 0.33 \circ$ | $0.04 \circ 0.33 \circ$ |
| tae | 0.31 0.40 | 0.39 • | $0.32 \circ 0.40 \circ$ | $0.33 \circ 0.41 \circ$ | 0.33 0 |
| | | | | | |
| tic-tac-toe | 0.28 | 0.28 | 0.30 0 | 0.28 | 0.32 0 |
| trains | 0.01 | $0.09 \circ$ | 0.00 | 0.00 | $0.09 \circ$ |
| vehicle | 0.23 | 0.23 | $0.25 \circ$ | $0.25 \circ$ | $0.25 \circ$ |
| vote | 0.11 | 0.10 | 0.11 | 0.13 0 | 0.15 0 |
| vowel | 0.10 | 0.10 | 0.12 0 | 0.11 0 | 0.11 0 |
| waveform-5000 | 0.21 | 0.21 • | $0.22 \circ$ | 0.24 0 | 0.24 0 |
| ZOO | 0.06 | 0.07 | 0.07 | 0.07 0 | 0.08 0 |
| Average | 0.19 | 0.19 | 0.21 | 0.20 | 0.22 |

Table 3.11: J48 Root Mean Squared Error

| Dataset | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) |
|-----------------------------|-------------|----------------------|---------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| audiology | 0.13 | 0.14 0 | 0.14 0 | 0.15 0 | 0.15 0 |
| autos | 0.33 | 0.35 | 0.33 | 0.35 | 0.32 |
| balance-scale | 0.37 | $0.38 \circ$ | 0.37 | $0.38 \circ$ | 0.38 |
| breast-cancer | 0.44 | 0.45 | 0.44 | 0.45 | $0.45 \circ$ |
| bridges-version1 | 0.32 | $0.33 \circ$ | 0.31 | $0.33 \circ$ | $0.33 \circ$ |
| car | 0.23 | 0.23 | $0.23 \circ$ | $0.26 \circ$ | $0.25 \circ$ |
| cmc | 0.46 | 0.46 | $0.45 \bullet$ | $0.46 \circ$ | 0.46 |
| colic | 0.38 | 0.39 | $0.37 \bullet$ | $0.40 \circ$ | 0.39 |
| cylinder-bands | 0.49 | 0.50 | 0.48 • | $0.53 \circ$ | 0.50 |
| dermatology | 0.17 | $0.18 \circ$ | 0.16 | $0.19 \circ$ | $0.19 \circ$ |
| diabetes | 0.44 | $0.45 \circ$ | 0.44 ● | 0.44 | 0.44 |
| ecoli | 0.24 | $0.24 \circ$ | 0.23 | $0.24 \circ$ | 0.24 |
| flags | 0.27 | 0.28 | 0.27 | 0.30 0 | 0.28 |
| glass | 0.29 | 0.29 | 0.28 • | 0.30 0 | 0.29 |
| haberman | 0.45 | 0.44 | 0.44 • | 0.44 | 0.44 |
| hayes-roth-train | 0.36 | 0.36 | 0.36 | 0.38 0 | $0.37 \circ$ |
| heart-h | 0.25 | 0.25 | 0.26 0 | $0.27 \circ$ | 0.25 |
| heart-statlog | 0.47 | 0.47 | 0.47 | 0.47 | 0.47 |
| hepatitis | 0.43 | 0.42 | 0.41 • | 0.44 | 0.42 |
| hypothyroid | 0.19 | 0.19 | 0.19 | 0.19 | 0.20 0 |
| ionosphere | 0.40 | 0.38 | 0.38 | $0.43 \circ$ | 0.42 0 |
| iris | 0.33 | 0.33 | 0.32 • | 0.34 0 | 0.33 |
| kr-vs-kp | 0.21 | 0.21 | 0.22 0 | $0.24 \circ$ | 0.26 0 |
| labor | 0.40 | 0.41 | $0.45 \circ$ | 0.40 | 0.39 |
| letter | 0.15 | 0.16 0 | 0.15 • | 0.16 0 | 0.16 0 |
| liver-disorders | 0.19 | 0.50 0 | 0.49 | 0.50 | 0.50 |
| lung-cancer | 0.45 | 0.56 | $0.45 \\ 0.57$ | 0.55 | 0.59 0 |
| lymph | 0.38 | 0.30 0.29 | 0.29 | $0.31 \circ$ | $0.39 \ 0.29$ |
| molecular-biology-promoters | 0.20 0.41 | 0.23 0.41 | 0.40 | $0.47 \circ$ | 0.43 |
| mushroom | 0.41 0.14 | $0.41 \\ 0.15 \circ$ | 0.40 | 0.10 • | 0.43 |
| | 0.14 | 0.13 0 | 0.09 • | 0.10 | 0.13 |
| nursery optdigits | 0.16 | $0.16 \circ 0.16$ | 0.15 • | $0.22 \circ 0.20 \circ$ | $0.20 \circ 0.17 \circ$ |
| page-blocks | 0.16 | 0.16 | 0.15 • | $0.20 \circ 0.16 \circ$ | 0.17 0 |
| pendigits | 0.10 0.15 | | 0.10 • | $0.10 \circ 0.17 \circ$ | $0.10 \circ 0.15$ |
| 1 0 | | 0.15 | $0.14 \bullet 0.38$ | $0.17 \circ 0.38$ | 0.13 0.38 |
| postoperative-patient-data | 0.38 | 0.38 | | | |
| primary-tumor | 0.20 | 0.20 | 0.19 • | 0.20 0 | 0.20 |
| segment | 0.22 | 0.23 | 0.21 • | 0.24 0 | 0.23 |
| shuttle-landing-control | 0.50 | 0.50 | 0.50 | 0.50 | 0.51 |
| sick | 0.24 | 0.24 | 0.24 | 0.24 | 0.25 0 |
| solar-flare-2 | 0.25 | 0.25 0 | 0.25 • | 0.26 0 | 0.26 0 |
| sonar | 0.51 | 0.52 | 0.48 • | 0.54 0 | 0.51 |
| soybean | 0.12 | 0.12 | 0.11 • | 0.13 0 | 0.13 0 |
| spambase | 0.39 | 0.40 0 | 0.39 • | 0.41 0 | 0.39 |
| tae | 0.46 | 0.46 | 0.45 • | 0.47 0 | 0.46 |
| tic-tac-toe | 0.41 | 0.41 | 0.39 • | 0.41 | 0.42 |
| trains | 0.01 | 0.09 0 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.10 0 |
| vehicle | 0.36 | 0.36 0 | 0.35 • | 0.39 0 | 0.37 • |
| vote | 0.24 | 0.24 | 0.23 • | 0.25 | 0.24 |
| vowel | 0.24 | 0.25 | 0.24 | 0.27 0 | 0.25 0 |
| waveform-5000 | 0.38 | 0.37 | 0.35 • | $0.43 \circ$ | 0.38 • |
| ZOO | 0.19 | 0.19 | 0.18 • | $0.20 \circ$ | 0.20 |
| Average | 0.31 | 0.31 | 0.31 | 0.32 | 0.32 |

Table 3.12: J48 Decision Tree Mean Entropy Gain

| Dataset | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) |
|-----------------------------|---------|----------|-----------------|-------------------|-----------------|
| audiology | -111.99 | -117.88 | -87.04 0 | -158.79 • | -132.51 • |
| autos | -17.82 | -18.41 | -3.68 \circ | -21.39 | -10.74 |
| balance-scale | -2.57 | -2.22 | $0.25 \circ$ | -2.59 | -0.13 \circ |
| breast-cancer | -13.39 | -10.55 | -1.20 0 | -16.63 | -10.55 |
| bridges-version1 | -151.55 | -162.36 | -77.69 0 | -133.17 | -133.59 |
| car | -17.59 | -17.81 | -1.06 o | -39.71 • | -13.41 0 |
| cmc | -24.22 | -20.66 | -0.50 o | -31.94 • | -15.37 \circ |
| colic | -19.82 | -20.17 | -0.69 o | -36.02 • | -15.21 |
| cylinder-bands | -48.29 | -54.02 | -1.51 \circ | -101.43 • | -45.65 |
| dermatology | -19.57 | -28.30 • | -0.63 \circ | -55.02 • | -25.22 |
| diabetes | -2.86 | -4.58 | 0.11 0 | -2.54 | -1.14 |
| ecoli | -38.97 | -39.01 | -21.92 0 | <i>-</i> 51.93 • | -21.36 0 |
| flags | -176.53 | -191.86 | -59.40 0 | -262.88 • | -194.28 |
| glass | -85.34 | -95.00 | -20.88 0 | -134.49 • | -66.81 \circ |
| haberman | -1.60 | -0.01 | 0.00 | -0.00 | -0.00 |
| hayes-roth-train | -26.51 | -26.47 | $0.32 \circ$ | -24.76 | -6.18 \circ |
| heart-h | -24.50 | -22.09 | -0.60 0 | -21.34 | -11.60 0 |
| heart-statlog | -17.59 | -24.89 • | 0.08 0 | -24.89 | -13.21 |
| hepatitis | -34.79 | -43.30 | -5.45 \circ | -56.53 | -27.84 |
| hypothyroid | -0.25 | -0.00 | -0.00 | -0.00 | -0.06 |
| ionosphere | -37.49 | -31.33 | $-2.47 \circ$ | -86.84 • | -43.67 |
| iris | -17.69 | -18.53 | $0.06 \circ$ | -14.53 | $0.79 \circ$ |
| kr-vs-kp | -0.18 | -0.03 | $0.73 \circ$ | -4.54 ● | <i>-</i> 1.74 • |
| labor | -59.74 | -46.92 | -14.96 o | -78.97 | -38.26 |
| letter | -49.47 | -50.59 • | -2.75 \circ | <i>-</i> 123.96 ● | -42.88 \circ |
| liver-disorders | -7.41 | -8.49 | -0.34 o | -7.05 | -1.76 o |
| lung-cancer | -363.37 | -347.14 | -285.77 | -349.74 | -427.12 |
| lymph | -59.55 | -57.39 | -14.26 0 | -98.35 • | -58.21 |
| molecular-biology-promoters | -90.56 | -102.45 | -10.05 0 | -120.80 • | -86.50 |
| mushroom | 0.91 | 0.90 • | $0.94 \circ$ | 0.12 • | 0.83 ● |
| nursery | -4.78 | -5.08 | $1.23 \circ$ | -8.25 ● | -1.33 0 |
| optdigits | -46.57 | -47.29 | -5.72 \circ | <i>-</i> 172.03 • | -48.23 |
| page-blocks | -0.44 | -0.52 | -0.10 0 | -1.16 • | 0.08 0 |
| pendigits | -10.10 | -10.69 • | $1.74 \circ$ | - 52.19 • | -5.57 \circ |
| postoperative-patient-data | -1.28 | -0.01 | -0.01 | -0.01 | -1.28 |
| primary-tumor | -297.02 | -284.90 | $-120.47 \circ$ | -366.49 • | -315.85 |
| segment | -11.43 | -12.00 | $0.95 \circ$ | -51.51 ● | -6.16 0 |
| shuttle-landing-control | -0.01 | -0.03 | -0.00 | -0.01 | -21.46 |
| sick | 0.00 | -0.00 | 0.00 | -0.00 | -0.02 • |
| solar-flare-2 | -20.25 | -23.66 | -1.14 0 | - 45.09 ● | -21.53 |
| sonar | -132.17 | -130.59 | -26.02 0 | -213.09 • | -120.45 |
| soybean | -24.16 | -22.74 | -4.49 0 | -112.98 • | -36.20 • |
| spambase | -0.12 | -0.41 • | $0.28 \circ$ | $0.15 \circ$ | $0.27 \circ$ |
| tae | -16.71 | -9.90 | $0.09 \circ$ | -18.33 | -5.29 0 |
| tic-tac-toe | -30.09 | -29.23 | $0.12 \circ$ | -34.08 | -23.32 0 |
| trains | 0.99 | -42.09 • | 1.01 | 1.01 | -42.08 ● |
| vehicle | -36.01 | -35.91 | -3.43 o | <i>-</i> 125.50 • | -40.04 |
| vote | -5.11 | -6.47 | -0.43 o | -19.92 • | -5.95 |
| vowel | -103.51 | -103.65 | -15.15 \circ | -292.68 • | -121.50 • |
| waveform- 5000 | -49.76 | -46.96 | -0.12 o | -165.15 • | -55.58 • |
| ZOO | -45.13 | -40.46 | -19.36 0 | -111.23 • | -50.10 |
| Average | -46.16 | -47.34 | -15.71 | -75.48 | -46.37 |

 $\circ,\, \bullet$ statistically significant improvement or degradation

Chapter 4

Conclusion

Do result discussion stuff

Appendix A

JavaDoc

CDC04 TeXDoclet

Christopher McKee

 $March\ 19,\ 2017$

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Class Hierarchy

Classes

- \bullet java.lang. Object
 - $\bullet \ cdc04.StateAnalyser \ {\tiny \scriptsize (in\ 1.1,\ page\ 3)}$
 - $\bullet \ we ka. classifiers. Abstract Classifier$
 - $\bullet \ we ka. classifiers. Single Classifier Enhancer \\$
 - \bullet weka.classifiers.meta. Project
Classifier $_{\rm (in~2.1,~page~5)}$

Chapter 1

Package cdc04

| Package Contents | Page |
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| Classes | |
| StateAnalyser | |
| Class written to record a series of Weka instances, and to | determine differ- |
| ences between them. | |

1.1 Class StateAnalyser

Class written to record a series of Weka instances, and to determine differences between them.

1.1.1 Declaration

```
public class StateAnalyser
  extends java.lang.Object implements java.io.Serializable
```

1.1.2 Constructor summary

StateAnalyser() Constructs a new instance with no recorded instances

1.1.3 Method summary

addInstances(Instances) Adds an Instances object to be tracked getNumberDifferences() Returns an integer representation of the number of rows which have changed between the previous two iterations of the classifier A negative return values shows that the number of differences could not be calculated, since there are not at least two iterations present.

getNumberIterations() Returns the number of instances which are currently contained in the tracker for analysis

1.1.4 Constructors

• StateAnalyser

public StateAnalyser()

- Description

Constructs a new instance with no recorded instances

1.1.5 Methods

• addInstances

public void addInstances (weka.core.Instances toAdd)

Description

Adds an Instances object to be tracked

- Parameters
 - * toAdd Instances object to be added

\bullet getNumberDifferences

```
public int getNumberDifferences()
```

- Description

Returns an integer representation of the number of rows which have changed between the previous two iterations of the classifier A negative return values shows that the number of differences could not be calculated, since there are not at least two iterations present.

• getNumberIterations

```
public int getNumberIterations()
```

- Description

Returns the number of instances which are currently contained in the tracker for analysis

- **Returns** - the current number of recorded instances

Chapter 2

Package weka.classifiers.meta

| Package C | Contents | Page |
|-------------------|---|------|
| Classes | | |
| \mathbf{Projec} | tClassifier | 5 |
| | A classifier which is iteratively trained, imputing missing values into copie | s |
| | of the training data until no further change is observed. | |

2.1 Class ProjectClassifier

A classifier which is iteratively trained, imputing missing values into copies of the training data until no further change is observed. Builds one learner per attribute, and therefore can take quite a while to run. Valid options are:

```
-W classifier
```

Full path to the target classifier to use, e.g. weka.classifiers.trees.J48

-S

Defines whether or not the classifier will impute a value for the class attribute as it trains.

-R

If set, the classifiers will be trained with any missing arguments filled in by random data. The classifier will then only iterate once.

-M integer

Sets the maximum number of times that a particular classifier will iterate before determining that it is trained.

Options after – are passed to the currently selected classifier.

2.1.1 Declaration

public class ProjectClassifier

extends weka. classifiers. Single Classifier Enhancer **implements** weka. classifiers. Iterative Classifier

2.1.2 Constructor summary

ProjectClassifier() Constructor

2.1.3 Method summary

```
buildClassifier(Instances) Builds a set of classifiers based on the training data.
classifierOptionsTipText() Tip text to be displayed in the GUI for this property
classifyInstance(Instance) Classifies an instance.
defaultClassifierString() String describing default classifier.
distributionForInstance(Instance) Returns class probabilities for an instance.
done() Method called when iteration has terminated.
getCapabilities() Returns default capabilities of the classifier.
getClassifierOptions() Gets classifier options
getMaxIterations() Get the value of m_MaxIterations
getNumHiddenVariables()
getOptions() Gets the current settings of the Classifier.
getRandomData() Get the value of m_RandomData
getSupervised() Get the value of m_Supervised
globalInfo() Global information about the class
initializeClassifier(Instances) Makes copies of the training data which can be
   mutated, and initialise the array of Classifier objects
listOptions() Returns an enumeration describing the available options.
main(String[]) Main method for testing this class.
maxIterationsTipText() Tip text to be displayed in the GUI for this property
next() Retrains each of the classifiers, then attempts to impute missing data in a
   copy of the training data.
numHiddenVariablesTipText()
randomDataTipText() Tip text to be displayed in the GUI for this property
setClassifierOptions(String[]) Sets classifier options
setMaxIterations(int) Set the value of m_MaxIterations.
setNumHiddenVariables(int)
setOptions(String[]) Parses a given list of options.
setRandomData(boolean) Set the value of m_RandomData
setSupervised(boolean) Set the value of m_Supervised
supervisedTipText() Tip text to be displayed in the GUI for this property
```

2.1.4 Constructors

• ProjectClassifier

```
public ProjectClassifier()
```

- Description

Constructor

2.1.5 Methods

• buildClassifier

public void buildClassifier(weka.core.Instances instances)
 throws java.lang.Exception

- Description

Builds a set of classifiers based on the training data. These are iteratively trained on copies of the data.

- Parameters
 - * instances the Instances object which comprises the training data
- Throws
 - * java.lang.Exception exception thrown is raised to a Weka error handler

• classifierOptionsTipText

```
public java.lang.String classifierOptionsTipText()
```

- Description

Tip text to be displayed in the GUI for this property

- **Returns** tip text to be displayed in the GUI
- classifyInstance

```
public double classifyInstance(weka.core.Instance instance)
    throws java.lang.Exception
```

- Description

Classifies an instance.

- Parameters
 - * instance the instance to classify
- **Returns** the classification for the instance
- Throws
 - * java.lang.Exception if instance can't be classified successfully

• defaultClassifierString

```
protected java.lang.String defaultClassifierString()
```

- Description

String describing default classifier.

• distributionForInstance

public double[] distributionForInstance(weka.core.Instance
 instance) throws java.lang.Exception

- Description

Returns class probabilities for an instance.

- Parameters
 - * instance the instance to calculate the class probabilities for
- Returns the class probabilities
- Throws
 - * java.lang.Exception if distribution can't be computed successfully

• done

```
public void done () throws java.lang.Exception
```

- Description

Method called when iteration has terminated. Imputes class values if m_Supervised is set.

• getCapabilities

```
public weka.core.Capabilities getCapabilities()
```

- Description

Returns default capabilities of the classifier.

- **Returns** - the capabilities of this classifier

$\bullet \ getClassifierOptions$

```
public java.lang.String[] getClassifierOptions()
```

- Description

Gets classifier options

- Returns - array of String objects to be passed to each classifier

• getMaxIterations

```
public int getMaxIterations()
```

- Description

Get the value of m_MaxIterations

- **Returns** - value of m_MaxIterations

• getNumHiddenVariables

```
public int getNumHiddenVariables()
```

• getOptions

```
public java.lang.String[] getOptions()
```

- Description

Gets the current settings of the Classifier.

- Returns - an array of strings suitable for passing to setOptions

\bullet getRandomData

```
public boolean getRandomData()
```

- Description

Get the value of m_RandomData

- Returns - value of m_RandomData

• getSupervised

```
public boolean getSupervised()
```

- Description

Get the value of m_Supervised

- Returns - value of m_Supervised

• globalInfo

```
public java.lang.String globalInfo()
```

- Description

Global information about the class

- Returns - information about the classifier which is displayed in the CLI/GUI

• initializeClassifier

public void initializeClassifier(weka.core.Instances instances)
 throws java.lang.Exception

- Description

Makes copies of the training data which can be mutated, and initialise the array of Classifier objects

- Parameters
 - * instances the training data

• listOptions

public java.util.Enumeration listOptions()

- Description

Returns an enumeration describing the available options.

- **Returns** - an enumeration of all the available options.

• main

public static void main(java.lang.String[] args)

- Description

Main method for testing this class.

- Parameters
 - * args the options

• maxIterationsTipText

public java.lang.String maxIterationsTipText()

- Description

Tip text to be displayed in the GUI for this property

- **Returns** - tip text to be displayed in the GUI

• next

public boolean next() throws java.lang.Exception

- Description

Retrains each of the classifiers, then attempts to impute missing data in a copy of the training data. Does not iterate again if the results of current iteration match the results of the previous iteration, or the max number of iterations has been reached. - **Returns** - true if another iteration should be performed, otherwise false.

$\bullet \ numHidden Variables Tip Text \\$

```
public java.lang.String numHiddenVariablesTipText()
```

$\bullet \ random Data Tip Text \\$

```
public java.lang.String randomDataTipText()
```

- Description

Tip text to be displayed in the GUI for this property

- Returns - tip text to be displayed in the GUI

• setClassifierOptions

```
public void setClassifierOptions(java.lang.String[]
    classifierOptions)
```

- Description

Sets classifier options

- Parameters
 - * classifierOptions array of String objects to be passed to each classifier

• setMaxIterations

```
public void setMaxIterations(int maxIterations)
```

- Description

Set the value of m_MaxIterations. Defaults to Integer.MAX_VALUE if value less than 0 is supplied.

- Parameters
 - * maxIterations new value of m_MaxIterations

• setNumHiddenVariables

```
public void setNumHiddenVariables(int numHiddenVariables)
```

• setOptions

```
public void setOptions(java.lang.String[] options) throws java.
lang.Exception
```

- Description

Parses a given list of options. Valid options are:

-W classifier

Full path to the target classifier to use, e.g. weka.classifiers.trees.J48

-8

Defines whether or not the classifier will impute a value for the class attribute as it trains.

-R

If set, the classifiers will be trained with any missing arguments filled in by random data. The classifier will then only iterate once.

-M integer

Sets the maximum number of times that a particular classifier will iterate before determining that it is trained.

Options after – are passed to the currently selected classifier.

- Parameters

* options – The list of options as an array of Strings

- Throws

* java.lang.Exception - if an option is not supported

• setRandomData

public void setRandomData(boolean randomData)

- Description

Set the value of m_RandomData

- Parameters

* randomData - new value of m_RandomData

\bullet setSupervised

public void setSupervised(boolean supervised)

- Description

Set the value of m_Supervised

- Parameters

* supervised - the new value of m_Supervised

• supervisedTipText

public java.lang.String supervisedTipText()

- Description

Tip text to be displayed in the GUI for this property

- **Returns** - tip text to be displayed in the GUI

2.1.6 Members inherited from class SingleClassifierEnhancer

weka.classifiers.SingleClassifierEnhancer

- public String classifierTipText()
- protected String defaultClassifierOptions()
- protected String defaultClassifierString()
- public Capabilities getCapabilities()
- public Classifier getClassifier()
- protected String getClassifierSpec()
- public String getOptions()
- public Enumeration listOptions()
- protected m_Classifier
- public void postExecution() throws java.lang.Exception
- public void preExecution() throws java.lang.Exception
- public void setClassifier(Classifier arg0)
- public void setOptions(java.lang.String[] arg0) throws java.lang.Exception

Members inherited from class AbstractClassifier 2.1.7

weka.classifiers.AbstractClassifier

- public static BATCH_SIZE_DEFAULT
- public String batchSizeTipText()
- public double classifyInstance(weka.core.Instance arg0) throws java.lang.Exception
- public String debugTipText()
- public double distributionForInstance(weka.core.Instance arg0) throws java.lang.Exception
- public double distributionsForInstances(weka.core.Instances arg0) throws java.lang.Exception
- public String doNotCheckCapabilitiesTipText()
- public static Classifier forName(java.lang.String arg0, java.lang.String[] ${
 m arg1})$ throws java.lang.Exception
- public String getBatchSize()public Capabilities getCapabilities()
- public boolean getDebug()
- public boolean getDoNotCheckCapabilities()
- public int getNumDecimalPlaces()
- public String getOptions()
- public String getRevision()
- public boolean implementsMoreEfficientBatchPrediction()
- public Enumeration listOptions()
- protected m_BatchSize
- protected m_Debug
- protected m_DoNotCheckCapabilities
- protected m_numDecimalPlaces
- public static Classifier makeCopies(Classifier arg0, int arg1) throws java.lang.Exception
- public static Classifier makeCopy(Classifier arg0) throws java.lang.Exception
- public static NUM_DECIMAL_PLACES_DEFAULT
- public String numDecimalPlacesTipText()
- public void postExecution() throws java.lang.Exception public void preExecution() throws java.lang.Exception
- public void run(java.lang.Object arg0, java.lang.String[] arg1) throws java.lang.Exception
- public static void runClassifier(Classifier arg0, java.lang.String[] arg1)
- public void setBatchSize(java.lang.String arg0)
- public void setDebug(boolean arg0)
- public void setDoNotCheckCapabilities(boolean arg0)
- public void setNumDecimalPlaces(int arg0)
- public void setOptions(java.lang.String[] arg0) throws java.lang.Exception