

제 3 교시

외국어(영어) 영역

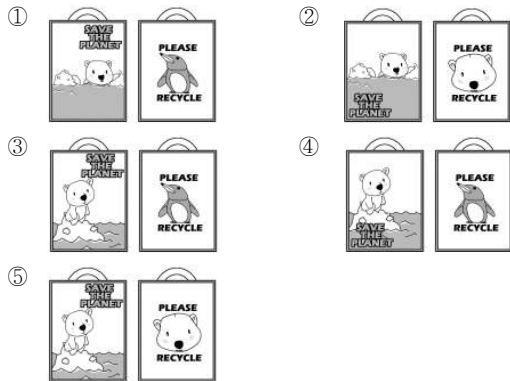
성명 수험 번호 3

1

- 문제지의 해당란에 성명과 수험 번호를 정확히 쓰시오.
- 답안지의 해당란에 성명과 수험 번호를 쓰고, 또 수험 번호와 답을 정확히 표시하십시오.
- 문항에 따라 배점이 다르니, 각 물음의 끝에 표시된 배점을 참고하십시오. 1점과 3점 문항에만 점수가 표시되어 있습니다. 점수 표시가 없는 문항은 모두 2점입니다.

1번부터 17번까지는 듣고 답하는 문제입니다. 방송을 잘 듣고 답을 하기 바랍니다. 듣는 내용은 한 번만 방송됩니다.

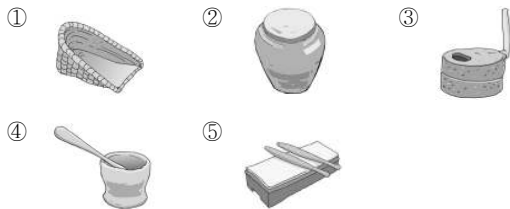
1. 대화를 듣고, 두 사람이 만들 가방의 디자인을 고르시오.



2. 대화를 듣고, 여자의 심정으로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.

- ① amused ② jealous ③ bored
④ lonely ⑤ worried

3. 다음을 듣고, 무엇에 관한 설명인지 고르시오. [1점]



4. 대화를 듣고, 남자가 할 일로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.

- ① 헬멧 가져오기 ② 자전거 꺼내 오기
③ 일기예보 확인하기 ④ 바퀴에 바람 넣기
⑤ 안장 높이 조절하기

5. 대화를 듣고, 여자가 지불할 총 금액을 고르시오. [3점]

- ① \$320 ② \$330 ③ \$400 ④ \$420 ⑤ \$430

6. 다음을 듣고, 남자가 하는 말의 목적으로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.

- ① 도서관 이용 시간 변경을 공지하려고
② 새로운 도서관 명칭을 공모하려고
③ 학습실의 청결 유지를 호소하려고
④ 학습실 개방 사실을 홍보하려고
⑤ 도서관 폐쇄에 대해 항의하려고

7. 대화를 듣고, 여자가 남자를 위해 할 일로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.

- ① 선생님께 전화하기 ② 영수증 찾아 주기
③ 학교에 데려다 주기 ④ 준비물 가져다 주기
⑤ 참가 동의서 작성하기

8. 대화를 듣고, 두 사람이 대화하고 있는 장소로 가장 적절한 곳을 고르시오.

- ① 방송국 ② 음식점 ③ 사진관
④ 박물관 ⑤ 면접시험장

9. 대화를 듣고, 두 사람의 관계를 가장 잘 나타낸 것을 고르시오.

- ① 미용사 - 고객 ② 매니저 - 가수
③ 지휘자 - 관객 ④ 만화가 - 문하생
⑤ 운동선수 - 팬

10. 대화를 듣고, 여자가 할 일로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.

- ① to shop around for a new bed
② to buy new dishes and furniture
③ to move the bed into her house
④ to take her son to a garage sale
⑤ to call a repairman to fix the bed

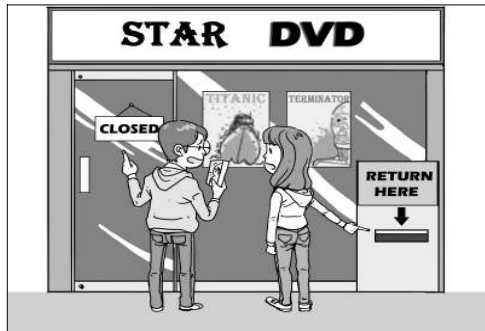
11. 다음 표를 보면서 대화를 듣고, 두 사람이 관람할 공연을 고르시오.

Romeo and Juliet			
	Date	Time	Romeo & Juliet
①	11 (Fri.)	7:00 PM	Jim Evans & Betty Hart
②	12 (Sat.)	3:00 PM	Bill Edison & Cindy Miller
③	12 (Sat.)	7:00 PM	Jim Evans & Betty Hart
④	13 (Sun.)	3:00 PM	Tom Brown & Ann Scott
⑤	13 (Sun.)	7:00 PM	Bill Edison & Cindy Miller

12. York Gardens의 행사에 관한 다음 내용을 듣고, 일치하지 않는 것을 고르시오.

- ① 4월 마지막 토요일에 개최된다.
- ② 튜립 축제는 오전 11시부터 오후 4시까지 진행된다.
- ③ 안내를 받으면서 정원과 온실을 구경할 수 있다.
- ④ 조류 관찰을 위한 출발 지점은 안내소이다.
- ⑤ 조류 관찰 행사에 참가하려면 예약을 해야 한다.

13. 다음 그림의 상황에 가장 적절한 대화를 고르시오.



- ① ② ③ ④ ⑤

14. 대화를 듣고, 여자의 마지막 말에 대한 남자의 응답으로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.

Man: _____

- ① It'll be too hard for her, but we can try.
- ② I'd rather wear glasses than contact lenses.
- ③ Take it easy. The checkup won't take long.
- ④ I'm glad that she's recovered and come home.
- ⑤ Yes. She needs to take a painkiller sometimes.

15. 대화를 듣고, 남자의 마지막 말에 대한 여자의 응답으로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.

Woman: _____

- ① Okay. This one is really lucky today.
- ② Right. Fish will die in the dirty water.
- ③ Yes. It's hard to measure a large fish.
- ④ Sounds great! I want to go fishing with you.
- ⑤ Yeah. I'll tell Grandma to make dinner with this.

16. 대화를 듣고, 여자의 마지막 말에 대한 남자의 응답으로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.

Man: _____

- ① Cheer up! I'm sure you can beat him.
- ② I think you can help him change his habits.
- ③ He should bounce the ball more than twice.
- ④ I can see it now. I think I can handle his serves.
- ⑤ I'm sorry to hear that he gave up tomorrow's game.

17. 다음 상황 설명을 듣고, Amber가 남자에게 할 말로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.

Amber: _____

- ① Okay. Let's stop and call it a day.
- ② No, thanks. I'll go home to pick up mine.
- ③ Please use mine. I don't need it right now.
- ④ Thank you for letting me use your mouse.
- ⑤ Really? Then, why don't you buy one right now?

이제 듣기·말하기 문제는 다 끝났습니다. 18번부터는 문제지의 지시에 따라 답을 하기 바랍니다.

18. 밑줄 친 this가 가리키는 것으로 가장 적절한 것은? [1점]

I used to hear Chopin, but recently I listen to Mozart because everybody says listening to Mozart's music will make me smart. I also hear many stories including Aesop's fables and Andersen's fairy tales. My favorite story is "The Frog Prince," and I've almost learned it by heart because I've heard it dozens of times. These days some stories are told in a foreign language, but I can't understand them very well because the language is not my mother tongue. Apart from listening to music and stories, you will never know how many things I learn through this. Although I am still inside my mom and have never seen the world through my own eyes, I feel I'm quite familiar with the world outside thanks to this. I can't wait to see the people who have been nurturing and communicating with me for nine months.

- ① 태교 ② 명상 ③ 독서
④ 조기 유학 ⑤ 음악 감상

19. 밑줄 친 He[he]가 가리키는 대상이 나머지 넷과 다른 것은?

A salesman called on a young grocer named Barney, trying to sell him canned corn. The salesman was especially proud of the fancy label on the can. He said that the customers wouldn't be able to resist it, so Barney decided to give the product a chance. ① He had a small kitchen at the rear of his store where he tested products. Walking to the back, ② he tore off the fancy label and deliberately threw it on the floor. "My customers don't eat labels. They eat what's inside," ③ he told the salesman, who was surprised and fell speechless. While ④ he was waiting in fear, the young grocer opened the can—it was full of hulls! The grocer didn't order the canned corn. Word spread and Barney gained the reputation that ⑤ he sold products of good quality.

* hull: 껍데기, 쪽정이

20. 다음 글의 목적으로 가장 적절한 것은?

I somewhat disagree with everyone saying Mr. Peterson's class is boring and too demanding. I've had Mr. Peterson for Statistics I and II, and I can honestly say that he is detail-oriented and expects a lot from his students. But statistics is about details, facts, and effort among other things. If you're looking for an easy A, think about taking an easier class; you won't have to complain about homework or low grades. Mr. Peterson knows his stuff, has a lot of experience, and is very approachable. When I had him, I didn't get many poor remarks; on the rare occasions I did, it didn't affect my grade. Overall, this is a class that will give you as much as you put into it.

- ① to decline a job offer
- ② to recommend a course
- ③ to hire a new professor
- ④ to ask for a quick reply
- ⑤ to complain about grading

21. 다음 글의 상황에 나타난 분위기로 가장 적절한 것은? [1점]

Bright sunlight filters through the ever-present playground dust. A group of children are playing baseball on the ground. In the distance, there is the faint sound of shouting, a crowd coming closer. Then the crowd bursts through the playground and makes for the airfield. The children see the crowd surging around the field and charging toward a landing helicopter. They also run for the helicopter. A famous movie star Bruce Rain gets out of the helicopter. A boy at the front of the crowd holds out his photograph and the movie star takes it and scribbles his autograph on it. He hands the photograph back to the boy as his bodyguards surround him and hustle him into a car.

- ① exciting and noisy ② tense and gloomy
- ③ calm and peaceful ④ warm and romantic
- ⑤ scary and frightening

22. (A), (B), (C)의 각 네모 안에서 어법에 맞는 표현으로 가장 적절한 것은?

Sleep deprivation has a great influence on the immune system. Consider what happens in public schools in December just before the winter break. Kids get sick. Teachers get sick. Parents get sick. We tend to think there are just a lot of viruses (A) go/going around. In reality, the main reason for these minor but unpleasant illnesses (B) are/is that we are exhausted. Students and teachers are all sleep-deprived from the constant stress of the first semester, and it begins to catch up with us. Our immune systems are not functioning as (C) effective/effectively as they do when we are well rested, and we get sick. What do most of us do when the winter break comes? We try to get caught up on sleep.

- | | (A) | (B) | (C) |
|---------|-------|-----|-------------------|
| ① go | | are | effective |
| ② go | | are | effectively |
| ③ going | | is | effectively |
| ④ go | | is | effectively |
| ⑤ going | | is | effective |

23. 다음 글의 밑줄 친 부분 중, 어법상 틀린 것은? [3점]

It was Mary's thirteenth birthday. It was also her first birthday at her uncle's house. Everyone brought out gifts for Mary: stockings from Elena, a purse from Steve, and a pair of very old silver earrings from Chris, who said she ① had had them since she was a little girl. Uncle Jack gave a lengthy speech about ② how Mary was like a daughter to him and to Aunt Barbara. And then, he handed her an envelope in ③ which was tucked a fifty-dollar bill. Mary was to buy ④ herself some new clothes with Aunt Barbara's help and advice. A miracle! So many presents and so much money all at once made her eyes ⑤ shone. She wanted to kiss everybody.

[24 ~ 28] 다음 글의 빈 칸에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.

24. A speaker begins his presentation by reaching into his pocket, holds up a twenty-dollar bill, and says, "This twenty is for sale for exactly one dollar. Who wants to buy it?" Would you leap to your feet to get his attention? Or would you wait a few seconds, and after a hand or two goes up, timidly raise your own? If you're one of the hesitators, you're normal. Once someone else is willing to take a chance, then our greedy little hands pop up, and we tend to go along. The faster others' hands are raised, the greater the desire, and the more likely we are to be part of it. Our sense of the value of an object is reinforced by the _____ that has been created for that object.

- ① demand ② design ③ brand
- ④ criticism ⑤ investment

25. Women have a more sensitive touch than men because of their _____. A professor in McMaster University in Ontario, Canada and his team measured the surface areas of index fingers in 100 students and then asked them to feel surfaces marked with progressively finer grooves. When the grooves get too narrow for someone's sense of touch, the surface feels smooth. On average, men could detect grooves down to 1.59mm wide, whereas women detected grooves at 1.41mm. The ability to discriminate the grooves on the surfaces fell by 0.25mm for every square-centimeter increase in finger area. The team found that sweat pores and the skin's touch receptors are more densely packed as finger size decreases.

* groove: 가늘고 긴 홈

- ① smoother skin ② larger pores
- ③ cleaner hands ④ thinner bones
- ⑤ smaller fingers

26. When you are taking an essay test, _____.

Some experts or teachers must have spent quite a long time deciding them. Notice the key words. The words in them have been chosen with great care and mean precisely what they say. For example, if it asks you to 'prove' something, you should not 'describe' or 'explain' it. You might get a few marks even if your answers don't focus on the word 'prove', but you certainly wouldn't get full marks. Also, notice especially where the words are used in the singular and where they are used in the plural. If a question asks for 'reasons', one reason isn't going to be enough. If it asks for 'problems', again one problem isn't going to be adequate.

- ① read the questions carefully
- ② watch out for spelling mistakes
- ③ use your experience and knowledge
- ④ distinguish between facts and opinions
- ⑤ avoid the words used in the given text

27. During the Middle Ages, the Rhine River was a great European trade route protected by the Holy Roman Empire. Merchant ships paid a modest toll to safeguard their transit. However, after the Empire weakened during the thirteenth century, many freelance barons built castles on the Rhine and began collecting their own illegal tolls. Each argued that he had the rights to collect tolls. The growing number of these "robber baron" tollbooths made shipping unmanageable. Eventually, the merchants couldn't afford the tolls. The river continued to flow, but boatmen would no longer bother making the journey. Because of the decreased trade, the European economic pie shrank. Wealth disappeared. As _____, everybody lost, even the barons themselves.

* freelance baron: 독립적인 지방 호족

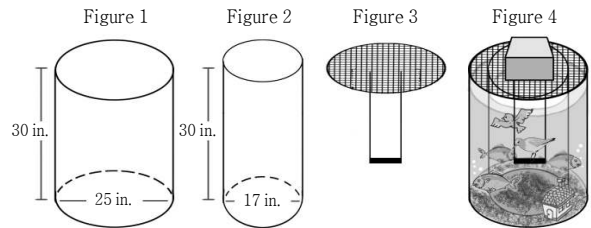
- ① collecting tolls was prohibited
- ② technology innovation did not occur
- ③ all power was concentrated in one person
- ④ too many people owned pieces of one thing
- ⑤ merchant groups gained power over the Empire

28. For the first year of sound film, it seemed that audiences would see any film that "talked." When audience attendance dropped by 20 percent in the early part of 1929, however, film producers had to reexamine their product. Sound had made almost useless the techniques that directors had acquired through years of silent films. In effect, sound _____.

For example, because the noise of the camera could be picked up by the sound system, the camera had to be encased in a large heavy soundproof box, which made the camera stationary. In addition, the actors had to use the microphones hidden on the set (in telephones, flower vases, etc.); they could never move away from the microphones. They often appeared rather odd as they stood speaking into a vase of flower. [3점]

- ① increased the cost of producing a movie
- ② attracted more people to movie theaters
- ③ forced movie actors to practice a lot more
- ④ undermined the motion of the motion picture
- ⑤ led producers to cast actors based on their voice

29. 다음 그림에 대한 글의 내용 중, 밑줄 친 낱말의 쓰임이 적절하지 않은 것은?



Would you like to see birds and fish playing together? Secure two glass vessels having straight sides of the same ① height, one 25 inches in diameter (Figure 1) and the other 17 inches (Figure 2). The smaller is placed within the larger, the ② bottoms being covered with moss and aquarium decorations. Fill the space between the vessels with water. Cut a piece of copper screen into a ③ circular form to cover the larger vessel, and hang a bird swing in the center (Figure 3). Place the screen on top of the vessels so that the swing will hang in the center of the inner vessel. A ④ weight should be placed on top of the screen, over the smaller vessel, to keep it from floating. Put your canary birds in the ⑤ outer vessel and some goldfish in the water between the vessels. Now you have a small world where birds and fish seem to play together underwater (Figure 4).

30. (A), (B), (C)의 각 네모 안에서 문맥에 맞는 낱말로 가장 적절한 것은?

Decades ago, my high school chemistry teacher slowly (A) reserved/released hydrogen sulfide from a hidden container he opened just before we entered his classroom. A few minutes after we took our seats and he began his lecture, a foul odor filled the classroom, grabbing our attention. We groaned, laughed, and looked around for the offending source. We would have appeared (B) focused/unfocused to an outside observer entering our class at that time. However, this demonstration literally led me by the nose to follow his description of the diffusion of gases through other gases. During that class I was able to (C) process/block the information about gas diffusion through my senses and ultimately stored it in my long-term memory.

* hydrogen sulfide: 황화수소 ** diffusion: 확산

- | (A) | (B) | (C) |
|------------|-------|-----------|
| ① reserved | | focused |
| ② reserved | | unfocused |
| ③ released | | unfocused |
| ④ released | | unfocused |
| ⑤ released | | focused |

31. 다음 글에서 전체 흐름과 관계 없는 문장은?

Scientists are looking into the seas in search of medicines that may work better, with fewer side effects, than conventional drugs. ① The ocean has already given us wonderful drugs derived from salmon, omega-3 fish oils for heart disease and bone replacements from coral. ② Another marine medicine in the works is a promising new cancer drug derived from bacteria that live inside a moss-like sea creature. ③ Some fish farms tend to use several antibiotic drugs known to cause cancer to increase their production. ④ Unlike conventional drugs that kill cancer cells, the drug makes them go back to normal cells. ⑤ And some antibiotics being made from cells in fish may even be effective against antibiotic-resistant bacteria.

* antibiotic-resistant: 항생제에 내성이 있는

32. 다음 글의 빈칸 (A), (B)에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것은?

As a member of the Teen Council, I had to speak to the Community Council to support building an ice skating rink in our community. The audience was made up of many parents and some young people, most of whom I knew. I did not focus on my friends' concerns for fun. ____ (A) ____, I talked to the people who would make the decision—the parents. To address their concerns about safety I discussed the security that comes from knowing where a child is, the presence of a professional rink staff, and the careful selection of rules for using the rink safely. ____ (B) ____, I explained that the price of admission will be relatively low, as will the rental and maintenance fees. The result exceeded my expectation. Everybody agreed.

- | (A) | | (B) |
|-------------|-------|-------------|
| ① Instead | | In addition |
| ② Instead | | However |
| ③ Therefore | | In addition |
| ④ Therefore | | However |
| ⑤ Similarly | | However |

[33 ~ 34] 다음 글의 주제로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.

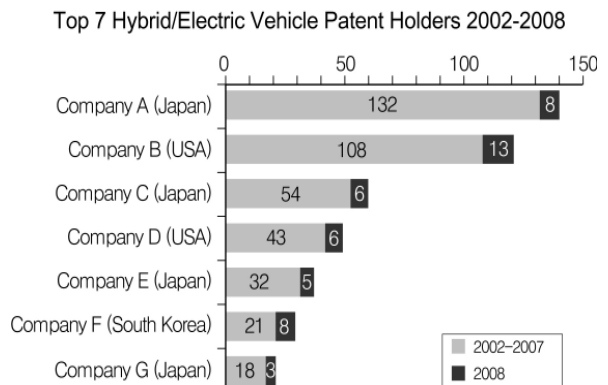
33. Flying off to a foreign country for affordable cosmetic surgery has been a popular option for years. But now, because of rising health care costs, travelers are going abroad for routine surgeries and procedures. By 2012, experts predict, medical tourism will turn into a \$100 billion international industry with more than 780 million patients seeking health care abroad. The line between vacation and health care will continue to blur. Next year Singapore will open Asia's first medical hotel, a 260-room luxury high-rise connected to the east wing of the new hospital in Farrer Park. The hotel will feature a 500-seat conference hall, indoor and outdoor gardens, and a spa, as well as various medical equipment for patients who don't want to stay in the hospital. It will add new meaning to the concept of a healing holiday.

- ① 의료 장비의 현대화
- ② 의료 관광 산업의 발달
- ③ 여행과 질병 확산의 관계
- ④ 싱가포르 관광 산업의 성공 요인
- ⑤ 경기 침체가 관광 산업에 미치는 영향

34. We conducted research to find whether people explain what happened to them positively or negatively. We gave questionnaires to one hundred children and their parents. The findings showed that the mother's level of optimism and the child's level were very similar. This was true of both sons and daughters. We were surprised at the result that neither the children's speaking style nor the mother's style bore any resemblance to the father's style. This tells us that young children listen to what their primary caretaker (usually the mother) says. If the child has an optimistic mother, this is great, but it can be a disaster for the child if the child has a pessimistic mother.

- ① the way to improve active listening skills
- ② the relationship between gender and speaking style
- ③ the importance of sharing experience in the family
- ④ the role of questionnaires in psychological research
- ⑤ the influence of the mother's speaking style on the child

35. 다음 도표의 내용과 일치하지 않는 문장은?



The above graph shows how many hybrid and electric vehicle patents the world's top seven companies got from 2002 to 2008. ① There are four Japanese companies, two US companies, and one South Korean company in the list. ② Two out of the seven companies were each assigned more than one hundred patents from 2002 to 2008. ③ Though Company B ranked second during the period from 2002 to 2007, it ranked first in 2008. ④ Company F from South Korea ranked sixth during the period from 2002 to 2007, but it ranked fourth in 2008. ⑤ Company A was assigned more than six times as many patents as Company F during the period from 2002 to 2007, but the two companies received the same number of patents in the year 2008.

36. 글의 흐름으로 보아, 주어진 문장이 들어가기에 가장 적절한 곳은?

In fact, the men were unaware that the bill displayed a photo of the king of Thailand.

When their ship landed in Thailand, two US sailors took a tour of Bangkok. (①) As they stopped at a street corner, they saw some paper money on the ground and stepped on it to keep it from blowing away. (②) Seeing it, two uniformed Thai police officers at the same intersection ran to the sailors and arrested them. (③) According to the US officer who arranged to set the sailors free, the sailors had to apologize to the police. (④) The Thais consider him sacred, so stepping on his image is unforgivable and a serious crime. (⑤) To avoid such a problem when you are traveling in Thailand, you should be aware how deeply the people respect the royal family.

37. 다음 글에서 필자가 주장하는 바로 가장 적절한 것은?

For the past two decades, illustrations in children's books have become increasingly detailed and obtrusive, while language has become lessened—sometimes to the point of extinction. It is not unusual for a book of thirty or more pages full of repetitive phrases. The artwork is often marvelous, but the pictures make the language redundant, and the children have no need to imagine anything when they read such books. Looking at a picture actively prevents children younger than nine from creating a mental image, and can make it difficult for older children. In order to learn how to read and comprehend, they need to practice making their own meaning in response to text. They need to have their innate powers of imagination trained.

- ① 읽기와 쓰기 교육은 취학 후 시작해야 한다.
- ② 아동용 도서에서 그림의 비중을 줄여야 한다.
- ③ 아동용 도서의 그림은 사실적으로 그려야 한다.
- ④ 상상력을 키우기 위해 청각적 효과를 사용해야 한다.
- ⑤ 아동에게 상상력을 자극하는 그림을 많이 보여주어야 한다.

38. Adair Paul Neal에 관한 다음 글의 내용과 일치하지 않는 것은?

Adair Paul Neal was usually called "Red Adair." The nickname "Red" was a natural nickname because of his red hair, and it became his trademark. Born in Houston, Texas in 1915, he grew up in poverty. He dropped out of high school to help support the family. Adair held various jobs including seven years of work in the oil fields before he went into the army. After the war, Adair went to work for a company fighting oil well fires. Fearless, he became famous. He was called out to fires all over the world, including war zones, because of his company's experience and expertise. Hollywood noticed and based a feature film on Adair's life starred by John Wayne in 1968. Adair was seventy-nine years old when he finally retired from firefighting in 1994.

- ① 머리색과 관련된 별명을 갖고 있었다.
- ② 가정 형편 때문에 고등학교를 중퇴했다.
- ③ 군 입대 전 유전에서 일한 적이 있다.
- ④ 전쟁 지역 화재 진압에 참여했다.
- ⑤ 할리우드 영화에 출연했다.

39. *Nepenthes attenboroughii*에 관한 다음 글의 내용과 일치하는 것은?

In 2007 scientists discovered a very strange flesh-eating plant. This plant, called *Nepenthes attenboroughii*, is so large that it can swallow and devour rats whole. They are lured into its slipper-like mouth to drown or die of exhaustion before being slowly dissolved by digestive enzymes. The plant is green and red and has a stem that can grow up to four feet long. It can only be found high up on the windswept slopes of Mount Victoria in the Philippines. After hearing of missionaries who had seen "whole rats" being eaten by the shrub, botanists Stewart McPherson and Alistair Robinson led a team of scientists to the Asian nation and uncovered the rare species. This plant was named after the naturalist broadcaster David Attenborough.

- ① 쥐가 좋아하는 먹이를 제공한다.
- ② 소화액으로 먹이를 녹인다.
- ③ 줄기가 4피트보다 높이 자란다.
- ④ 필리핀 전역에서 발견된다.
- ⑤ 발견한 식물학자의 이름을 따서 명명되었다.

- [40 ~ 41] 다음 글의 요지로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.

40. While creating a statue, the artist depends on the appropriate lighting to develop the figure because the quality of the final product relies on the interplay between light and shade. So great attention should be paid to lighting when the finished work is displayed. If a light from a source is weaker or stronger than when the work was created, the effect that the sculptor intended may be lost. In painting, the light and shade give the image shape and solidity that cannot be altered by an external light in which it is displayed. When a sculpture is exhibited, however, the artist's work is brought to life by light, and its character can be altered by the control of the light source.

- ① 미술 작품에 대한 평가는 시대에 따라 바뀐다.
- ② 조명을 이용한 설치 예술 작품이 증가하고 있다.
- ③ 미술 작품을 제작할 때는 빛이 큰 영향을 미친다.
- ④ 조각품의 손상을 방지하기 위해 촬영을 삼가야 한다.
- ⑤ 조각품은 제작 당시와 동일한 조명 아래에서 전시해야 한다.

41. Take a liter of rice and pour it all at once through a funnel and into an empty beaker. Note how long it takes. Next, take the same rice and pour it, not all at once, but in a smooth controlled flow and measure how long that process takes. Which liter of rice gets through more quickly? The second method takes nearly one-third less time. What seems slower is actually faster. Likewise, a study conducted at a jammed tunnel showed that when cars were allowed to enter the tunnel in the usual way, with no restrictions, the two-lane tunnel could handle 1,176 cars per hour. But in a trial, the tunnel authorities limited the number of cars that could enter the tunnel every two minutes to 44. The result? The tunnel now handled 1,320 vehicles per hour.

* funnel: 깔때기

- ① Walking can save time.
- ② Human nature seeks speed.
- ③ Freedom brings convenience.
- ④ Modest control improves efficiency.
- ⑤ Measuring methods can vary the results.

[42 ~ 43] 다음 글의 제목으로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.

42. All top performers know they cannot stand still for long. They always look for ways to improve. Tony Gwynn, the player who won three batting championships, says, "Once you think you're where you want to be, you're not there any more." The greatest challenge we have as we become successful is never to rest on our success, never to feel like we've done it. The moment you feel like you've done it, that's the beginning of the end. One of the best basketball players of the 1980s, Larry Bird, is another great example. In his off season, he works to keep improving his skills. One summer, for example, Bird lifted weights; another summer he made a court on his mother's front lawn, just "to learn some new moves."

- ① Ready to Say No?
- ② Top People Never Stop
- ③ You Are What You Dream
- ④ Once Losers, Now Winners
- ⑤ Sports: Pleasure or Money?

43. People are wrong to regard play as a frill. Marc Bekoff at the University of Colorado, studying play behavior in social animals such as wolves, coyotes, and dogs, concluded that play allows individuals to try out new things because they can make mistakes without penalty. "Play encourages taking reasonable risks," he says. "It allows you to be flexible and creative." The search for novelty and the desire for something fresh is a hallmark of the state of play. And of course novelty and freshness are also central to creativity. At the very least, then, we should equip the next generation for the inevitable recessions of the future by encouraging water fights and inviting imaginary friends to join in.

- ① Be More Playful ② Admit Your Weaknesses
- ③ Change Your Habits ④ Do Important Things First
- ⑤ Be Patient with Your Children

44. 주어진 글 다음에 이어질 글의 순서로 가장 적절한 것은?

An extraordinary successful and economical example of weed control can be found in Australia. Around 1787, a man brought the prickly pear, a kind of cactus, into Australia.

- (A) To eliminate them, Australian scientists were sent to North and South America to study enemies of the prickly pears. After trials of several species, three billion eggs of an Argentine moth were spread in Australia.
- (B) Some of the prickly pears escaped from his garden. Having no natural controls in this new territory, they spread immensely, eventually occupying about sixty million acres.
- (C) Seven years later, the dense growth of the prickly pear had been destroyed and the once uninhabitable areas reopened to settlement and grazing. The whole operation had cost less than a penny per acre.

- ① (A) - (C) - (B) ② (B) - (A) - (C)
- ③ (B) - (C) - (A) ④ (C) - (A) - (B)
- ⑤ (C) - (B) - (A)

45. 다음 글의 내용을 한 문장으로 요약하고자 한다. 빈칸 (A)와 (B)에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것은?

The TRI was one of the most successful environment programs in American history. Its original goal was simply to require companies to report their toxic discharges, so that state and federal governments would know about existing practices. But to stimulate extensive reductions, the media placed a spotlight on the worst offenders, leading them to do much better. The worst industrial air toxic polluter in New York City, for example, was subject to an extensive media campaign, one that led to large-scale emissions reductions. Hundreds of local and national articles targeted "the top polluters" in relevant areas. The result was to create a kind of blacklisting. No company wanted to be ranked among the worst, which led to a 45 percent decrease of toxic discharges between 1988 and 1995.



____ (A) ____ pressure helped solve ____ (B) ____ problems.

- | | (A) | | (B) |
|------------|-------|---------------|-----|
| ① Media | | environmental | |
| ② Media | | economic | |
| ③ Peer | | economic | |
| ④ Consumer | | cultural | |
| ⑤ Consumer | | environmental | |

[46 ~ 48] 다음 글을 읽고, 물음에 답하시오.

(A) South Pole explorer Ernest Shackleton never reached his goal of crossing Antarctica, but the circumstances that prevented him from reaching that goal pushed him to achieve an even more amazing feat. In January 1915 Shackleton's ship *Endurance* became trapped in ice off Antarctica. He and his crew of twenty-seven lived on the ship trapped in the ice for nine months until they had to abandon their ship when the ice crushed the boat.

(B) In addition, they had to hunt scarce seals and penguins for food, and were attacked by killer whales and sea leopards, which would rise through the ice in search of prey. Throughout this time, Shackleton demonstrated his leadership by rationing food, rotating use of the warmer sleeping bags, and keeping a calm, positive attitude that helped morale. He also showed great courage as he and five of his men crossed eight hundred miles of dangerous ocean to the nearest inhabited island to seek help.

(C) Despite no maps and terrible weather, Shackleton's small boat reached the island, where Shackleton and an even smaller group organized a rescue party to retrieve the rest of his crew. Despite the perils of living in south polar waters for almost two years, all twenty-seven men eventually came back from the expedition. Shackleton never crossed the South Pole, but he completed the greatest task of bringing back all of his crew alive.

(D) The day the ship sank, Shackleton wrote his new goal: "The task is to reach land with all members of the Expedition." The group camped on the ice for six months, until the ice broke up and they took small lifeboats to nearby uninhabited Elephant Island. During their time on the ice, boat, and island, Shackleton's group had to endure temperatures as low as twenty degrees below zero and had no daylight from May to July.

46. 위 글 (A)에 이어질 내용을 순서에 맞게 배열한 것으로 가장 적절한 것은?

- ① (B) - (D) - (C) ② (C) - (B) - (D)
 ③ (C) - (D) - (B) ④ (D) - (B) - (C)
 ⑤ (D) - (C) - (B)

47. 위 글의 밑줄 친 an even more amazing feat가 가리키는 내용으로 가장 적절한 것은?

- ① 남극대륙을 최초로 횡단한 것
 ② 남극의 새로운 지도를 작성한 것
 ③ 자신의 공로를 탐험대원들에게 돌린 것
 ④ 탐험대원 전원을 살아서 돌아오게 한 것
 ⑤ 인간의 거주지를 남극대륙으로 확장한 것

48. 위 글의 Ernest Shackleton에 관한 내용과 일치하는 것은?

- ① 지휘하던 배가 암초에 걸려 좌초했다.
 ② 대원들의 동물 사냥을 금지했다.
 ③ 대원들에게 침낭을 돌려가며 사용하도록 했다.
 ④ 남극대륙에서 대원들과 4년간 거주했다.
 ⑤ 부서진 배를 수리하여 Elephant 섬으로 갔다.

[49 ~ 50] 다음 글을 읽고, 물음에 답하시오.

Arun was ten years old. He came from a poor family in India. He kept missing days in his government school. The teacher tried getting him interested in what the class was doing, but he was inattentive. She felt that he had a learning disability.

There was a group near school which helped children after school hours with homework and with revision of the day's subjects. This 'evening school', near the slum where Arun lived, was asked by this teacher if they could spend more time with him and find out why he missed school and was so inattentive. After six months (Arun went regularly to this evening school, never missing a day), the helper there said that Arun assisted his father in repairing bicycles and enjoyed this work. So, the evening school helpers began their program to _____ the government school education by starting with what Arun knew and liked: bicycles.

From that starting point, he learned about metals, about physics and chemistry, and he learned two languages. He then began to follow the lessons in his government school, and enjoyed studying and learning new things. Arun grew up to do well in his school-leaving examination, and is now at a university learning engineering—his main passion.

49. 위 글의 빈칸에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것은?

- ① limit ② ignore
 ③ imitate ④ evaluate
 ⑤ complement

50. 위 글의 제목으로 가장 적절한 것은?

- ① The Origin of Formal Education in India
 ② The Importance of Cooperative Learning
 ③ Revision: The Secret of a Successful Student
 ④ The Result of Learning with No Competition
 ⑤ Education Focusing on Individual Learners' Interests

※ 확인 사항

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