

# 외국어(영어) 영역

## 제 3 교시

성명

수험 번호

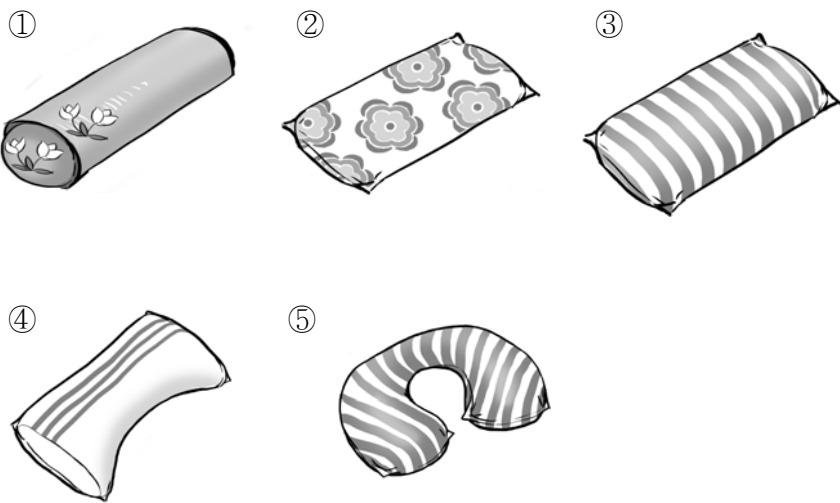
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- 문제지의 해당란에 성명과 수험 번호를 정확히 기입하십시오.
- 답안지의 해당란에 성명과 수험 번호를 쓰고, 또 수험 번호와 답을 정확히 표시하십시오.
- 문항에 따라 배점이 다르니, 각 물음의 끝에 표시된 배점을 참고하십시오. 1점과 3점 문항에만 점수가 표시되어 있습니다. 점수 표시가 없는 문항은 모두 2점씩입니다.

1번부터 17번까지는 듣고 답하는 문제입니다. 방송을 잘 듣고 답을 하기 바랍니다. 듣는 내용은 한 번만 방송됩니다.

1. 대화를 듣고, 여자가 사려는 베개를 고르시오.



2. 대화를 듣고, 남자의 심정으로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.

- ① confident      ② nervous      ③ annoyed
- ④ thankful      ⑤ jealous

3. 다음을 듣고, 무엇에 대한 설명인지 고르시오.

- ① 마늘      ② 감자      ③ 인삼      ④ 버섯      ⑤ 배추

4. 대화를 듣고, 여자가 할 일로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.

- ① 전화기 빌려주기      ② 집 열쇠 복제하기
- ③ 아들에게 전화하기      ④ 보험회사에 전화하기
- ⑤ 사무실 열쇠 가지러 가기

5. 대화를 듣고, 여자가 지불할 총 금액을 고르시오. [3점]

- ① \$5      ② \$8      ③ \$11      ④ \$13      ⑤ \$16

6. 다음을 듣고, 남자가 하는 말의 목적으로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.

- ① 청취자로부터 전화 신청곡을 받으려고
- ② 콘서트 무료 티켓 신청을 독려하려고
- ③ 변경된 콘서트 일정을 알리려고
- ④ 라디오 프로그램을 홍보하려고
- ⑤ 라디오 진행자를 소개하려고

7. 대화를 듣고, 여자가 남자에게 부탁한 일로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.

- ① to cook for her
- ② to wash the dishes
- ③ to buy dishwashing soap
- ④ to separate the recyclables
- ⑤ to help her prepare for a party

8. 대화를 듣고, 두 사람의 관계를 가장 잘 나타낸 것을 고르시오.

- ① 기자 — 우주비행사      ② 여행객 — 관광안내원
- ③ 판매원 — 손님      ④ 지배인 — 요리사
- ⑤ 의사 — 환자

9. 대화를 듣고, 두 사람이 대화하고 있는 장소로 가장 적절한 곳을 고르시오.

- ① 구내식당      ② 병원 응급실      ③ 분실물 센터
- ④ 가구 수리점      ⑤ 과학 실험실

10. 대화를 듣고, 여자가 남자를 위해 할 일로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.

- ① 고객 전화번호 수정하기      ② 변경된 사은품 배송하기
- ③ 잡지 신청서 보내주기      ④ 요리책 주문하기
- ⑤ 인터넷 설치하기

11. 표를 보면서 대화를 듣고, 두 사람이 수강할 강좌를 고르시오.

2010 Fall Art Center Program

### An Introduction to Cartoons

Time \ Day	Saturday	Sunday
10:00~12:00	① The History of Cartoons	② Web-toons
12:00~13:00	Lunch Break	
13:00~14:30	③ Drawing Techniques	④ Drawing Caricatures
15:00~16:30	⑤ Pencil Drawings	Book Fair

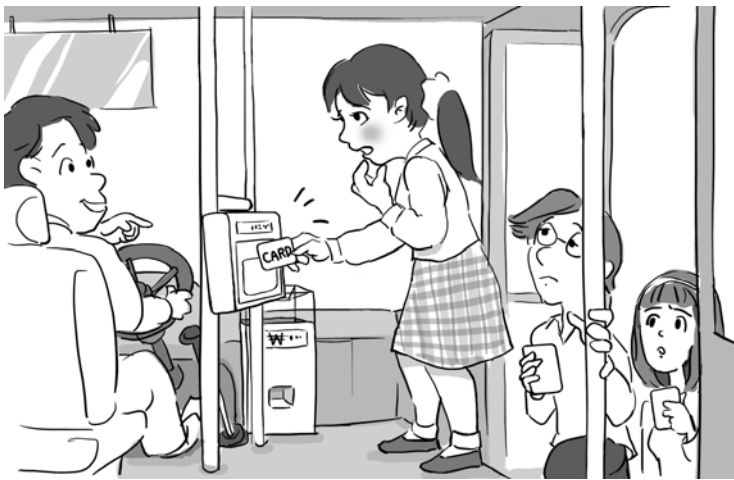
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## 외국어[영어] 영역

12. 레슬링 캠프에 대한 다음 내용을 듣고, 일치하지 않는 것을 고르시오.

- ① 1, 2학년을 대상으로 한다.
- ② 학교 레슬링 코치가 지도한다.
- ③ 학년별로 반을 편성하게 된다.
- ④ 참가비는 한 사람당 65달러이다.
- ⑤ 등록마감일은 이번 주 목요일이다.

13. 그림의 상황에 가장 적절한 대화를 고르시오. [1점]



- ①
- ②
- ③
- ④
- ⑤

14. 대화를 듣고, 여자의 마지막 말에 대한 남자의 응답으로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.

Man: \_\_\_\_\_

- ① Sounds good. Three tickets, please.
- ② I want to know when the show begins.
- ③ I'm lucky to get the tickets for tonight.
- ④ Let me know where you got the tickets.
- ⑤ I'm sorry. I'd like to refund these tickets.

15. 대화를 듣고, 남자의 마지막 말에 대한 여자의 응답으로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.

Woman: \_\_\_\_\_

- ① You're asked to teach beginners.
- ② I hope you can join us on the trip.
- ③ You should have gotten the ski equipment.
- ④ I'm sorry to hear that you won't be coming.
- ⑤ I have to put off getting my regular checkup.

16. 대화를 듣고, 여자의 마지막 말에 대한 남자의 응답으로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.

Man: \_\_\_\_\_

- ① It was a shortcut to be a cook.
- ② I studied under the best chefs in Paris.
- ③ I've always longed to visit you in Paris.
- ④ I didn't have a chance to try foreign cuisine.
- ⑤ It was very hard to run a restaurant without any help.

17. 다음 상황 설명을 듣고, Karen이 가게 주인에게 할 말로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.

Karen: \_\_\_\_\_

- ① Are you interested in collecting clothes?
- ② Would you help me hold a clearance sale?
- ③ May I give you a hand with raising money?
- ④ Could you give some clothes to our charity?
- ⑤ Do you want me to make a list of sale items?

이제 듣기 문제는 다 끝났습니다. 18번부터는 문제의 지시에 따라 답을 하기 바랍니다.

18. 밑줄 친 This[this]가 가리키는 것으로 가장 적절한 것은?

Five thousand years ago, the craters of extinct volcanoes in Arabia were used as this by farmers for their irrigation water. Dry climate and water shortage in India led to early development of water management techniques, including the building of this in 3,000 BC. This may be created in river valleys by the construction of a dam or may be built by conventional construction techniques, like brickwork. This is used to provide raw water feed to a water treatment plant which delivers drinking water through water mains. This does not simply hold water until it is needed; it can also be the first part of the water treatment process.

- ① canal    ② fishery    ③ fountain    ④ waterfall    ⑤ reservoir

19. 밑줄 친 he[him]가 가리키는 대상이 나머지 넷과 다른 것은? [1점]

I have been married to Mick for 22 years. My problem is that I have sometimes had a hard time contacting him. He is so forgetful that ① he often doesn't know where he put his cell phone. Recently, our family planned to go to dinner. When Mick didn't show up, we tried to contact ② him for one hour. We were worried sick, so we called Bill, one of his friends. We expected ③ him to know my husband's whereabouts, but he was no help to us. One hour later, Mick came back home and apologetically said that ④ he seemed to have left his cell phone beneath the pillow on our bed. At that very moment, his cell phone began vibrating in the pocket of the coat ⑤ he was wearing!

20. 다음 글의 목적으로 가장 적절한 것은?

My younger brother, Martin, has a chance for a marvelous job next year on condition that he speaks English fluently. As he has never studied it at all, however, he must learn it very quickly. What is the best way of doing this? Should he try to do it on his own with the help of records or CDs or should he go to a local language school where the teachers are all American? It is an awful nuisance to be bothered with all these questions, I know, but as you are a teacher of English to foreigners you are the person most qualified to help us find appropriate ways to study English. Martin joins me in apologizing for troubling you, and we both send you our best wishes.

- ① 구인 정보를 준 것에 대해 감사하려고
- ② 이전에 저지른 실수에 대해 사과하려고
- ③ 지역 내 학교의 입학 절차를 문의하려고
- ④ 희망하던 회사에 입사한 것을 축하하려고
- ⑤ 영어 학습 방법에 대한 조언을 부탁하려고

21. (A)~(C)에서 어법에 맞는 표현을 바르게 짝지은 것은?

When the volcano in Iceland erupted for the first time in over 200 years, many people were surprised. The volcanic ash, after blasting high into the atmosphere, (A) presenting / presented a risk to the engines of airplanes. Even after the eruption had died down, the ash still remained in the sky. According to many experts at that time, a satellite using laser technology could determine the concentration of the ash. They also added (B) that / what they would be able to figure out how much of a risk the ash would be for aircraft engines. By shooting beams of light at the ash clouds, the satellite could catch the light that was bounced back. From this they believed they would be able to determine how concentrated the ash was and, thus, how (C) dangerous / dangerously it could be for aircraft to fly through.

- | (A)          | (B)        | (C)               |
|--------------|------------|-------------------|
| ① presenting | ..... that | ..... dangerously |
| ② presented  | ..... what | ..... dangerously |
| ③ presenting | ..... what | ..... dangerous   |
| ④ presented  | ..... that | ..... dangerous   |
| ⑤ presenting | ..... that | ..... dangerous   |

22. 다음 글의 밑줄 친 부분 중, 어법상 틀린 것은? [3점]

In the past, young athletes would play hockey or baseball. Today, they want risk and excitement—the ① closer to the edge, the better. More and more young athletes are taking part in risky activities ② called ‘extreme sports’ or ‘X-sports’ such as mountain biking, snowboarding over cliffs, and bungee jumping. Extreme sports have become a whole new area of sports, with a high level of skill and specialized equipment to allow athletes ③ to improve their performance. There’s even a special Olympics for extreme sports ④ including snow mountain biking and ice climbing. An X-games competition is held each summer in Rhode Island. It features sports like sky surfing ⑤ which people jump from airplanes with surfboards attached to their feet.

23. 다음 글에서 전체 흐름과 관계 없는 문장은?

Arabs have a saying which reflects respect for the elderly: A house without an elderly person is like an orchard without a well. ① This same respect is taught in most Asian cultures in which children read stories of exemplary sons and daughters who care for their parents through good times and bad. ② The main reason behind this great respect for the elderly is that, in such places as Korea, an appreciation of the past is highly valued. ③ Malaysians frequently admire the more senior or elderly member of an organization, and this person will generally be the first to speak at a meeting. ④ In Singapore, the elderly might participate in volunteer services more than the youth. ⑤ In addition, there is great obedience and politeness to senior citizens in Japan.

[24 ~ 28] 다음 글의 빈칸에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.

24. In 2003, there was one car line that sold more than any other in the U.S. Ironically, it had previously proven itself to be an ineffective profit-maker for the manufacturer. Why did its sales skyrocket all of a sudden? It couldn’t have been driven by advertising. Nor was there any price change to account for the unexpected popularity. The reason for its success was paradoxical: Its manufacturer had decided to discontinue the line due to poor sales. In response to the announcement that the car line would soon no longer be available, sales jumped like never before. Why? The answer lies in the \_\_\_\_\_ principle: People show a greater desire for an object when they learn that it is unique, available in limited quantities, or obtainable for only a limited time.

- ① identity                      ② scarcity                      ③ creation
- ④ tolerance                    ⑤ neutrality

25. Baseball players often place a weighted ring around their bat before taking their warm-up swings. They say repeatedly swinging a heavier bat makes the unweighted bat feel lighter in comparison. The primary principle underlying this effect is known as perceptual contrast. Simply put, the characteristics of objects are perceived in comparison to others. If you are asked to pick up a ten-pound weight in a gymnasium, it will appear lighter if you had first picked up a twenty-pound weight and heavier if you had first picked up a five-pound weight. Nothing has actually changed about the ten-pound weight except your perception of it. This psychological process holds for almost any type of judgment you could make. In every case the perceptual process is the same: \_\_\_\_\_ colors perception.

- ① Social status                      ② Physical appeal
- ③ Critical thinking                      ④ Prior experience
- ⑤ Objective criterion

26. There's an old joke that goes: There are two kinds of people in the world — those who believe that everything can be divided into two categories and the rest of you. Human beings somehow seem naturally inclined to see life in contrasting pairs. East versus West. Mars versus Venus. Logic versus emotion. Left versus right. Yet, in most realms we usually don't have to \_\_\_\_\_ and it's often dangerous if we do. For instance, logic without emotion is a chilly, cold-hearted existence. Emotion without logic is a chaotic, hysterical world where the clocks are never right and the buses always late. In the end, yin always needs yang.

\* yin: 음(陰) \*\* yang: 양(陽)

- ① pick sides                      ② skip lessons
- ③ hide emotions                ④ avoid challenges
- ⑤ combine categories

27. The question of tax equality is a major concern for many people in underdeveloped countries. Tax equality refers to the way taxes are distributed among people. Even if tax collections were exactly the right amount to pay for government goods and services demanded by people, there could be concern that \_\_\_\_\_. For example, some taxpayers may be paying more than what they believe is a fair amount, and some may be paying less than what others believe is a fair amount. So, in addition to the fear that government is too big and taxes generally too high, there is the fear that taxes are too low for certain taxpayers and too high for others.

- ① collected tax couldn't meet the budget
- ② the government overly raises tax rates
- ③ tax distributions are far from being fair
- ④ some taxpayers try to avoid paying tax
- ⑤ too much tax might be spent in a sector

28. To help us experience more joy in school and in the workplace, we can cognitively redefine our experiences by ridding ourselves of the prejudice we have against work. A study run by Donald Hebb back in 1930 can help us understand how this reformation can take place. Six hundred students between the ages of six and fifteen were told that they no longer needed to do any schoolwork. If they misbehaved in class, their punishment was to go out and play; if they behaved, their reward was getting to do more work. Hebb reports, "In these circumstances, all of the pupils discovered within a day or two that they preferred work to no work." If we can \_\_\_\_\_ and do the same for our children, we will ultimately be much better off.

[3점]

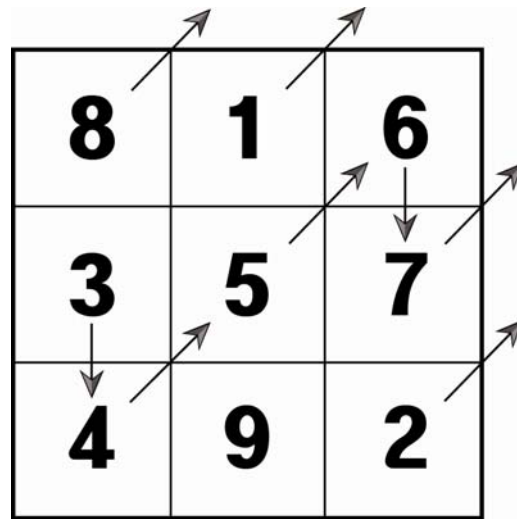
- ① take a carrot and stick approach in the workplace
- ② speak out to our bosses about what we really want
- ③ improve the relation between parents and teachers
- ④ provide ourselves with healthy outlets for our stress
- ⑤ reframe our work as a privilege rather than as a duty

29. 다음 글의 분위기로 가장 적절한 것은? [1점]

Jason woke up in the middle of the night, when he heard glass shattering. From the balcony of the fourth-floor room, Jason saw black smoke pouring from the windows of the hotel. He watched one window blow out, and then another, and heard people shouting. Some young guests were throwing ropes made from twisted bedsheets off their balconies, and a couple of them were trying to climb down. There was so much smoke that he couldn't see five feet in front of him. Jason ran out into the corridor and began pounding on doors and shouting, "Fire!" He heard people yelling and trying to get out in sheer chaos. He pulled the fire alarm system and nothing happened. He didn't know what to do at that moment.

- ① tragic and solemn              ② urgent and tense
- ③ quiet and peaceful            ④ mysterious and moving
- ⑤ gloomy and monotonous

30. 그림에 대한 글의 내용 중, 밑줄 친 낱말의 쓰임이 적절하지 않은 것은?



A 3×3 magic square is filled with numbers in order from 1 through 9. The numbers are arranged so that the sum of the numbers in any horizontal, vertical, or main diagonal line is always the ① same, that is, 15. It begins by placing number 1 in the ② center square of the top row. Then the basic movement for filling the squares is diagonally up and ③ right. When a move leaves the 3×3 square, it is wrapped around so that a number going from the top returns on the ④ bottom(1→2, 8→9), and a number going from the right returns on the left(2→3, 7→8). If a filled square is encountered, one moves vertically ⑤ up one square instead, then the method continues as before. When a number reaches the top right corner, the following number moves down. How about trying a 5×5, 7×7 or 9×9 magic square by yourself now?

\* diagonal: 대각선의

31. (A)~(C)에서 문맥에 맞는 낱말을 바르게 짝지은 것은?

What's plastic, a meter long, brightly colored and sounds like an elephant? It's the vuvuzela, the noise-making trumpet of South African soccer fans, and it has come to (A) symbolize / synchronize the sport in the country. It's an instrument, but not always a musical one. Up close it sounds like an elephant but the sound is more like a massive swarm of very angry bees. Getting that sound out (B) inquires / requires lip flexibility and lung strength, in short, a fair amount of technique. So, be sure to get in some practice before attending a soccer match, or the sound you produce may cause some amusement among the (C) inspectors / spectators who are around you!

- |   | (A)         |       | (B)      |       | (C)        |
|---|-------------|-------|----------|-------|------------|
| ① | symbolize   | ..... | inquires | ..... | inspectors |
| ② | synchronize | ..... | inquires | ..... | spectators |
| ③ | symbolize   | ..... | requires | ..... | spectators |
| ④ | synchronize | ..... | requires | ..... | spectators |
| ⑤ | symbolize   | ..... | requires | ..... | inspectors |

32. 다음 글의 (A), (B)에 들어갈 말을 바르게 짝지은 것은?

Your appetite will not be satisfied if you don't eat the food that you like. For full satisfaction you have to eat what you like. \_\_\_\_ (A) \_\_\_\_, to perform well, you have to choose a job which can serve as a stepping stone in your life. A psychologist once said, "Happiness comes when you are doing something because you really love to do it, and not because it gives you riches or makes you a prominent figure." It is very important to choose the right vocation, the one that suits you best. A person's potential can be fully used only if he is involved in the right profession. \_\_\_\_ (B) \_\_\_\_, the appropriate decision on one's job itself will ensure a comfortable future, and soon success will be yours.

- |   | (A)         |       | (B)         |
|---|-------------|-------|-------------|
| ① | Similarly   | ..... | Therefore   |
| ② | Similarly   | ..... | Otherwise   |
| ③ | In addition | ..... | In contrast |
| ④ | However     | ..... | As a result |
| ⑤ | However     | ..... | For example |

[33 ~ 34] 다음 글의 주제로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.

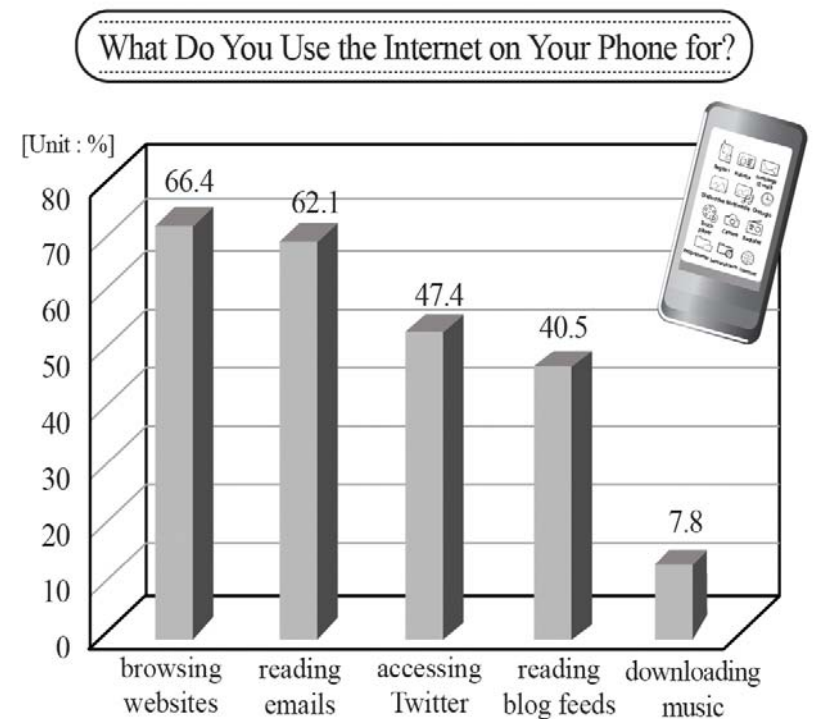
33. If you are the owner of a digital camera and have kids, you should be taking pictures of them at least a couple of times a month while they're young. The first advantage of doing this is that if you constantly take pictures of your children, they will surely feel loved and adored by you, their parents. They might even end up doing the same for their kids. Secondly, if at any point in the future you feel like looking back at things that happened, having photos of your kids will definitely help remind you of many things. Lastly, if ever in life there is an emergency such as a lost child or you for some reason need pictures of your kids, then you will have many available if you start to take pictures of them now.

- ① 추억이 담긴 가족사진을 보관하는 방법
- ② 디지털 카메라와 필름 카메라의 차이점
- ③ 어린이를 대상으로 한 사진촬영의 어려움
- ④ 올바른 카메라 사용법을 배워야 할 필요성
- ⑤ 자녀의 사진을 자주 찍어 주어야 하는 이유

34. The children are excited and giggling. It seems like a funny game — stand by a sink and scrub your hands. But in the poorest parts of Karachi, Pakistan, the lesson is vital for disease prevention, and the teachers get great results. "After a few sessions," says a public health expert, "the mothers tell us children are constantly washing their hands at home, many times a day. And not just their own. They're making their brothers and sisters wash their hands too." That ripple effect helps save lives. Washing hands with soap for at least 20 seconds costs pennies — and when taught and done properly, reduces the rates of infections, such as pneumonia and diarrheal diseases, that kill more than 3.5 million kids under age five every year worldwide.

- ① the similar symptoms of some hygiene-related diseases
- ② the main causes of infectious diseases in poor countries
- ③ the effect of hand washing education on disease prevention
- ④ the importance of a variety of games in teaching children
- ⑤ the significant increase of worldwide infectious diseases

35. 도표의 내용과 일치하지 않는 문장은?



The graph above shows what people use the Internet on their phones for. Respondents could check as many or as few categories as they liked. ① Over sixty-five percent of the respondents said they use the Internet on their phone for browsing websites. ② The gap is approximately four percent between the percentage for reading emails and that for browsing websites. ③ The percentage of people using it for accessing Twitter is greater than that of those using it for reading blog feeds. ④ The sum of the percentage for accessing Twitter and downloading music is larger than that for browsing websites alone. ⑤ Less than one-tenth of the respondents use the Internet on their phone for downloading music.



36. Bangalore에 대한 다음 글의 내용과 일치하는 것은?

Bangalore is the capital of the South Indian state of Karnataka and it is India's third most populous city. It lies in the heart of the Mysore Plateau at an average elevation of 920 meters. Due to its high elevation, Bangalore usually enjoys a moderate climate throughout the year, although occasional heat waves can make things very uncomfortable in the summer. Though historical references to the city predate 900 BC, a modern written history of continuous settlement exists only from 1537. Today, Bangalore is known as the 'Silicon Valley of India' because of its position as the nation's leading IT exporting area. Bangalore is a major metropolis and the fastest growing economic hub in India.

- ① Karnataka의 주도이며 인도에서 네 번째로 인구가 많다.
- ② 해발 920미터 Mysore고원의 동남쪽에 위치하고 있다.
- ③ 여름철 우기를 제외하고 일 년 내내 온화한 날씨를 보인다.
- ④ 기원전 900년부터 사람이 지속적으로 거주한 기록이 있다.
- ⑤ 주요한 대도시이고 빠르게 성장하고 있는 경제 중심지이다.

37. cave fish에 대한 다음 글의 내용과 일치하지 않는 것은?

There are about 32 species of cave fishes which have been observed to exhibit the cave-dwelling behavior. Most of these are small species but adults of one species reach a length of almost 20cm. A few of these species have functional eyes but, for the vast majority, vision is of little use. Some of them are completely blind, with the vestiges of eyes still visible beneath a thin layer of skin. Many cave fishes have little or no skin color as these species have no need for body coloring, a feature widely used for communication purposes among other fish. Some cave fishes appear to be a pinkish color, but this is the result of the animals' blood vessels showing through their pale skin.

\* vestige: 흔적

- ① 약 32가지 종이 있으며 동굴에서 서식한다.
- ② 몸의 길이가 거의 20cm까지 자라는 종도 있다.
- ③ 대다수의 종에 있어서 시력은 거의 쓸모가 없다.
- ④ 몸의 색깔 변화를 통해 의사소통을 하는 종이 많다.
- ⑤ 어떤 종들은 혈관이 비쳐서 분홍색으로 보이기도 한다.

[38 ~ 39] 다음 글의 요지로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.

38. Studies have shown that time spent in nature does us good. Specifically, a recent study done with 1,200 people found that even just five minutes in a leafy park can significantly boost our mood. It might be because we inhaled some bacteria, named mycobacterium vaccae, among the leaves and grass. Injecting this bacteria into mice has already been shown to increase serotonin levels and decrease anxiety. But the researchers wondered if it might have a subsequent effect on learning. They fed the bacteria to mice and then tested the mice in a maze. These mice navigated the maze twice as fast as mice who received no bacteria. This might give a clue to why we get an improvement in mood and clear thinking, when we just take a simple stroll through the woods.

- ① 숲 속 식물의 배아를 실험실에서 배양하는 것은 어렵다.
- ② 숲 속을 산책하는 것은 신체면역력을 증가시킬 수 있다.
- ③ 숲을 보존하기 위해 다방면의 전문가들이 협력해야 한다.
- ④ 숲 속의 박테리아가 기분 전환과 학습에 도움을 줄 수 있다.
- ⑤ 숲 속 미로 실험을 통해서 동물의 학습능력을 입증할 수 있다.

39. In terms of the energy and competence required, gratitude is one of the easiest of all principles in life to apply. Though it also generally returns rich profits, it isn't vastly utilized. Why? Perhaps because people don't have enough humility, it can be hard to acknowledge the need to be helped. Or because people don't have enough courage — a person might be too shy to tell another how much he or she means. Yet, to become a person with greatness, you should be quick to exhibit gratitude for everything. You should not take life or the kindness of others for granted. You must not hesitate to say thanks and be among the first to express praise. Many have found the best sleeping pill comes from counting one's blessings, naming them one by one.

- ① Too much praise might be fruitless.
- ② Those without modesty can't succeed.
- ③ Do not hesitate to express appreciation.
- ④ Be the first one to find fault with yourself.
- ⑤ Demonstrate your courage whenever possible.

40. 주어진 글 다음에 이어질 글을 순서대로 바르게 배열한 것은?

Acupuncture has long been tried against all sorts of illnesses, from pains to infertility. However, the Western world treats the procedure with skepticism, wondering how sticking needles in your skin can be good for you.

- (A) As a result, they found that the tissues around the treated acupoints get flooded with adenosine, a chemical providing relief by preventing pain signals from reaching the brain.
- (B) This reduced the animals' discomfort, as did treating them with drugs that boost the amount of adenosine. So acupuncture's effect as a painkiller was finally pinned down.
- (C) To clear the doubt, some scientists tried the technique on mice that had a pain in their paws, inserting and rotating the needles in the acupoints from Chinese medicine.

\* acupoint: 침놓는 자리

- ① (A) - (C) - (B)    ② (B) - (A) - (C)    ③ (B) - (C) - (A)
- ④ (C) - (A) - (B)    ⑤ (C) - (B) - (A)

[41 ~ 42] 다음 글의 제목으로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.

41. You get a dry mouth during public speaking because when you are nervous the body is set into a ‘fight or flight’ state. This is caused by an activation of the autonomic nervous system. It is seen throughout the animal kingdom, and has evolved to help animals deal with dangerous situations — when escaping from predators, for example. The nerves are selectively activated, depending on how important they are for the response. Because eating is not considered to be important at this time — you want to get out of the situation — the nerves to your mouth that control the salivary glands are suppressed, so your mouth dries up. In addition, your pupils become larger and the blood vessels to your muscles and heart are enlarged.

\* salivary gland: 침샘

- ① Nervousness Triggers Bodily Changes
- ② Most Important Organs in Human Body
- ③ What to Do When Your Mouth Dries Up
- ④ Alcohol Depresses the Nervous System
- ⑤ Great Fear Caused by Natural Predators

42. How many times a day do you brush your teeth? Do you keep a strict schedule for keeping your teeth clean? Of course this is good for having strong, healthy teeth but now it seems this could also help prevent heart disease — double the reason to keep your teeth clean! If you don’t brush your teeth properly your mouth can become inflamed with bacteria which can lead to gum disease. As well as causing your teeth to fall out, inflammation and bleeding of the gums can lead to your arteries becoming blocked, which is known to lead to heart attacks. Be sure to keep brushing your teeth. Even if there is only a chance it will help your heart, it will definitely still help your teeth!

- ① Brushing Teeth Leads to a Healthy Heart
- ② Risk Factors for Chronic Heart Disease
- ③ Why Do People Have Tooth Decay?
- ④ What Causes Blocked Arteries?
- ⑤ How to Prevent Gum Disease

43. 글의 흐름으로 보아, 주어진 문장이 들어가기에 가장 적절한 곳은?

By contrast, the most heavily populated parts of the highlands have enough cold weather to keep down the insects.

The people who first settled in the rainforest of the Amazon River lived by hunting and gathering, not by farming. ( ① ) Tropical diseases and the limits of their food supply kept the population small. ( ② ) It has been said that it is the small animals in the rainforest, not the large ones, that make people’s life miserable. ( ③ ) Mosquitoes and other insects are more than just pests, because they carry diseases like malaria and yellow fever that can greatly weaken humans. ( ④ ) These insects are always present, since the tropical forest never has a frost that will terminate them. ( ⑤ ) The highlands also have a long enough growing season for two crops a year.

44. 다음 글에서 필자가 주장하는 바로 가장 적절한 것은?

Participating in extracurricular activities is a very good thing, but some people don’t know where to draw the line. The result? Joining too many clubs can reduce a large amount of your free time. This is especially true during certain crunch times. For example, if you work for a school newspaper and your deadline is approaching, you know that you might have to spend evenings and even weekends making sure the paper is as perfect as you want it to be. Pacing is important. The point is this: If you don’t exercise some moderation in terms of your extracurricular activities, you can become awfully stressed out about the tasks you absolutely need to complete. So get involved in the activities that are most meaningful to you, and make sure you don’t overextend yourself.

- ① 과외 활동을 통해 다양한 경험을 해야 한다.
- ② 흥미와 적성에 맞는 과외 활동을 선택해야 한다.
- ③ 비용이 많이 소요되는 과외 활동을 자제해야 한다.
- ④ 스트레스 해소에 도움이 되는 과외 활동을 해야 한다.
- ⑤ 자신에게 가장 의미 있는 과외 활동을 알맞게 해야 한다.

45. 다음 글의 내용을 한 문장으로 요약하고자 한다. (A)와 (B)에 들어갈 말을 바르게 짝지은 것은?

In 1990, Elizabeth Newton, a psychologist, studied a simple game in which she assigned people to one of two roles — ‘tappers’ or ‘listeners.’ Tappers received a list of well known songs such as ‘Happy Birthday to You.’ Each tapper was asked to pick a song and tap out the rhythm to a listener. The listener’s job was to guess the song, based on the rhythm being tapped. Before the listeners guessed the song, the tappers predicted the listeners would guess 50 percent of the songs correctly. But the result was that listeners guessed only 2.5 percent of the songs. Why? When a tapper tapped, she was hearing the song in her head. Meanwhile, the listeners couldn’t hear the tune — all they could hear was a bunch of disconnected taps, like a kind of bizarre Morse Code. That is, the tappers couldn’t understand the position of the listeners who didn’t know the song title.



The listeners’ guessing was much less \_\_\_\_ (A) \_\_\_\_ than the tappers expected, which means the tappers couldn’t imagine what it was like to \_\_\_\_ (B) \_\_\_\_ knowledge of the song title.

- |           | (A)   |        | (B) |
|-----------|-------|--------|-----|
| ① correct | ..... | lack   |     |
| ② correct | ..... | deny   |     |
| ③ logical | ..... | share  |     |
| ④ diverse | ..... | accept |     |
| ⑤ diverse | ..... | expand |     |

## 외국어(영어) 영역

[46 ~ 48] 다음 글을 읽고, 물음에 답하시오.

(A)

I remember it like it was yesterday. Tall and thin, I was pushing my way through the crowded hallway in the high school. All of a sudden a big voice sounded like a thunderclap behind me: “Hey, son!” It was (a) Mr. William Lester. Besides being the basketball coach of the school, he also had a reputation as (b) the school disciplinarian, so the first thing I thought was, “Uh-oh, somebody’s in trouble.”

(B)

Since that day when Coach called me out and said, “Hey, son! Yes, you,” everything — becoming a basketball player, then (c) a coach, and writing a book — has happened to me. Up until then, I hadn’t been a troublemaker, but I was drifting. I had no idea what my goals were or where I was heading. At that very moment, it was he who showed me the right way by teaching me how to play basketball.

(C)

He fixed me with his piercing eyes and shouted, "Yeah, you, son!" I started walking toward him. I stopped in front of him, trembling in fear. "Son!" (d) he said, looking me up and down, "You're too tall to be walking these halls and not playing basketball. I'll see you in the gym at 3:30 today." "But Coach!" I complained, "I've never played basketball." "Son! Did you hear what I said? I'll see you at 3:30!" Then he walked away.

(D)

In addition, he helped me see something bigger out there. He told me, “You can get a college scholarship.” When I said, “But I don’t know how,” he said, “(e) I am going to show you and work with you. You can do it.” And he was right. I knew it the day I set foot on a college campus, scholarship in hand. He believed in me. I’ve thought, if only every kid had a Coach Lester to believe in him, what a difference it would make.

46. 위 글 (A)에 이어질 내용을 순서대로 바르게 배열한 것은?

- ① (B) - (D) - (C)      ② (C) - (B) - (D)      ③ (C) - (D) - (B)  
④ (D) - (B) - (C)      ⑤ (D) - (C) - (B)

47. (a)~(e) 중에서 가리키는 대상이 나머지 넷과 다른 것은?

- ① (a)      ② (b)      ③ (c)      ④ (d)      ⑤ (e)

48. 주어진 글의 필자에 대한 내용과 일치하지 않는 것은?

- ① 코치가 처음 복도에서 불렀을 때 두려워했다.
- ② 농구선수로 활동한 후 코치가 되었고 책도 썼다.
- ③ 코치에게 발탁되기 전에는 목표가 없이 방황했다.
- ④ 코치가 농구장으로 오라고 하자 환호하며 좋아했다.
- ⑤ 코치의 격려 덕분에 대학에서 장학금을 받을 수 있었다.

[49 ~ 50] 다음 글을 읽고, 물음에 답하시오.

The rise of social media sites like *Facebook*, *MySpace* and *Flickr*, has been accompanied by fears that we are producing the most narcissistic generation in history. But is there any actual scientific evidence for that view? A study of 14,000 college students between 1979 and 2009 was presented this weekend at the annual meeting of Association for Psychological Science. The research found today's young people are 40 percent less \_\_\_\_\_ than college students from 30 years ago in their real lives, not the virtual ones. For instance, today's students are less likely to agree with statements like, "I sometimes try to understand my friends better by imagining how things look from their perspective," and "I often have tender and concerned feelings for people who are less fortunate than me."

According to one of the lead researchers, Ed O'Brien, "It's harder for today's college students to share their emotions with others because so much of their social lives is done through a computer and not through real life interaction." He also notes that students are facing increasing competition, so they're spending much more time working on their grades and resumés, instead of socializing.

49. 위 글의 빈칸에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것은?

- ① independent                      ② compassionate  
③ persistent                      ④ conscientious  
⑤ ethical

50. 위 글의 제목으로 가장 적절한 것은?

- ① How's 'Generation Me' Different from Past Generations?
- ② Young People Regard Making Friends as a Top Priority
- ③ Social Media Websites Cause You to Get Stressed Out
- ④ Excessive Competition Makes Young People Suffer
- ⑤ Release Stress Efficiently in Modern Society

※ 확인사항

문제지와 답안지의 해당란을 정확히 기입(표기)했는지 확인하십시오.