

Here is the discussion forum for this part of the course. You can post your comments and share your creations here, and of course ask questions.

Let us suggest some topics of discussion and optional projects:

SUGGESTED TOPICS

- Why do we always mention "smooth animation" with 60 frames/s (note that in Europe, it was 50 frames/s for a long time)?
- When should we use `setTimeout` or `setInterval` instead of the brand new super duper `requestAnimationFrame`? Please make some guesses or if you know why, try to give examples and share your experiences in the forum. The optional projects below will help.

OPTIONAL PROJECTS

Here are a few project ideas. Your classmates and the team who prepared the course will all be glad to try them and give some feedback. Please post URLs in this discussion forum. These projects are optional, meaning that they won't be graded.

- **Project 1 (easy):** You created a monster, or a small drawing during Week 3: now please animate it! For example, make it move horizontally on the screen and bounce when it hits a vertical border.
- **Project 2 (easy):** Change the color of your drawing every 0.5s. Professionals would do that using the `timeStamp` parameter passed to the function called by `requestAnimationFrame`, and do some computations, etc. But this is for advanced users. Others will simply use `requestAnimationFrame` for the smooth shape movements at 60 frames/s (using `translate`, `rotate` and `increments`, as shown in the course), and will use `setInterval`, for example for calling another function every 0.5s, or every second, that could change a color, a speed, etc.
- **Project 3 (easy):** Run several animations at the same time (beware not to clear the canvas in all of them during each animation loop, one clear is

enough). You can also have multiple calls to `setInterval`. Try and learn from experience. Then discuss your findings in the forum.

- **Project 4 (easy): Implement motion blur for free!** Instead of using `clearRect(...)` for clearing the canvas content, please comment this line and replace it by drawing a filled rectangle of the size of the canvas, that has some transparency. Use the following two lines, for example:

```
//ctx.clearRect(0, 0, canvas.width, canvas.height);  
// Next line sets the color for filled shapes.  
// We will use transparency here to create a blurred effect.  
// Try different values for the last param (transparency): 0.05,  
0.01, etc.
```

```
ctx.fillStyle = "rgba(0, 240, 240, 0.2)";
```

```
ctx.fillRect (0, 0, width, height);
```

```
//It will erase the canvas content using color defined above.
```