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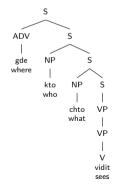
Assembling Syntax: Modeling Constituent Questions in a Grammar Engineering Framework

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The Grammar Matrix: Questionnaire – Analysis – Semantics

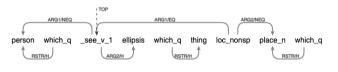
(1) Gde kto chto vidit?
where who.NOM what.ACC see.3sG
'Who sees what?'[rus]



Choices regarding the position of question phrases

Question phrases can appear at the left edge of the sentence regardless of the position the questioned constituent would appear in (Who did you see? I know who you saw etc.):

- Only one question phrase can be fronted
- All question phrases can be fronted
- Question phrases cannot be fronted (stay in situ)



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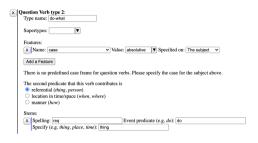
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Wh-questions in the Matrix



Constituent questions in the Matrix

- ► New library¹
- ► Typological scope:²
 - Position of question phrase
 - Fronting, in situ
 - Fronting optionality
 - Morphological marking
 - Question particles
 - Position
 - Optionality
 - Question words
 - ► Including interrogative verbs³



Chukchi interrogative verb specification

(2) req-ərkən-əm ekək
do.what-PROG-EMPH son-ABS
'What is the son doing?' [ckt] 4



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König and Siemund 2007; Hagège 2008; Miyagawa 1987, inter alia

Mackenzie 2009

Assembling fronting

Specification	Types	Core?	New?	Custom features
single oblig. front.	wh-ques-phrase	no	yes	SLASH < >
	subj-, obj-, adj-ex.	no	no	none
multi oblig. front.	wh-ques-phrase	no	yes	HDR QUE < >
				MODIFIED hasmod
	subj-, obj-, adj-ex.	no	no	none
single opt. front.	wh-ques-phrase	no	yes	SLASH < >
	in-sutu-phrase	no	yes	none
	subj-, obj-, adj-ex.	no	no	none
multi opt. front.	wh-ques-phrase	no	yes	MODIFIED hasmod
	in-sutu-phrase	no	yes	HDR L-QUE –
	subj-, obj-, adj-ex.	no	no	HDR L-QUE -
in situ (no front.)	in-sutu-phrase	no	yes	none

The position of question phrases customization summary

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Assembling pied piping

Wh-questions in	

Specification	Types	Core?	New?	Custom features
oblig. noun	wh-pronoun-lex	yes	yes	none
opt. noun	ex-det-phrase	no	yes	none
oblig. adp.	ex-comp-phrase	no	no	HDR HEAD +nvjrcdmo
opt. adp.	ex-comp-phrase	no	no	none
opt. noun oblig. adp.	ex-det-phrase ex-comp-phrase	no no	yes no	none HDR $ HEAD $ +nvjrcdmo

Pied piping customization summary

Assembling particles

Specification	Types	Core?	New?	Custom features
clause-final or init.	qpart-comp-lex	no	no	none
	head-comp-phrase	yes	no	INIT
2nd pos.	ques-clitic-lex	no	yes	none
	non-local	yes	no	YNQ
	basic-binary-phrase	yes	no	L-PERIPH
	int-cl-phrase	no	yes	none
	in-situ-phrase	no	yes	none
obligatory	in-situ-phrase	no	yes	MC -
only in embed.	qpart-comp-lex	no	no	MC 1
				COMPS MC 1
only in polar	qpart-comp-lex	no	no	WH BOOL -
	ques-clitic-lex	no	yes	

 $\\Question\ particles\ customization\ summary$

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Assembling morphological marking

Specification	Types	Core?	New?	Custom features
Same mkg	interrog-lex-rule	no	yes	none
for polar and wh-	indicative-lex-rule	no	yes	none
Separate paradigms	indicative-lex-rule	no	yes	none
	polar-lex-rule	no	yes	none
	wh-subj-lex-rule	no	yes	none
	wh-obj-lex-rule	no	yes	none

Morphological question marking customization summary

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Assembling interrogative verbs

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Specification	Types	Core?	New?	Custom features
do/be.what,etc. verb	0		yes	none
go.where,etc. verb	four-rel-itrg-verb	no	yes	none

Interrogative verbs customization summary

Evaluating the constituent questions library

Language	ISO-639-3	Family	Gram. items	Coverage%	Question typology
Apinajé	[apn]	Macro-Jê	17	82.3	single front.
Makah	[myh]	Wakashan	14	78.5	morphological,int. verbs
Pacoh	[pac]	Austroasiatic	26	84.6	single opt. front.
Paresi-Haliti	[pab]	Arawakan	64	56.0	single front., int. verbs
Jalkunan	[bxl]	Mande	33	78.8	in situ, particle, int. verbs

- ✓ Single fronting, particles, morphological marking, interrogative verbs
- X Question words as predicates; variable positioning based on type of word
- Did not come up: Multiple fronting and LDDs

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Evaluating the constituent questions library

Language	ISO-639-3	Family	Gram. items	Coverage%	Handled phenomena
Apinajé	[apn]	Macro-Jê	17	82.3	evidentials, arg. drop,
					clausal modifiers
Makah	[myh]	Wakashan	14	78.5	clausal complements,
					arg. drop
Pacoh	[pac]	Austroasiatic	26	84.6	arg. drop
Paresi-Haliti	[pab]	Arawakan	64	56.0	focus, adnom. poss,
					coordination
Jalkunan	[bxl]	Mande	33	78.8	adnom. poss.

- \checkmark Single fronting, particles, morphological marking, interrogative verbs
- X Question words as predicates; variable positioning based on type of word
- Did not come up: Multiple fronting and LDDs
- Bugs: in interaction with **information structure** and clausal complements libraries

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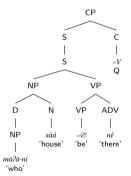
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Wh-questions in the Matrix



A highlight: Two libraries working together

- ▶ The analysis of question pronouns⁵ + the analysis of adnominal possession⁶
 - ► The specification did not consider this particular analysis
 - ► Yet it is the correct prediction 🏆



(3) $m\hat{a}?\bar{a}$ - $n\hat{i}$ $s\hat{a}\hat{a}$ $=\emptyset$ $n\hat{e}$ =V who-INDEP house =be there =Q 'Whose house is that?' [bxl]



www.delph-in.github.io/delphin-viz/demo/



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Wh-questions in the Matrix

⁵ Zamaraeva 2021 6 Nielsen 2018

Bugs, a closer look

- Wh-questions in the Matrix

- Information structure adds and customizes extraction rules
- So does the Wh-q library
 - Maybe only one of them should be doing that
- Matrix is harder to use for languages with no traditional distinction between nouns and verbs
 - or transitive and intransitive verbs
- ► Analysis of clausal complements + questions is awkward
 - ▶ Need to model distinction: think, wonder, know
 - Cannot rely on SF or QUE
 - ► SF is *prop-or-ques* in subi-head, comp-head
 - QUE is only for wh, not for polar, plus it is discharged by filler-gap and in situ phrases
 - Also, our old problem:
 - ► Do you know who Kim saw?
 - Who do you know for certain whether Kim saw them?



References I

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