## Object-Oriented Programming in Java

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## Object-Oriented Programming

- Who knows what it is???
- Who has already used it???
- Who can cite it core principles???
- Who can cite a few languages using it???





## Programming Paradigms<sup>1</sup>- Why?

- Why do we need paradigms?
- Complex System ⇒ "Divide and Conquer"
- Partitioning the problem  $\Rightarrow$  simpler discrete pieces
- Create interfaces & interactions between these pieces



## Programming Paradigms<sup>1</sup>- How?

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  - Functional
    - Caml, Haskell, Erlang, (Java)...
  - Object-Oriented
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- Event-Driven
  - Javascript, VisualBasic...



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- Event-Driven
  - Javascript, VisualBasic...
- Reactive (streams)
  - (Java)...



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• Cars of different types





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Clients

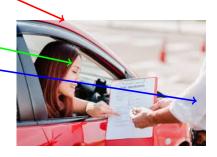




Cars of different types

Clients

• Employees (authorizations?)



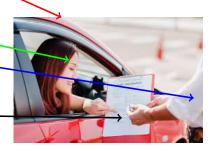


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Contracts



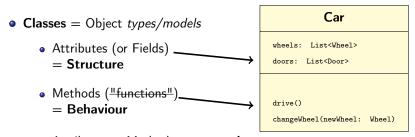


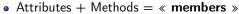
Cars of different types
Clients
Employees (authorizations?)
Contracts

# World = Set of typed objects n















Attributes + Methods = « members »

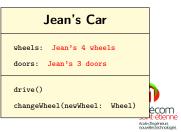
• **Classes** = Object *types/models* 

Methods ("functions")
 = Behaviour
 constructors() = create instances

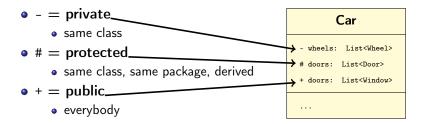
Attributes + Methods = « members »

• **Objects** = valued instances





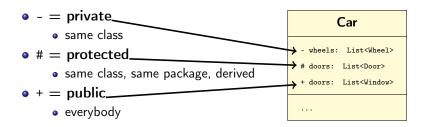
### Visibility & Encapsulation





<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>cf. Wikipedia.

## Visibility & Encapsulation



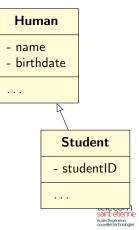
- Good practice (SOLID, KISS, YAGNI, GRASP...)<sup>2</sup>
  - private for all Attributes
  - public/protected Accessors (getXXX()/setXXX())
  - E.g.: only a public String getName()
     ⇒ nobody can change the "name" attribute



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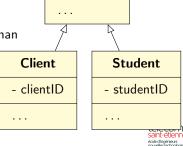
### Inheritance & Polymorphism

- Code Re-Use
  - Objects of a class also belong to a more general class
  - Subclass: all members of mother class + own members
  - Translation of « to be »(« all Students are Humans »)
- Example and vocabulary:
  - Human generalizes Student
  - Student specializes Human
  - Student derives/inherits from Human
  - Student is subclass of Human



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  - Student **specializes** Human
  - Student derives/inherits from Human
  - Student is subclass of Human
- Poly[multiple]-morphism[forms]
  - an object/instance can be **both**Student **AND** Client



Human

- birthdate

name

## Over-Loading & Over-Writing/Over-Riding

#### Over-Writing/Riding





#### • Over-Loading 423

```
public void setName(String fullName) // prototypes are different
...
}

public void setName(String firstName, String firstName) { // "HEAVIER"
...
}
```

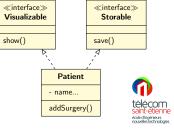


<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>prototype/signature = name + arguments&types (<del>return</del>). ← ■ → ◆ ■ →

#### Interfaces & Abstract Classes

#### Interfaces

- Interfaces define standard signatures for methods
  - only methods signatures, no attribute
  - C++ equivalent: pure virtual classes
- Usage: « contracts »
  - Classes that implement an interface « ensure » they conform to its methods declarations
- A lot of interfaces are defined in java libraries Collection, Serializable, Component...
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#### Abstract classes

- Can have attributes
- Methods can be implemented
- Multiple inheritance ⇒ KO (in Java)

