Workshop 8

Import modules

```
from datetime import datetime import pandas as pd import matplotlib.pyplot as pyplot
```

Consider the following data points:

date	tick_numbers
2016-05-01 10:23:05.06972	22 3213
2016-05-01 10:23:05.11999	94 4324
2016-05-02 10:23:05.17876	58 2132
2016-05-02 10:23:05.23007	71 43242
2016-05-02 10:23:05.23007	71 4234
2016-05-02 10:23:05.28059	92 4234
2016-05-03 10:23:05.33266	52 4324
2016-05-03 10:23:05.38510)9 1245
2016-05-04 10:23:05.43652	23 1555
2016-05-04 10:23:05.48687	77 543345

Create a dataframe 'ts'

ts=

print ts

date tick_numbers				
0	2016-05-01 10:23:05.069722	3213		
1	2016-05-01 10:23:05.119994	4324		
2	2016-05-02 10:23:05.178768	2132		
3	2016-05-02 10:23:05.230071	43242		
4	2016-05-02 10:23:05.230071	4234		
5	2016-05-02 10:23:05.280592	4234		
6	2016-05-03 10:23:05.332662	4324		
7	2016-05-03 10:23:05.385109	1245		
8	2016-05-04 10:23:05.436523	1555		
9	2016-05-04 10:23:05.486877	543345		

Convert ts['date'] from string to datetime. You can use ts.index.

ts.index=

Delete useless column with the command del 用del命令删除无用的列

del				
print ts				
In [17], print to				
In [17]: print ts tick_numbers				
date				
2016-05-01 10:23:05.069722	3213			
2016-05-01 10:23:05.119994	4324			
2016-05-02 10:23:05.178768	2132			
2016-05-02 10:23:05.230071	43242			
2016-05-02 10:23:05:230071	4234			
2016-05-02 10:23:05:280592	4234			
2016-05-03 10:23:05.332662	4324			
2016-05-03 10:23:05.385109	1245			
2016-05-04 10:23:05.436523	1555			
2016-05-04 10:23:05.486877	543345			
	4.5			
Print all data from 2016				
Print all data from Ma	v 2016			
	5 -0 -0			
Data after May 3rd, 2016				
- mon mason 1 any 01 m, = 0 ± 0				

Remove all the data after May 2^{nd} , 2016 using truncate

Count the number of data per timestamp		
Mean value of ticks per day. You will use resample with a period of D and a method of mean.		
Total value ticks per day. You will use sum and a period of D		
Plot of the total of ticks per day		
1 10t 01 the total of tiens per day		

Create another dataframe

```
np.random.seed(12345)
# create a dictionary
# df['ARCA'] = store np.random.randint(low=20000, high=30000, size=62)
# df['BARX'] = store np.random.randint(low=20000, high=30000, size=62)
# index = pd.date_range('4/1/2012', '6/1/2012')
# create the dataframe with the 3 components above

Print (df)
```

pd.DataFrame(volume,index=index).head()		
Out[90]:		
ARCA BARX		
2012-04-01 24578 28633		
2012-04-02 22177 26542		
2012-04-03 23492 26554		
2012-04-04 24094 21707		
2012-04-05 24478 25568		
Truncate the dataframe to get data (before='2012-04-04',after='2012-05-24')		
Change the offset of the dataframe by pd.DateOffset(months=1, days=1)		
Shift the dataframe by 1 day		
Lag a variable 1 day		
Aggregate into 2W-SUN (bi-weekly starting by Sunday) by summing up the value of each daily volumw		

Aggregate into weeks by averaging up the value of each daily volume