X2R Documentation

Release 1.0

Feng-Pu Yang

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ONE

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TWO

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FOUR

CONCEPT AND DESIGN

4.1 Motivation

m

4.2 Features

f

4.3 Design

d

This is the text of the section 2.

It refers to the section itself, see *my-reference-label*.

FIVE

USER'S GUIDE

5.1 User Guide

5.1.1 API Reference

Extractor

For an input RDF content, this extractor service extracts terms from URIs of the RDF content.

Web API Definition:

POST /extractor{?excludedNamespaces, checkUrisStatus, rdfContent}

Query Parameters

- **excludedNamespaces** *(optional)* This specifies a list of namespaces to be skipped. That is, if a found URI belonged to this list, the URI will not be processed anymore.
- **checkUrisStatus** (*required*) This determines if *extractor* checks the status codes of found URIs.
- **rdfContent** (required) This specifies the content of RDF to be processed.

Response Headers

• Content-Type – application/json

Status Codes

- **200** no error
- **404** exception

Query Parameter Format Detail

excludedNamespace checkUrisStatus rdfContent

Response Format Detail

Content-Type: application/json

Response template:

```
{"metadata": [],
 "mapping":
              [{"status": "",
                "originalURI": "",
               "replacedURI": "",
               "term": "",
               "lineNumbers": ""
             ]
}
mapping entry:
[{"status": "",
  "originalURI": "",
  "replacedURI": "",
  "term": "",
 "lineNumbers": ""
 }
]
```

Example

Example request:

POST /extractor?excludedNamespaces&checkUrisStatus&rdfContent HTTP/1.1

Example response:

Related Documents

See also:

• Mapper's Web API

Mapper

Given a RDF content, a URI mapping and an output format, this mapper service replaces URIs based on the URI mapping and return a RDF file in the output format

POST /mapper{?rdfContent, mapping, format}

Query Parameters

- **rdfContent** (required) This specifies the content of RDF to be processed.
- mapping (required) This specifies the information needed for *mapper* to update the URIs found in rdfContent.
- **format** (optional) This specifies the format of output.

Response Headers

• Content-Type – application/rdf+xml

Status Codes

- **200** no error
- **404** exception

Query Parameter Format Detail

rdfContent

mapping

format

Response Format Detail

Content-Type: application/rdf+xml

Example

Example request:

```
POST /mapper?rdfContent&mapping&format HTTP/1.1
```

Example response:

```
HTTP/1.1 200 OK
 Vary: Accept
 Content-Type: application/rdf+xml
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
    <rdf:RDF
        xmlns:rdfs="http://www.w3.org/2000/01/rdf-schema#"
        xmlns:geo="http://www.w3.org/2003/01/geo/wgs84_pos#"
        xmlns:xsd="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema#">
<rdf:Description rdf:about="http://openisdm.iis.sinica.edu.tw/VR/DaTongSportsCenter">
    <rdf:type rdf:resource="http://www.w3.org/2003/01/geo/wgs84_pos#SpatialThing"/>
    <updatedAt xmlns="http://openisdm.iis.sinica.edu.tw/VR/"</pre>
        rdf:datatype="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema#dateTime">2013-07-31T03:23:47Z</updatedAt
    <geo:long>121.516</geo:long>
    <hasTelephone xmlns="http://openisdm.iis.sinica.edu.tw/VR/">2592-0055</hasTelephone>
    <hasName xmlns="http://openisdm.iis.sinica.edu.tw/VR/">Da Tong Sports Center</hasName>
    <geo:location>No.51, Dalong St., Datong Dist., Taipei City 103, Taiwan (R.O.C.)</geo:location</pre>
    <usedFor xmlns="http://openisdm.iis.sinica.edu.tw/VR/">Sport</usedFor>
    <createdAt xmlns="http://openisdm.iis.sinica.edu.tw/VR/"</pre>
        rdf:datatype="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema#dateTime">2012-11-28T09:05:13Z</createdAt
```

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<geo:lat>25.0648</geo:lat>
</rdf:Description>
</rdf:RDF>

Related Documents

See also:

• Extractor's Web API

SIX

DEVELOPER'S GUIDE

- **6.1 Coding Style**
- 6.2 Documentation
- 6.3 Testing

API REFERENCE

7.1 Web API

POST /extractor{?excludedNamespaces, checkUrisStatus, rdfContent}

Query Parameters

- **excludedNamespaces** *(optional)* This specifies a list of namespaces to be skipped. That is, if a found URI belonged to this list, the URI will not be processed anymore.
- **checkUrisStatus** (*required*) This determines if *extractor* checks the status codes of found URIs.
- **rdfContent** (required) This specifies the content of RDF to be processed.

Response Headers

• Content-Type – application/json

Status Codes

- 200 no error
- **404** exception

For the detail spec., see Extractor Web API

POST /mapper{?rdfContent, mapping, format}

Query Parameters

- **rdfContent** (required) This specifies the content of RDF to be processed.
- **mapping** (required) This specifies the information needed for *mapper* to update the URIs found in rdfContent.
- **format** (optional) This specifies the format of output.

Response Headers

• Content-Type – application/rdf+xml

Status Codes

- 200 no error
- **404** exception

For the detail spec., see Mapper Web API

7.2 Python API

```
This class Extractor
class extractor.Extractor(graph)
      Extractor parses an RDF content and provides services:
         1.extract URIs
         2.extract Blank Nodes
         3.look up for URI's line number
         4.translate URIs into terms
      getBnodes()
           This function is used to extract blank nodes.
               Returns Array<str>. This function returns an array of blank nodes.
      getUris()
           This function is used to extract URIs.
               Returns Array<str>. This function returns an array of URIs.
      get_lines (sio, lookup_term)
           This function is used to look up "lookup_term" inside the given RDF content.
               Parameters lookup_term (str.) – the uri for look up.
               Returns str. A string with all the line numbers, where the luupup_term is found, used "," as the
                    delimiter.
      testUri(uri)
           This function is used to test if the "uri" is reachable.
               Parameters uri (str.) – the uri for testing reachability.
               Returns boolean. True for reachable and False for unreachable.
class mapper . Mapper (graph)
      commit()
           This function is used to save all URI replacements and output to a string.
               Returns str. The string of result RDF with replaced URIs.
      mapping (json_str)
           This function is used to replaced mutiple URIs at once.
               Parameters json_str (str.) – this json string defines multiple replacements
               Returns str. The string of result RDF with replaced URIs.
      replaceUri(oUri, uUri)
           This function is used to systemantically replace URIs.
               Parameters
                    • oUri (str.) – the original URI.
```

• **uUri** (*str*.) – the replied URI. **Returns** int. The count of replacements.

class tokenizer. Tokenizer

Tokenizer realizes serveral tokenization heuristics:

- 1.identifying camelcase word
- 2.identifying all captials word
- 3.treat all non alphanumeric chars as delimiters

tokenized(string)

This function is the integration of all known tokenizers. Theoretically, any compound words can be tokenized by this function.

Parameters string (*str.*) – The string to tokenize.

Returns str – the tokenized and normalized string.

tokenized_url(uri)

This function truncate the input URI's head and output the tail part of the input URI. Be precisely, only the tail part after the last slash will be preserved. For example, input "http://www/xx/yy/zz-AB" will get the output as "zz ab"

Parameters string (*str.*) – The string (URI) to tokenize.

Returns str – the tokenized and normalized string.

7.2. Python API

/extractor{?excludedNamespaces, checkUrisStatus, rdfContent}

/mapper{?rdfContent, mapping, format}

30 HTTP Routing Table

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