

# Week 6 Progress

2022-07-07

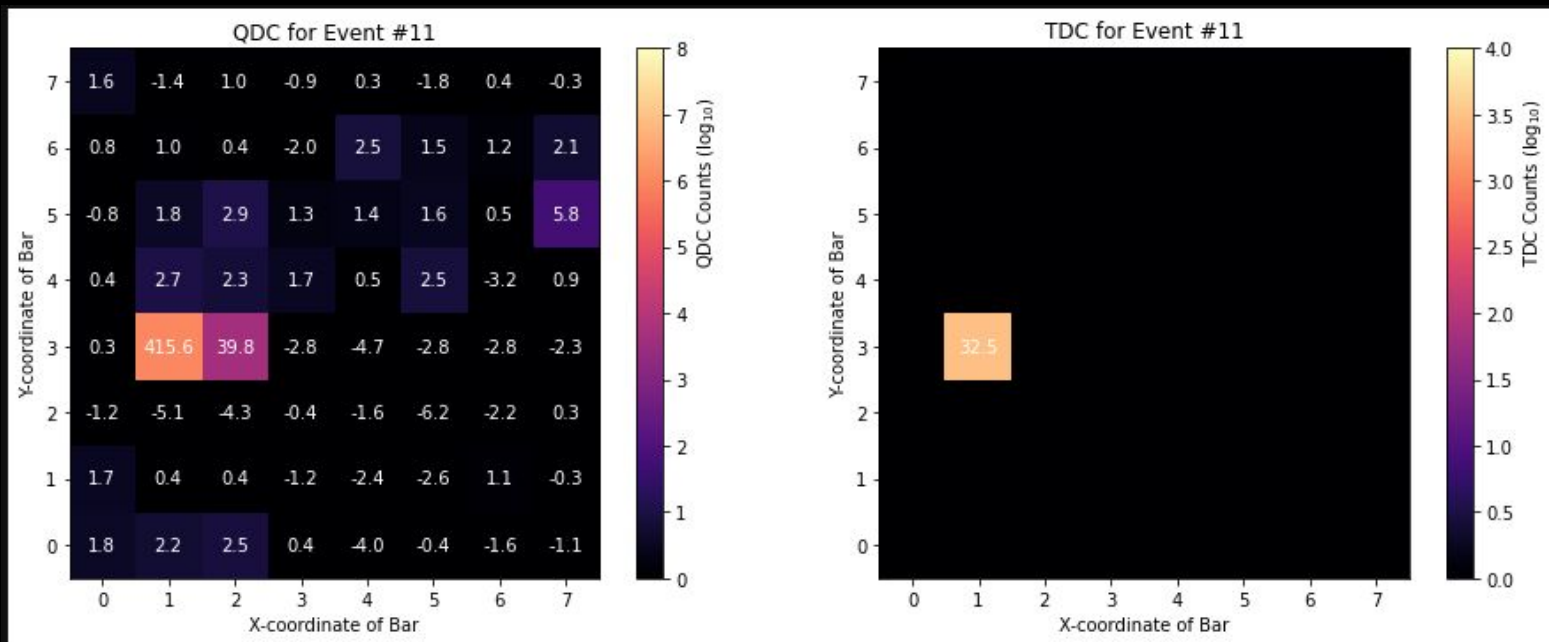
Calorimeter Energy Sums  
Generating Calorimeter Images

# Outline

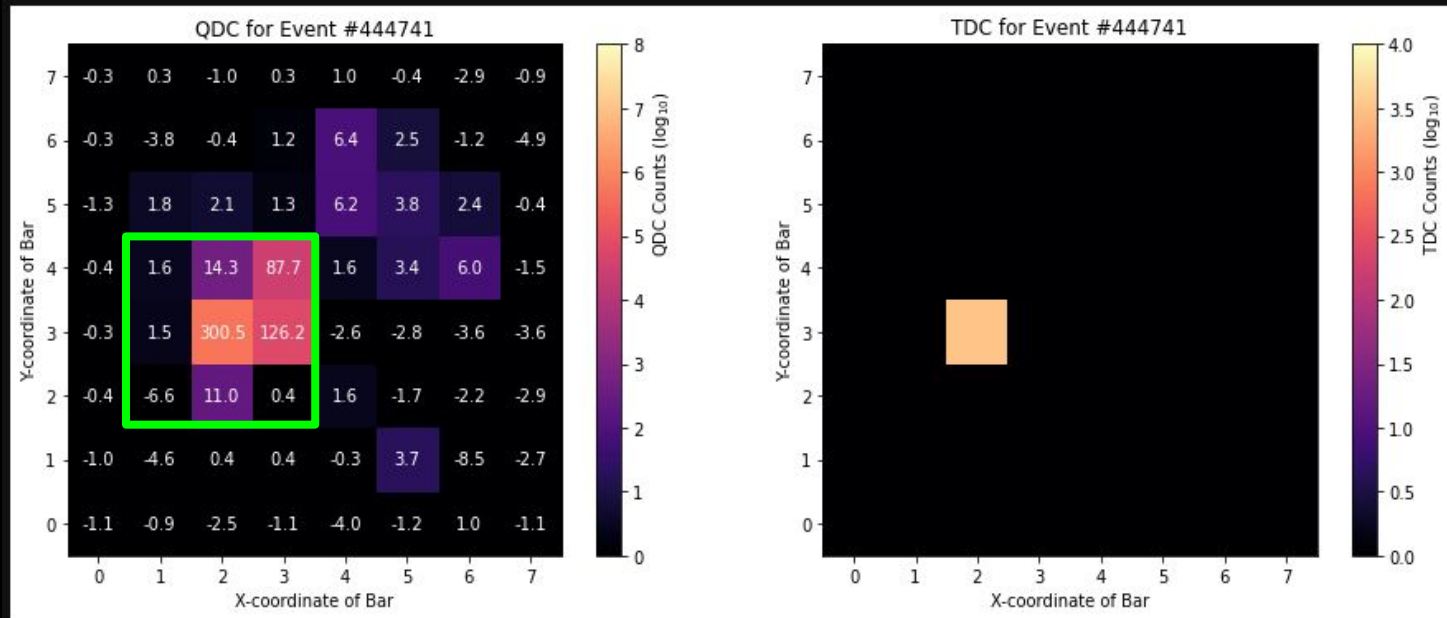
1. Recap
  - a. Simple QDC/TDC Event Display
  - b. 2 Energy Summing Methods
2. Issue: 2 events in one frame
  - a. Different cases
  - b. Fixes?
3. Generating calorimeter images

# 1.a. Simple QDC/TDC Event Display

- Black = no hit
- Color scale: log 10
- Numerical QDC values: raw

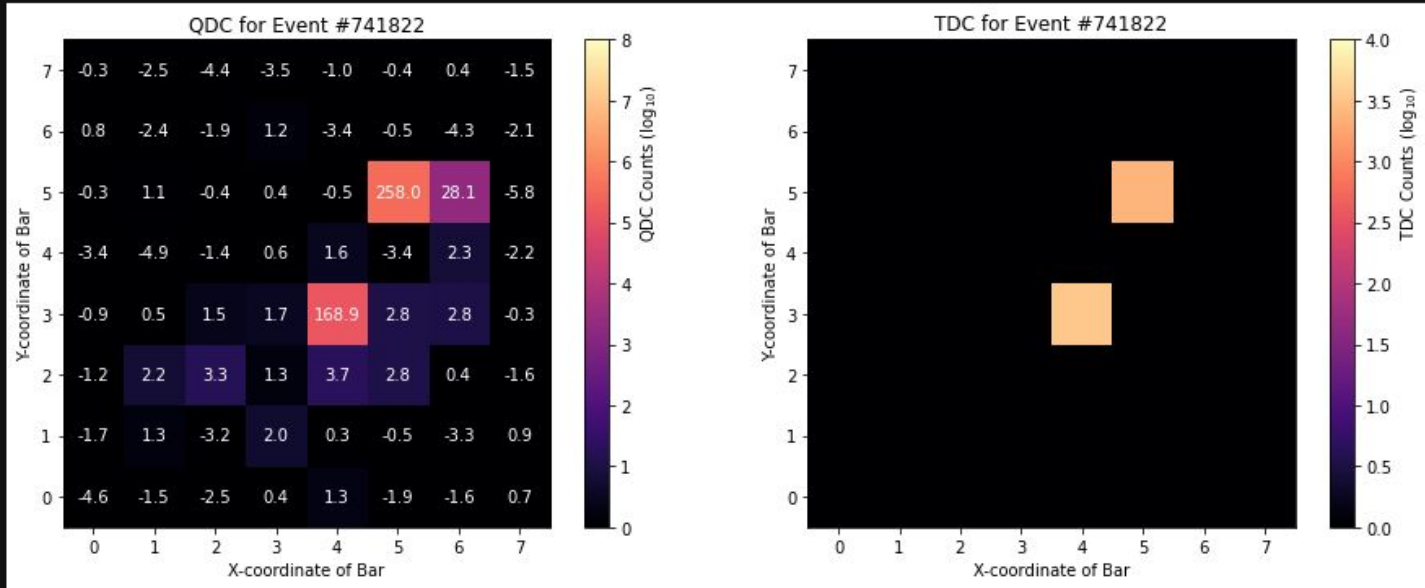


# 1.b. Old Esum Method



# Weakness

inaccurate

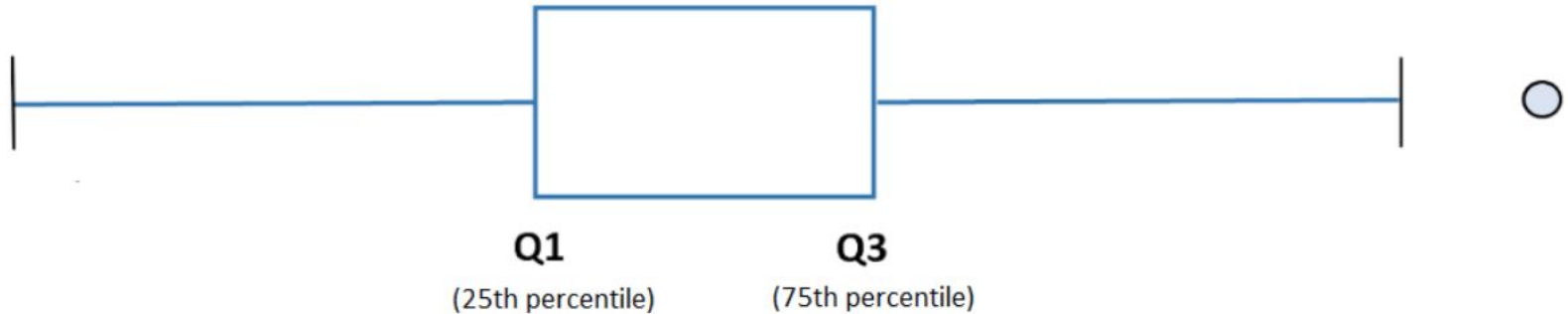


290.04 = Sum of nonzero QDC values in 8 bars surrounding max bar.  
 258.00 @ (5,5) = Max QDC value and coordinate of bar.

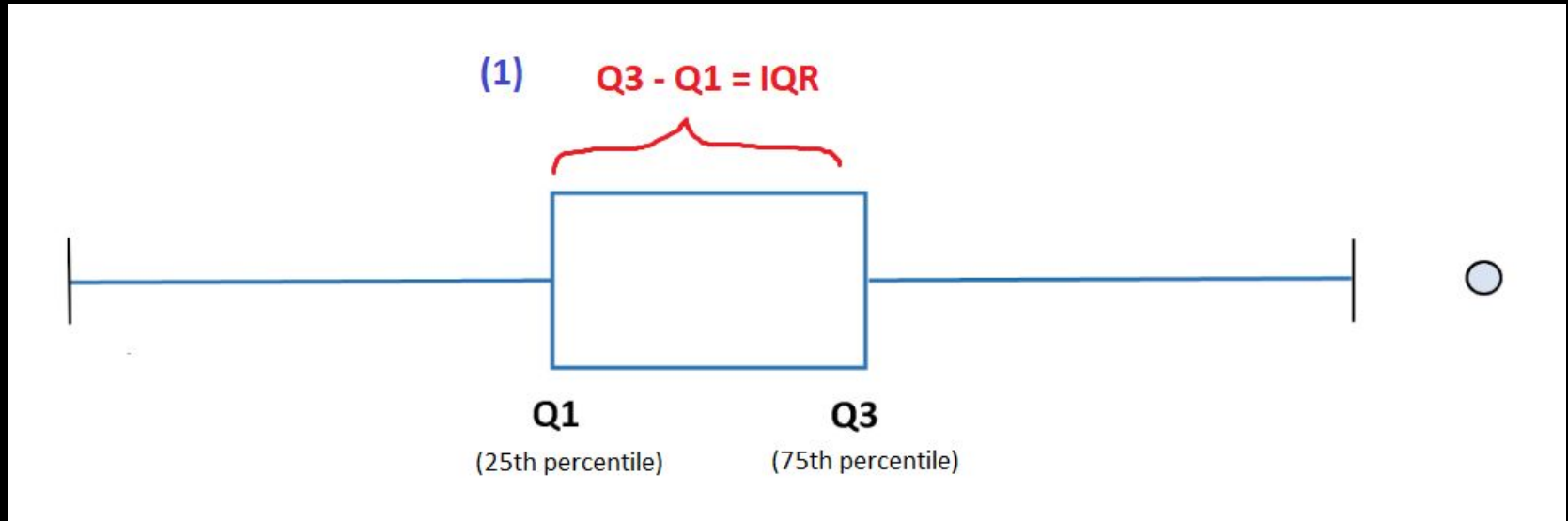
88.95% = Percent of energy sum deposited into central bar.  
 98.64% = Percent of energy sum deposited into central bar + 2nd highest QDC bar.

58.78% = Percent of total energy captured by energy sum.

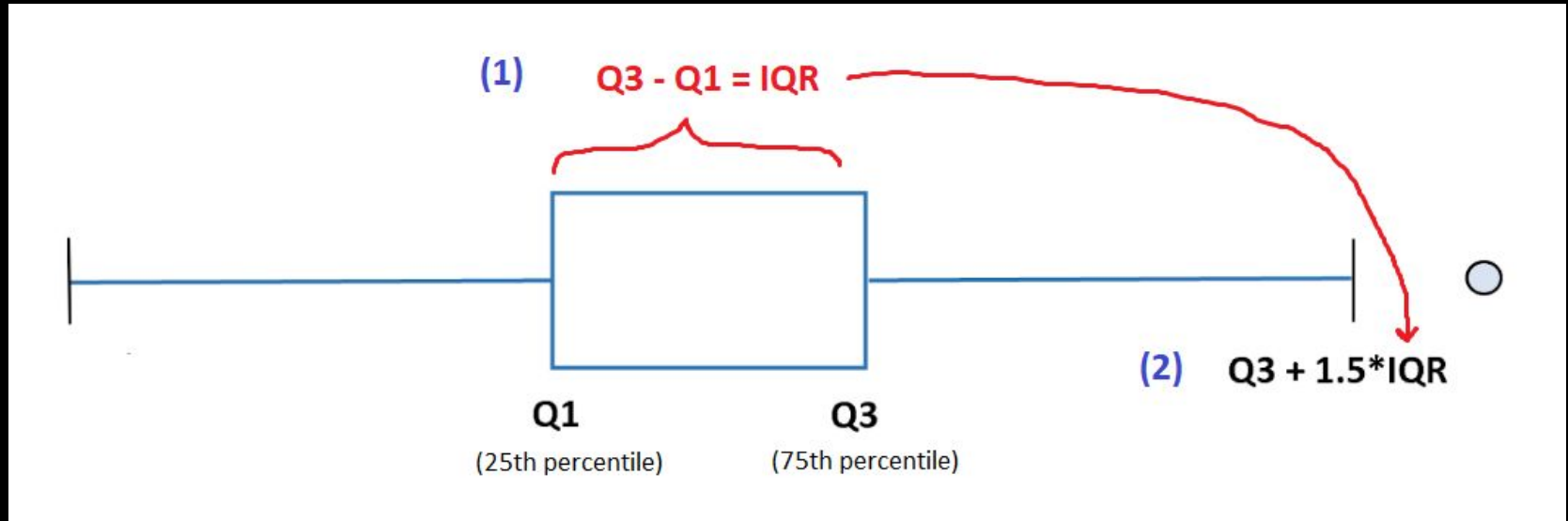
## 1.b. New Esum Method



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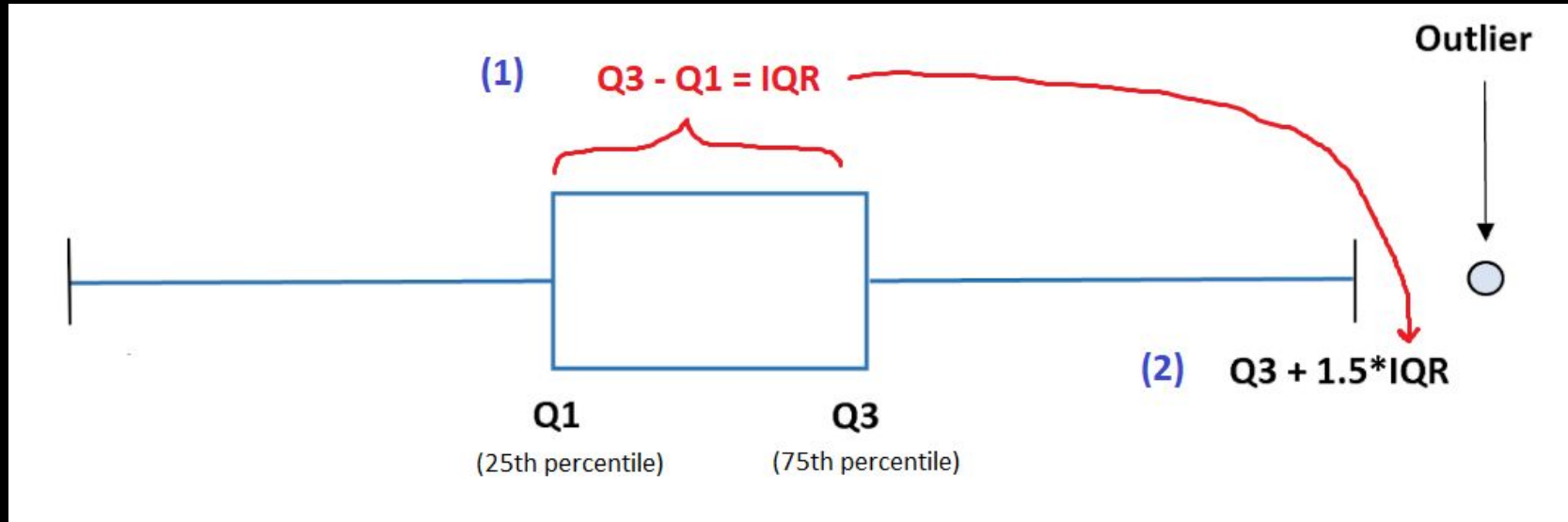


## 1.b. New Esum Method

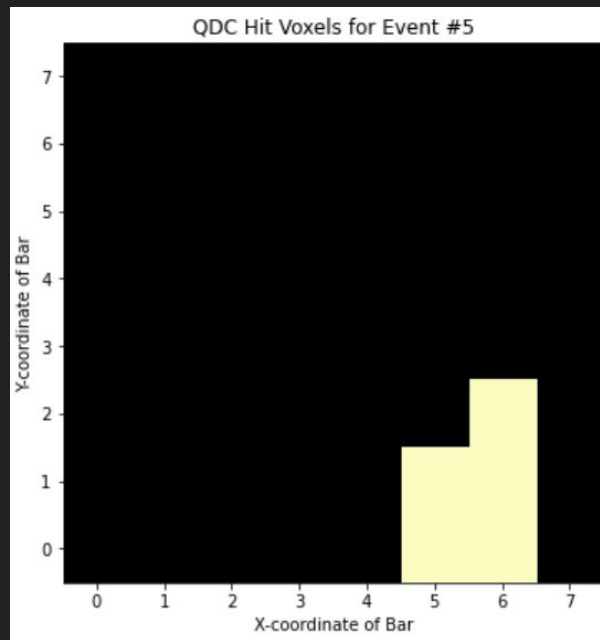
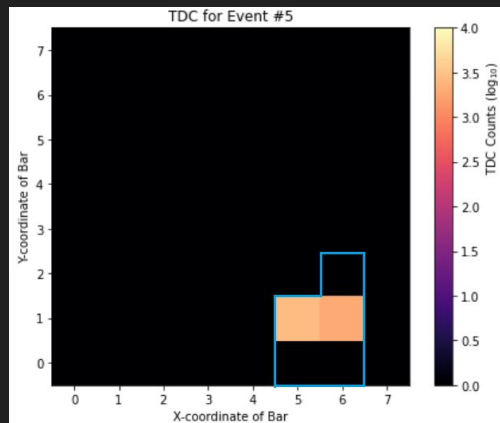
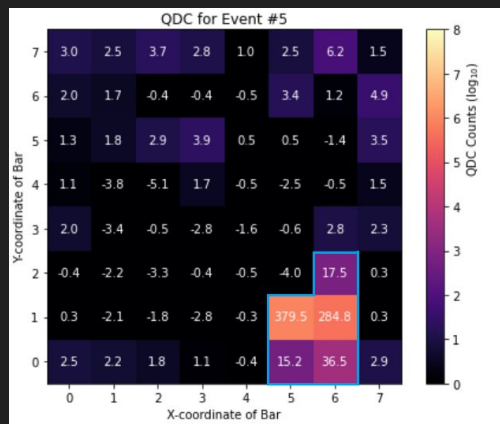




## 1.b. New Esum Method

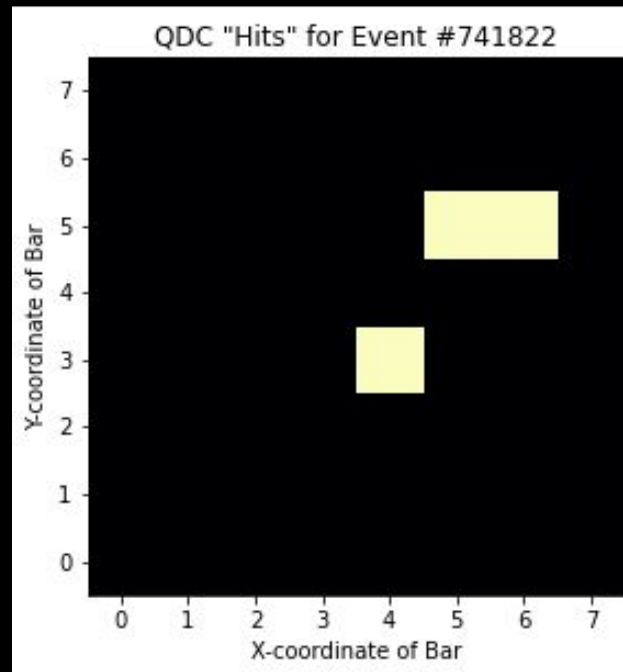
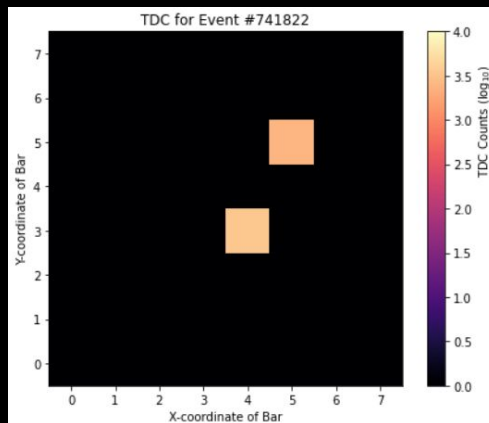
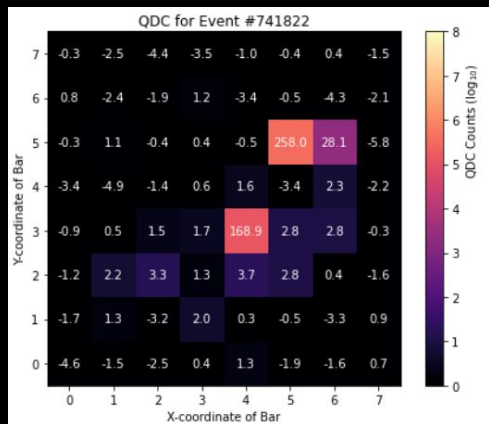


# III. New Energy Summing Method (Outliers)

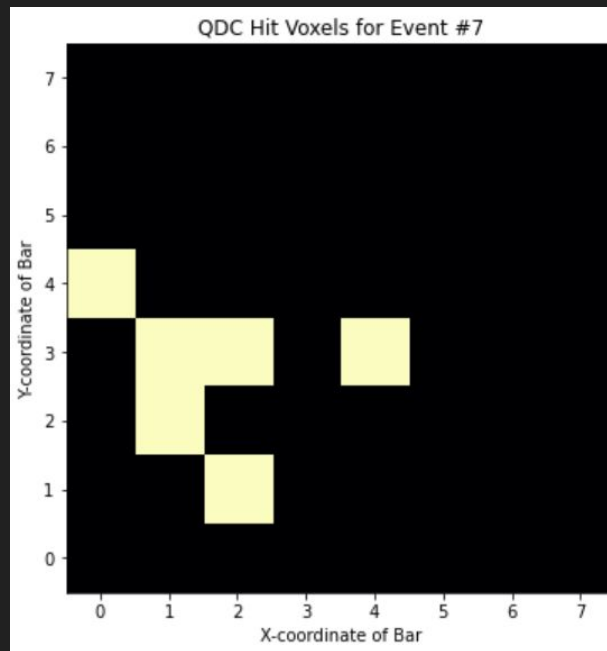
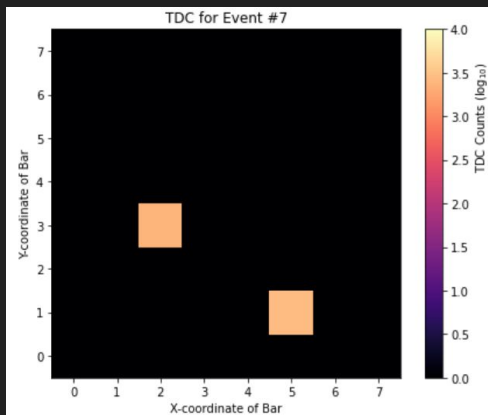
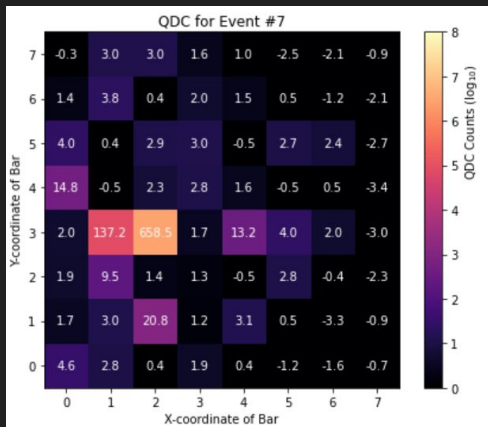


Good: clusters

# 1.b. New Esum Method

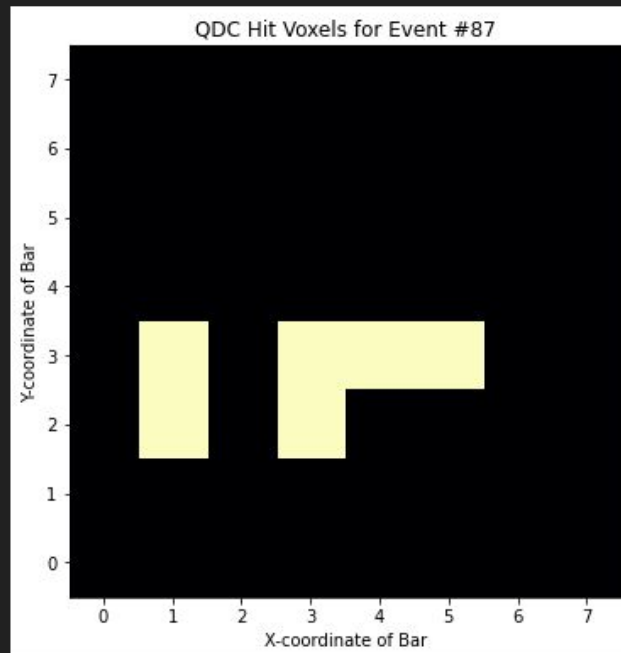
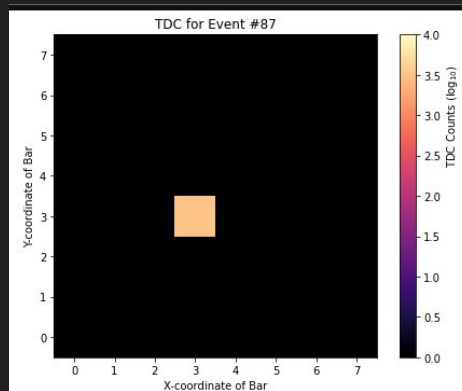
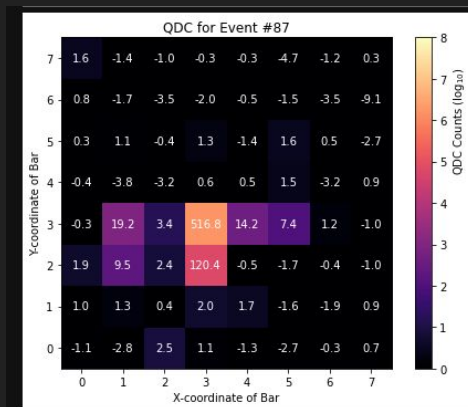


# III. New Energy Summing Method (Outliers)

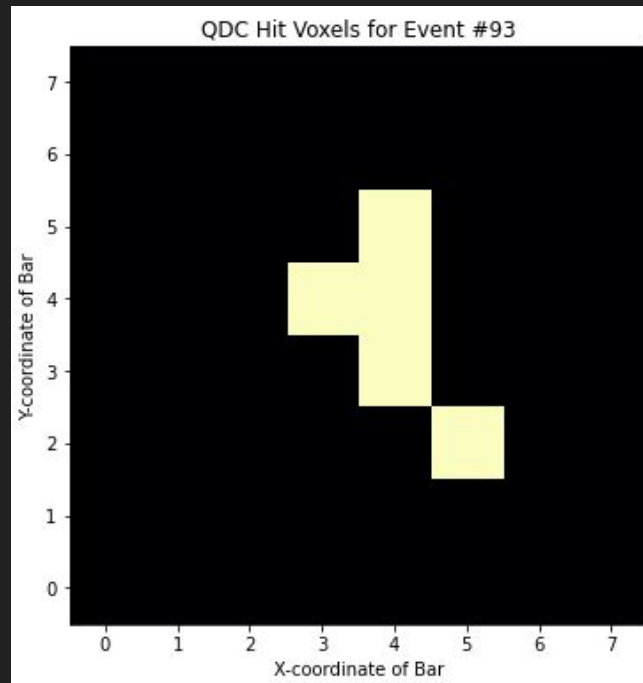
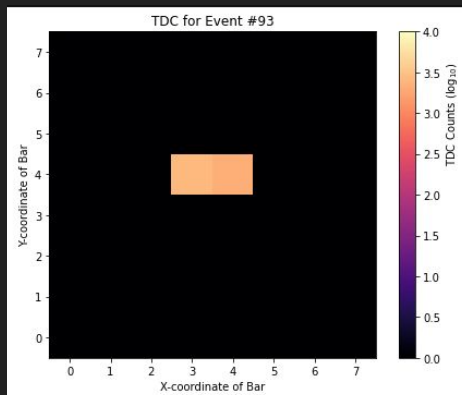
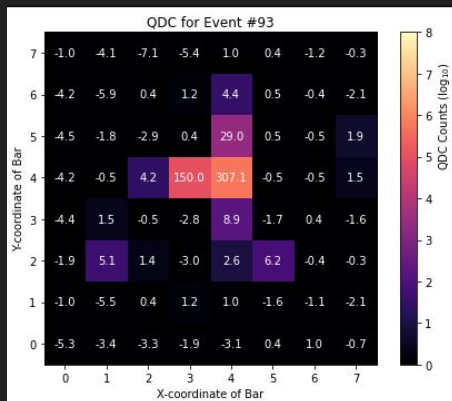


Good: complex shower shapes

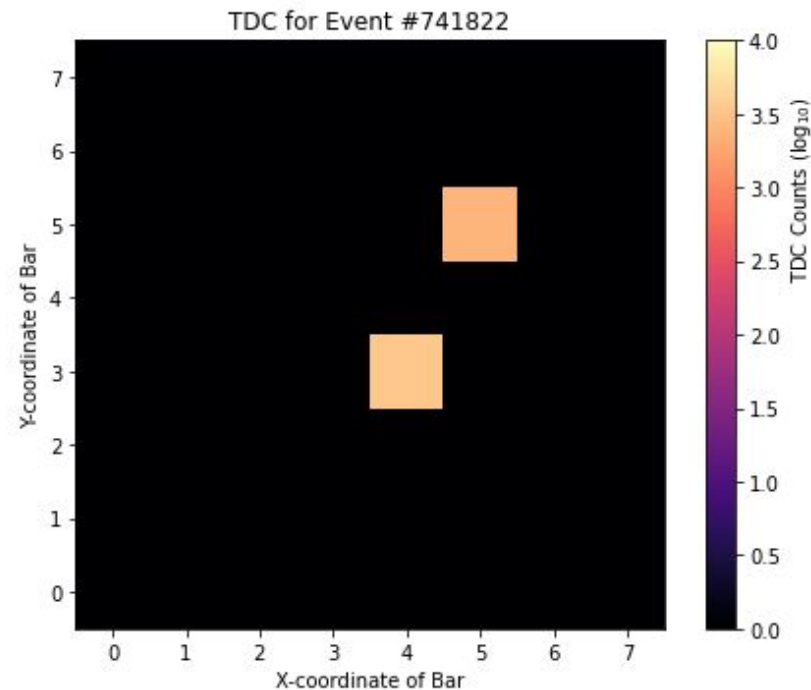
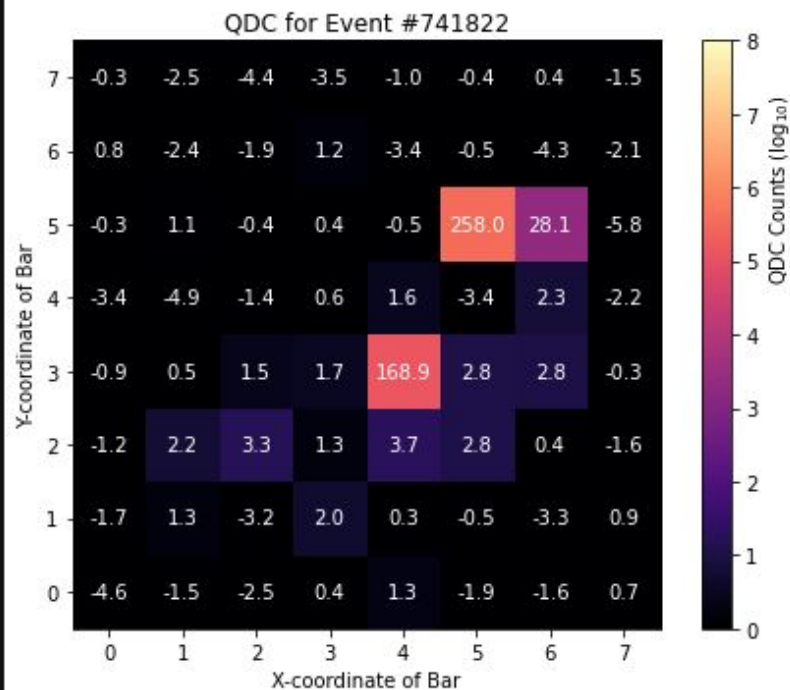
### III. New Energy Summing Method (Outliers)



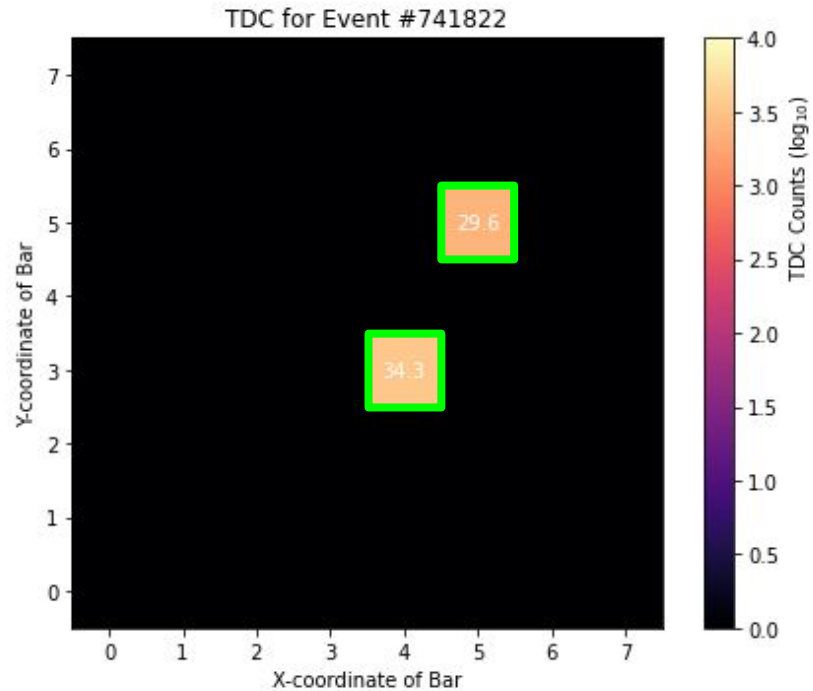
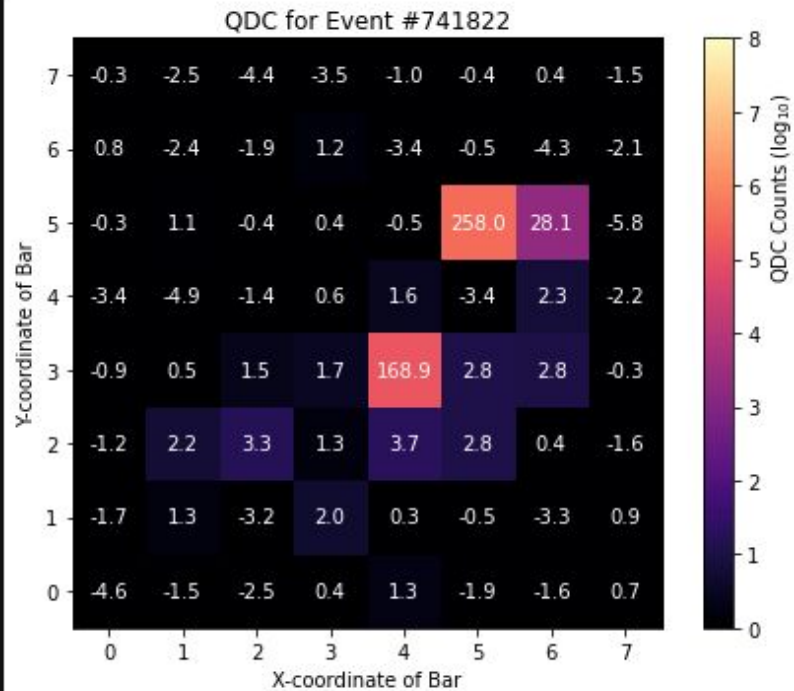
# III. New Energy Summing Method (Outliers)



## 2. Issue: two events in one display



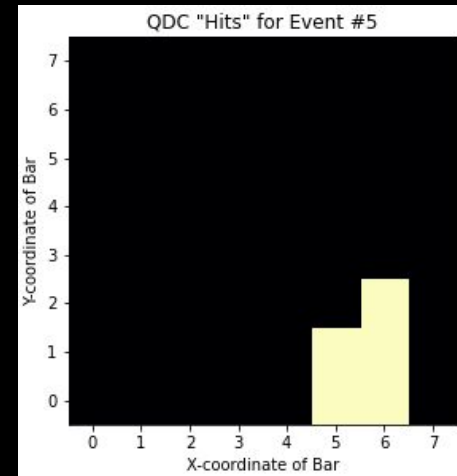
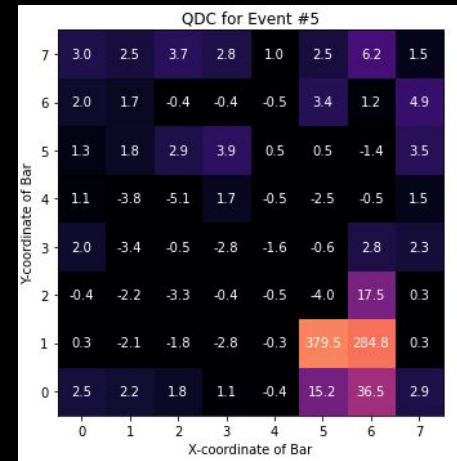
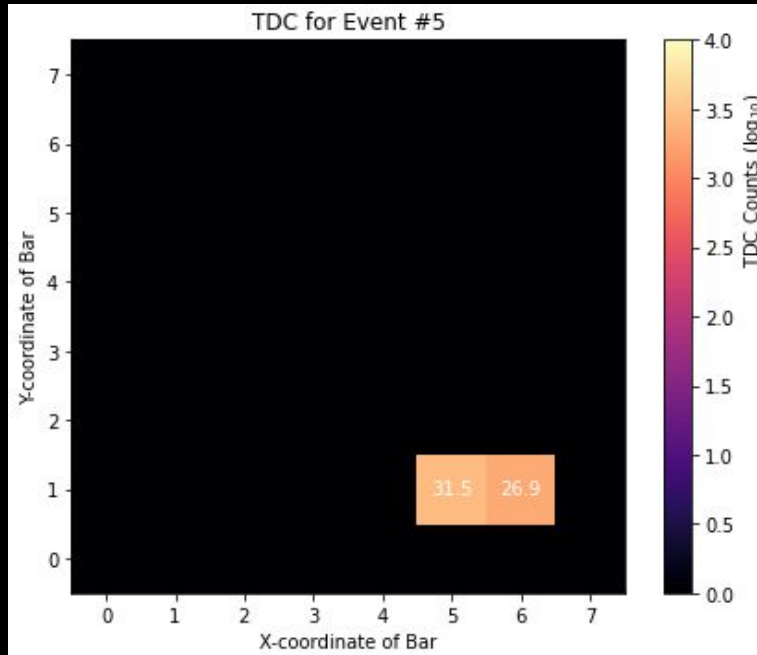




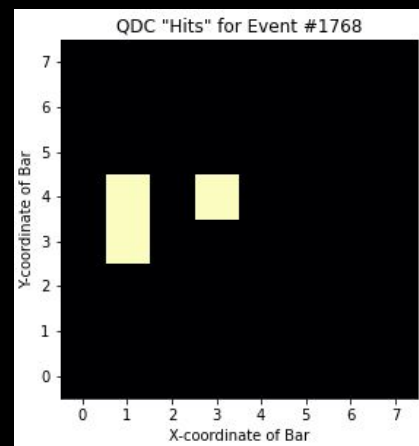
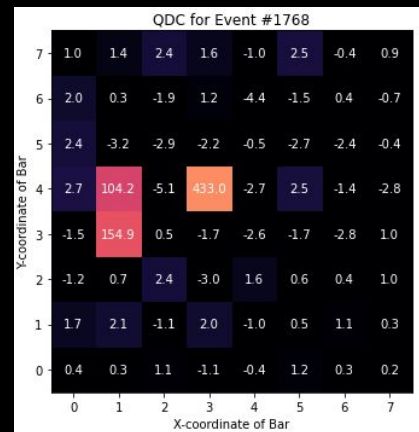
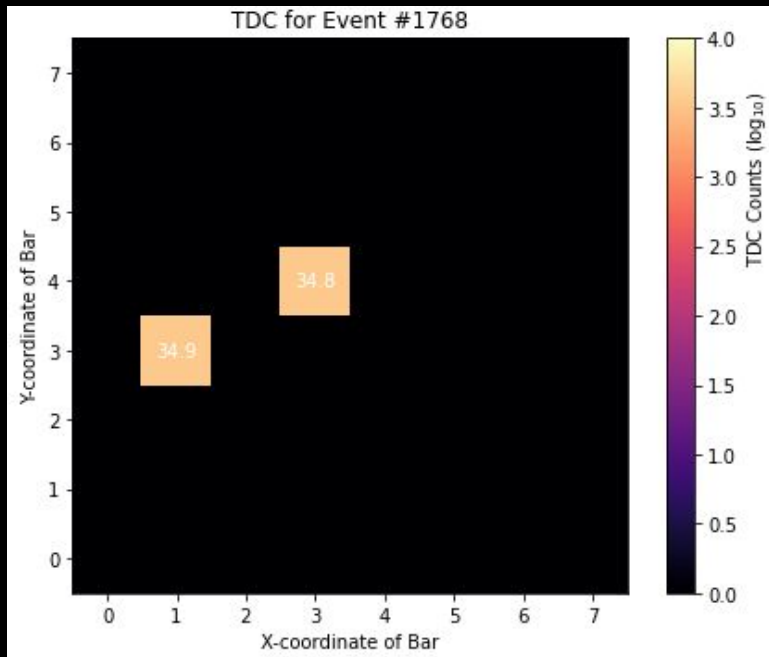
# Cases:

1. Two events, far apart
2. Two events, close together
3. One event, far apart
4. One event, close together
5. ???

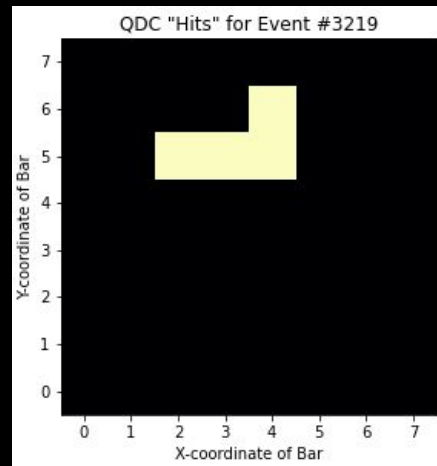
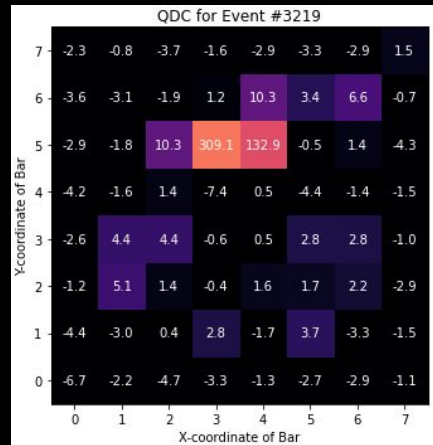
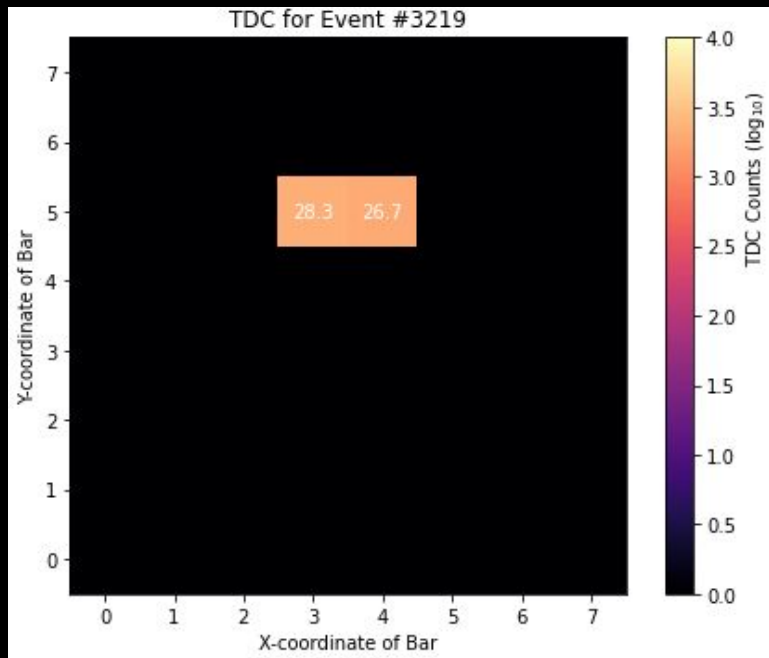
# Case 2: Two events, close together



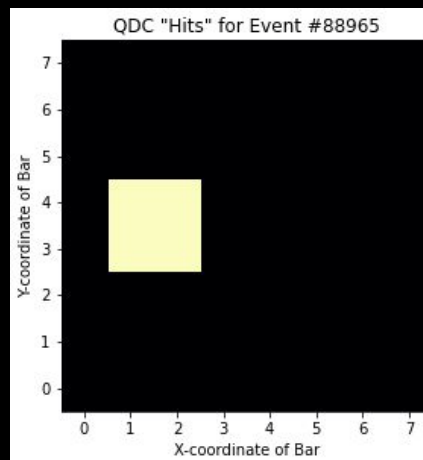
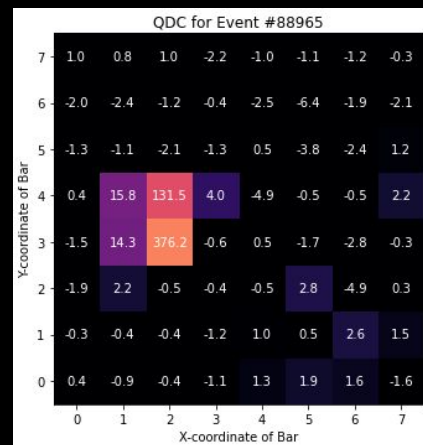
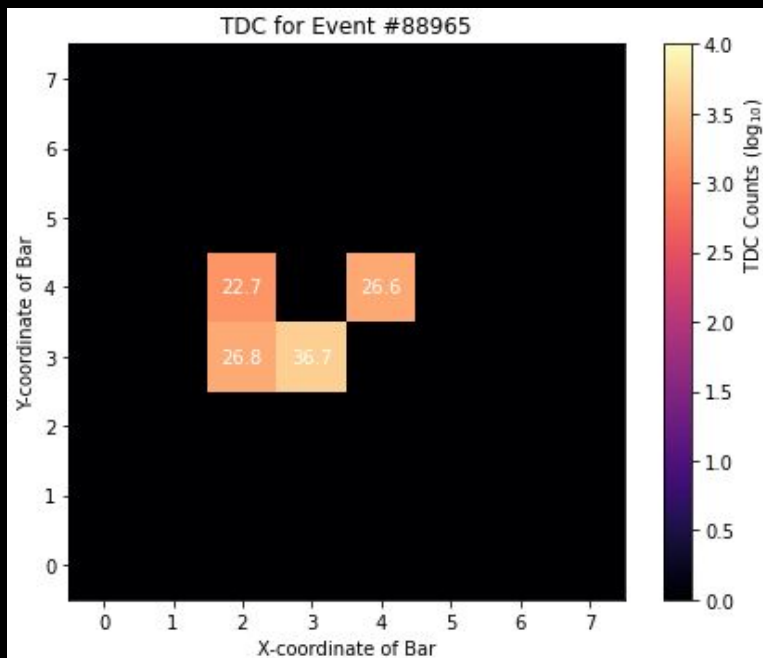
# Case 3: One event, far apart



# Case 4: One event, close together



# Case 5: ???



# Solutions?

## 1. Ignore “double” events?

Max TDC diff = 5

```
[68]: print(num_double_events)
      print(total_num_events)
      print(num_double_events / total_num_events)

15771
674056
0.023397165814116334
```

Max TDC diff = 4

```
[78]: print(num_double_events)
      print(total_num_events)
      print(num_double_events / total_num_events)

34951
674056
0.05185177492671232
```

## 2. If far apart, add separately

### 3. Generating Calorimeter Images

- Hopefully next week:
  - Step 1: Trying to make a GAN
  - Step 2: Trying to implement normalizing flows
- Got access to Amarel cluster for GPU access
- Question: do different types of events have unique TDC signatures?
  - (If so, this would make the normalizing flow method more robust)
  - Do we have GEANT4 calorimeter images?