




# AgriFoodPy: a package for modelling food systems

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## Software

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## Summary

AgriFoodPy is an open-source Python package for dataset manipulation, interoperability, simulation, and modeling of agrifood systems.

By employing xarray ([Hoyer & Hamman, 2017](#)) as the primary data structure, AgriFoodPy provides access methods to manipulate tabular data by extending xarray functionality via accessors.

A separate repository, `agrifoodpy_data`, is also maintained in parallel to provide access to local and global agrifood datasets, including geospatial land use and classification data ([Morton, 2022](#)), food supply ([FAO, 2022](#)), life cycle assessment ([Poore & Nemecek, 2018](#)), and population data ([Nations", 2022](#)). The AgriFoodPy framework is region-agnostic and provides facilities to model and simulate processes and interventions regardless of their geographic origin. As an example, current functionality can be used to construct predictions on the effect of dietary change on greenhouse emissions, the carbon sequestration of transforming agricultural land use, or consequences of modifying farming practices on operational costs.

Open-source code and community development will allow a transparent view into analysis choices and data sources, which can help provide trustworthy evidence-based support for data-driven policymaking. AgriFoodPy is developed and maintained by a diverse community of domain experts with a focus on software sustainability and interoperability.

Version 0.1 provides basic table manipulation methods to extend the coordinate dimensions of xarray Datasets and DataArrays, extract summary statistics and indicators, plotting methods to analyze and display data. It also includes a library of intervention models such as diet change, afforestation and agroecology and land carbon sequestration. We have also built an interface to external an atmospheric model ([Leach et al., 2021](#)). We plan to extend this library of interfaces to incorporate other open source tools, including socioeconomic, land use, environmental, health, and policy modelling packages.

45 Future releases will provide access to more models and community-contributed datasets  
46 formatted using xarray. Additionally, AgriFoodPy will implement a pipeline manager to perform  
47 end-to-end simulations of agrifood systems, which can be used to speed up the comparison of  
48 multiple scenarios.

## 49 Statement of need

50 Providing food for an ever-growing population while reducing the impact of human activity on  
51 the environment has become one of the main global challenges. Local and intergovernmental  
52 independent committees (<https://www.theccc.org.uk/>, <https://www.ipcc.ch/>) have reported  
53 the importance of food production on climate change. The scenarios and projections in their  
54 reports also highlight the need for precise and transparent modeling of different aspects of the  
55 food system to help stakeholders understand the effects of consumption patterns and farming  
56 practices.

57 Coordinated efforts to achieve a sustainable food system must originate from effective policy-  
58 making based on evidence, careful choice of metrics and indicators to describe the state of the  
59 food system, and accurate estimates of how these metrics change under different scenarios  
60 and decisions/interventions.

61 Existing datasets and analysis software usually rely on non-standardized data structures and  
62 predominantly closed-source code. This hinders research and independent scrutiny of food  
63 system intervention projections and the impact of policy on environmental, socio-economic,  
64 and health indicators. Moreover, this forces researchers to routinely expend significant effort  
65 replicating or re-developing existing code to reduce and analyze data. Additionally, the opacity  
66 of some data sources and analysis choices makes it difficult to draw conclusions from equivalent  
67 comparisons between different interventions and policy decisions.

68 Few open initiatives exist focused on analysis and modelling of agrifood and environmental  
69 related data, e.g., The Environmental Data Science book (<https://edsbook.org/>). The  
70 research community has developed open-source packages that address some individual aspects of  
71 modelling agrifood systems, such as geospatial imaging (e.g., Geopandas ([Jordahl et al., 2020](#)),  
72 Rasterio ([Gillies & others, 2013](#))), atmospheric and climate modeling (Fair ([Leach et al., 2021](#)))  
73 in Python, and other open softwares in other languages, such as agriculture and farming  
74 (APSIM ([Holzworth et al., 2014](#))) and life cycle assessment (OpenLCA, [www.openlca.org](http://www.openlca.org)).

75 AgriFoodPy provides a consistent standard for agrifood data distribution, while also allowing  
76 external models and packages to coexist and interoperate, allowing a holistic approach to  
77 agrifood modeling.

78 Plans for future use in research and communication include the FixOurFood agrifood calculator  
79 (<https://fixourfood.streamlit.app/>), an interactive modelling tool to evaluate the effect of food  
80 system transformations in the UK. There are also plans to publish a paper on global diets their  
81 social and environmental impacts.

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