# 2011학년도 3월 고1 전국연합학력평가 문제지

# 제 3 교시

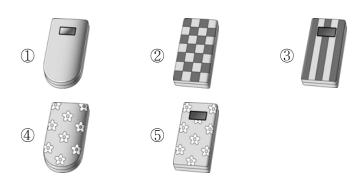
# 외국어(영어) 영역

성명      수험 번호            1
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- 문제지의 해당란에 성명과 수험 번호를 정확히 쓰시오.
- 답안지의 해당란에 성명과 수험 번호를 쓰고, 또 수험 번호와 답을 정확히 표시하시오.
- 문항에 따라 배점이 다르니, 각 물음의 끝에 표시된 배점을 참고하시오. 1점과 3점 문항에만 점수가 표시되어 있습니다. 점수 표시가 없는 문항은 모두 2점입니다.

1번부터 17번까지는 듣고 답하는 문제입니다. 방송을 잘 듣고 답을 하기 바랍니다. 듣는 내용은 한 번만 방송됩니다.

1. 대화를 듣고, 여자가 구입할 휴대 전화를 고르시오.



- 2 대화를 듣고, 남자의 심정으로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.
- ① depressed
- ② thankful
- 3 peaceful

- 4 delightful
- ⑤ embarrassed
- 3 다음을 듣고, 무엇에 관한 설명인지 고르시오. [1점]
- ① 키위
- ② 오리
- ③ 펭귄

- ④ 타조
- ⑤ 공작
- 4. 대화를 듣고, 여자가 일요일 오전에 할 일을 고르시오.
- 쇼핑
- ② 집안 청소
- ③ 학교 과제
- ④ 할머니댁 방문 ⑤ 영화 관람
- 5. 대화를 듣고, 남자가 지불할 금액을 고르시오.
- ① \$36
- 2 \$40
- 3 \$45
- 4 \$50
- © \$54
- 6. 다음을 듣고, 여자가 하는 말의 목적으로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.
- ① 안부를 전하려고
- ② 주말 날씨를 알리려고
- ③ 등산 계획을 취소하려고
- ④ 폭우의 위험성을 알리려고
- ⑤ 등산의 즐거움을 알리려고

- 7. 대화를 듣고, 남자가 여자에게 부탁한 일로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.
- ① 다친 상처 치료해 주기
- ② 열쇠 찾는 것 도와 주기
- ③ 따뜻한 음료수 가져다 주기
- ④ 남자의 여동생에게 전화해 주기
- ⑤ 잠시 여자의 집에 머물게 해 주기
- 8. 대화를 듣고, 두 사람의 관계를 가장 잘 나타낸 것을 고르시오.
  - ① 기자 작가 ② 교사 학생
- ③ 의사 화자

- ④ 형사 용의자 ⑤ 상담원 고객
- 9 대화를 듣고, 두 사람이 대화하고 있는 장소로 가장 적절한 곳을 고르시오.
  - ① 교실
- ② 극장
- ③ 자동차

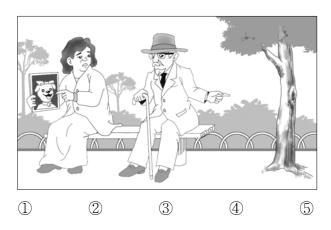
- ④ 도서관
- ⑤ 비디오 가게
- 10. 대화를 듣고, 여자가 할 일로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.

  - ① 택시 불러 주기 ② 기념품 골라 주기
- ③ 선물가게 데려다 주기 ④ 지하철역 위치 알려 주기
- ⑤ 여행 안내지도 가져다 주기
- 11. 다음 표를 보면서 대화를 듣고, 대화의 내용과 일치하지 않는 것을 고르시오.

Camping Responsibilities			
Responsibility	Name		
① Setting up a tent	Jane		
② Getting firewood	Joe		
③ Preparing dinner	Tim		
4 Making a fire	Joe		
5 Cleaning pots	Jane		

- 12. 재활용에 관한 다음 내용을 듣고, 일치하지 않는 것을 고르시오. [3점]
- ① 폐품을 가지고 새로운 물건을 만드는 것이다.
- ② 유리, 플라스틱, 종이가 재활용될 수 있다.
- ③ 음식물 찌꺼기를 동물 먹이로 사용하는 것도 재활용이다.
- ④ 재활용 재료들은 가정에서도 수거된다.
- ⑤ 재활용되기 위해서 분류와 세척 과정을 거친다.

13. 다음 그림의 상황에 가장 적절한 대화를 고르시오.



14. 대화를 듣고, 남자의 마지막 말에 대한 여자의 응답으로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오. [1점]

Woman:

- ① That movie was terrific.
- ② I hope you get well soon.
- ③ I want to see an action movie.
- 4) Then let's meet at 8 o'clock.
- ⑤ Movie tickets are really expensive.

**15.** 대화를 듣고, 여자의 마지막 말에 대한 남자의 응답으로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.

Man

- ① The party will be fun.
- 2 He will come on time.
- ③ Snacks are not good for your health.
- 4 He said he has to work late.
- ⑤ Some drinks would be fine.

16. 대화를 듣고, 남자의 마지막 말에 대한 여자의 응답으로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.

Woman:

- ① You should have bought a used motorcycle.
- 2 You saved some money by shopping wisely.
- ③ I can find a motorcycle on a website for you.
- ④ I hope you can find some time to shop soon.
- ⑤ I don't think this city is good for riding a bicycle.

17. 다음 상황 설명을 듣고, Lisa가 Kevin에게 할 말로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.

Lisa: Kevin,

- ① would you like to take care of my cat?
- ② I feed her at 9:00 a.m. every morning.
- ③ what about getting together Friday?
- 4 I really need help packing.
- ⑤ I love cats so much.

이제 듣기·말하기 문제는 다 끝났습니다. 18번부터는 문제지의 지시에 따라 답을 하기 바랍니다. 18. 다음 글의 목적으로 가장 적절한 것은?

One of the most popular classical pianists in China, Li Yundi is famous for being the youngest pianist to win the International Frederic Chopin Piano Competition at just 18 years of age in 2000. Since then, he's been playing at the world's best concert theaters, including Carnegie Hall, and has just this year signed a contract with ABC Music to record the complete works of Chopin. He returns to Shanghai this coming Sunday to perform a selection of Chopin's works. The Grand Theater is where you can go to listen to his beautiful music.

- ① 피아니스트의 경력을 소개하려고
- ② 피아니스트의 수상 소식을 알리려고
- ③ 피아노 경연대회 참가를 권유하려고
- ④ 피아니스트의 공연 소식을 알리려고
- ⑤ 피아니스트의 새 음반 발매를 홍보하려고

19. 밑줄 친 they[their]가 가리키는 대상이 나머지 넷과 <u>다른</u> 것은?

Dragons have the skin of a reptile, the body of an elephant, the head of a horse, and the tail of a lizard. ① They are known to have many magical powers. One of them is breathing fire. While in some stories dragons are good and wise, in others ② they are evil monsters. Whether they are good or evil, ③ they are always symbols of strength and magic. Long ago, some people believed myths that ④ their blood could protect them from wounds. They also believed that if they drank their blood, ⑤ they would be able to understand the speech of animals.

**20.** (A), (B), (C)의 각 네모 안에서 어법에 맞는 표현으로 가장 적절한 것은?

For thousands of years, people have looked up at the night sky and looked at the moon. They wondered (A) if / what the moon was made of. They wanted to know how big it was and how far away it was. One of the most interesting questions was "Where did the moon come from?" No one knew for sure. Scientists developed (B) many / much different theories, or guesses, but they could not prove that their ideas were correct. Then, between 1969 and 1972, the United States sent astronauts to the moon for their studying the moon and (C) returned / returning to Earth with rock samples.

(A)		(B)		(C)
① if	•••••	many	•••••	returning
② if	•••••	much	•••••	returned
③ what	•••••	many	•••••	returned
4 what	•••••	much	•••••	returned
(5) what	•••••	many		returning

### 21. 다음 글의 밑줄 친 부분 중, 어법상 틀린 것은?

I was working at a nursing home. It was late in the evening ① when I finished, so I ran down the street to the bus stop. I enjoyed the ride home and watched my fellow passengers ② got off at their stops. After a while, I was the only one ③ left on the bus. As the bus approached my stop, the driver called out to me, "Where do you live?" I explained to him ④ that I lived just up the next street. He then offered to drop me off outside my house. I was very grateful for his offer. I thanked the bus driver and walked to my door, ⑤ knowing that I would never forget his kindness.

# 22. 다음 글에서 전체 흐름과 관계 없는 문장은?

When you are in danger and feel afraid, your body automatically produces a chemical, called adrenalin, in your blood. ① With adrenalin in the blood system, you actually feel stronger and are ready to fight. ② However, when you are absolutely terrified, your body can produce too much adrenalin. ③ When this happens, your muscles become very hard and you find out that you can't move at all. ④ That's why you do exercise to build up your muscles. ⑤ You are so frightened that you become like a stone.

#### 23 다음 글에서 필자가 주장하는 바로 가장 적절한 것은?

The foods we eat lead to our well-being. However, if we eat too much, the extra food turns to fat and is stored in our bodies. If we overeat regularly, we may become obese. Obesity refers to having too much fat in our body. It has many serious long-term influences on our health, and it is the second leading cause of death in the United States. More than half of Americans are overweight—including at least 1 in 5 children. Therefore, it is essential to control the amount of food we eat for our well-being.

- ① 편식습관은 어릴 때부터 고쳐야 한다.
- ② 건강한 삶을 위해 과식하지 않아야 한다.
- ③ 건강을 위해 규칙적인 식사와 운동을 해야 한다.
- ④ 비만을 막기 위해 채식 위주의 식사를 해야 한다.
- ⑤ 건강을 유지하기 위해 균형 잡힌 식단을 짜야 한다.

### [24~29] 다음 글의 빈칸에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.

24. Scientists want to know what affects our personality. They study pairs of identical twins who grew up in different surroundings, like Jim Springer and Jim Lewis. These twins help scientists understand the connection between environment and biology. Researchers at the University of Minnesota studied 350 sets of identical twins who did not grow up together. They discovered many similarities in their personalities. Scientists believe that personality characteristics such as friendliness, shyness, and fears are not a result of environment. These characteristics are probably \_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

*	identical	twins:	일란성	쌍둥이

① inherited ② valuable

4 learned

- valuable ③ controlled
- 25. We know that humans have five basic senses. Those five senses are: sight, hearing, smell, taste, and touch. There also seems to be another—\_\_\_\_\_\_. People with this sense say that they are able to predict the future, sense spirits, and even read others' minds. We have experienced dreams, visions, or unexplained feelings which tell some future events. We sometimes sense a spirit or presence of something or someone, too. Although scientists simply can't explain these things, they happen to many people. That is one of the reasons why we can't ignore this sense.

5 changeable

- 1 common sense
- 2 moral sense
- ③ sense of space
- 4 sixth sense
- ⑤ sense of art
- 26. I often hear students say that they have read certain books. But if I ask them some questions about the books, they don't answer or they only repeat what somebody else has said about those books. I'm so sorry for them. They haven't read those books yet. Reading is not just decoding the letters; it means \_\_\_\_\_\_\_. So while and after reading books, you should keep asking yourself what the author's main idea is and what your own opinion about that is. If you have been reading, it means you have been thinking. \*decode: 해독하다
- ① memorizing the whole book
- 2 reading many book reviews
- 3 coming up with your own ideas
- 4 knowing the outline of a book
- ⑤ sharing your opinions with others

# 외국어(영어) 영역

4

27. I've played the guitar for the past three years. Everyone is a bit different, but practice seems to work great. I play eight hours a day. I play for 45 minutes to learn some new techniques or just play for fun, and then I take a 20-minute break. I take my mind off of music completely and relax. When I go back to the guitar, I seem to play better and smoother. Remember, nothing is more important than practice, but you

- ① also need a break
- 2 should set up a goal
- 3 have to get enough sleep
- 4 should enjoy playing the guitar
- ⑤ need to know where to practice

28. Some animals can change the color of their bodies. The octopus is one of them. Usually, an octopus takes on the color of its surroundings. This is not so when it gets upset. It may get pale all over or turn brown or even purple. The octopus keeps on changing colors, one after another, until it calms down. So when you see an octopus under the sea, please check its color, though the chance for you to see one is very rare. If it is brown or purple, you'd better move away from it. When it goes back to normal, it

- ① becomes darker
- 2 becomes brighter
- 3 moves around quickly
- 4 begins to hunt its food
- 5 can't be seen very easily

29. Chuck felt sorry about not going to a dance party with his friends after school, but he thought he had better prepare for a final exam coming up in a couple of days. So he went back home and studied for the exam. A few days later, his decision to give up having fun and study for the exam turned out a good one. His efforts at studying resulted in a high grade on the exam. His friends did not score half as well as he did. Chuck learned from this experience that it's true that \_\_\_\_\_\_\_. With this lesson in mind, he always tried his best to do what he had to do.

- ① you reap what you sow
- ② two heads are better than one
- 3 too many cooks spoil the broth
- 4 birds of a feather flock together
- ⑤ when in Rome do as the Romans do

**30.** 다음 글에 드러난 'I'의 심경 변화로 가장 적절한 것은? [1점]

When I was reading a book in my room, I heard a sound from the garden. I thought that I should go out and have a look. I took a flashlight and a strong walking stick. I went into the garden and called out "Who's there?" But there was no answer. I examined the garden but there was no sign of anybody or anything. I went back to the house and began to read my book again. Just then I heard a cry of "Help! Help!", this time from over my shoulder. I dropped my book and jumped up. There was a large green and red bird sitting by the window. It was a parrot!

- ① bored  $\rightarrow$  pleased
- ② afraid  $\rightarrow$  sad
- 3 scared  $\rightarrow$  relieved
- ④ lonely → satisfied
- ⑤ joyous → disappointed

**31.** (A), (B), (C)의 각 네모 안에서 문맥에 맞는 낱말로 가장 적절한 것은?

On August 15, 1947, India became a nation free from British rule. However, Gandhi found little reason to celebrate. India was now (A) united / divided by religion. India became a Hindu country. But Pakistan, which was separated from India, became a Muslim country. At the moment both countries, the new and old, began fighting. Gandhi started fasting on January 13, 1948, to (B) protest / prepare the fighting between Hindu and Muslims. Five days later, the leaders of India and Pakistan (C) agreed / disagreed to have peace and Gandhi stopped fasting.

\* fasting: 단식

(A)		(B)		(C)
$\bigcirc$ united	•••••	protest		disagreed
② united	•••••	prepare	•••••	agreed
3 divided	•••••	protest	•••••	disagreed
4 divided	•••••	protest	•••••	agreed
(5) divided	•••••	prepare	•••••	disagreed

32. 다음 글의 밑줄 친 부분 중, 문맥상 낱말의 쓰임이 적절하지 않은 것은?

How would you feel if your children wanted to ① imitate a celebrity who has a troubled private life? Maybe you would worry that your kids might be affected by their ② personal lives. This is because you believe that celebrities should be role models for kids in all ways. But, don't worry! Your kids just want to be like the celebrities in their ③ performance as professionals, not in their private behavior. Actors are just actors and sports stars are just sports stars. They are just ④ uncommon people except that they have excellent skills in their field. They should not be expected to be ⑤ perfect in every way.

#### 33. 다음 글의 (A), (B)에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것은?

Newspapers are usually thrown out after a day. Magazines, however, may stay around the house or office for weeks or months. They may be passed from person to person. (A), the ads in them have a better chance of being read and remembered. Magazines also allow for colorful photography and artwork. They provide a way for advertisers to create quality images. Besides, many magazines now publish a range of editions aimed at specific areas and groups, instead of a single national edition. (B), Time magazine publishes 357 different editions worldwide. They include special editions for doctors, educators, and college students.

(A) (B)

① Therefore ..... For example
② Therefore ..... Finally
③ However ..... In fact
④ However ..... For example
⑤ In addition ..... In fact

# [34~35] 다음 글의 주제로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.

- 34. Although no studies have been able to show a clear link between laughter and pain, many patients have reported a decrease in pain after a good laugh. Some doctors claim the decrease could be linked to chemicals produced in the blood. Or patients might also feel less pain because their muscles are more relaxed, or they simply forget their pain for a while. Whatever the truth may be, there are many people who would agree with the Groucho brothers' claim that "A clown is like an aspirin."
  - ① Training a clown
- 2 Causes of laughter
- 3 Effective use of painkillers
- 4 Becoming humorous people
- 5 Effects of laughter on pain

35. Have you ever wondered how movies set in the winter can be filmed in the summer? The answer to this question is special effects. Special effects help make the movies seem more realistic. As an example, snow is made by machines to create the illusion of winter in Hollywood. However, the viewers have no idea that the snow in the movie isn't real. The 1946 holiday classic film, Wonderful Life, shows snow produced with special effects. The movie was actually filmed in the summer. Another example is rain, which is a bit more common than snow in Hollywood films. Rather than waiting around for the rain to fall, Hollywood creates its own.

- ① 특수효과가 사용된 영화의 역사
- ② 특수효과로 만드는 영화 속 날씨
- ③ 영화 속 특수효과 제작에 드는 비용
- ④ 영화에서 사용되는 특수효과의 한계
- ⑤ 특수효과가 사용되는 영화 제작의 어려움

### 36. 고대 이집트인에 관한 다음 글의 내용과 일치하는 것은?

In ancient Egypt many people lived around the Nile and the land along its banks. The Nile flooded every year and they could get good harvests and wealth. The people of ancient Egypt built mud-brick homes in villages. They grew some of their own food and traded in the villages for the food and goods they could not produce. Most ancient Egyptians worked as laborers, farmers, craftsmen, and so on. A small group of people were nobles. Together, these different groups of people lived in ancient Egypt.

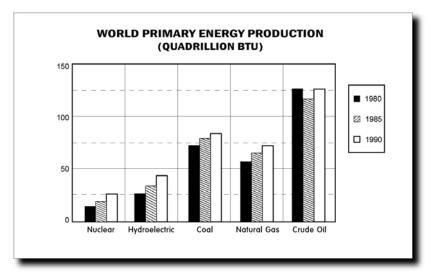
- ① 주로 산악지대에 살았다.
- ② 매년 홍수로 인해 농사를 지을 수 없었다.
- ③ 집을 지을 때 목재를 사용했다.
- ④ 생산할 수 없는 물품은 교역을 통해 구했다.
- ⑤ 대부분은 귀족이었다.

#### 37. Henry James에 대한 다음 글의 내용과 일치하지 않는 것은?

Henry James was born in 1843 in New York. His father was a well-known religious thinker, and his older brother a famous philosopher. James was educated in New York and Europe and attended Harvard Law School. His years of school in London, Paris, and Geneva gave him a love for Europe. He traveled often to Europe, and after 1876 made his home in London. James wrote widely. In addition to plays, critiques, and short stories, he wrote about twenty novels. Much of James's work deals with the contrast in values of Americans and Europeans. He became a British citizen shortly before his death in 1916.

- ① 형은 유명한 철학자였다.
- ② 뉴욕과 유럽에서 교육을 받았다.
- ③ 소설 외에도 다양한 분야의 글을 남겼다.
- ④ 동서양의 가치관 차이가 주된 관심사였다.
- ⑤ 죽기 얼마 전에 영국시민이 되었다.

38. 다음 도표의 내용과 일치하지 않는 것은?



\*QUADRILLION BTU (영국열량단위)

The graph above shows the world's energy production using five primary fuels in the period between 1980 and 1990. ① Nuclear energy always took the smallest proportion among the fuels during these ten years. ② On the other hand, the proportion of crude oil energy was the largest for the same period. ③ All the fuels, except crude oil, showed an increase in production between 1980 and 1985. ④ Coal and natural gas were always over 50 quadrillion BTU for the whole period. ⑤ The amount of coal energy was three times as much as that of hydroelectric energy in 1990.

- 40. Letters used to be the usual way for people to send messages. Today many people use e-mail instead. E-mail saves time. People can keep their e-mail messages on their computers to read again. It helps them remember what they wrote. However, there are still times when a letter is much better. There's something exciting about getting a letter in the mail. It makes you feel special. It means that someone took the time to pick out a card just for you. Besides, it's always fun to see what's inside, and handwriting is more personal than typing. Getting your letter is going to make someone smile.
- ① 이메일이 편지보다 편리하다.
- ② 이메일은 편지에 비해 경제적이다.
- ③ 편지가 이메일보다 나을 때가 있다.
- ④ 편지를 쓸 때는 격식을 지켜야 한다.
- ⑤ 이메일은 편지의 기능을 대체할 수 있다.

#### [39~40] 다음 글의 요지로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.

- 39. Seat belts don't fit young children and babies. Shoulder belts don't properly cross their chest. Lap belts may not hold them in place. So you might think you can just hold children in a car. But when a car stops suddenly, the child's body keeps moving forward. You no longer hold just the child's weight. You also have to keep the child from flying out of your arms. This makes the child feel much heavier. It can feel as if the child weighs hundreds of pounds. That is why young children and babies should ride in child safety seats.
  - ① 어린이용 안전벨트를 개발해야 한다.
  - ② 아이들에게 안전벨트 착용법을 알려 주어야 한다.
  - ③ 자동차의 안전벨트는 위치에 따라 기능이 다르다.
- ④ 자동차 사고로부터 아이들을 보호하는 것은 어렵다.
- ⑤ 아이들은 승차 시 어린이용 안전좌석에 앉아야 한다.

# [41 ~ 42] 다음 글의 제목으로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.

- 41. Comets are usually fairly predictable. But a normally small, faint comet recently did something really odd. Last month, Comet 17P/Holmes suddenly grew 400,000 times brighter than normal. However, no one expected the comet to get especially bright. That's because, even at its closest, Comet 17P/Holmes is still twice as far from the Sun as the Earth is. So, it never gets much heat. Even more surprising, the comet's recent brightening happened five months after the comet was at its closest location to the Sun.
- ① Measuring Distance in Space
- 2 Unusual Brightness of a Comet
- 3 History of Short Period Comets
- 4 Predicting the Return of a Comet
- 5 Comparing the Brightness of Comets

# 외국어(영어) 영역

- 42. Isn't the Internet amazing? People can use it to find information. They can even play games. Actually, the Internet began in the 1960s. The United States government started it. The government wanted to connect computers in different places to share information. It was a new idea; people had not linked computers together before. The government had to figure out how. It took several years. Finally, four computers in different cities were linked together by phone lines. The computers shared information, and the Internet was born. Soon, more computers were added. Other groups wanted to join the Internet. Scientists linked up their computers, so did colleges and businesses. Later, people at home hooked up their computers, and the Internet became huge.
  - ① Role of the Internet
  - 2 History of the Internet
- 3 Function of the Internet
- 4 Advantages of the Internet
- ⑤ Dangers of Internet Addiction

**44.** 글의 흐름으로 보아, 주어진 문장이 들어가기에 가장 적절한 곳은?

In addition, there are various English reading programs such as Storytelling, Role-play, and Book Talk for users.

Delhi English Library is the only public English library in New Delhi where you can experience a public library similar to those in western countries. (①) We have an English-friendly environment and 25,000 English books. (②) Users check their reading levels before joining these programs with the English Reading Test provided by us. (③) It helps users know their appropriate reading level. (④) In this way, we support the people who do self-directed English reading. (⑤) We welcome all New Delhi citizens.

\* self-directed: 자기 주도적인

45. 다음 글의 내용을 한 문장으로 요약하고자 한다. 빈칸 (A)와 (B)에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것은?

Do you ever have trouble deciding what to order at a restaurant? Two members of a California family had this problem often. They solved it by opening a 'bite-size' restaurant in Los Angeles. At this restaurant, thirty two small items appear on the menu. Customers can order small salads and very small-sized French fries, nacho chips, and tacos. No bite-sized item costs more than three dollars, and some cost less than a dollar. People like the restaurant because they do not need to choose between one favorite food and another.

1

The idea that customers can enjoy \_\_\_(A)\_\_ foods with their size (B) became a hit.

- (A) (B)
- 1 various ..... reduced2 various ..... increased
- ③ similar ..... reduced
- 4 similar ..... doubled
- ⑤ delicious ..... increased

43. 주어진 글 다음에 이어질 글의 순서로 가장 적절한 것은? [3점]

Renewable energy sources such as sunlight, water, and wind are created continually by nature and can be used repeatedly by people.

- (A) Today, wind towers much taller than those windmills—usually about 20 stories high—are being used to capture the power of wind.
- (B) Among them, wind has been used as an energy source for centuries. For example, windmills helped draw water and grind grain into flour.
- (C) The wind turns giant blades connected to the towers and enables electrical generators to work.

\* generator: 발전기

- ① (A)-(B)-(C)
- ② (A)-(C)-(B)
- (B)-(A)-(C)
- (B)-(C)-(A)
- (C)-(B)-(A)

#### [46~48] 다음 글을 읽고, 물음에 답하시오.

- (A) There lived a man in Puerto Rico who had a wonderful <u>parrot</u>. The parrot was unique; there was no other like him in the whole world. (a) <u>He</u> could learn to say any word—except one. He could not say the name of his native town, Catano.
- (B) Finally the man gave up. (b) <u>He</u> picked up the parrot and threw him into the chicken house. "You are even more stupid than the chickens," he said. In the chicken house there were four old chickens, waiting to be killed for Sunday's dinner.
- (C) The next morning, the man went out to the chicken house. When (c) <u>he</u> opened the door, he was shocked by what he saw. (d) <u>He</u> could not believe his eyes and ears! On the floor lay three dead chickens. The parrot was screaming at the fourth, "Say 'Catano' or I'll kill you!"
- (D) The man did everything (e) he could to teach the parrot to say "Catano," but he never succeeded. At first he was very gentle with the bird, but gradually he lost his temper. "You stupid bird! Why can't you learn to say that one word? Say 'Catano' or I'll kill you!" But the parrot would not say it. Many times the man screamed, "Say 'Catano' or I'll kill you!" But the bird would not repeat the name.

46. 위 글 (A)에 이어질 내용을 순서에 맞게 배열한 것으로 가장 적절한 것은?

- ① (B)-(D)-(C)
- ② (C)-(B)-(D)
- (C)-(D)-(B)
- (D)-(B)-(C)
- (D)-(C)-(B)

**47.** 위 글의 밑줄 친 (a) ~ (e) 중에서 가리키는 대상이 나머지 넷과 다른 하나는?

- ① (a)
- ② (b)
- ③ (c)
- ④ (d)
- ⑤ (e)

48. 위 글의 밑줄 친 parrot에 관한 내용과 일치하지 않는 것은?

- ① Puerto Rico에 살았다.
- ② 닭장에 버려졌다.
- ③ 닭에게 위협을 받았다.
- ④ 주인이 처음에는 잘 대해줬다.
- ⑤ 주인을 화나게 만들었다.

#### [49~50] 다음 글을 읽고, 물음에 답하시오.

Whales usually swim in small groups. However, on this day the number of whales swimming together was much larger. The exact number varied, but sometimes the group grew to more than a hundred whales. The whales were swimming together as they looked for one of their favorite foods—codfish.

After a while, the whales followed a group of codfish into the bay. But they took a big risk. The bay had ice all around it. Suddenly, the ice moved in and blocked their way out to the open sea. The whales couldn't get out of the bay. They were \_\_\_\_\_!

All the whales now have to swim in a very small area that has no ice on it. It's a very difficult situation for the whales. Whales breathe oxygen. If the ice moves closer and covers the water, the whales can't come up to breathe. They won't be able to get air! Will the whales be able to find air in time?

49. 위 글의 빈칸에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것은?

- ① hunted
- ② stuck
- 3 protected

- 4 forgotten
- ⑤ freed

*50.* 위 글의 제목으로 가장 적절한 것은?

- ① Whales in Danger
- 2 Lives under the Ice
- 3 How Whales Breathe
- 4 What Whales Eat Most
- ⑤ Problems of Whale Hunting

※ 확인 사항

문제지와 답안지의 해당란을 정확히 기입(표기)했는지 확인하시오.