

Technische Universität München

## BGCE Project: CAD – Integrated Topology Optimization

BGCE Second Milestone Meeting

S. Joshi, J.C. Medina, F. Menhorn,  
S. Reiz, B. R  th, E. Wannerberg, A. Yurova

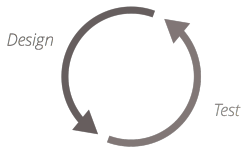
November 5, 2015



# Contents

# Motivation

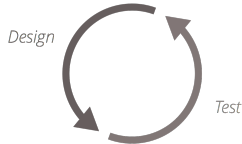
Current Design Process:



- Iterative and redundant
- Time consuming

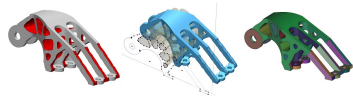
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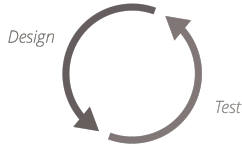
## Topology optimization



- Promoted by additive manufacturing

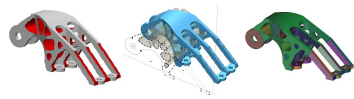
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## Current Design Process:



- Iterative and redundant
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## Topology optimization



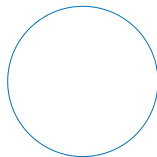
- Promoted by additive manufacturing

## Focus:

Convert optimized geometry to **lightweight** and **scalable** CAD formats

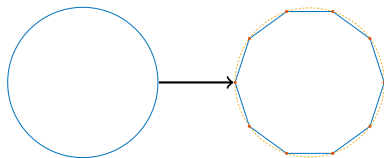
# Workflow Overview

CAD design



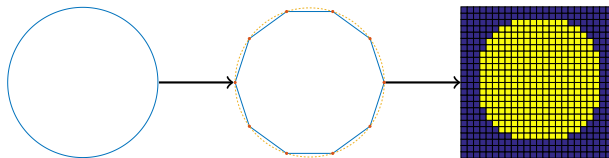
# Workflow Overview

## STL interface



# Workflow Overview

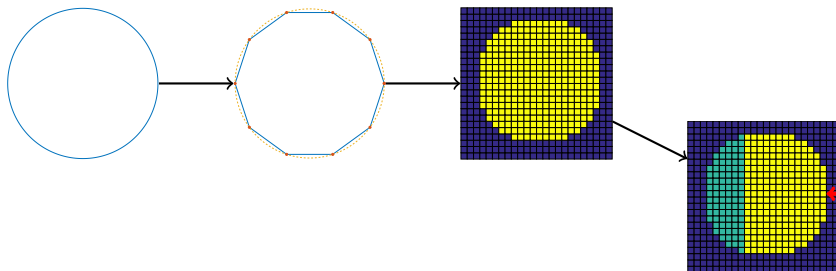
Voxelized topology





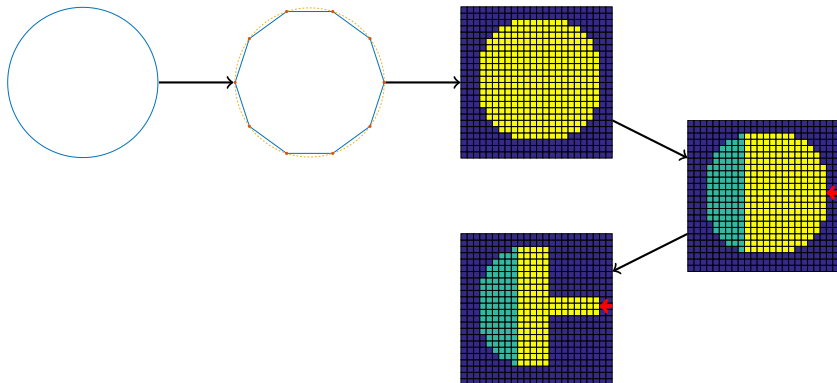
# Workflow Overview

Specification of loads and fixtures



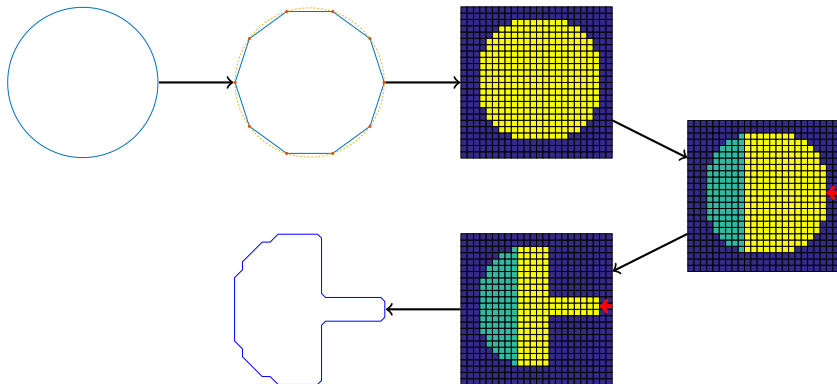
# Workflow Overview

Optimized topology



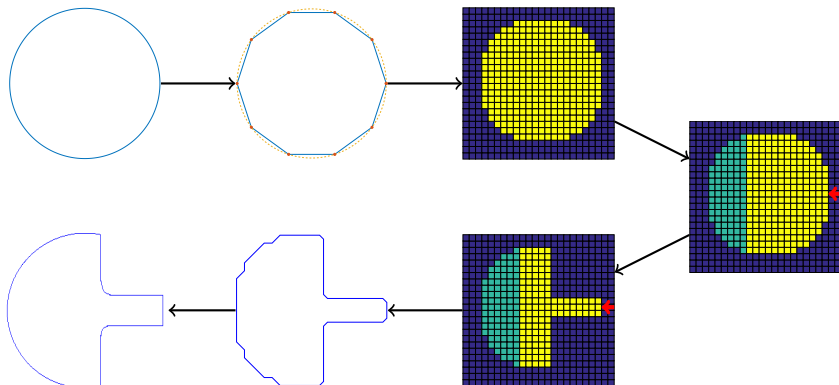
# Workflow Overview

## Surface extraction



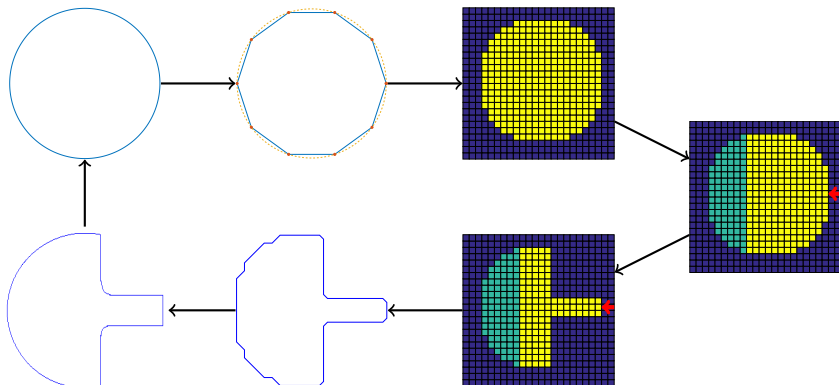
# Workflow Overview

## Parametrized CAD-geometries



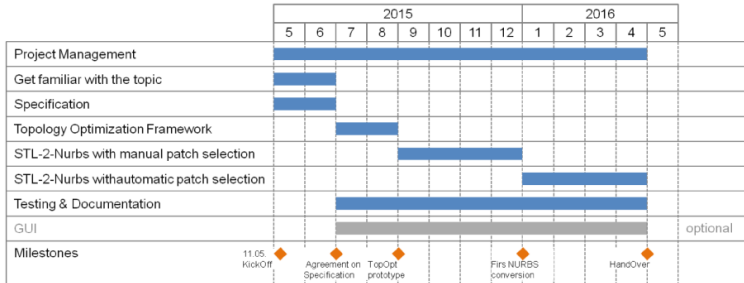
# Workflow Overview

Iterative design process



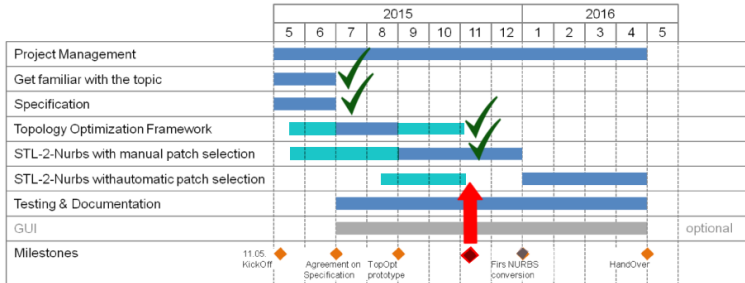
# Schedule & Milestones

## Schedule:



# Schedule & Milestones

## Schedule: (current)



# Divide and Conquer

**Project Manager**



Benjamin Rüth



Erik Wannerberg

**Team Leader**










Friedrich Menhorn Saumitra Joshi Severin Reiz Juan Carlos Medina Erik Wannerberg

**C++ Implementation**




Benjamin Rüth Anna Yurova

**Surface Fitting**

Friedrich Menhorn Saumitra Joshi Severin Reiz

**Topology Optimization**




Benjamin Rüth Juan Carlos Medina

**Surface Extraction**

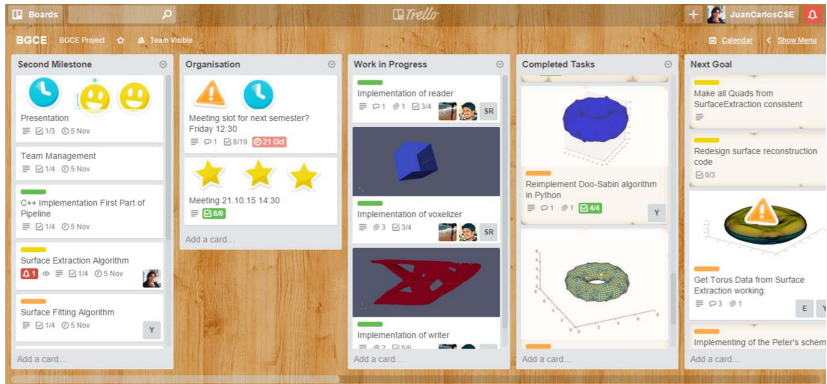



Erik Wannerberg Anna Yurova

**Surface Fitting**



# Project management



# Contents

# Status

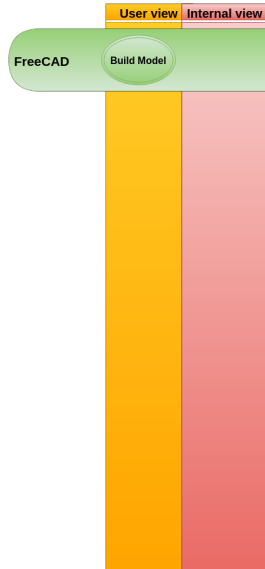
## Last milestone

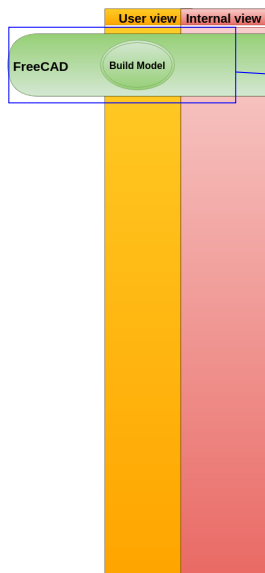
- ✓ Manual voxelization using CVMLCPP
- ✓ "Hard coded" script for ToPy input
- ✓ Topology optimized geometry using ToPy
- ✗ Recognition of boundary conditions

## Today

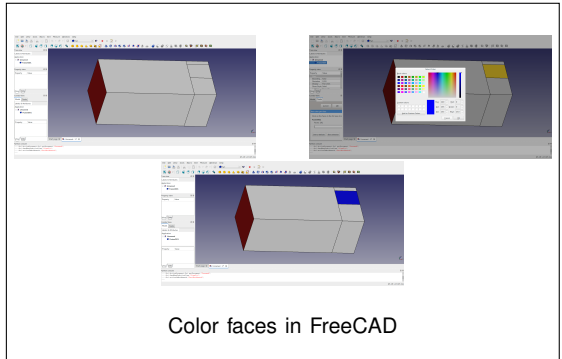
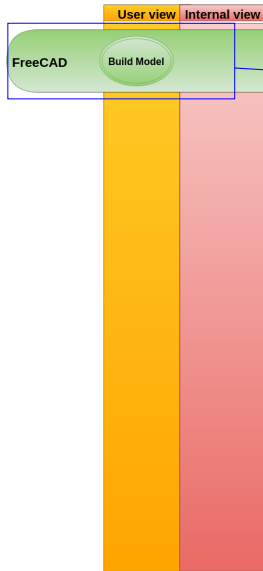
- ✓ Voxelization with OpenCascade
- ✓ Extraction of loads, fixtures and active elements through colouring
- ✓ Automatic "one click" pipeline to surface reconstruction

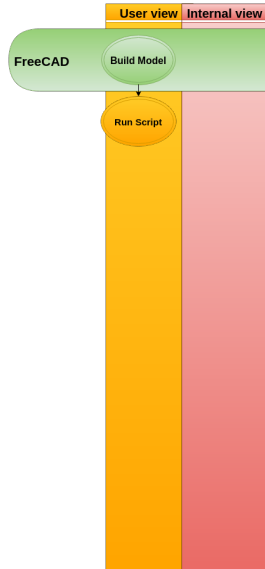
User view	Internal view



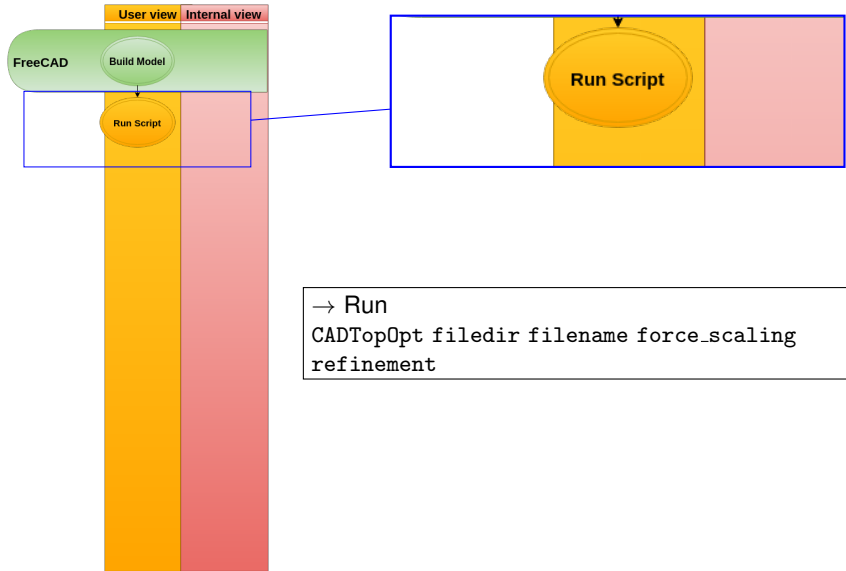


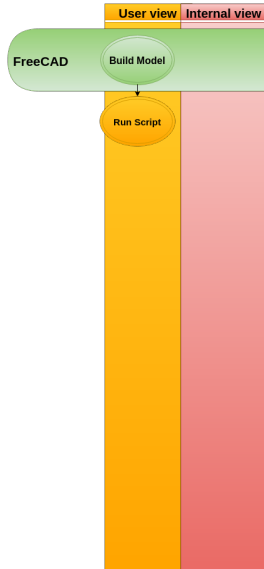
- Model geometry in your favorite CAD tool
- Colour faces for boundary conditions
  - Red** Fixture
  - Green** Active
  - RGB** RGB value in  $[0 \leq R < 255, 0 \leq G < 255, 0 \leq B < 255]$  for load vector
- Save model as STEP with Colours and IGES with Colours

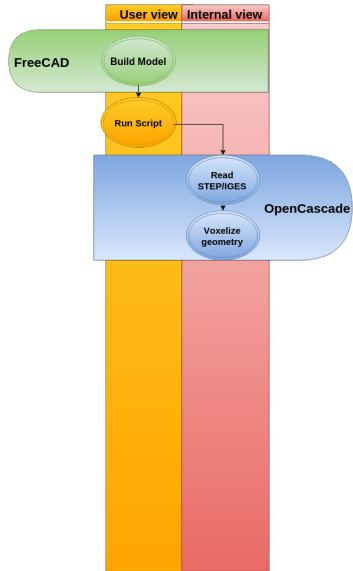


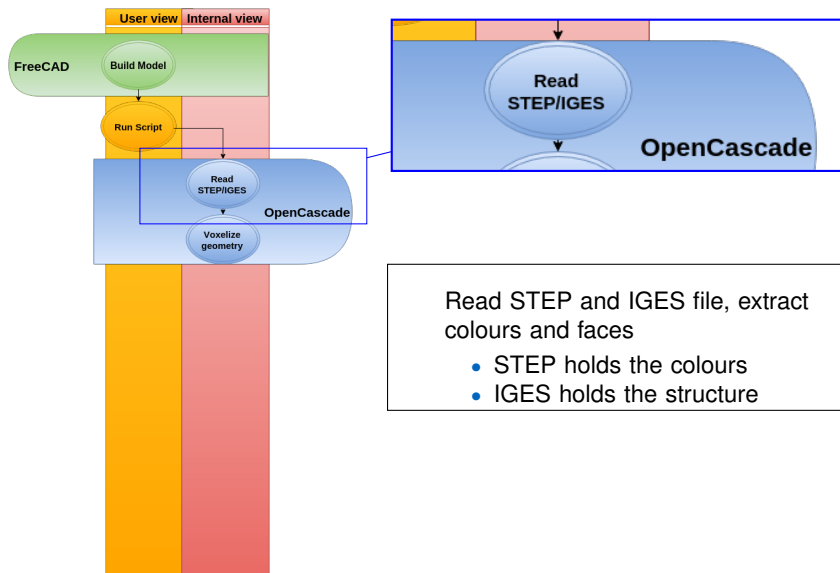


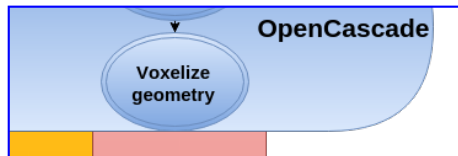
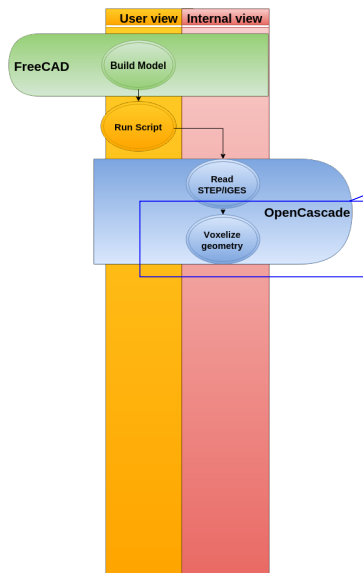






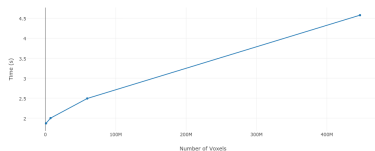




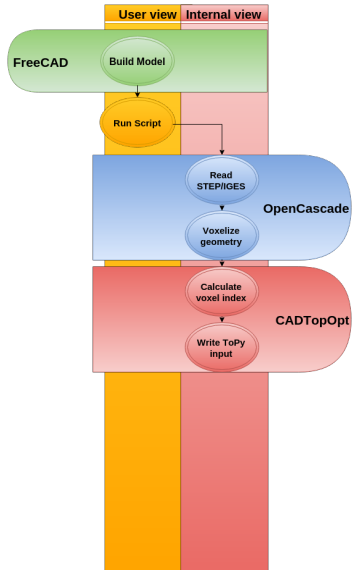


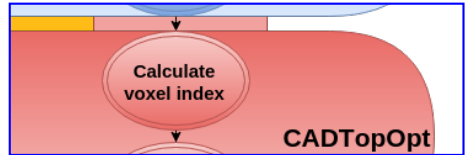
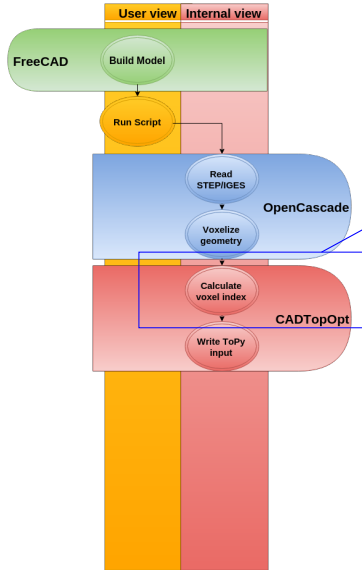
## Voxelize faces using OpenCascade

Voxelizer Performance Analysis (Circuit Board Geometry)



Scaling of voxelizer



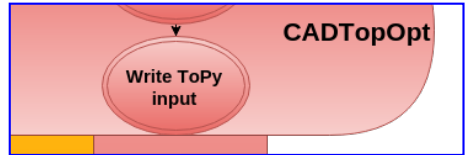


Different indexing for elements and nodes in ToPy

```
#####
*** Discretisation of the design domain ***
#####
# 2D: Y          3D: Y
# |             |
# +---X         +---X
#               Z
#
# 1--5---9
# | 1 | 5 |
# 2--6---10
# | 2 | 6 |
# 3--7---11
# | 3 | 7 |
# 4--8---12
#
```

Indexing in ToPy [1]

## 2.1. Internal structure

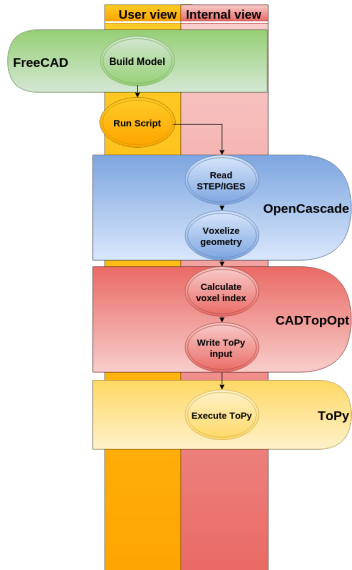


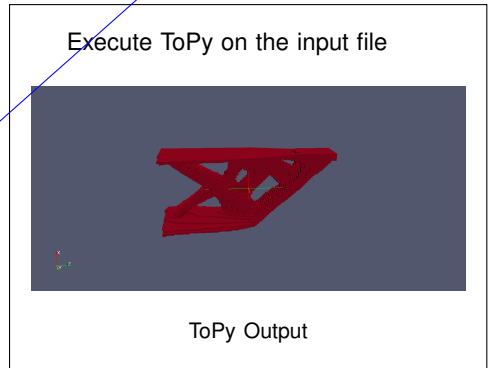
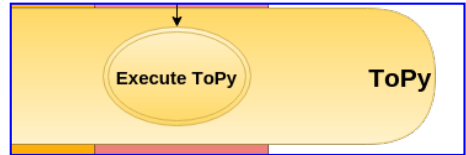
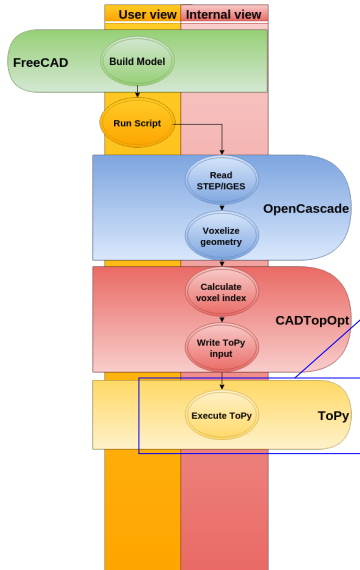
Each voxel index is specifically written

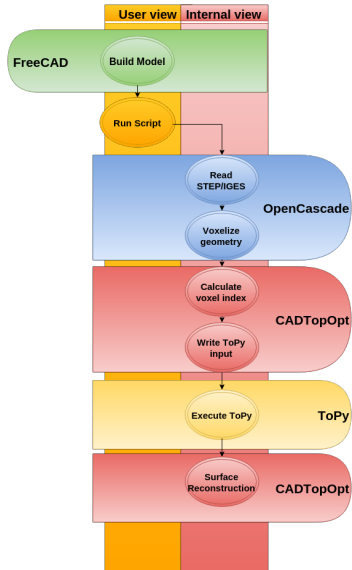
[illegible]

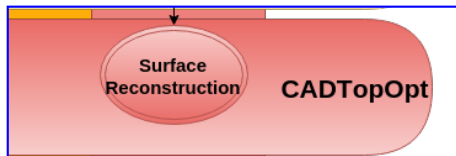
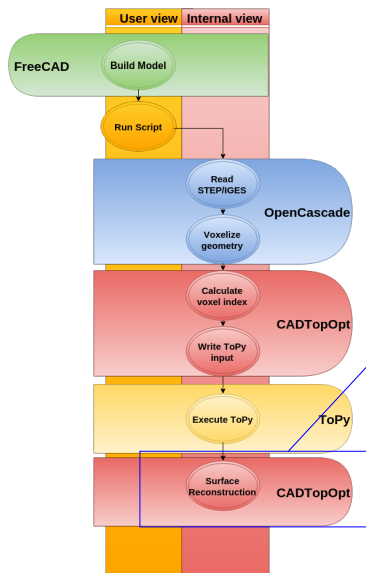
## Script for ToPy



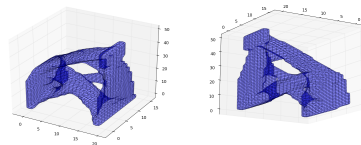




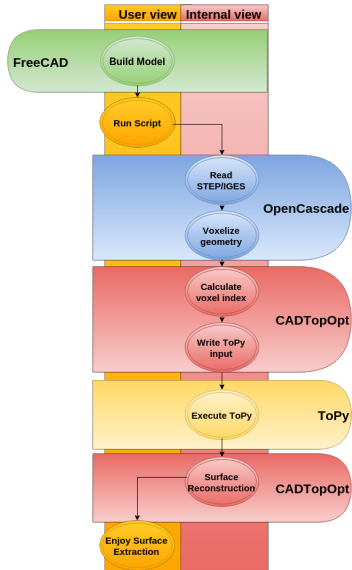


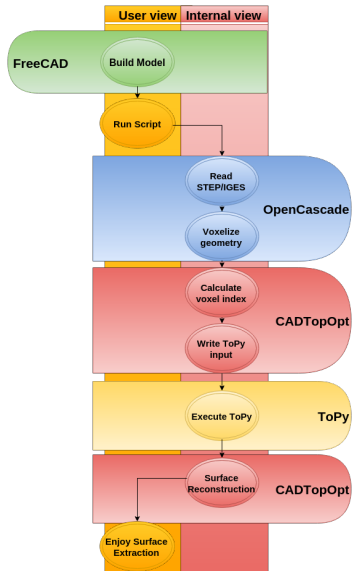


Run dual contouring algorithm

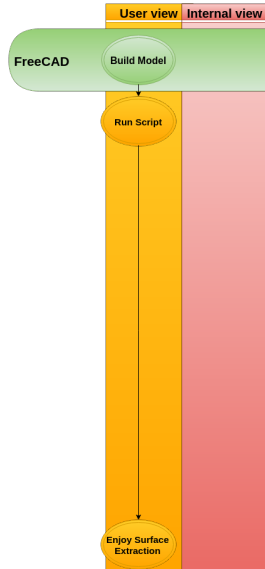


Surface extraction for Cantilever





But what does the user see?



But what does the user see?

# Contents



# Status

## Last milestone

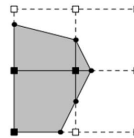
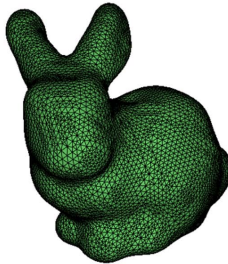
- 🕒 Surface reconstruction with the VTK Toolbox

## Today

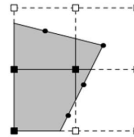
- ✓ Extraction of voxel data from Topy
- ✓ 3D Dual Contouring implementation
- ✓ Coarsening and non-manifold edge treatment
- ✓ Projection of datapoints onto quads and respective parametrization
- 🕒 Interface to NURBS

## From Voxel to Mesh Geometry

- Extract isosurface from voxel information
- Algorithms: Marching Cubes, Dual Contouring, Extended Models
- Problems with VTK's Marching Cube implementation



MC

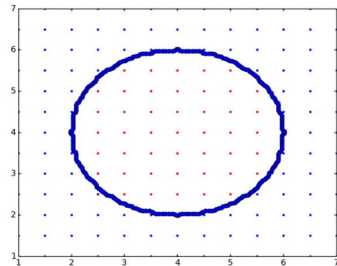
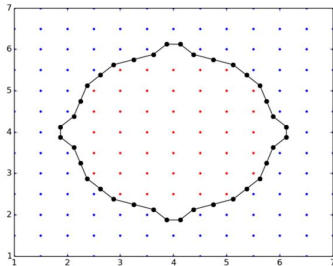


Dual method

From [4],[5]

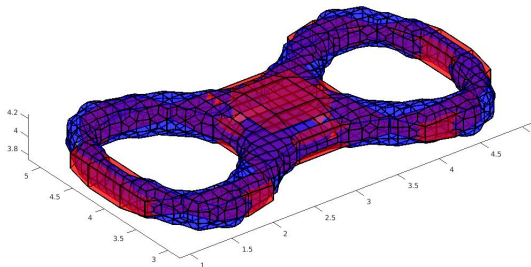
## Dual Contouring

- Python implementation — Use of powerful libraries, including VTK
- Output: Closed surface made out of *quads*
- Coarsening is needed for surface fitting algorithms



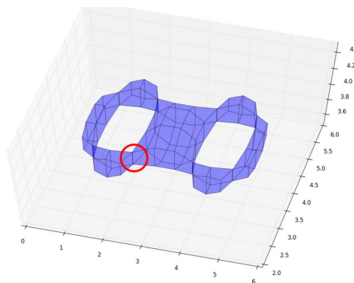
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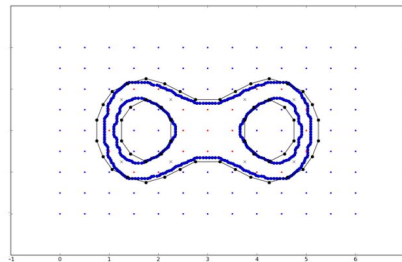
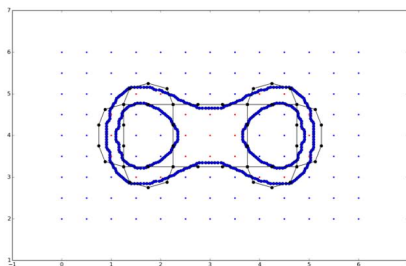
## Dual Contouring — Problems

- **Non-manifold edges** appear
- One edge can only belong to two quads for the surface to be closed
- Special treatments in the implementation to avoid them



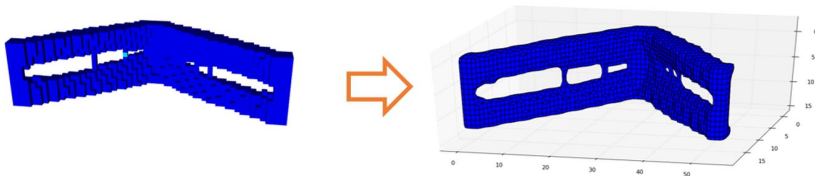
## Dual Contouring — Problems

- **Non-manifold edges** appear
- One edge can only belong to two quads for the surface to be closed
- Special treatments in the implementation to avoid them



## Dual Contouring — Input

- Interface between Topology Optimization and Surface Extraction
- Special implementation to use voxel data from ToPy as input

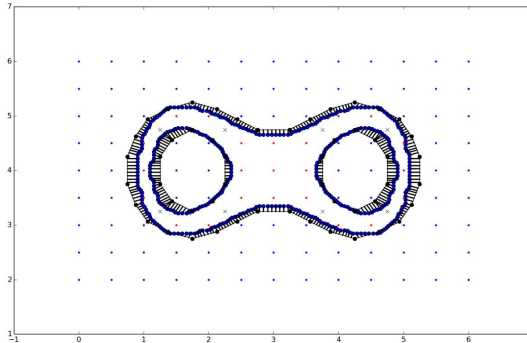


# Demo



## Projection and Parametrization

- Points from finer grid are projected to quads of the coarser grid
- Parameters  $u$  and  $v$  are found for each quad
- This information is needed for the algorithms in the last part of the pipeline



# Contents

# B-Spline

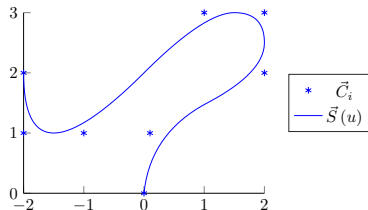
$$\vec{S}(u, v) = \sum_{i,j=1}^{n,m} \vec{C}_{i,j} N_i^p(u) N_j^p(v),$$

where  $p$  – degree of the B-Spline surface and  $n, m$  – number of control points in each direction.

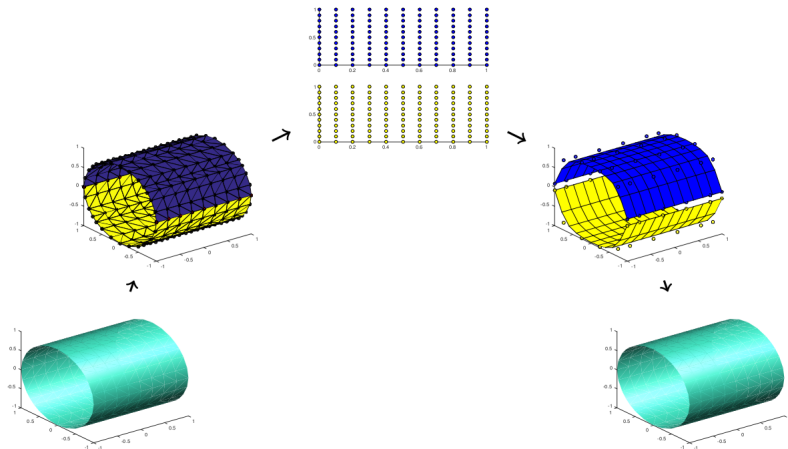
## B-Splines

- offer great flexibility for handling arbitrary shapes
- are CAD-standard

**Engineers are working with CAD**



## B-Spline Fitting Pipeline [2]



## Status

### Last milestone

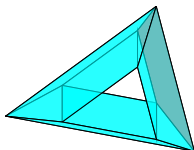
- ✗ Automatic patch selection
- ✗ Parametrization of obtained patches
- ✓ B-spline fitting using least squares
- 🕒 Smooth connection of patches
- ✗ Conversion back to CAD

### Today

- ✓ Automatic patch selection – moved to the surface extraction part
- ✓ Parametrization of obtained patches – moved to the surface extraction part
- ✓ B-spline fitting using least squares – modified
- ✓ Smooth connection of patches
- ✗ Conversion back to CAD

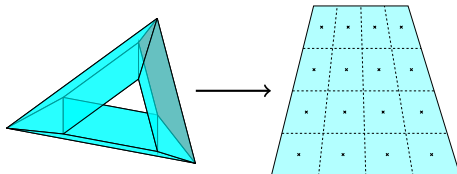
## Long way to smoothness – Peter's scheme

Control mesh



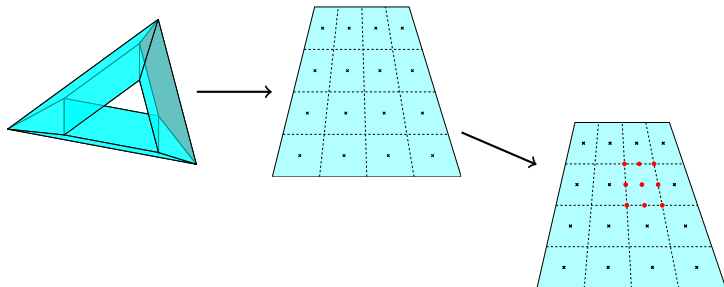
## Long way to smoothness – Peter's scheme

Refined control mesh



## Long way to smoothness – Peter's scheme

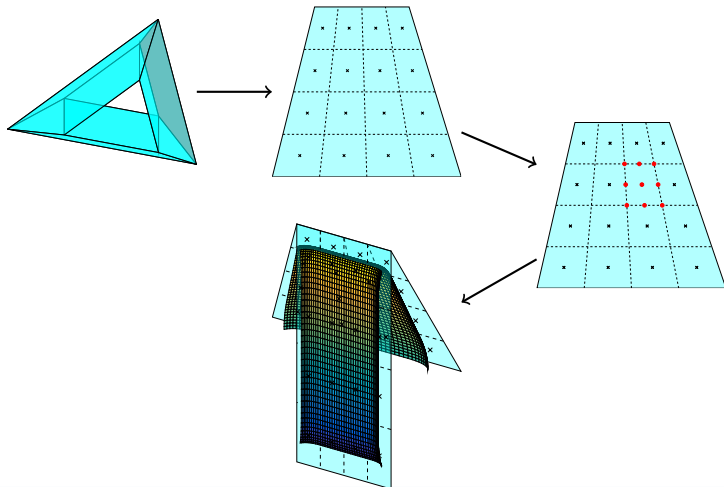
Bezier control points





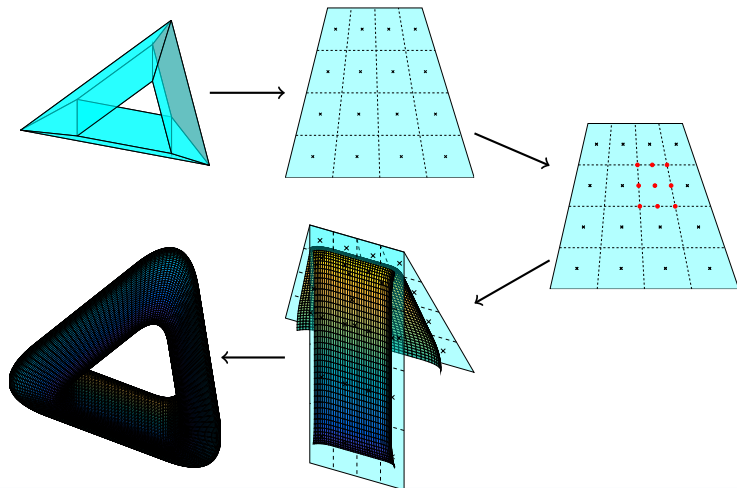
## Long way to smoothness – Peter's scheme

B-Spline patch



## Long way to smoothness – Peter's scheme

Peters' surface



# Long way to smoothness

## Main ideas

- Use the mesh obtained from Dual Contouring as a *control mesh*
- Modify the fitting step to take advantage of the **Peters' scheme**

$$\downarrow$$
$$E_{dist}(V_x) = \sum_{i=1}^N \| P_i - y_i V_x \|_2^2 \rightarrow \min,$$

$y_i$  - coefficients obtained from the Peters' scheme theory.

# Long way to smoothness

## Main ideas

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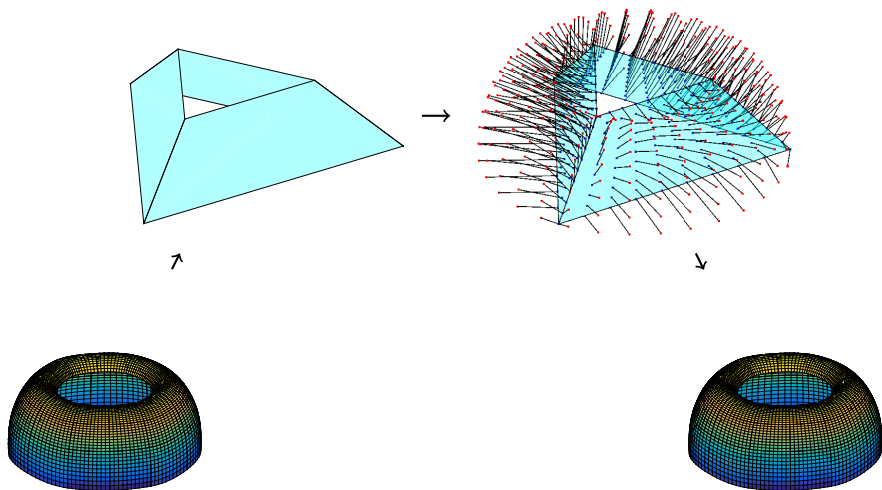
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$$E_{dist}(V_x) = \sum_{i=1}^N \| P_i - y_i V_x \|_2^2 \rightarrow \min,$$

$y_i$  - coefficients obtained from the Peters' scheme theory.

## What is achieved?

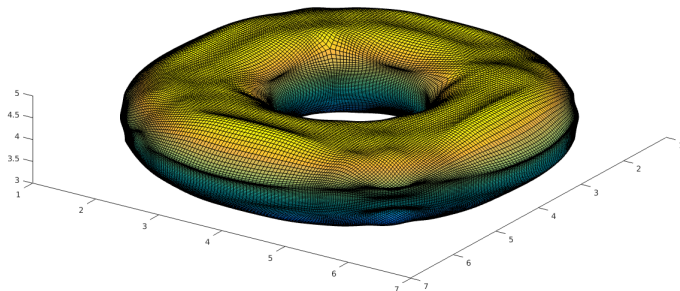
- Smoothness of the fitted surface is now guaranteed by construction
- Fitting of more complex shapes achieved

## Improved pipeline[3]



## Possible optimizations

- Introduction of the *fairness functional* in order to deal with more complex shapes
- Implementation of the *adaptive refinement* in order to control a maximum error tolerance
- Implementation of the *parameter correction* for the improved pipeline



# Contents

## What is done? What is next?

- Topology Optimization
  - ✓ Pipeline from CAD model to optimized voxel model
  - ✓ User input of boundary conditions
  - ⌚ Support for complex geometries
  - ✗ GUI for user interaction



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  - 🕒 Support for complex geometries
  - ✗ GUI for user interaction
- Surface Extraction
  - ✓ Dual Contouring for simple geometries
  - ✓ Provide necessary data for Surface Fitting
  - 🕒 Interfaces
  - ✗ Adaptive and topology safe Dual Contouring

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  - ✓ Provide necessary data for Surface Fitting
  - ⌚ Interfaces
  - ✗ Adaptive and topology safe Dual Contouring
- Surface Fitting
  - ✓ B-spline fitting using least squares
  - ✓ Smooth connection of patches using Peters' scheme
  - ✗ Conversion back to CAD

## Remaining questions

### Python

- ⊖ First part of the pipeline is in C++
- ⊕ Second part of the pipeline is now in Python
- ⊕ Easy to port from the original MATLAB prototypes

### C++

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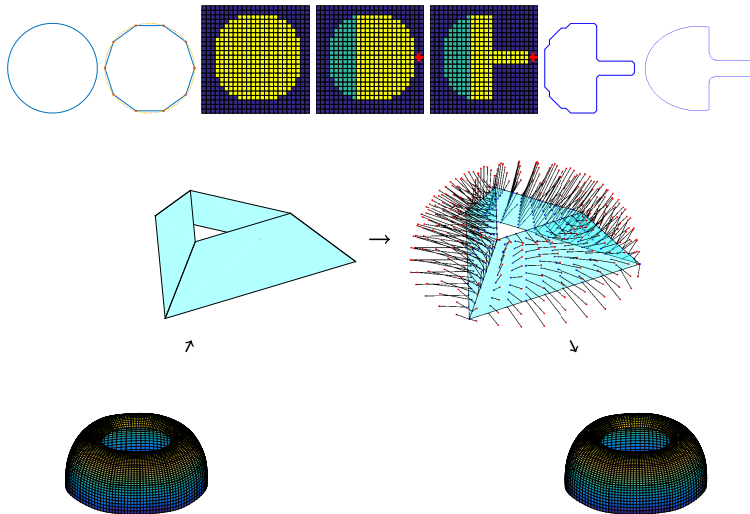
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### ToPy Problem

- ⊕ Current implementation is using ToPy
- ⊖ ToPy is not available any more!

# Thank you for your attention!

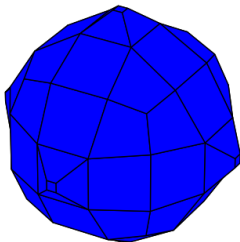


## Literature

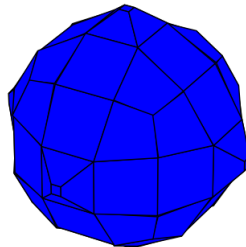
1. **William Hunter.** "Predominantly solid-void three-dimensional topology optimisation using open source software"
2. **Gerrit Becker, Michael Schäfer, Antony Jameson.** "An advanced NURBS fitting procedure for post-processing of grid-based shape optimizations"
3. **Matthias Eck, Hugues Hoppe.** "Automatic Reconstruction of B-Spline Surfaces of Arbitrary Topological Type"
4. **Greg Turk, Marc Levoy** "Stanford Bunny"
5. **Tao Ju, Frank Losasso, Scott Schaefer, Joe Warren.** "Dual contouring of hermite data"

## Projection and Parametrization on arbitrary quads

1. find least squares plane approximating quad



DC sphere

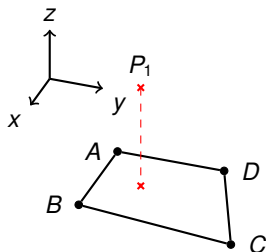


with plane quads



## Projection and Parametrization on arbitrary quads

1. find least squares plane approximating quad
2. projection of datapoint onto plane



### Coordinate transformation

system with basis

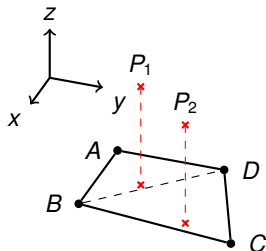
$$B_{BAD} = \begin{pmatrix} \vec{n} & \vec{AB} & \vec{AD} \end{pmatrix}$$

yields

$$(B_{BAD})^{-1} P_1 = \begin{pmatrix} d & u & v \end{pmatrix}^T$$

## Projection and Parametrization on arbitrary quads

1. find least squares plane approximating quad
2. projection of datapoint onto plane
3. find corresponding parameters  $[u, v] \in [0, 1]^2$



### Problem:

- ✓ for  $P_1: (u, v) = (0.5, 0.4)$
- ✗ for  $P_2: (u, v) = (1, 1)$

### Solution:

1. if we get  $u + v > 1$
2. use  $B_{BCD}$  instead of  $B_{BAD}$
3. set  $u = 1 - u, v = 1 - v$