

# **NESO: NEPTUNE EXPLORATORY SOFTWARE**

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# NESO: High level goals

## Neptune Exploratory Software

Bring together key technologies as foundational building blocks for Neptune in the future

- Nektar++ for its high-p DG/CG capabilities to solve generic PDEs
- NESO-Particles for SYCL-enabled charged and neutral particles
- NESO brings together Nektar++ and NESO-Particles as a mini-app framework for solving the 2D3V electrostatic particle-in-cell (PIC) problem, as a first step.
- This is a first non-trivial physics example with this set of capabilities.

# NESO: Status

## Neptune Exploratory Software

[http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Neso\\_\(moon\)](http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Neso_(moon))

<http://github.com/ExCALIBUR-NEPTUNE/NESO>

- Prototype NEPTUNE code
  - Fluid and/or particles (currently solves 1+1D Vlasov-Poisson using a PIC approach)
  - Implemented in SYCL (both Intel oneAPI and hipSYCL)
  - Can be used as a library of routines for treating particles, and can be built against Nektar++
- Plan: solve plasma system with particles by Q1 2023
  - Spectral/hp on unstructured 2D grids, plus particles in 3D
  - Nektar++ to provide Spectral/hp solvers, grids, challenge is to interface particles with finite elements
- Lessons learnt so far:
  - SYCL is usable, if incomplete (e.g. no `sum_allreduce` onto a vector, needed for depositing particles on grid)
  - “Performance portable” paradigms aren’t portable yet...
    - Toolchains are fragile, implementations are immature, standards are a moving target...
    - Can run on CPUs, AMD GPUs

# Particle-in-cell codes

- On the fastest timescales of MCF plasmas, the particles are considered collisionless.
- We must resolve these fast plasma oscillations and gyro-motion to accurately resolve the region close to the divertor.
- 3D or 2D axisymmetric fluid models do not capture these effects so we must represent that velocity distributions of various species at each location in configuration space, which at the most complete description contains the 3 components of the velocity vector, meaning we end up with a 3D3V or axisymmetric 2D3V problem.
- Particles can be used as a computationally inexpensive way of representing the velocity space at the expense of particle noise.
- If one can write a PIC code then the machinery is there for a neutrals code\*

\*Subject to caveats from Will Saunders' talk.

# PIC-code as a proxy-app

## What does it gives us?

Experience with:

1. High order hybridised-DG & CG Poisson solve
2. GPU enabled particles
3. Interactions between particles on the GPU and fields on the CPU
4. Semi-implicit schemes.

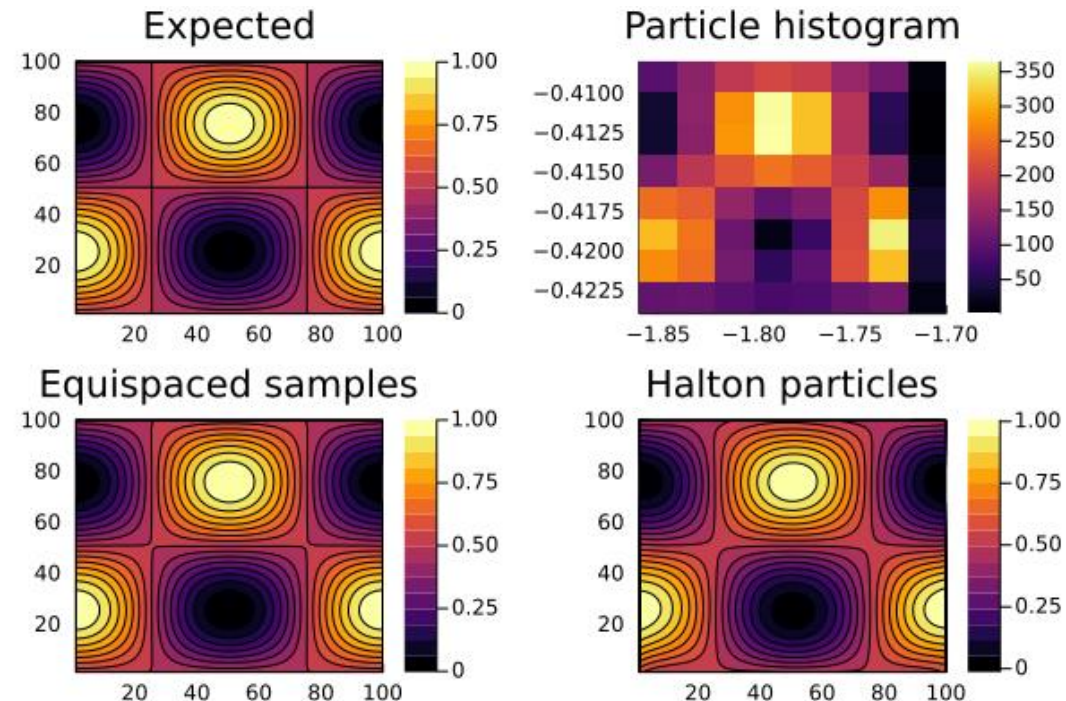
Figure:

*Top left:* expected function in a cell.

*Lower left:* reconstructed function using equi-spaced particles

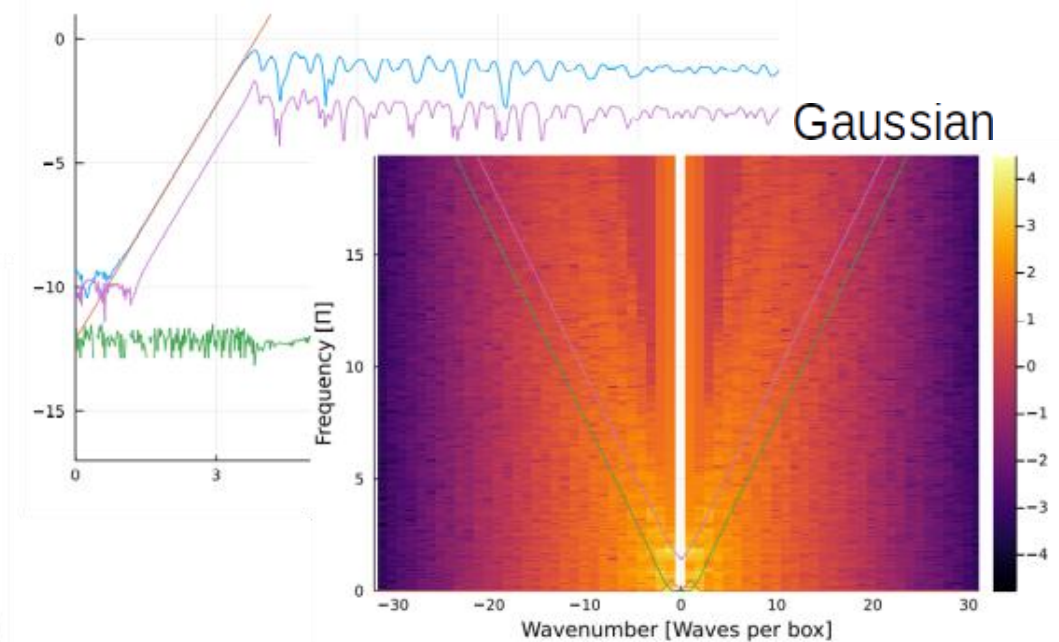
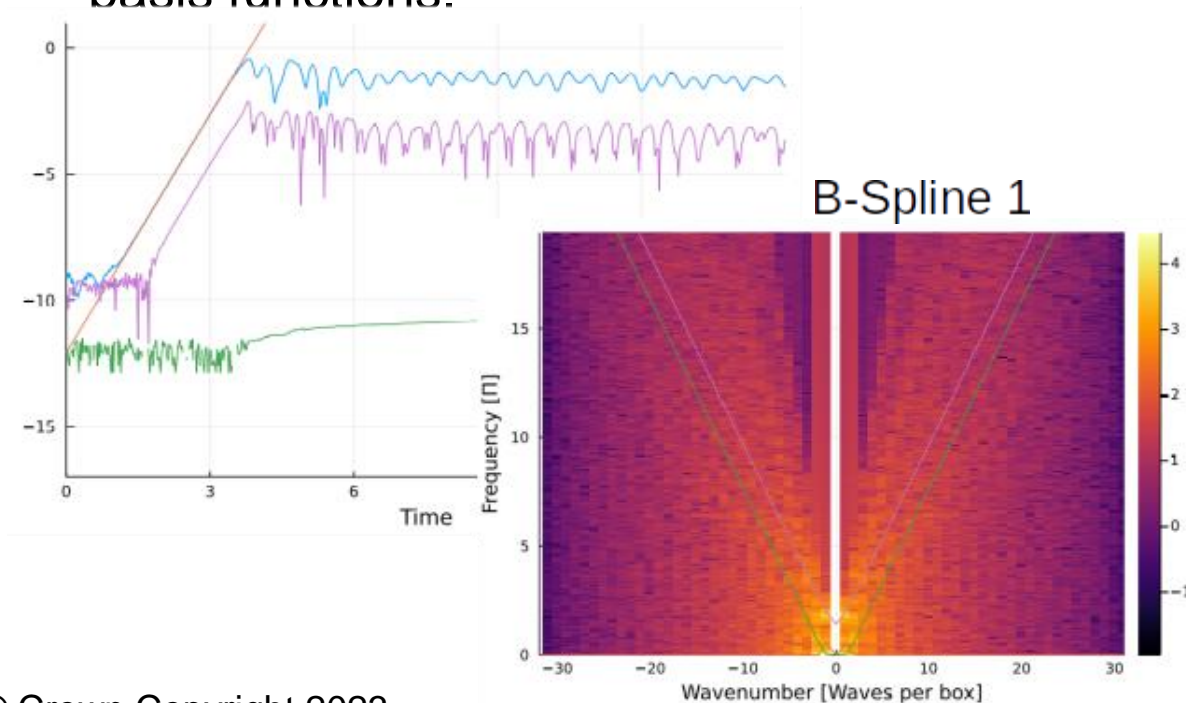
*Top right:* particle histogram with big bins!

*Lower right:* reconstructed function using particles with Halton sequence positions



# Particles & high order finite element basis functions.

- I implemented a 1D electrostatic PIC-(LS)FEM solver with 1st and 2nd degree b-splines and Gaussians as basis functions to check whether noise can be reduced adequately
- Good news! High wavenumber noise is significantly reduced with fields represented by high order basis functions.
- Expected news! The noise is terrible (destroys the physics) for lowest order field basis functions.



# The NESO Repositories

## Software development

**NESO** Public

● C++ MIT 0 1 33 3 Updated 6 days ago



**NESO-Particles** Public

● C++ MIT 1 0 0 0 Updated 9 days ago



**NESO-Spack** Public

Spack repository for installing NESO components and dependencies.

● Python 0 0 0 0 Updated 2 hours ago





















TODO: Use git submodules (or similar) to coordinate these repos

# NESO

## Repo contents

Plenty of standard stuff:

- cmake
- gtest
- github actions (TODO: nektar++ & SYCL Docker image)
- clang-format
- requirements.txt
- src with NESO source code and the nektar++ related code that we will maintain
- test code

 <b>jwscook</b> LICENSE Crown copyright ( <a href="#">#91</a> )	5443856 on 12 Jul	 <b>58</b> commits
 .github	ran black on python dir	3 months ago
 cmake	Add SYCL version ( <a href="#">#53</a> )	3 months ago
 docker	Add SYCL version ( <a href="#">#53</a> )	3 months ago
 docs	Eq System 2-6, Eq 96, 2nd term on LHS ( <a href="#">#77</a> )	3 months ago
 examples/poisson	Added combined solver and poisson inputs from nektar++ ( <a href="#">#59</a> )	3 months ago
 include	lowered boost version, removed tbb linking on fftw path, removed lapa...	3 months ago
 python	ran black on python dir	3 months ago
 scripts	Formatall ( <a href="#">#73</a> )	3 months ago
 src	Removed SYCL_EXTERNAL from functions	3 months ago
 test	add timeout	2 months ago
 .clang-format	Clang format ( <a href="#">#69</a> )	3 months ago
 .gitignore	Clang format ( <a href="#">#69</a> )	3 months ago
 CMakeLists.txt	add timeout	2 months ago
 LICENSE	LICENSE Crown copyright ( <a href="#">#91</a> )	2 months ago
 README.md	Change icpx to dpcpp in README	2 months ago
 requirements.txt	added black to requirements.txt ( <a href="#">#72</a> )	3 months ago



# NESO-Spack

## Building dependencies from scratch

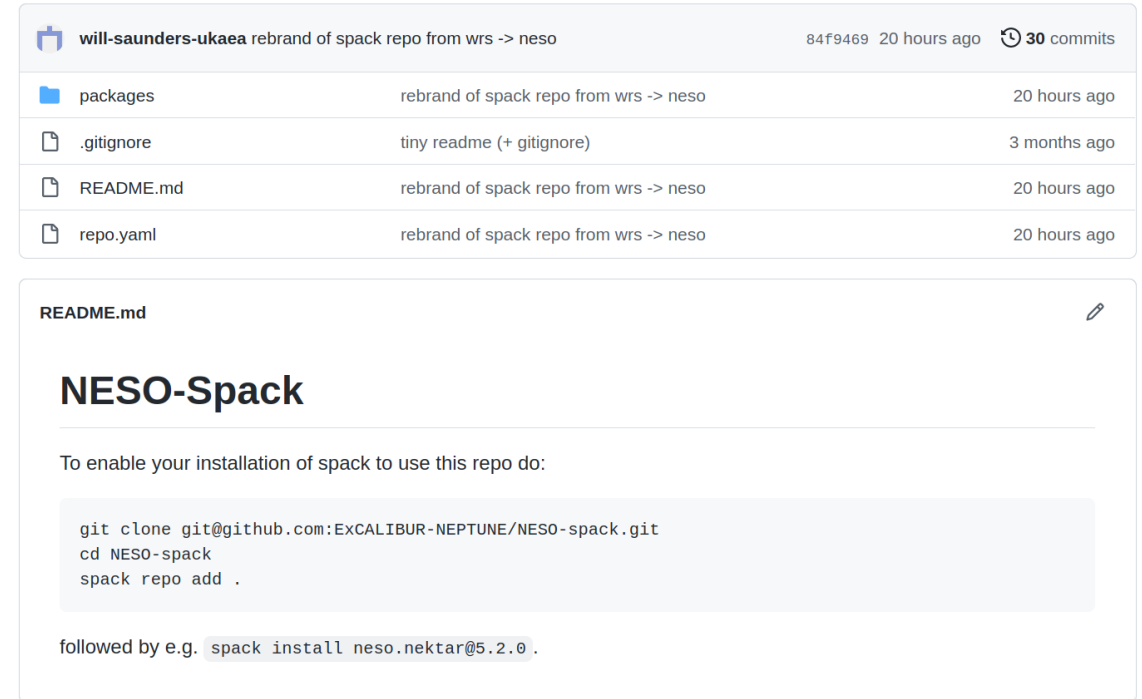
Users are able to build nektar++ against:

- Intel's **oneapi** SYCL implementation
- AMD's **hipsycl** SYCL implementation
- particular compilers, e.g.
  - **gcc@11.2.0**
  - **oneapi@2022.1.0** (i.e. dpcpp / icpx)
- **python** for NekPy
- your choice of MPI e.g. **mpich**

One can make a module file; `module load neso-hipsycl`

```
spack install --keep-stage -j 4 neso.nektar@5.2.0-f1598d ^python ^mpich %gcc@11.2.0
spack install --keep-stage -j 4 neso.hipsycl@0.9.2 %gcc@11.2.0
```

```
spack install --keep-stage -j 4 neso.nektar@5.2.0-f1598d +mk1 %oneapi@2022.1.0 ^intel-
oneapi-mpi %oneapi@2022.1.0 ^intel-oneapi-mkl %oneapi@2022.1.0 ^python
```



The screenshot shows the GitHub repository for NESO-Spack. The repository is a rebrand of the spack repo from wrs to neso, with 84f9469 commit 20 hours ago and 30 commits in total. The file list includes packages, .gitignore, README.md, and repo.yaml, all updated 20 hours ago. The README.md file is displayed, showing the title NESO-Spack and instructions on how to enable installation of spack to use this repo. The instructions include cloning the repository, navigating to the directory, and adding the repository to spack. The README also mentions that the installation can be followed by e.g. `spack install neso.nektar@5.2.0`.

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# NESO TODO

## There's a lot to do

- Continue implement particle-field interactions
- Remove dependence on xml for configuration
- Introduce vector basis functions
- Marry up UI/UX of particle kernels with field configuration for users
- Build new operators in Nektar++ e.g. directional derivatives
- Retire our FFT solve in favour of Nektar++ solves
- Documentation
- Make the build process SYCL, Nektar++ and dependencies more robust and portable
- Performance testing of Particles and Nektar++
- Collision operators
- Incorporate neutral particles
- Particle diagnostics
- Visualisation
- A proper DSL for user interaction
- Python wrapping

# FIN

## UKAEA NEPTUNE:

Rob Akers  
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