Steinhart-Hart Equation

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Overview

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The Equation

- The Steinhart—Hart equation is a model of the resistence of a thermistor at different temperatures.
- It is defined as:

$$\frac{1}{\tau} = w_1 + w_2 \ln(R) + w_3 (\ln(R))^3$$

where

 w_1, w_2, w_3 are the Steinhart-Hart coefficients, τ is the temperature in Kelvin and, R is the resistence in Ω

Matrix Transformation

■ The equation can be transformed into matrices in the following way

$$\mathbf{x_1} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ ln(R) \\ (ln(R))^3 \end{bmatrix}, \mathbf{w} = \begin{bmatrix} w_1 \\ w_2 \\ w_3 \end{bmatrix}, \ y_1 = \frac{1}{\tau_1}$$

From this, we get:

$$y_1 = \mathbf{x_1}^T \mathbf{w}$$

..contd.

■ For n>3:

$$\mathbf{y} = \begin{bmatrix} y_1 \\ y_2 \\ \vdots \\ y_n \end{bmatrix}, \mathbf{X}^T = \begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{x_1} & \mathbf{x_2} & \dots & \mathbf{x_n} \end{bmatrix}$$

Hence, we have

$$y = Xw$$

Least Squares approach

- The Steinhart-Hart coefficients can be derived using measurements of Resistence and Temperature
- To get the best possible values of the coefficients, we adopted the ordinary least squares(OLS) approach.

$$f(x,\beta) = \sum_{j=1}^{m} \beta_j \phi_j(x)$$

where the function ϕ_j is a function of x

■ Take $X_{ij} = \phi_j(x_i)$

Least Squares approach (contd.)

- The matrix X is known as the design matrix and encodes all known information about the independent variables.
- It is possible to find optimal coefficients through the method of least squares using simple matrix operations. In particular, the optimal coefficients $\hat{\beta}$ as estimated by least squares can be written as follows:

$$\boldsymbol{\hat{eta}} = (\mathbf{X}^T\mathbf{X})^{-1}\mathbf{X}^T\mathbf{y}$$

■ This is the Optimum value of β which can be used to estimate $y = f(x, \beta)$ with the least possible error.

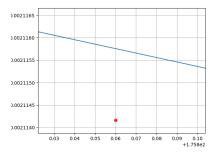


Figure: Difference

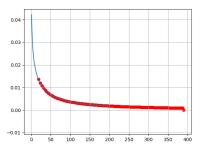


Figure: Model Vs Data Points

| | 100.0 |
|-----|--------|
| 80 | 130.9 |
| 90 | 134.71 |
| 100 | 138.51 |
| 110 | 142.29 |
| 120 | 146.07 |
| 130 | 149.83 |
| 140 | 153.58 |
| 150 | 157.33 |
| 160 | 161.05 |
| 170 | 164.77 |
| 180 | 168.48 |
| 190 | 172.17 |
| 200 | 175.86 |
| 210 | 179.53 |
| 220 | 183.19 |
| 230 | 186.84 |
| 240 | 190.47 |
| 250 | 194.1 |
| 260 | 197.71 |

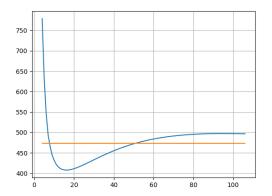


Figure: Data