KEY_Practice18_LineGraph_ScatterPlot

July 11, 2019

1 Prectice: line Graph and Scatter Plot

1.0.1 Line Graph

Good news! Again, we are going to use line graphs to get insight into publicly traded stocks. But this time, we want to check out that investment in which of Google or Amazon would be more profitable over long or short run!

First, import matplotlib, pandas, and seaborn packages

	year	Amazon	Google
0	2005	39.90	139.31
1	2006	35.91	206.23
2	2007	67.23	270.21
3	2008	69.88	233.15
4	2009	87.28	220.52
5	2010	139.14	268.64
6	2011	196.67	285.37
7	2012	220.30	322.40
8	2013	298.03	443.49
9	2014	332.55	568.43
10	2015	478.14	619.98
11	2016	699.52	763.21

```
12 2017 968.17 939.77
13 2018 1641.73 1122.04
14 2019 (as of May 21) 1742.07 1157.05
```

This dataset contains the avergae stock price of Google (Alphabet Inc.) and Amazon Inc. from 2005 to 2019 on a yearly basis.

```
[119]: # make a line graph that shows year on the x-axis and the corresponding Google

stock price on the y-axis

# add labels/title/markers

# rotate the x-axis text by 45 degrees

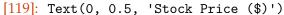
plt.plot(stock_price["year"], stock_price["Google"], marker='s')

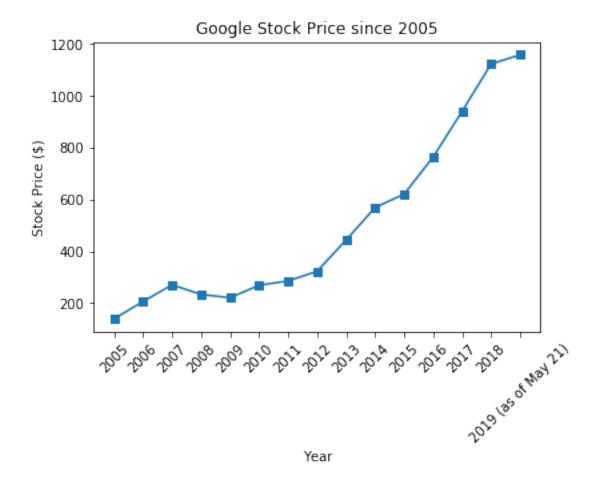
plt.xticks(rotation=45)

plt.title("Google Stock Price since 2005")

plt.xlabel("Year")

plt.ylabel("Stock Price ($)")
```



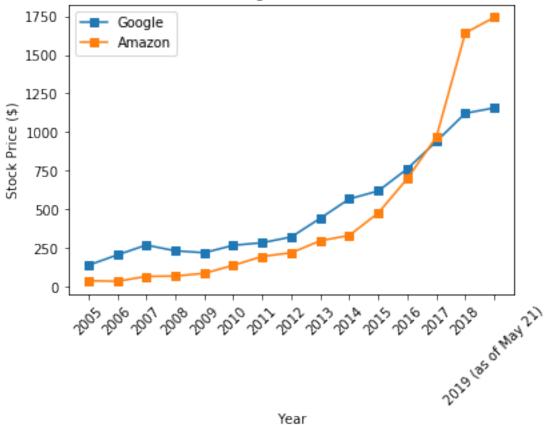


Now, let's compare the average annual stock price between Amazon and Google. For that, overlay the two corresponding line graphs on the same plot.

```
[120]: # first, plot the Google's stock price
# second, plot the Amazon's stock price
# rotate the x-axis text by 45 degrees
# don't forget to add labels/title/marker/legends to the plot
plt.plot(stock_price["year"], stock_price["Google"], marker='s', label='Google')
plt.plot(stock_price["year"], stock_price["Amazon"], marker='s', label='Amazon')
plt.legend()
plt.title("Amazon and Google Stock Price since 2005")
plt.xlabel("Year")
plt.ylabel("Stock Price ($)")
plt.xticks(rotation=45)
```

[120]: ([0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14], <a list of 15 Text xticklabel objects>)

Amazon and Google Stock Price since 2005



Are you excited to interpret the plot?

In which year did the Amazon stock price surpass Google's stock price?

In 2005 person A invested \$1000 in Google's stock while person B invested the same amount of money in Amazon's stock. If both sell their stocks after 14 years (in 2019), which one would make more profit?

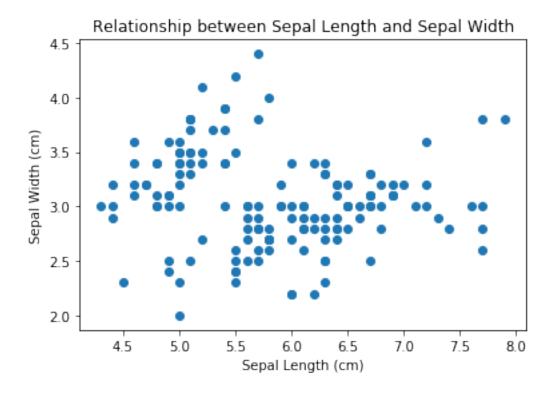
How about the short-term investment? If both buy their stock in 2005 and sell them in 2006, which one would make more profit?

1.0.2 Scatter Plot

From the lesson, we learned how to generate a scatter plot which shows the relation between two variables in multiple observations. Now, we want to use this type of plot to see the relationship between flowers' petal width and sepal width.

```
[121]: # load "iris" dataset from seaborn package and assign it to a variable called
       \rightarrow iris
      # take a look at data
      iris = sns.load dataset("iris")
      iris.head(10)
      iris.tail(10)
           sepal length sepal width petal length petal width
                                                                     species
[121]:
                    6.7
                                                5.6
                                                              2.4 virginica
      140
                                  3.1
      141
                    6.9
                                  3.1
                                                5.1
                                                              2.3 virginica
                                                5.1
      142
                    5.8
                                  2.7
                                                              1.9 virginica
                                  3.2
                                                              2.3 virginica
      143
                    6.8
                                                5.9
      144
                    6.7
                                  3.3
                                                5.7
                                                              2.5 virginica
      145
                    6.7
                                  3.0
                                                5.2
                                                              2.3 virginica
      146
                    6.3
                                  2.5
                                                5.0
                                                              1.9 virginica
      147
                    6.5
                                  3.0
                                                5.2
                                                              2.0 virginica
      148
                    6.2
                                  3.4
                                                5.4
                                                              2.3 virginica
                                                              1.8 virginica
      149
                    5.9
                                  3.0
                                                5.1
[122]: # generate a scatter plot that shows the petal width variable along the x-axis
      # and the spetal width variable along the y-axis
      # add labels/title
      plt.scatter(iris["sepal_length"], iris["sepal_width"])
      plt.title("Relationship between Sepal Length and Sepal Width")
      plt.xlabel("Sepal Length (cm)")
      plt.ylabel("Sepal Width (cm)")
```

[122]: Text(0, 0.5, 'Sepal Width (cm)')

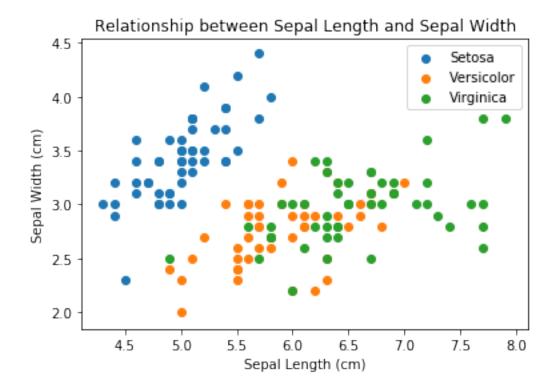


1.0.3 Extra: Marlena, move it to the plot color lesson you would think that's a better fit

By looking at the above plot, what conclusion can you make? Is there positive or negative corralation between sepal length and width?

Well, to better understand our data, let's sperate the observations base on species. There are three flower species included in this study: 1) setosa, 2) versicolor, and 3) virginica

[124]: Text(0, 0.5, 'Sepal Width (cm)')



Now, do you find positive or negative corralation between sepal length and width within each species?

You just practiced: * creating high quality line graphs * creating high quality scatter plots * overlaying multiple dataframes in one plot, which separates them by colors