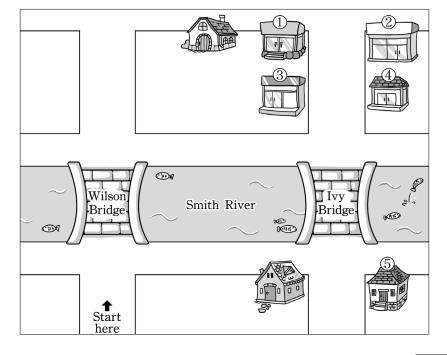
2014학년도 대학수학능력시험 예비 시행 문제지

제 3 교시

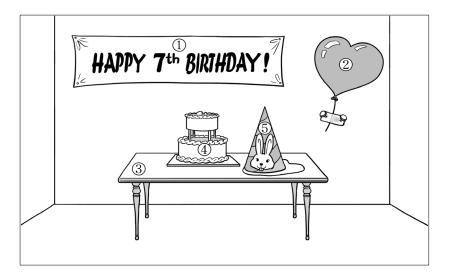
영어 영역(A형)

1번부터 22번까지는 듣고 답하는 문제입니다. 1번부터 20 번까지는 한 번만 들려주고, 21번부터 22번까지는 두 번 들 려줍니다. 방송을 잘 듣고 답을 하기 바랍니다.

- 1. 대화를 듣고, 여자의 마지막 말에 대한 남자의 응답으로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.
 - ① Taking the subway isn't a good idea.
 - ② I'd rather go there by bus.
 - ③ Sorry, I don't like soccer.
 - ④ It'll take about 30 minutes.
 - ⑤ Take number 22 heading south.
- 2. 대화를 듣고, 남자의 마지막 말에 대한 여자의 응답으로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.
 - ① Yes. I got here first.
 - ② No problem. Here you are.
 - 3 Sure. I'll return the book soon.
 - 4 Okay. You may go to the library.
 - ⑤ Alright. I'll give you my password.
- 3. 대화를 듣고, 여자의 마지막 말에 대한 남자의 응답으로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.
 - ① It was very rewarding.
 - ② It's rainy outside now.
 - ③ I was at home yesterday.
 - 4 It's time to have a break.
 - 5 Let's figure it out together.
- 4. 대화를 듣고, 그림에서 Archmond's의 위치를 고르시오.



- 5. 다음을 듣고, 남자가 하는 말의 목적으로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.
 - ① 자전거 통근을 권장하려고 ② 교통 체증 상황을 안내하려고
 - ③ 환경 단체 지원을 호소하려고 ④ 시장 선거 출마를 선언하려고
 - ⑤ 자동차 함께 타기를 제안하려고
- 6. 대화를 듣고, 여자의 주장으로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.
 - ① 지하철에서 떠들지 말자.
- ② 지하철 노약자석을 비워두자.
- ③ 지하철 좌석을 재배치하자. ④ 지하철 표지판을 변경하자.
- ⑤ 지하철을 탈 때 줄을 서자.
- 7. 다음을 듣고, 여자가 하는 말의 주제로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.
 - ① 눈병을 예방하는 방법
 - ② 양파로 만든 요리의 종류
 - ③ 눈물을 구성하고 있는 성분
 - ④ 양파를 썰 때 눈물이 나는 이유
 - ⑤ 양파 섭취가 건강에 미치는 영향
- 8. 대화를 듣고, 두 사람이 하는 말의 주제로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오. [3점]
 - ① 타문화 이해의 중요성
 - ② 인도 전통 문화의 우수성
 - ③ 고객 만족도를 향상시키는 방법
 - ④ 친밀도에 따른 악수 방법의 차이
 - ⑤ 왼손을 쓰는 사람들에 대한 편견
- 9. 대화를 듣고, 두 사람의 관계를 가장 잘 나타낸 것을 고르시오.
 - ① editor news reporter
 - ② customer salesclerk
 - 3 advertiser copywriter
 - 4 photographer fashion model
 - 5 movie director movie actress
- 10. 대화를 듣고, 그림에서 대화의 내용과 일치하지 않는 것을 고르시오.



- 11. 대화를 듣고, 남자가 여자를 위해 할 일로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.
 - ① 계단 청소하기
- ② 근무시간 바꿔 주기
- ③ 대회 참가 신청하기
- ④ 피아노 연습 중지하기
- ⑤ 연주회에 함께 가기
- 12. 대화를 듣고, 여자가 남자에게 부탁한 일로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.
 - ① 추가요금 알려주기
- ② 계산서 미리 가져다주기
- ③ 예약 좌석 바꿔주기
- ④ 프랑스 요리 추천해주기
- ⑤ 주문 사항 일부 변경하기
- 13. 대화를 듣고, 여자가 언급한 휴대전화의 문제점을 고르시오.
 - ① 안테나 고장
- ② 버튼 오작동
- ③ 배터리 불량
- ④ 액정 화면 파손
- ⑤ 통화 끊김 현상
- 14. 대화를 듣고, 남자가 늦게 귀가하는 이유를 고르시오.
 - ① 빙판길 때문에
 - ② 시험공부 때문에
 - ③ 과제물 재작성 때문에
 - ④ 컴퓨터실 청소 때문에
 - ⑤ 저녁 식사 약속 때문에
- 15. 대화를 듣고, 여자가 지불할 금액을 고르시오. [3점]
- ① \$10
- ② \$27
- ③ \$30 **4** \$45
- ⑤ \$50
- 16. Maple High School's Group Presentation Contest에 관한 다음 내용을 듣고, 일치하지 않는 것을 고르시오. [3점]
- ① 내용은 한국 문화에 관한 것이어야 한다.
- ② 발표는 20분을 초과해서는 안 된다.
- ③ 파일 제출 마감은 다음 주 월요일이다.
- ④ 다섯 팀만 결선에 진출한다.
- ⑤ 심사는 학생위원회가 한다.
- 17. 다음 표를 보면서 대화를 듣고, 두 사람이 선택한 여행지를 고르시오.



Merry Travel Agency



	Destination	Duration	Extra Charge	
1	Guam	3 nights, 4 days	None	
2	Hawaii	3 nights, 4 days	None	
3	Phuket	7 nights, 8 days	None	
4	Bali	7 nights, 8 days	\$200	
(5)	Sydney	7 nights, 8 days	\$300	

18. 대화를 듣고, 남자의 마지막 말에 대한 여자의 응답으로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.

Woman:

- ① I'll arrange that for you immediately.
- ② I'll send a plumber as soon as possible.
- 3 We'll place fresh towels in your bathroom.
- ④ Open the window to refresh the air, please.
- ⑤ Our staff will fix the window after you leave.
- 19. 대화를 듣고, 여자의 마지막 말에 대한 남자의 응답으로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오. [3점]

- ① No problem. Let's see a movie.
- ② I agree. New York is a big city.
- ③ Hurry up. We're behind schedule.
- 4 Don't worry. Your brother will be alright.
- ⑤ It's okay. Let's have dinner some other time.
- 20. 다음 상황 설명을 듣고, Susan이 Chris에게 할 말로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.

Susan: Chris, _____

- ① I want you to study with me.
- ② I'd better go to the school library.
- ③ I should have prepared my report earlier.
- ④ I'll tell you about our homework tomorrow.
- ⑤ I found your report on top of the copy machine.
- [21~22] 다음을 듣고, 물음에 답하시오.
- 21. 남자가 하는 말의 목적으로 가장 적절한 것은?
 - ① 보수 공사를 안내하려고
 - ② 소방 시설 점검을 공지하려고
 - ③ 건물 안전 진단 결과를 알리려고
 - ④ 행사 일정 변경을 통보하려고
 - ⑤ 대피 훈련을 설명하려고
- 22. 다음 중 사용 가능한 장소로 언급된 것은?
 - ① 식당
- ② 승강기

③ 도서관

⑤ 주 출입구 ④ 화장실

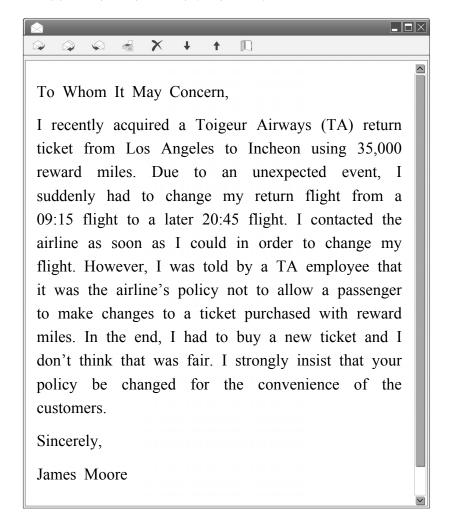
이제 듣기·말하기 문제가 끝났습니다. 23번부터는 문제지 의 지시에 따라 답을 하기 바랍니다.

23. 다음 글에서 필자가 주장하는 바로 가장 적절한 것은?

One of the rules for success is that it doesn't matter where you're coming from; all that matters is where you're going. Almost everyone has the uneasy feeling that they have wasted a good deal of their time and their potential in the past. Unfortunately, many people use these feelings of regret as brakes that they set on their own lives. Instead of rededicating themselves to the exciting months and years ahead, they allow themselves to be overwhelmed with the mistakes that they made in the past. Don't let this happen to you. Instead, think about the future and where you are going. Think about what you can do to create the kind of future you imagine for yourself. Your resolve to be future-oriented will give you energy and enthusiasm. And your future is limited only by your imagination.

- ① 상상력을 억압하지 마라.
- ② 잠재력을 최대한 활용하라.
- ③ 실현 가능한 목표를 뚜렷이 설정하라.
- ④ 과거에 집착하지 말고 미래에 집중하라.
- ⑤ 과거의 경험으로부터 일의 우선순위를 정하라.

24. 다음 글의 목적으로 가장 적절한 것은?



- ① 항공사 방침의 개선을 요구하려고
- ② 마일리지 적립방법을 문의하려고
- ③ 변경된 탑승시간을 확인하려고
- ④ 항공사 직원 교육을 통지하려고
- ⑤ 출발시간 지연에 대해 항의하려고

25. 다음 글의 요지로 가장 적절한 것은?

There are many reasons why people don't buy your product — most of which have nothing to do with you. It may be that a potential customer didn't need your product. Perhaps he couldn't afford it. The point is, you must not feel personally rejected. I've had doors slammed in my face. It wasn't me the customers were rejecting. They were rejecting my product. I believe the biggest reason why so many salespeople fail is because they can't separate themselves from their product. Whether you sell anything, a potential customer usually has no reason to dislike you personally. Even if he does, it's no big deal. You'll get over it.

- ① 고객의 구매 거절을 자신에 대한 거절로 여겨서는 안 된다.
- ② 고객의 불만 사항은 사소한 것이라도 소홀히 해서는 안 된다.
- ③ 효율적인 상품 진열이 판매를 촉진하는 최상의 방법이다.
- ④ 자신과 물건이 하나라는 마음으로 판매에 임해야 한다.
- ⑤ 고객을 진심으로 대하는 것이 최선의 판매 전략이다.

26. 다음 글의 주제로 가장 적절한 것은?

Every year, we throw away more than 125 million cell phones, which accounts for nearly 65,000 tons of toxic waste. Most of them still work properly, and even those that don't can be recycled. In fact, there are several good ways to recycle old cell phones. One way is to donate them to charity. If you have a newer-model phone and are looking to save some of the cost of upgrading, you can sell it on an online auction site. You can also participate in store recycling programs, which often give you gift cards in return. If your phone is completely broken and ready to be recycled, many electronics stores and cell-phone companies will recycle it for you free of charge.

- ① 정보 유출 방지를 위한 업그레이드의 중요성
- ② 폐휴대폰으로 인한 환경오염의 심각성
- ③ 휴대폰 결재를 통한 기부 문화의 확산
- ④ 대량 판매되는 저가 휴대폰의 문제점
- ⑤ 휴대폰을 재활용하는 다양한 방법

27. The Power of Portraits에 관한 다음 안내문의 내용과 일치하는 것은?

THE POWER OF PORTRAITS

Jan 14th - Feb 13th







Submissions Are Open To Everyone!!

Submission Deadline: December 19th

We are happy to announce our first show of 2012: "The Power of Portraits"

- The submission fee is \$35 for five photographs. Additional photographs are \$10 per photo.
- Payment may be submitted online or in person by visiting the gallery.
- You can submit your photographs in person or via email at submit@phg.com. Please attach information about the photographs with your submission.
- All submitted photographs are the property of the gallery and will not be returned.

PHOTOHAUS GALLERY

24 East 7th Avenue, Boston

- ① 작품 제출 마감일은 2월 13일이다.
- ② 다섯 편의 작품만 제출할 수 있다.
- ③ 비용은 온라인으로 결제할 수 없다.
- ④ 직접 방문하여 작품을 제출할 수 있다.
- ⑤ 제출된 작품은 전시 후에 돌려준다.

28. Dolphin Swim Adventure에 관한 다음 안내문의 내용과 일치하지 않는 것은?

DOLPHIN SWIM ADVENTURE

Have you ever kissed a dolphin? Here is your chance to get close to one of the ocean's most incredible creatures. For the low cost of only \$49 per person you can be a part of this unforgettable adventure.



Highlights

- Kiss, touch, and swim with these amazing marine mammals
- Snorkel for incredible underwater views of the dolphins

Boat Schedule Details

Departure Point: Cancun Harbor

Departure Time: Everyday at 9:00 a.m. / 11:30 a.m.

2:00 p.m. / 4:30 p.m.

Additional Info

- Children aged seven years and under are not allowed to participate.
- Actual time spent with the dolphins is about forty minutes.
- Groups of eight or more participants will receive a 10% discount.

Terms and Conditions

No refunds will be given if you cancel within seven days of your scheduled departure.

- ① 돌고래와 함께 수영을 할 수 있다.
- ② 배는 하루에 네 차례 출발한다.
- ③ 참가 연령에 제한이 없다.
- ④ 돌고래와 보내는 실제 시간은 40분 정도이다.
- ⑤ 여덟 명 이상의 단체인 경우 할인을 받는다.

29. 졸업식에 관한 다음 안내문의 내용과 일치하지 않는 것은?

Graduate Information Graduate Information

Congratulations on achieving your academic goals! We're proud of you! Now it is time to prepare for your graduation ceremony and for celebrating your achievements.

Preparing for the Ceremony

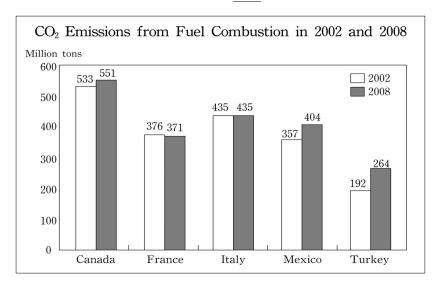
- There is no rehearsal for the graduation ceremony.
- There is no limit to the number of guests you may invite to attend.
- We suggest you wear comfortable shoes.
- We suggest you leave your personal belongings with your guests as there is no place to keep them during the ceremony.
- All participants are required to wear a black graduation cap and gown.
- There will be no separate dressing rooms for graduates.

Note

Don't miss out on getting your free graduation gift provided by the Student Government Association immediately following the ceremony.

- ① 예행 연습은 하지 않는다.
- ② 초대 손님의 수는 제한이 없다.
- ③ 소지품을 따로 보관할 장소가 없다.
- ④ 졸업생을 위한 별도의 탈의실이 있다.
- ⑤ 졸업식 직후에 졸업 선물을 받을 수 있다.

30. 다음 도표의 내용과 일치하지 않는 것은?



The above graph shows the differences in CO₂ emissions from fuel combustion measured by ton for Canada, France, Italy, Mexico, and Turkey in 2002 and 2008. ① CO₂ emissions from fuel combustion for Canada, Mexico, and Turkey were greater in 2008 than in 2002. ② Canada showed the highest amount of CO₂ emissions among all five countries in both 2002 and 2008. ③ Italy was the second largest emitter, accounting for 435 million tons in both 2002 and 2008. ④ France emitted less CO₂ than Mexico in 2002, but this was reversed in 2008. ⑤ Turkey displayed the biggest increase from 192 million tons in 2002 to 264 million tons in 2008.

* combustion: 연소

31. (A), (B), (C)의 각 네모 안에서 어법에 맞는 표현으로 가장 적절한 것은? [3점]

It's impossible to know for sure if cats dream just like we do. However, if you've ever watched your cat when she's fast asleep, you will know that sometimes her whiskers, her paws, or even her tail might move suddenly as if she's dreaming. Cats can even be heard growling or purring while asleep (A) occasional/occasionally, so perhaps they go out hunting or chasing mice in their dreams! Cats can sleep for many hours of the day. In fact, the average cat naps for 13-18 hours every day (B) saving/to save energy and pass the time. Cats in the wild are most active in the early morning and evenings, (C) which/when they do most of their hunting. Domestic cats adjust to our routines. After all, it's more fun to be awake when we are, and to sleep at night.

	(A)		(B)		(C)
1	occasional	•••••	saving	•••••	which
2	occasional	•••••	to save	•••••	when
3	occasionally	•••••	saving	•••••	when
4	occasionally	•••••	to save	•••••	which
(5)	occasionally	•••••	to save	•••••	when

32. 다음 글의 밑줄 친 부분 중, 문맥상 낱말의 쓰임이 적절하지 않은 것은? [3점]

A great belt of desert stretches nearly halfway around the world. Starting in North India, it passes west through Pakistan and Afghanistan, ① continues through the Near East, crosses Africa as the Sahara, and leaping the Atlantic, ends in Mexico and the Southwest United States. In and near this and similar zones, perhaps one quarter of the world's population lives in buildings constructed of sun-dried mud. The desert is both 2 harsh and generous. The intense heat, cold, and scarcity of water in this environment are well known; but the desert also provides 3 insufficient means with which people can shelter themselves against these extremes. For thousands of years, earth has been used as 4 building material in the desert and dry savannah. Mud architecture is highly ⑤ resistant to temperature change and insulates against the day's heat and the night's cold.

* insulate: 차단하다

33. 다음 글에 드러난 'I'의 심경으로 가장 적절한 것은?

The music came to an end and the final dancers on the floor whirled to a stop. I nervously watched as the judges bent their heads together and began to whisper. After ten long minutes, the MC walked up to the stage and spoke into the microphone. "We will now announce the winner for this year's National Dance Championships!" As one of the judges handed him an envelope, my heart began to beat faster and my palms began to sweat. I was on the edge of my seat. It seemed like an eternity before he managed to open the envelope and read the name.

- ① content ② anxious
- 3 envious

- 4 delighted
- ⑤ depressed

[34~36] 다음 글의 빈칸에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.

34. A good place for business leaders to start the process of building trust is by becoming more _______ to their employees. Getting out of the office and mixing with employees is a simple solution to a very common trust problem. In organizational improvement workshops, we often ask, "What is the single greatest barrier to improving communication and trust between you and your manager?" In many cases, the first response is, "I never see her. She's always in a meeting." The employees cannot develop a perception of trust with higher-ups when some don't even know what they look like. If leaders seldom come out of the office, choosing to communicate through email instead, they are no longer a part of that organization. [37]

- ① similar
- 2 visible
- 3 frank

- 4 grateful
- ⑤ subjective

by doing so, you not only close off that avenue for exploration, but also step on the other person's ego. Nobody enjoys having their ideas squashed, so this person is likely to react defensively. You risk getting into a sort of 'idea-killing' argument. To stop this from happening, you need to take a deep breath and _______. If someone offers an idea to which you feel hostile, build on it by deliberately looking for three good things that you can say about it, before you allow yourself to say anything negative. If your supporting comments outweigh the critical ones, the other person will feel reassured that you're considering their idea and is likely to be more receptive to what you say.

- 1 keep changing your pace
- 2 satisfy the group's needs
- 3 discover your weakest points
- 4 look on the positive side
- ⑤ make up your future plans

have been living on our planet, they have become amazingly self-sufficient. In addition to establishing a useful relationship with the sun, plants have learned _. When plants die, they seem to just fall on the ground and rot, getting eaten by many bugs and worms. However, researchers were shocked to discover that dead plants get consumed only by particular bacteria and fungi. Plants know how to attract to their own rotting only those microorganisms and earthworms that will produce beneficial minerals for the soil where the plants' siblings will grow. One way plants attract particular microorganisms into their soil is by concentrating more sugars in their roots. Thus roots such as carrots and potatoes are always much sweeter than the rest of the plant. Apparently, the quality of the soil is critically important, not only as a source of water and minerals for plants but for their very survival. [3점]

36. During the hundreds of millions of years that plants

- ① to extend their lifespan
- 2 to grow their own soil
- 3 to consume microorganisms
- 4 to survive attacks of bacteria
- ⑤ to keep the environment clean

37. 다음 글의 빈칸 (A), (B)에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것은?

More and more today, English is used by Korean professionals on business in Brazil, by Polish hotel staff welcoming tourists from around the world, or by Indian workers who have taken up jobs in the Gulf States. When the role of a language is to be a tool for communication between non-native speakers, we cannot rationally call it a 'foreign' language. Who is the foreigner, when a speaker from Chile interacts with a colleague from Kazakhstan, using English? In a situation like this, the concept of 'foreigner' and of 'foreign language' is not applicable. Instead, we have a situation where English is acting as a *lingua franca*. (B) , it is acting as the common language for speakers whose mother tongues are different.

(A) (B)

① in addition ······ By contrast
② however ····· In conclusion
③ for example ····· That is to say
④ by contrast ····· As a result
⑤ therefore ···· Nevertheless

38. 다음 글에서 전체 흐름과 관계 없는 문장은?

Did you know that one of the most common fears students have is the fear of public speaking? ① I have heard a number of people say that they once failed a class because they refused to give a speech. ② That fear was based on how they felt others would judge them or their presentation. ③ Those who have a fear of public speaking often tell themselves that people in the crowd will silently think bad things about them. ④ If they want to be more relaxed during social activities, they need to interact with others in a positive way. ⑤ The truth is, however, some people in the audience aren't even listening to the presentation because they are thinking about their anxiety over their own presentations or something else altogether.

39. 글의 흐름으로 보아, 주어진 문장이 들어가기에 가장 적절한 곳은? [3점]

But they ran out of the special offers so you have to buy another of the meals at full price.

On the way home from work you see an excellent bargain: a really good ready meal at 25 percent of the usual cost. (①) You snap up one but when you get home you feel like having a friend around. (②) You phone, she agrees, so you pop out for another bargain. (③) The worst is to come: you heat up both meals and then your friend phones to say something has come up and she can't make it. (④) You have two hot, unreheatable meals: you have to throw one away. (⑤) Despite the fact that the meals are identical, economists say, people nearly always eat the one for which they paid full price.

40. 주어진 글 다음에 이어질 글의 순서로 가장 적절한 것은?

You'll need flour, eggs, milk, and oil to make pancakes. Have your toppings ready as you'll want to eat the pancakes as soon as they're done. Follow the instructions below.

- (A) When the edges turn brown, turn it over and cook the other side. Remove it from the pan. Enjoy your pancakes with toppings such as syrup or berries.
- (B) Put the flour in the mixing bowl. Beat the egg and mix it into the milk and pour that into the bowl, too. Mix everything together until it thickens.
- (C) This mixture of flour, eggs, and milk is called batter. Heat some oil in a frying pan and pour in some of the batter. Cook it for a couple of minutes.
- ① (A) (C) (B) ② (B) (A) (C)
- (3) (B) -(C) -(A) (C) -(A) -(B)
- \bigcirc (C) (B) (A)

[41~42] 다음 글을 읽고, 물음에 답하시오.

When people first learn how to juggle, the universal approach they take is to devote all their attention and effort at catching the balls. Extraordinary efforts are justified to catch the balls, because after all, if a ball hits the ground, you've failed. The beginner expects that with enough practice, he'll get really good at catching balls. It's the same at the office. Lots of people try to juggle their work the same way they try to juggle balls. They rush this way and that, dealing with emergencies, handling multiple projects at the same time, and never letting anything fall through the cracks.

But it turns out that juggling is about throwing, not catching. The way to learn how to juggle is not to focus obsessively on not dropping a ball. No, the way to get good at juggling is to focus on your throws instead. If you are good at throwing, the catching will take care of itself. In the same manner, once you've got three or four misthrown projects in the air at work, no amount of rushing around is going to keep them from crashing to the ground. Part of the secret of becoming remarkable at the office is to learn 'how to focus on your throws.' In other words, if your balls are well thrown, the ______ is effortless. If you become good at 'throwing,' you'll find that you're irreplaceable at the office.

41. 위 글의 제목으로 가장 적절한 것은? [3점]

- ① How to Manage Misthrown Projects
- ② A Workplace with Multitasking
- ③ Juggling: A Universal Hobby
- 4 Become the Best Juggler at Work
- ⑤ Throw and Catch: The Essence of Ball Games

42. 위 글의 빈칸에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것은?

- ① hitting
- 2 catching
- ③ practicing

- 4 obsessing
- 5 dropping

[43~45] 다음 글을 읽고, 물음에 답하시오.

(A)

One day, Mrs. Wilson challenged some of her students at Glendale High School to make some glue to fix a broken vase. She gave Mike and Brian some chemicals and told them to try. (a) They began mixing and soon realized something wasn't quite right. "Uh, Mrs. Wilson, is this going to explode?" a worried Mike asked. It did explode, and they spent the rest of the afternoon cleaning up.

(B)

As a result of the lucky accident, fame and fortune have entered the lives of both students. (b) They were recognized by the school board. The media picked up on the story. Even potential investors started to call. They visited the boys and each asked (c) them to sign exclusive contracts. "I can't believe this is happening to us!" Brian said while smiling at Mike.

(C)

It wasn't until months later that the potential importance of the discovery was fully understood. It was when Mrs. Wilson showed the creation to her former chemistry professors. They became excited and exclaimed, "Nobody has come up with something like this before!" (d) Their realization led to a discussion of how it could be used as an edible plastic for improvements in traditional capsules and gel caps for pills.

(D)

The next day Mrs. Wilson happened to see that a mysterious material had remained in a small dish in the lab. She had never seen such a substance, so she asked the boys to re-create it. (e) They tried and came up with something different: it looked like jelly and smelled like fruit. The curious boys decided to have a lab rat eat it to see if it was edible. Surprisingly, the rat was fine.

43. 주어진 글 (A)에 이어질 내용을 순서에 맞게 배열한 것으로 가장 적절한 것은?

- (3) (C) -(D) -(B) (D) -(B) -(C)
- ⑤ (D) (C) (B)

44. 밑줄 친 (a)~(e) 중에서 가리키는 대상이 나머지 넷과 다른 것은?

- ① (a) ②
 - ② (b)
- ③ (c)
- 4 (d)

⑤ (e)

45. 위 글의 Mike와 Brian에 관한 내용과 일치하지 않는 것은?

- ① Mrs. Wilson으로부터 화학 약품을 받았다.
- ② 잠재적 투자자들의 방문을 받았다.
- ③ 만든 것을 화학과 학생들에게 직접 보여 주었다.
- ④ Mrs. Wilson으로부터 신비한 물질을 다시 만들도록 요청 받았다.
- ⑤ 젤리처럼 보이는 것을 실험실 쥐에게 먹여보기로 했다.
- * 확인 사항
- 답안지의 해당란에 필요한 내용을 정확히 기입(표기)했는지 확인 하시오.