Blob and File, what is that?

THE HTML5 FILE API SPECIFICATION INTRODUCES SEVERAL NEW INTERFACES

- The FileList interface(we already met it: the files property is a FileList),
- the File interface(the file variable in the for loop of the last example is of that type) that is useful for getting details about a file,
- the Blob interfacehelps read binary data (only) that is accessed slice by slice (as chunks of data, each one is a "Blob"),
- and a FileReader interface for reading file content (we will see how to use it in the next section of the course),

We will not use all of these new interfaces, but let's explain the difference

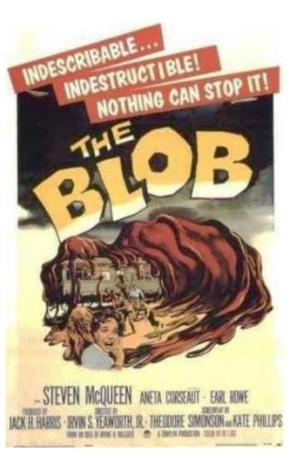
between Blob and File, as most of the methods exposed by the FileReader interface take indifferently a Blobor a File as parameter.



THE BLOB OBJECT

An object of type Blob is a structure that represents binary data available as read-only. Most of the time, you will encounter these objects only when you handle files.

Blob objects have two properties named size and type which respectively retrieve the size in bytes of the data handled by the Blob and their MIME type.



There is also a method called <code>slice()</code>, but this is not used in common applications. If you are curious, check the "slicing a file" section of this "Reading files in JavaScript using the File APIs" article.

THE FILE OBJECT

File objects are useful for manipulating... files! They inherit the properties and methods of Blob objects, and have two additional properties that arename, for the file name, and lastModifiedDate to get the date of the last modification of the file (in the form of a JavaScript Date object, obviously).



Most of the time, we will work with File objects. Blob objects will have real interest when the Filesystem API is widely available (at the moment there is only an experimental version in Chrome), or when you download binary files using Ajax (see example below). This last API will be covered in the HTML5 part-2 course.

[Advanced] Just for those of you that would like to see howBlob objects can be used, here is an example "as is" that shows how to download an image using Xhr2 (Xml Http Request version 2), the examples uses a progress> element to show the download progress, and uses xhr.responseType = 'blob'; to indicate that the file we are going to download is a binary file (a blob). Try the example, then comment the line with responseType='blob'. In that case, you will notice that the image file is not properly decoded by the browser and is not displayed in the page. Xhr2 will be covered in the HTML5 part-2 course.