A General Framework for Variable Selection in Linear Mixed Models with Applications to Genetic Studies with Structured Populations

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Abstract

Known

Complex traits are thought to be influenced by a combination of environmental factors and rare and common genetic variants. However, detection of such multivariate associations can be compromised by low statistical power and confounding by population structure. Linear mixed effect models (LMM) can account for correlations due to relatedness but are not applicable in high-dimensional (HD) settings where the number

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