

Mac Terminal Commands



Shortcuts

Tab	Auto-complete file and folder names
Ctrl + A	Go to the beginning of the line you're currently typing on
Ctrl + E	Go to the end of the line you're currently typing on
Ctrl + U	Clear the line before the cursor
Ctrl + K	Clear the line after the cursor
Ctrl + W	Delete the word before the cursor
Ctrl + T	Swap the last two characters before the cursor
Esc + T	Swap the last two words before the cursor
Ctrl + L	Clear the screen
Ctrl + C	Kill whatever you're running
Ctrl + D	Exit the current shell
Option + →	Move cursor one word forward
Option + ←	Move cursor one word backward
Ctrl + F	Move cursor one character forward
Ctrl + B	Move cursor one character backward
Ctrl + Y	Paste whatever was cut by the last command
Ctrl + Z	Puts whatever you're running into a suspend background process
Ctrl + _	Undo the last command

Basics

/ (Forward Slash)	Top level directory
. (Single Period)	Current directory
.. (Double Period)	Parent directory
~ (Tilde)	Home directory
sudo [command]	Run command with the security privileges of the super user
nano [file]	Opens the Terminal editor
open [file]	Opens a file
[command] -h	Get help about a command
man [command]	Show the help manual of the command

Change Directory

cd	Home directory
cd [folder]	Change directory, e.g. cd Documents
cd ~	Home directory
cd/	Root of the drive
cd -	Previous directory or folder you last browsed
pwd	Show your working directory
cd..	Move up to the parent directory
cd../..	Move up two levels

List Directory Contents

ls	Display the name of files and subdirectories in the directory
ls -C	Force multi-column output of the listing
ls -a	List all entries including those with . (period) and ..(double period)
ls -l	Output the list of files in one entry per line format
ls -F	Display a / (slash) immediately after each path that is a directory, * (asterisk) after executable programs or scripts, and @ after a symbolic link
ls -S	Sort files or entries by size
ls -l	List in a long format. Includes file mode, owner and group name, date and time file was modified, pathname, and more
ls -lt	List the files sorted by time modified (most recent first)
ls -lh	Long listing with human readable file sizes in KB, MB, or GB

ls -lo	List the file names with size, owner, and flags
ls -la	List detailed directory contents, including hidden files

File Size and Disk Space

du	List usage for each subdirectory and its contents
du -sh [folder]	Human readable output of all files in a directory
du -s	Display an entry for each specified file
du -sk* sort -nr	List files and folders, totaling the size including the subfolders. Replace sk* with sm* to list directories in MB
df -h	Calculate your system's free disk space
df -H	Calculate free disk space in powers of 1,000 (as opposed to 1,024)

File and Directory Management

mkdir <dir>	Create new folder named <directory>
mkdir -p <dir>/<dir>	Create nested folders
mkdir <dir1> <dir2> <dir3>	Create several folders at once
mkdir "<dir>"	Create a folder with a space in the filename
rmdir <dir>	Delete a folder (only works on empty folders)
rm -R <dir>	Delete a folder and its contents
touch <file>	Create a new file without any extension
cp <file> <dir>	Copy a file to the folder
cp <file> <newfile>	Copy a file to the current folder
cp <file>~/<dir>/<newfile>	Copy a file to the folder and rename the copied file
cp -R <dir> <"new dir">	Copy a folder to a new folder with spaces in the filename
cp -i <file><dir>	Prompts you before copying a file with a warning overwrite message
cp <file1> <file2> <file3>/Users/<dir>	Copy multiple files to a folder
rm <file>	Delete a file (This deletes the file permanently; use with caution.)
rm -i <file>	Delete a file only when you give confirmation
rm -f <file>	Force removal without confirmation
rm <file1> <file2> <file3>	Delete multiple files without any confirmation
mv <file> <newfilename>	Move/rename
mv <file> <dir>	Move a file to the folder, possibly by overwriting an existing file
mv -i <file> <dir>	Optional -i flag to warn you before overwriting the file
mv *.png ~/<dir>	Move all PNG files from current folder to a different folder

Command History

Ctrl + R	Search through previously used commands
history n	Shows the previous commands you've typed. Add a number to limit to the last n items
![value]	Execute the last command typed that starts with a value
!!	Execute the last command typed

Permissions

ls -ld	Display the default permission for a home directory
ls -ld/<dir>	Display the read, write, and access permission of a particular folder
chmod 755 <file>	Change the permission of a file to 755
chmod -R 600 <dir>	Change the permission of a folder (and its contents) to 600

chown <user>:<group> <file>	Change the ownership of a file to user and group. Add -R to include folder contents
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Processes

ps -ax	Output currently running processes. Here, a shows processes from all users and x shows processes that are not connected with the Terminal
ps -aux	Shows all the processes with %cpu, %mem, page in, PID, and command
top	Display live information about currently running processes
top -ocpu -s 5	Display processes sorted by CPU usage, updating every 5 seconds
top -o rsize	Sort top by memory usage
kill PID	Quit process with ID <PID>. You'll see PID as a column in the Activity Monitor
ps -ax grep <appname>	Find a process by name or PID

Network

ping <host>	Ping host and display status
whois <domain>	Output whois info for a domain
curl -O <url/to/file>	Download file via HTTP, HTTPS, or FTP
ssh <username>@<host>	Establish SSH connection to <host> with user <username>
scp <file><user>@<host>:/remote/path	Copy <file> to a remote <host>

Homebrew

brew doctor	Check brew for potential problems
brew install <formula>	Install a formula
brew uninstall <formula>	Uninstall a formula
brew list	List all the installed formulas
brew search	Display available formulas for brewing
brew upgrade	Upgrade all outdated and unpinned brews
brew update	Fetch latest version of homebrew and formula
brew cleanup	Remove older version of installed formula
brew tap homebrew/cask	Tap the cask repository from GitHub
brew cask list	List all installed casks
brew cask install <cask>	Install the given cask
brew cask uninstall <cask>	Uninstall the given cask

Search

find <dir> -name "<file">	Find all files named <file> inside <dir>. Use wildcards (*) to search for parts of filenames
grep "<text>" <file>	Output all occurrences of <text> inside <file> (add -i for case insensitivity)
grep -rl "<text>" <dir>	Search for all files containing <text> inside <dir>

Output

cat <file>	Output the content of <file>
less <file>	Output the contents of <file> using the less command that supports pagination and more
head <file>	Output the first 10 lines of <file>
<cmd> >> <file>	Appends the output of <cmd> to <file>
<cmd> > <file>	Direct the output of <cmd> into <file>
<cmd1> <cmd2>	Direct the output of <cmd1> to <cmd2>