

제 3 교시

외국어(영어) 영역

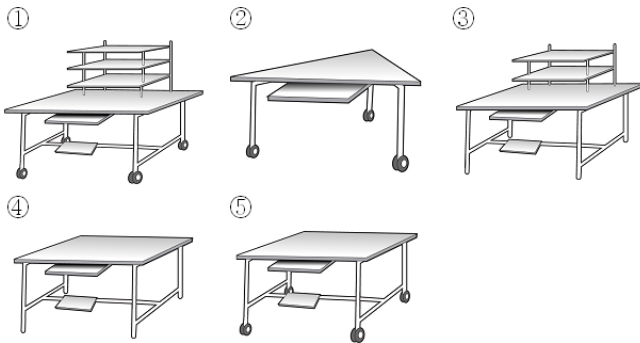
성명		수험번호						3			
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- 먼저 문제지에 성명과 수험 번호를 정확히 기입하십시오.
- 답안지에 수험 번호 및 답을 표기할 때는 반드시 '수험생이 지켜야 할 일'에 따라 표기하십시오.
- 문항에 따라 배점이 다르니, 각 물음의 끝에 표시된 배점을 참고하십시오. 1점과 3점 문항에만 점수가 표시되어 있습니다. 점수 표시가 없는 문항은 모두 2점씩입니다.

1번부터 17번까지는 듣고 답하는 문제입니다. 방송을 잘 듣고 답을 하기 바랍니다. 듣는 내용은 한 번만 방송됩니다.

1. 대화를 듣고, 남자가 구입할 물건을 고르시오.



2. 대화를 듣고, 남자의 심경 변화로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.

- ① curious → indifferent ② excited → grateful
- ③ worried → confident ④ relieved → excited
- ⑤ anxious → frustrated

3. 다음을 듣고, 의인화된 'I'가 무엇인지 고르시오.

- ① straw ② paper ③ mouse
- ④ thumb ⑤ eye

4. 대화를 듣고, 여자가 남자를 위해 할 일로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.

- ① to email his family
- ② to cook him pasta
- ③ to take his photos
- ④ to order Italian food
- ⑤ to take him out for dinner

5. 대화를 듣고, 두 사람이 오늘 지출한 총액을 고르시오.

- ① \$120 ② \$130 ③ \$140
- ④ \$150 ⑤ \$160

6. 다음을 듣고, 여자가 하는 말의 목적으로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.

- ① 동아리 회원을 모집하려고
- ② 학교 환경 개선을 요구하려고
- ③ 학생회 정기 총회를 안내하려고
- ④ 해양 생태계의 중요성을 강조하려고
- ⑤ 봉사활동 소감 발표회를 홍보하려고

7. 대화를 듣고, 남자가 여자에게 부탁한 일을 고르시오.

- ① 우편물 찾아오기 ② 결혼 선물 함께 고르기
- ③ 결혼 사진 촬영하기 ④ 골동품 전시회 함께 가기
- ⑤ 골동품 전문가 소개하기

8. 대화를 듣고, 두 사람의 관계를 가장 잘 나타낸 것을 고르시오.

- ① lawyer and client
- ② doctor and patient
- ③ coach and athlete
- ④ manager and salesclerk
- ⑤ interviewer and interviewee

9. 대화를 듣고, 두 사람이 대화하고 있는 장소로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오. [1점]

- ① restaurant ② classroom
- ③ art museum ④ concert hall
- ⑤ photo studio

10. 대화를 듣고, 남자가 여자를 위해 할 일로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.

- ① 접수 상황 확인하기 ② 준비물 알려주기
- ③ 예약 사항 변경하기 ④ 팩스 사용법 알려주기
- ⑤ 일정표 보내주기

11. 오디오전에 대한 다음 안내 방송을 듣고, 데모한 내용 중 잘못된 것을 고르시오.

Music Auditions	
① Age	under 18 years old
② Time	3 p.m. ~ 6 p.m., Sat. & Sun.
③ Place	Tiffany Studios in New York
④ Musical Style	jazz
⑤ Winner's Benefits	recording contract, world tour with famous musicians

12 대화를 듣고, 두 사람이 구입할 옷에 관한 내용과 일치하지 않는 것을 고르시오.

- ① 순면 제품이다.
- ② 지퍼가 달려 있다.
- ③ 세탁기 사용이 가능하다.
- ④ 뒤집어 다려야 한다.
- ⑤ 평평하게 펴서 말려야 한다.

13 다음 그림의 상황에 가장 적절한 대화를 고르시오.



- ①
- ②
- ③
- ④
- ⑤

14 대화를 듣고, 여자의 마지막 말에 대한 남자의 응답으로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.

Man: _____

- ① You should have kept the promise.
- ② How about buying her a different gift?
- ③ I'd better send a thank-you note to Judy.
- ④ Would you show me a cheaper one?
- ⑤ She'll be glad if she can afford it.

15 대화를 듣고, 남자의 마지막 말에 대한 여자의 응답으로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오. [3점]

Woman: _____

- ① Jim is a more experienced fighter.
- ② The champ's a born fighter. He'll win.
- ③ Jim's condition is not very good nowadays.
- ④ I agree with you. He has some weaknesses.
- ⑤ The champ's too old to take Jim's strong punches.

16 대화를 듣고, 여자의 마지막 말에 대한 남자의 응답으로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.

Man: _____

- ① Great. I'm happy to leave home.
- ② Don't worry. That's part of growing up.
- ③ Well, don't forget to turn it in next time.
- ④ Okay. I'll meet you at the school cafeteria.
- ⑤ Remember, eating breakfast is good for health.

17 다음 상황 설명을 듣고, Charlie가 할 말로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.

Charlie: _____

- ① I think I returned it last Monday.
- ② Well, I'm sure that's what I'm called.
- ③ I'm interested in history and literature.
- ④ Finally, I've grown up to love my brother.
- ⑤ Okay, that's the book my teacher talked about.

이제 듣기·말하기 문제는 다 끝났습니다. 18번부터는 문제지의 지시에 따라 답을 하기 바랍니다.

18 밑줄 친 This[this]가 가리키는 것으로 가장 적절한 것은?

This is one of the most important inventions in human history. Civilization could exist only in warm climates where horses could stay alive through the winter by grazing. Without grass in winter you could not have horses, and without horses you could not have urban civilization. Some time during the so-called Dark Ages, some unknown genius found out how to make this. Forests were turned into meadows. Grass was cut, made into this, and stored. Horses fed on this. Civilization could move north over the Alps. So this gave birth to Vienna and Paris and London and Berlin, and later to Moscow and New York.

- ① hay
- ② cheese
- ③ wheel
- ④ horseshoe
- ⑤ greenhouse

19 밑줄 친 they[their]가 가리키는 대상이 나머지 넷과 다른 것은?

Brown bears are found in Alaska and western Canada. They are not only surprisingly fast, but also, for such huge beasts, amazingly agile: ①they can climb up and down nearly vertical inclines. Fishing the streams in summer, they pounce on swift-moving salmon and snatch them with almost simultaneous movements of ②their paws and mouths. Being excellent swimmers, ③they love to play in the water on warm days. In general, ④they show a fear of humans, but Alaskans prefer not to test these creatures and usually carry noisemakers of some kind to warn the bears of ⑤ their presence.

20. 다음 글의 목적으로 가장 적절한 것은?

For eight years, Asian Ethnic Festival has been proud to share the cultures of over twelve Asian ethnic groups at Freedom Festival Park. In 2007 many of our core members retired, moved from the area, and in several cases, found new jobs that place heavy demands on their time. By the end of last year we realized that without the participation of these key people, holding the event would be difficult if not impossible. At the beginning of 2008 we made the difficult decision not to hold Asian Ethnic Festival this summer. We are hopeful that we can return in 2009. We encourage you to check back with our website in the near future for announcements regarding our festival.

- ① 행사 취소를 알리려고
- ② 예산 지원을 요청하려고
- ③ 자원 봉사자를 모집하려고
- ④ 축제 프로그램을 안내하려고
- ⑤ 회의 참석 여부를 확인하려고

21. 다음 글에서 전체 흐름과 관계 없는 문장은?

The story of Athena becoming patron goddess of Athens concerns the struggle between the goddess and Poseidon. ①When the city of Athens was first built, both Poseidon and Athena competed for the honor of naming it. ②It was then agreed that whoever offered the most useful object for the people would become the patron of the city. ③Poseidon struck the ground with his trident and produced a horse, whereas Athena presented an olive tree, a symbol of peace and plenty. ④Athens became one of the world's most important cities that exported olive oil. ⑤As the horse represented struggle and sorrow, the city was named after Athena.

* trident 삼지창(三枝槍)

22. 다음 글의 밑줄 친 부분 중, 어법상 틀린 것은? [3점]

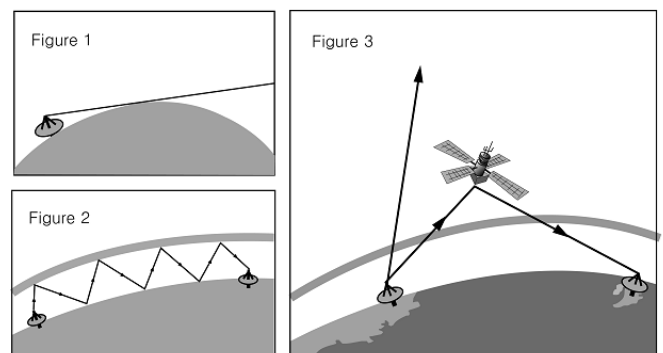
Nowadays the growth of various social network sites, such as E-World and Face-Space, ①is impressive. They are ranked the fourth and fifth most popular site respectively just behind A-Tube. More than sixty percent of their users post their personal photos, as many as two million pictures a day. ②making E-World the top photo website in the country. But ③what many users may not realize is that the company owns every photo. In fact, everything that people post ④being automatically licensed to E-World for its transferable use, distribution, or public display. Recently E-World sold all "user content" ⑤posted on the site to other commercial businesses. Many users unknowingly handed over their photos to corporate control.

23. (A), (B), (C)의 각 네모 안에서 어법에 맞는 표현으로 가장 적절한 것은?

Emma was very fond of singing. She had a very good voice, except that some of her high notes tended to sound like a gate which someone had forgotten (A) oiling / to oil. Emma was very conscious of this weakness and took every opportunity she could find to practice these high notes. As she lived in a small house, (B) where / which she could not practice without disturbing the rest of the family, she usually practiced her high notes outside. One afternoon, a car passed her while she was singing some of her highest and most difficult notes. She saw an anxious expression suddenly (C) come / to come over the driver's face. He put his brakes on violently, jumped out, and began to examine all his tires carefully.

- | | (A) | (B) | (C) |
|---|--------|-------|-------|
| ① | oiling | ..... | where |
| ② | oiling | ..... | which |
| ③ | oiling | ..... | where |
| ④ | to oil | ..... | which |
| ⑤ | to oil | ..... | where |

24. 다음 그림에 대한 설명 중, 밑줄 친 낱말의 쓰임이 적절하지 않은 것은?



Radio waves travel in ①straight lines. As in Figure 1, some waves go along the ground, but they cannot be used over long distances because of the curve of the earth. Other waves ②shoot upward until they hit a band of the atmosphere called the ionosphere as in Figure 2. From the ionosphere they rebound to the earth. They can ③bounce up and down between the earth and the ionosphere all the way round the earth. But not all radio waves are blocked by the ionosphere. In Figure 3, some very short waves such as those used for television go straight through and ④disappear into space. If we want to send television pictures across the Atlantic, we should get a special satellite to ⑤remove them.

* ionosphere 전리층

25. Rembrandt에 관한 다음 글의 내용과 일치하지 않는 것은?

No discussion of baroque painting is complete without mention of Rembrandt van Rijn (1606–1669), perhaps the greatest Dutch painter of all time. His paintings are usually filled with gold tones and warm browns. By contrasting light and dark, he created subtle moods on canvas. His portraits reveal a psychological insight into man's inner nature: many of his subjects he portrayed are deep in contemplation. The themes of many of Rembrandt's paintings were inspired by stories in the Bible. Early in his career, he looked to the Bible only as a source for ideas. In his later religious work, however, he attempted to give a visual interpretation of the Bible. He sought to convey a message rather than simply to please his patrons.

- ① 바로크 회화의 거장이다.
- ② 명암의 대비로 섬세한 분위기를 표현했다.
- ③ 사색에 잠긴 인물을 많이 그렸다.
- ④ 후기에는 종교와 무관한 그림을 그렸다.
- ⑤ 주문자의 요구에 얽매이지 않았다.

【26–29】 다음 글의 빈 칸에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.

26. Any skier can tell you what good snow is, but when you're out shoveling your driveway in the winter, you may feel hard-pressed to find any good words for the white nuisance. Actually, in cold climates, snow is far more useful than even most skiers might imagine. When snow covers the ground, it's an excellent insulator against the colder air above. The snow protects plants and animals that can survive under the snow at temperatures slightly below freezing but would die in the outside air. So if you live in a cold climate, try to remember this winter as you're out shoveling that you're working with nature's own _____.

- ① blanket ② cleaner ③ mirror
- ④ thermometer ⑤ weapon

27. Sarah came running in, "Look what I found." Over the top of the paper I was reading came a crispy long object that caused me to jump. It was a snake skin that had been shed by one of our many garden snakes. "Isn't it beautiful?" said my wide-eyed seven-year-old. I stared at the skin and thought to myself that it really wasn't that beautiful, but I have learned never to _____. Everything they see for the first time is elementary to their sense of beauty and creativity: they see only merit and excellence in the world until they are educated otherwise. "Beautiful overalls! Now we have a naked snake in our garden," I answered.

- ① touch dead animals ② tell lies to other people
- ③ exaggerate what you see ④ ignore what children say
- ⑤ give children too much money

28. Radio DJs use tricks to keep their listeners tuned in. Here's one called a cliff-hanger. To make sure listeners won't switch stations during the radio commercial, the broadcaster throws out a mini-mystery: "And right after the commercial we'll be back with the winning ticket... It could be yours... Stay tuned!" When you leave a voice mail message, try to include a cliff-hanger: "Hi, Harry, this is Andrew. I have the answer to that question you asked me last week," or "Hi, Diane, this is Andrew. I have some big news about that project we were discussing." Now Harry and Diane have a reason to _____.

- ① call you back ② go out together
- ③ turn off the radio ④ change the ring tone
- ⑤ run an advertisement

29. In a traditional theory, the poorer countries could catch up quickly because in those countries, _____. For instance, a few roads in a poor country can open a whole new area for trade; in a rich country, a few more roads just relieve a little congestion. A little more education in a poor country can make all the difference; in a rich country, people with degrees often can't find a job. And of course, it should be easier to copy technology than for a rich country to invent it. When you look at some developing countries in the world, the theory of catch-up seems reasonable.

* congestion 혼잡

- ① public transportation is well organized
- ② new investments have far bigger rewards
- ③ they are free from corruption and instability
- ④ people work hard to break the chain of poverty
- ⑤ wages are relatively lower than in rich countries

30. 필자의 주장과 가까운 자녀 양육 사례로 가장 적절한 것은?

Nowadays many parents try to remove pain and failure from their children's lives. "No, you can't hang upside down on the monkey bars. You'll fall," and "Don't worry. Everyone gets a trophy." These are the ideas that guide their children's lives. They try to eliminate risk even at the expense of fun and experience. The result is a group of kids who graduate from high school and are afraid to take the risks required to succeed because there is a high possibility of failure. Childhood is the time to be cut and scraped and to make mistakes. In childhood you learn how to handle obstacles and adversity for your later life.

- ① 배낭여행을 원하면 보내 준다.
- ② 사용한 물건을 스스로 치우게 한다.
- ③ 자전거를 탈 때는 헬멧을 쓰게 한다.
- ④ 좋아하는 가수의 공연에 함께 가 준다.
- ⑤ 연령에 맞는 TV 프로그램을 시청하게 한다.

【31-32】 다음 글의 주제로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.

31. In the early days of the car industry, Ford points out, there was no after-sales service. Car makers were totally focused on selling rather than building a relationship with customers, and it was considered good business to charge a lot for spare parts because the owner had no choice but to buy them. Ford believed that the sale of a car was merely the beginning of a relationship with a buyer. He built his cars to last, but also made sure that parts were interchangeable among models, cheap, and easy to install. This ideal of service might have seemed crazy to other manufacturers, but the trust it built up among the public was priceless. [1점]

- ① 기업의 위기관리 방법 ② 자동차 정비의 필요성
- ③ 자동차 소비 형태의 변화 ④ 바람직한 노사 관계의 정립
- ⑤ 애프터서비스 개념의 도입

32. Even though we are now living in the digital age, the basic and most important element of education—the human connection—has not changed. The most wired students still need that one-on-one, teacher-student relationship to learn and to succeed. Teenagers need instruction in English, math, or history, but they also want personal advice and encouragement. In my English and journalism classes, we talk about Shakespeare and persuasive essays, but we also discuss college basketball, the war in Iraq, and career choices. This personal connection is the vital link between teacher and student that no amount of technology can replace.

* wired 인터넷을 애용하는

- ① the personal ties between teachers and students
- ② the means to improve the school environment
- ③ the roles of technology in education
- ④ the methods of writing good essays
- ⑤ the disadvantages of e-learning

33. 삼나무(redwood)에 관한 다음 글의 내용과 일치하는 것은?

The giant redwood in California is described as “the tree with the moving foot.” These trees, which are among the largest and oldest of all living things, moved to California from the Arctic. The warmer climate drew them southward and it took some seventy-five million years to complete the move. Carried by birds, winds, and some strong-toothed animals, the seeds of the redwood traveled thousands of miles from what is now the northernmost tip of Alaska to California. Only the hardest of seeds survived—those that visited Europe soon died out. But the seeds that made it to California put down roots, grew into luxuriant forests, and became camera subjects for tourists.

- ① 캘리포니아에서 여러 지역으로 전파되었다.
- ② 추운 지역에 주로 분포한다.
- ③ 동물로 인해 많은 해를 입고 있다.
- ④ 유럽에서는 살아남는 데 실패했다.
- ⑤ 관광객의 접근이 제한되어 있다.

34. (A), (B), (C)의 각 네모 안에서 문맥에 맞는 낱말로 가장 적절한 것은?

More than one and a half million tickets have already been sold for the Olympic Games in Beijing this August. Many have been bought by (A) generous / genuine sports fans. But others have not. Some ticket holders are already selling off their seats on the black market for inflated prices. A ticket for the opening ceremony that originally cost less than \$400 is now on sale for more than \$4,000. This is not supposed to be happening. Olympic rules say people can (B) transfer / transform a ticket to somebody else, but not for financial gain. Anyone caught faces a huge fine, but this has not (C) encouraged / discouraged selling their seats openly on the Internet.

- | | (A) | (B) | (C) |
|---|----------|-----------------|-------------------|
| ① | generous | transfer | encouraged |
| ② | genuine | transform | discouraged |
| ③ | genuine | transfer | discouraged |
| ④ | genuine | transfer | encouraged |
| ⑤ | generous | transform | encouraged |

35. 주어진 글 다음에 이어질 글의 순서로 가장 적절한 것은?

Suppose you're all sitting around the living room and someone is telling a joke. Suddenly, just before his big punch line, the phone rings.

- (A) Here's where you come in. Rescue him by just saying, "Now please get back to your story." Doing subtle favors pays you back forever.
- (B) Once the subject is changed, it's hard for him to say, "Now, as I was saying..." Instead, he'll spend the rest of the evening feeling miserable he didn't get to finish.
- (C) After the call, the subject turns to the impending marriage or medical operation of the caller. Nobody remembers the great punch line was not finished—except the joke teller.

* punch line (농담 등에서) 결정적인 대목

- ① (A) - (C) - (B) ② (B) - (A) - (C)
- ③ (B) - (C) - (A) ④ (C) - (A) - (B)
- ⑤ (C) - (B) - (A)

36. 다음 글에 드러난 필자의 심경 변화로 가장 적절한 것은?

The noise of the train filled the air now. The bridge began to shake as the train charged across it. I was on the narrow walkway on one side of the tracks. It was so narrow that the wind of a passing train would blow me off the bridge. My legs felt like water. My mouth opened by itself. I couldn't move. Far in front I could see my friends screaming, "Run!" I thought that I would be soon joining them. That thought unlocked my body. I jumped to my feet. My left foot almost slipped, but I recovered and ran on. When I was almost across, finally I jumped and landed onto the solid ground. And when the train passed completely, I felt a warm hand on my neck. It was Chris's.

- ① disappointed → satisfied ② happy → worried
 ③ frightened → relieved ④ calm → terrified
 ⑤ annoyed → sympathetic

【37-38】 다음 글의 요지로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.

37. Have you ever noticed how comfortable you feel walking into certain rooms? The chairs are arranged in a way that welcomes you as if saying, "Come right on in and sit on me." Conversely, you enter other rooms where you must go around the tables and dressers before you finally find a free chair. Likewise, some people arrange their 'body furniture,' their arms and legs, to say, "Hey, come right on over and talk to me." Yet other people's 'body furniture' shouts, "Keep out! Approach at your own risk." Some studies show that party goers are more comfortable approaching people who stand with an open body, arms uncrossed and hanging at their sides, legs slightly separated, and a slight smile on their faces.

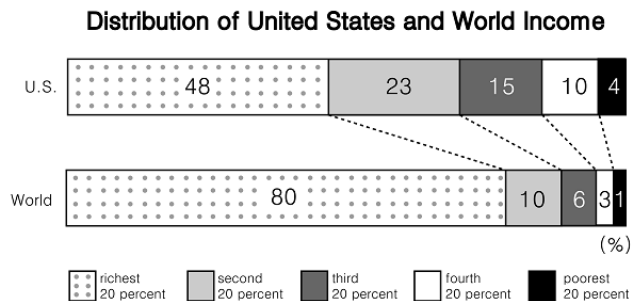
- ① 좋은 친구는 심리적 안정감을 준다.
 ② 동선을 고려하여 방안의 가구를 배치해야 한다.
 ③ 접근을 수용하는 자세가 상대를 편안하게 한다.
 ④ 산만한 가구 배치는 스트레스를 유발한다.
 ⑤ 진솔한 대화가 스트레스를 해소시킨다.

38. The only thing missing from the government's plan to pump water out of the Yazoo Basin is the scary music that accompanies the return of the monster in the movie. Wetlands reduce flood peaks. Draining them to prevent floods is like eating ice cream to lose weight. Moreover, the plan would be an endless burden on taxpayers: nearly two hundred million dollars to build drain pumps and millions more every year thereafter for their operation and maintenance. The flooding problem can be addressed with minor flood control measures to protect houses and roads and reforestation of wetter areas, not with the giant pumps that drain our precious wetlands.

* basin (강의) 유역 분지

- ① 홍수 방지를 위한 예산을 늘려야 한다.
 ② 나무를 심어서 자연 재해를 막아야 한다.
 ③ 습지의 물을 빼는 사업을 하지 말아야 한다.
 ④ 저지대 주민들을 다른 곳으로 이주시켜야 한다.
 ⑤ 자연 보호 구역에서는 영화 촬영을 금지해야 한다.

39. 다음 도표의 내용과 일치하지 않는 문장은?



The above graph shows the distribution of income among all U.S. and world families. ① The economic gap between the rich and the poor in the world is far more noticeable than in the United States. ② The richest 20 percent of the U.S. families received about half the national income; the richest 20 percent of global population, however, received four-fifths of world income. ③ At the other extreme, the poorest 20 percent of U.S. population earned 4 percent of the national income; the poorest fifth of the world's people struggled to survive on just 1 percent of the global income. ④ The bottom 60 percent of the world's people received 10 percent of the world's income. ⑤ On the other hand, the bottom 60 percent of U.S. population enjoyed more than half the national income.

40. 다음 글의 빈칸 (A), (B)에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것은?

Music seems to be everywhere we go. We now expect to hear music in restaurants, doctor's offices, airports, and so on. Furthermore, CD players, MP3 players, and other types of equipment are not very expensive, so they are affordable to many people. (A), most people have some way of listening to music at home. Now, you probably think that this is a positive thing. But there are some negative effects of music being so easily available. For one thing, many people have become passive listeners to music. By this I mean music is something that is just there; people don't really listen to it. (B), fewer and fewer people play musical instruments for fun. There just aren't many amateur musicians. People rely on the professionals to make the music instead.

- | (A) | | (B) |
|----------------|-------|-------------------|
| ① As a result | ..... | In addition |
| ② As a result | ..... | On the other hand |
| ③ Nevertheless | ..... | Therefore |
| ④ Nevertheless | ..... | On the other hand |
| ⑤ Nevertheless | ..... | In addition |

41. 글의 흐름으로 보아, 주어진 문장이 들어가기에 가장 적절한 곳은?

As they get a little older, the same children start making more mistakes.

Parents are sometimes surprised when their children's grammar starts getting worse. (①) When young children begin using sentences, their grammar is reasonably correct. (②) For example, a child who used the word "mice" might start saying "mouses," even though she had never heard anyone else make that mistake. (③) If you see this pattern of mistakes in your own child, don't worry. (④) Child development specialists say it's actually a good sign. (⑤) By making these mistakes, children are showing a deeper understanding of grammar.

42. 다음 글의 상황에 나타난 분위기로 가장 적절한 것은? [1점]

The race started at two o'clock, and by then there were quite a lot of people in the grandstands. The crowd around us cheered and waved flags as the cars went past, and the noise grew louder and louder. With the lack of commentary or a screen to watch, we had no way of knowing who was in the lead or what was happening in the race. Quite obviously the race is much easier to follow on television than on site, but that didn't matter. The spectacle of crowds, noise, really extreme cars rushing by (and at least one car going off the track) more than made up for that.

- ① warm and relaxing ② tense and scary
- ③ sad and gloomy ④ dynamic and exciting
- ⑤ romantic and nostalgic

【43-44】 다음 글의 제목으로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.

43. The good news is that scientists have uncovered an animal group that should thrive as global temperatures rise. The bad news is that it is insects. According to a new research conducted by biologists at the University of Washington, insects that have adapted to warmer climates also show higher rates of population growth. As global temperatures increase, increases in insect populations could have profound effects on public health, agriculture and conservation, and could even alter entire ecosystems. "Enhanced population growth rates for butterflies might be a good thing, but enhanced growth rates for mosquito populations are much more dubious," said Melanie Frazier, lead author of the new research.

* dubious 수상한, 의심스러운

- ① Insects: New Resources
- ② More Insects, Worse Harvest
- ③ Warmer World: Insect Heaven
- ④ Climate Change at Full Speed
- ⑤ Global Warming: New Food Producer

44. The city council recently passed a bill that bans charity groups from providing food to homeless people in downtown parks. On April 4, the police arrested Eric Montanez, a 22-year-old volunteer, for handing bread and soups to hungry people. They said that they enacted the law in response to complaints from residents and businesses. They argued the presence of readily available food will bring more homeless people into their community, and that they'll have to raise taxes to provide affordable housing and public assistance and shelters. But volunteers are criticizing the law, calling the measure inhumane. They say, "Food is a human right, not a commodity. They're not trying to find a solution to why these people are out there."

* enact (법률) 제정하다

- ① Is Feeding the Hungry a Crime?
- ② Can Volunteering Reduce Violence?
- ③ Is It Necessary to Control Food Prices?
- ④ Should Taxes Be Raised for Public Health?
- ⑤ Should Gatherings in the City Parks Be Banned?

45. 다음 글이 시사하는 바를 한 문장으로 요약하고자 한다. 빈칸 (A)와 (B)에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것은?

Late in 1953, a young Londoner was looking forward to the appearance of his first book. He was most dismayed when his publisher told him it would not be issued until January 1954. He would miss the Christmas sales, and he feared his book wouldn't get attention. Deeply disappointed, he tried to have the date changed. His wise old publisher, however, told him that in a month like January, any book more than ordinarily interesting would be assured of good reviews, and its popularity would be guaranteed. And he was right. When the first novel by the then unknown Kingsley Amis was published in the early days of 1954, "Lucky Jim" was an immediate success.



Don't be disappointed because you are not (A) ; sometimes it pays to (B).

- | (A) | (B) |
|------------|----------------|
| ① talented | practice |
| ② talented | wait |
| ③ noticed | practice |
| ④ noticed | wait |
| ⑤ noticed | forget |

【46-48】 다음 글을 읽고, 물음에 답하십시오.

- (A) In a ferryboat crowded with farmers and merchants, (a) a swordsman was boasting about his great victories, swinging his long sword. The other passengers were afraid of this young man, so they pretended to be interested in his stories.
- (B) By now the young man got angry, and he challenged the older man to a fight then and there. The older man said he would show his skills at the nearest shore. He asked the ferryman to guide the boat to a tiny nearby island. As they approached the island, (b) the impatient challenger shouted, "Come! I will show you how sharp my sword is!"
- (C) He leaped onto the shore. Then, the older man handed the ferryman his sword. He took the ferryman's long oar and pushed it hard from the island. "Come back! Come back!" the young man screamed. "This is what is called victory without fighting. Jump into the water and swim here!" (c) the winner shouted back to him. Now the passengers began to laugh, looking back at (d) the man on the shore.
- (D) But one older man sat to the side, with his eyes closed. He looked indifferent to (e) the storyteller. It began to annoy the young man, who finally called out, "You don't even know how to use a sword, old man, do you?" "I most certainly do," answered the older man. "My style is to win without swords of fighting." "Don't be ridiculous," said the young man.

46. 위 글 (A)에 이어질 내용을 순서에 맞게 배열한 것으로 가장 적절한 것은?

- ① (B) - (C) - (D)
 ② (B) - (D) - (C)
 ③ (C) - (D) - (B)
 ④ (D) - (B) - (C)
 ⑤ (D) - (C) - (B)

47. 밑줄 친 (a) ~ (e) 중에서 가리키는 대상이 나머지 넷과 다른 것은?

- ① (a) ② (b) ③ (c) ④ (d) ⑤ (e)

48. 위 글이 주는 교훈으로 가장 적절한 것은?

- ① Old habits die hard.
 ② Pride will have a fall.
 ③ A watched pot never boils.
 ④ A burnt child dreads the fire.
 ⑤ A liar should have good memory.

【49-50】 두 사람의 대립된 의견을 읽고, 물음에 답하십시오.

Person A Why do people think children need to work the same way as adults do? The years between six and eighteen are the time when a child should be a child. Think about things like Little League baseball and family vacations. These are the things we grew up with. Imagine a full year of school without summer vacation. Children would be in the classroom nearly as many hours, as perhaps even more than, we are working. And then, they would be working an additional hour or so every night on homework. Without breaks, they would be stressed-out. I am worried about the consequences.

Person B I'm a high school student. I love summer vacation. It's fun and easygoing. But that's the problem. Many students joke about 'forgetting everything' over the summer. Sadly, this is mostly true. We forget a lot of stuff we're taught during the year. Moreover, students are overworked during the semester. My average work week is about thirty-four hours, and I spend at least fifteen hours for homework, studying, and major projects. Things would be easier if we studied during the summer. Students' daily workload would be reduced if their normal work were _____.

49. 위 두 글의 핵심 쟁점으로 가장 적절한 것은?

- ① abolishing summer vacation
 ② working part-time after school
 ③ reducing the burden of homework
 ④ encouraging after-school activities
 ⑤ sending children to a summer camp

50. Person B의 빈 칸에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것은? [3점]

- ① fairly evaluated
 ② interesting and fun
 ③ focused on real life
 ④ spread over the full year
 ⑤ shared with other students

※ 확인 사항

문제지와 답안지의 해당란을 정확히 기입(표기)했는지 확인하십시오.